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State of Minnesota
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-FIFTH
SESSION

HOUSE FILE No. 496

February 1, 2007

Authored by Lenczewski and Simpson

The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Taxes

A bill for an act

1.1 relating to taxation; making policy, technical, administrative, and clarifying
1.2 changes to various taxes and tax-related provisions; changing provisions relating
1.3 to revenue recapture, tax-forfeited land sales, sustainable forest management
1.4 incentive program, publication of certain tax preparers, and certain firefighters'
1.5 supplemental benefits reimbursement applications; providing for training,
1.6 licensing, and oversight of assessors; imposing civil penalties; amending
1.7 Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 62I.06, subdivision 6; 71A.04, subdivision
1.8 1; 163.051, subdivision 5; 270.071, subdivision 7; 270.072, subdivisions 2,
1.9 3, 6; 270.074, subdivision 3; 270.076, subdivision 1; 270.41, subdivisions 1,
1.10 2, 3, 5, by adding a subdivision; 270.44; 270.45; 270.46; 270.47; 270.48;
1.11 270.50; 270A.03, subdivision 5; 270C.306; 270C.34, subdivision 1; 270C.446,
1.12 subdivision 2; 272.02, subdivision 64; 272.115, subdivision 1; 273.05, by adding
1.13 a subdivision; 273.111, subdivision 3; 273.117; 273.121; 273.123, subdivisions
1.14 2, 3; 273.124, subdivisions 13, 14, 21; 273.128, subdivision 1; 273.13,
1.15 subdivisions 22, 25; 273.1398, subdivision 4; 273.33, subdivision 2; 273.37,
1.16 subdivision 2; 273.371, subdivision 1; 274.01, subdivision 1; 274.13, subdivision
1.17 1; 275.065, subdivisions 3, 5a; 275.067; 276.04, by adding a subdivision; 277.01,
1.18 subdivision 2; 279.01, subdivision 1; 282.01, subdivisions 1a, 1d, 1e, by adding a
1.19 subdivision; 287.22; 287.2205; 289A.08, subdivision 11; 289A.09, subdivision
1.20 2; 289A.12, subdivision 14; 289A.18, subdivision 1; 289A.40, subdivision 2;
1.21 289A.56, by adding a subdivision; 289A.60, subdivisions 8, 12, 25, 27, by adding
1.22 subdivisions; 290.01, subdivisions 19c, 19d; 290.06, subdivision 33; 290.067,
1.23 subdivision 2b; 290.0671, subdivision 7; 290.0677, subdivision 1; 290.091,
1.24 subdivision 3; 290.191, subdivision 8; 290A.03, subdivision 7; 290B.03,
1.25 subdivision 2; 290C.02, subdivision 3; 290C.04; 290C.05; 290C.11; 291.215,
1.26 subdivision 1; 295.52, subdivisions 4, 4a; 295.54, subdivision 2; 297A.61,
1.27 subdivisions 3, 4, 7, 10, 24, by adding subdivisions; 297A.63, subdivision 1;
1.28 297A.665; 297A.669, subdivisions 3, 13, 14, by adding subdivisions; 297A.67,
1.29 subdivisions 8, 9; 297A.68, subdivisions 11, 16, 35; 297A.70, subdivision
1.30 7, by adding a subdivision; 297A.72; 297A.90, subdivision 2; 297B.035,
1.31 subdivision 1; 297F.06, subdivision 4; 297F.25, by adding a subdivision; 297I.06,
1.32 subdivisions 1, 2; 297I.20, subdivision 2; 297I.40, subdivision 5; 297I.85,
1.33 by adding a subdivision; 424A.10, subdivision 3; 469.1734, subdivision 6;
1.34 proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes, chapters 270; 270C; 273;
1.35 274; 290C; 297A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 270.073; 270.41,
1.36 subdivision 4; 270.43; 270.51; 270.52; 270.53; 279.01, subdivision 2; 295.60;
1.37 297A.61, subdivision 20; 297A.668, subdivision 6; 297A.67, subdivision 22.
1.38

2.1 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.2 **ARTICLE 1**

2.3 **INCOME AND FRANCHISE TAXES**

2.4 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270A.03, subdivision 5, is amended to
2.5 read:

2.6 Subd. 5. **Debt.** (a) "Debt" means a legal obligation of a natural person to pay a fixed
2.7 and certain amount of money, which equals or exceeds \$25 and which is due and payable
2.8 to a claimant agency. The term includes criminal fines imposed under section 609.10 or
2.9 609.125, fines imposed for petty misdemeanors as defined in section 609.02, subdivision
2.10 4a, and restitution. The term also includes the co-payment for the appointment of a district
2.11 public defender imposed under section 611.17, paragraph (c). A debt may arise under a
2.12 contractual or statutory obligation, a court order, or other legal obligation, but need not
2.13 have been reduced to judgment.

2.14 A debt includes any legal obligation of a current recipient of assistance which is
2.15 based on overpayment of an assistance grant where that payment is based on a client
2.16 waiver or an administrative or judicial finding of an intentional program violation;
2.17 or where the debt is owed to a program wherein the debtor is not a client at the time
2.18 notification is provided to initiate recovery under this chapter and the debtor is not a
2.19 current recipient of food support, transitional child care, or transitional medical assistance.

2.20 (b) A debt does not include any legal obligation to pay a claimant agency for medical
2.21 care, including hospitalization if the income of the debtor at the time when the medical
2.22 care was rendered does not exceed the following amount:

- 2.23 (1) for an unmarried debtor, an income of \$8,800 or less;
2.24 (2) for a debtor with one dependent, an income of \$11,270 or less;
2.25 (3) for a debtor with two dependents, an income of \$13,330 or less;
2.26 (4) for a debtor with three dependents, an income of \$15,120 or less;
2.27 (5) for a debtor with four dependents, an income of \$15,950 or less; and
2.28 (6) for a debtor with five or more dependents, an income of \$16,630 or less.

2.29 ~~The income amounts in this subdivision shall be adjusted for inflation for debts~~
2.30 ~~incurred in calendar years 2001 and thereafter. The dollar amount of each income level~~
2.31 ~~that applied to debts incurred in the prior year shall be increased in the same manner~~
2.32 ~~as provided in section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through~~
2.33 ~~December 31, 2000, except that for the purposes of this subdivision the percentage~~
2.34 ~~increase shall be determined from the year starting September 1, 1999, and ending August~~
2.35 ~~31, 2000, as the base year for adjusting for inflation for debts incurred after December~~

3.1 ~~31, 2000.~~ (c) The commissioner shall adjust the income amounts in paragraph (b) by the
 3.2 percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue
 3.3 Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999" shall be substituted for the word
 3.4 "1992." For 2001, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12
 3.5 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2000, and in
 3.6 each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months
 3.7 ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination of the
 3.8 commissioner pursuant to this subdivision shall not be considered a "rule" and shall not
 3.9 be subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. The income
 3.10 amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in
 3.11 \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.

3.12 (d) Debt also includes an agreement to pay a MinnesotaCare premium, regardless of
 3.13 the dollar amount of the premium authorized under section 256L.15, subdivision 1a.

3.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for debts incurred after December
 3.15 31, 2006.

3.16 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.08, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

3.17 Subd. 11. **Information included in income tax return.** (a) The return must state:

3.18 (1) the name of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if the return is a joint return, and the
 3.19 address of the taxpayer in the same name or names and same address as the taxpayer has
 3.20 used in making the taxpayer's income tax return to the United States, ~~and must state;~~

3.21 (2) the date or dates of birth of the taxpayer or taxpayers;

3.22 (3) the Social Security number of the taxpayer, or taxpayers, if a Social Security
 3.23 number has been issued by the United States with respect to the taxpayers, ~~and must~~
 3.24 state; and

3.25 (4) the amount of the taxable income of the taxpayer as it appears on the federal
 3.26 return for the taxable year to which the Minnesota state return applies.

3.27 (b) The taxpayer must attach to the taxpayer's Minnesota state income tax return
 3.28 a copy of the federal income tax return that the taxpayer has filed or is about to file for
 3.29 the period, unless the taxpayer is eligible to telefile the federal return and does file the
 3.30 Minnesota return by telefiling.

3.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
 3.32 December 31, 2006.

3.33 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.09, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

4.1 Subd. 2. **Withholding statement to employee or payee and to commissioner.** (a)

4.2 A person required to deduct and withhold from an employee a tax under section 290.92,
4.3 subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, or who would have been required to
4.4 deduct and withhold a tax under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or persons required
4.5 to withhold tax under section 290.923, subdivision 2, determined without regard to
4.6 section 290.92, subdivision 19, if the employee or payee had claimed no more than one
4.7 withholding exemption, or who paid wages or made payments not subject to withholding
4.8 under section 290.92, subdivision 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2, to an employee or
4.9 person receiving royalty payments in excess of \$600, or who has entered into a voluntary
4.10 withholding agreement with a payee under section 290.92, subdivision 20, must give
4.11 every employee or person receiving royalty payments in respect to the remuneration paid
4.12 by the person to the employee or person receiving royalty payments during the calendar
4.13 year, on or before January 31 of the succeeding year, or, if employment is terminated
4.14 before the close of the calendar year, within 30 days after the date of receipt of a written
4.15 request from the employee if the 30-day period ends before January 31, a written statement
4.16 showing the following:

4.17 (1) name of the person;

4.18 (2) the name of the employee or payee and the employee's or payee's Social Security
4.19 account number;

4.20 (3) the total amount of wages as that term is defined in section 290.92, subdivision
4.21 1, paragraph (1); the total amount of remuneration subject to withholding under section
4.22 290.92, subdivision 20; the amount of sick pay as required under section 6051(f) of the
4.23 Internal Revenue Code; and the amount of royalties subject to withholding under section
4.24 290.923, subdivision 2; and

4.25 (4) the total amount deducted and withheld as tax under section 290.92, subdivision
4.26 2a or 3, or 290.923, subdivision 2.

4.27 (b) The statement required to be furnished by this paragraph (a) with respect to any
4.28 remuneration must be furnished at those times, must contain the information required, and
4.29 must be in the form the commissioner prescribes.

4.30 (c) The commissioner may prescribe rules providing for reasonable extensions of
4.31 time, not in excess of 30 days, to employers or payers required to give the statements to
4.32 their employees or payees under this subdivision.

4.33 (d) A duplicate of any statement made under this subdivision and in accordance
4.34 with rules prescribed by the commissioner, along with a reconciliation in the form the
4.35 commissioner prescribes of the statements for the calendar year, including a reconciliation

5.1 of the quarterly returns required to be filed under subdivision 1, must be filed with the
 5.2 commissioner on or before February 28 of the year after the payments were made.

5.3 (e) If an employer cancels the employer's Minnesota withholding account number
 5.4 required by section 290.92, subdivision 24, the information required by paragraph (d),
 5.5 must be filed with the commissioner within 30 days of the end of the quarter in which
 5.6 the employer cancels its account number.

5.7 (f) The employer must submit the statements required to be sent to the commissioner
 5.8 ~~on magnetic media, if the magnetic media was~~ in the same manner required to satisfy the
 5.9 federal reporting requirements of section 6011(e) of the Internal Revenue Code and the
 5.10 regulations issued under it. For wages paid in calendar year 2007, an employer must
 5.11 submit statements to the commissioner required by this section by electronic means if the
 5.12 employer is required to send more than 100 statements to the commissioner, even though
 5.13 the employer is not required to submit the returns federally by electronic means. For
 5.14 calendar year 2008, the 100 statements threshold is reduced to 25, and for calendar year
 5.15 2009 and thereafter, the threshold is reduced to ten.

5.16 (g) A "third-party bulk filer" as defined in section 290.92, subdivision 30, paragraph
 5.17 (a), clause (2), must submit the returns required by this subdivision and subdivision 1,
 5.18 paragraph (a), with the commissioner by electronic means.

5.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for wages paid after December 31,
 5.20 2006.

5.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.12, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

5.22 Subd. 14. **Regulated investment companies; reporting exempt-interest**
 5.23 **dividends.** (a) A regulated investment company paying \$10 or more in exempt-interest
 5.24 dividends to an individual who is a resident of Minnesota must make a return indicating
 5.25 the amount of the exempt-interest dividends, the name, address, and Social Security
 5.26 number of the recipient, and any other information that the commissioner specifies. The
 5.27 return must be provided to the shareholder no later than 30 days after the close of the
 5.28 taxable year. The return provided to the shareholder must include a clear statement, in the
 5.29 form prescribed by the commissioner, that the exempt-interest dividends must be included
 5.30 in the computation of Minnesota taxable income. ~~The commissioner may by notice and~~
 5.31 ~~demand require the regulated investment company~~ is required in a manner prescribed by
 5.32 the commissioner to file a copy of the return with the commissioner.

5.33 (b) This subdivision applies to regulated investment companies required to register
 5.34 under chapter 80A.

5.35 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, the following definitions apply.

6.1 (1) "Exempt-interest dividends" mean exempt-interest dividends as defined in
6.2 section 852(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code, but does not include the portion of
6.3 exempt-interest dividends that are not required to be added to federal taxable income
6.4 under section 290.01, subdivision 19a, clause (1)(ii).

6.5 (2) "Regulated investment company" means regulated investment company as
6.6 defined in section 851(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or a fund of the regulated
6.7 investment company as defined in section 851(g) of the Internal Revenue Code.

6.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
6.9 December 31, 2006.

6.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.18, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

6.11 Subdivision 1. **Individual income, fiduciary income, corporate franchise, and**
6.12 **entertainment taxes; partnership and S corporation returns; information returns;**
6.13 **mining company returns.** The returns required to be made under sections 289A.08 and
6.14 289A.12 must be filed at the following times:

6.15 (1) returns made on the basis of the calendar year must be filed on April 15 following
6.16 the close of the calendar year, except that returns of corporations must be filed on March
6.17 15 following the close of the calendar year;

6.18 (2) returns made on the basis of the fiscal year must be filed on the 15th day of the
6.19 fourth month following the close of the fiscal year, except that returns of corporations
6.20 must be filed on the 15th day of the third month following the close of the fiscal year;

6.21 (3) returns for a fractional part of a year must be filed on the 15th day of the fourth
6.22 month following the end of the month in which falls the last day of the period for which
6.23 the return is made, except that the returns of corporations must be filed on the 15th day of
6.24 the third month following the end of the tax year of the unitary group in which falls the
6.25 last day of the period for which the return is made;

6.26 (4) in the case of a final return of a decedent for a fractional part of a year, the return
6.27 must be filed on the 15th day of the fourth month following the close of the 12-month
6.28 period that began with the first day of that fractional part of a year;

6.29 (5) in the case of the return of a cooperative association, returns must be filed on or
6.30 before the 15th day of the ninth month following the close of the taxable year;

6.31 (6) if a corporation has been divested from a unitary group and files a return for
6.32 a fractional part of a year in which it was a member of a unitary business that files a
6.33 combined report under section 290.34, subdivision 2, the divested corporation's return
6.34 must be filed on the 15th day of the third month following the close of the common
6.35 accounting period that includes the fractional year;

7.1 (7) returns of entertainment entities must be filed on April 15 following the close of
7.2 the calendar year;

7.3 (8) returns required to be filed under section 289A.08, subdivision 4, must be filed
7.4 on the 15th day of the fifth month following the close of the taxable year;

7.5 (9) returns of mining companies must be filed on May 1 following the close of the
7.6 calendar year; and

7.7 (10) returns required to be filed with the commissioner under section 289A.12,
7.8 subdivision 2; or 4 to 10, or 14; must be filed within 30 days after being demanded by
7.9 the commissioner.

7.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
7.11 December 31, 2006.

7.12 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

7.13 Subd. 8. **Penalty for Penalties; failure to file informational return; incorrect**
7.14 **taxpayer identification number.** (a) In the case of a failure to file an informational return
7.15 required by section 289A.12 with the commissioner on the date prescribed (determined
7.16 with regard to any extension of time for filing), the person failing to file the return shall pay
7.17 a penalty of \$50 for each failure or in the case of a partnership, S corporation, or fiduciary
7.18 return, \$50 for each partner, shareholder, or beneficiary; but the total amount imposed on
7.19 the delinquent person for all failures during any calendar year must not exceed \$25,000. If
7.20 a failure to file a return is due to intentional disregard of the filing requirement, then the
7.21 penalty imposed under the preceding sentence must not be less than an amount equal to:

7.22 (1) in the case of a return not described in clause (2) or (3), ten percent of the
7.23 aggregate amount of the items required to be reported;

7.24 (2) in the case of a return required to be filed under section 289A.12, subdivision 5,
7.25 five percent of the gross proceeds required to be reported; and

7.26 (3) in the case of a return required to be filed under section 289A.12, subdivision 9,
7.27 relating to direct sales, \$100 for each failure; however, the total amount imposed on the
7.28 delinquent person for intentional failures during a calendar year must not exceed \$50,000.
7.29 The penalty must be collected in the same manner as a delinquent income tax.

7.30 (b) If a partnership or S corporation files a partnership or S corporation return with
7.31 an incorrect tax identification number used for a partner or shareholder after being notified
7.32 by the commissioner that the identification number is incorrect, the partnership or S
7.33 corporation must pay a penalty of \$50 for each such incorrect number.

8.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for returns filed after December
8.2 31, 2007.

8.3 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, subdivision 12, is amended to read:

8.4 Subd. 12. **Penalties relating to property tax refunds.** (a) If it is determined that a
8.5 property tax refund claim is excessive and was negligently prepared, a claimant is liable
8.6 for a penalty of ten percent of the ~~corrected claim~~ ~~must be~~ disallowed claim. If the claim
8.7 has been paid, the amount disallowed must be recovered by assessment and collection.

8.8 (b) An owner who without reasonable cause fails to give a certificate of rent
8.9 constituting property tax to a renter, as required by section 290A.19, paragraph (a), is
8.10 liable to the commissioner for a penalty of \$100 for each failure.

8.11 (c) If the owner or managing agent knowingly gives rent certificates that report total
8.12 rent constituting property taxes in excess of the amount of actual rent constituting property
8.13 taxes paid on the rented part of a property, the owner or managing agent is liable for a
8.14 penalty equal to the greater of (1) \$100 or (2) 50 percent of the excess that is reported. An
8.15 overstatement of rent constituting property taxes is presumed to be knowingly made if it
8.16 exceeds by ten percent or more the actual rent constituting property taxes.

8.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property tax refund claims filed
8.18 on or after July 1, 2007.

8.19 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, subdivision 27, is amended to read:

8.20 Subd. 27. **Reportable transaction understatement.** (a) If a taxpayer has a
8.21 reportable transaction understatement for any taxable year, an amount equal to 20 percent
8.22 of the amount of the reportable transaction understatement must be added to the tax.

8.23 (b)(1) For purposes of this subdivision, "reportable transaction understatement"
8.24 means the product of:

8.25 (i) the amount of the increase, if any, in taxable income that results from a difference
8.26 between the proper tax treatment of an item to which this section applies and the taxpayer's
8.27 treatment of that item as shown on the taxpayer's tax return; and

8.28 (ii) the highest rate of tax imposed on the taxpayer under section 290.06 determined
8.29 without regard to the understatement.

8.30 (2) For purposes of clause (1)(i), any reduction of the excess of deductions allowed
8.31 for the taxable year over gross income for that year, and any reduction in the amount of
8.32 capital losses which would, without regard to section 1211 of the Internal Revenue Code,
8.33 be allowed for that year, must be treated as an increase in taxable income.

8.34 (c) This subdivision applies to any item that is attributable to:

9.1 (1) any listed transaction under section 289A.121; and

9.2 (2) any reportable transaction, other than a listed transaction, if a significant purpose
9.3 of that transaction is the avoidance or evasion of federal income tax liability.

9.4 (d) Paragraph (a) applies by substituting "30 percent" for "20 percent" with respect
9.5 to the portion of any reportable transaction understatement with respect to which the
9.6 disclosure requirements of section 289A.121, subdivision 5, and section 6664(d)(2)(A)
9.7 of the Internal Revenue Code are not met.

9.8 (e)(1) No penalty applies under this subdivision with respect to any portion of a
9.9 reportable transaction understatement if the taxpayer shows that there was reasonable
9.10 cause for the portion and that the taxpayer acted in good faith with respect to the portion.
9.11 This paragraph applies only if:

9.12 (i) the relevant facts affecting the tax treatment of the item are adequately disclosed
9.13 as required under section 289A.121;

9.14 (ii) there is or was substantial authority for the treatment; and

9.15 (iii) the taxpayer reasonably believed that the treatment was more likely than not
9.16 the proper treatment.

9.17 (2) A taxpayer who did not adequately disclose under section 289A.121 meets
9.18 the requirements of clause (1)(i), if the commissioner abates the penalty imposed by
9.19 subdivision 26, paragraph (d), under ~~section 270C.34~~ subdivision 26, paragraph (g).

9.20 (3) For purposes of clause (1)(iii), a taxpayer is treated as having a reasonable belief
9.21 with respect to the tax treatment of an item only if the belief:

9.22 (i) is based on the facts and law that exist when the return of tax which includes the
9.23 tax treatment is filed; and

9.24 (ii) relates solely to the taxpayer's chances of success on the merits of the treatment
9.25 and does not take into account the possibility that a return will not be audited, the
9.26 treatment will not be raised on audit, or the treatment will be resolved through settlement
9.27 if it is raised.

9.28 (4) An opinion of a tax advisor may not be relied upon to establish the reasonable
9.29 belief of a taxpayer if:

9.30 (i) the tax advisor:

9.31 (A) is a material advisor, as defined in section 289A.121, and participates in the
9.32 organization, management, promotion, or sale of the transaction or is related (within the
9.33 meaning of section 267(b) or 707(b)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code) to any person
9.34 who so participates;

9.35 (B) is compensated directly or indirectly by a material advisor with respect to the
9.36 transaction;

10.1 (C) has a fee arrangement with respect to the transaction which is contingent on all
10.2 or part of the intended tax benefits from the transaction being sustained; or

10.3 (D) has a disqualifying financial interest with respect to the transaction, as
10.4 determined under United States Treasury regulations prescribed to implement the
10.5 provisions of section 6664(d)(3)(B)(ii)(IV) of the Internal Revenue Code; or

10.6 (ii) the opinion:

10.7 (A) is based on unreasonable factual or legal assumptions, including assumptions
10.8 as to future events;

10.9 (B) unreasonably relies on representations, statements, findings, or agreements of
10.10 the taxpayer or any other person;

10.11 (C) does not identify and consider all relevant facts; or

10.12 (D) fails to meet any other requirement as the Secretary of the Treasury may
10.13 prescribe under federal law.

10.14 (f) The penalty imposed by this subdivision applies in lieu of the penalty imposed
10.15 under subdivision 4.

10.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

10.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, is amended by adding a subdivision
10.18 to read:

10.19 **Subd. 28. Preparer identification number.** Any Minnesota individual income tax
10.20 return or claim for refund prepared by a "tax refund or return preparer" as defined in
10.21 subdivision 13, paragraph (f), shall bear the identification number the preparer is required
10.22 to use federally under section 6109(a)(4) of the Internal Revenue Code. A tax refund
10.23 or return preparer who prepares a Minnesota individual income tax return or claim for
10.24 refund and fails to include the required number on the return or claim is subject to a
10.25 penalty of \$50 for each failure.

10.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for returns prepared for tax years
10.27 beginning after December 31, 2006.

10.28 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.01, subdivision 19c, is amended to read:

10.29 **Subd. 19c. Corporations; additions to federal taxable income.** For corporations,
10.30 there shall be added to federal taxable income:

10.31 (1) the amount of any deduction taken for federal income tax purposes for income,
10.32 excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes, including but not
10.33 limited to the tax imposed under section 290.0922, paid by the corporation to Minnesota,

11.1 another state, a political subdivision of another state, the District of Columbia, or any
 11.2 foreign country or possession of the United States;

11.3 (2) interest not subject to federal tax upon obligations of: the United States, its
 11.4 possessions, its agencies, or its instrumentalities; the state of Minnesota or any other
 11.5 state, any of its political or governmental subdivisions, any of its municipalities, or any
 11.6 of its governmental agencies or instrumentalities; the District of Columbia; or Indian
 11.7 tribal governments;

11.8 (3) exempt-interest dividends received as defined in section 852(b)(5) of the Internal
 11.9 Revenue Code;

11.10 (4) the amount of any net operating loss deduction taken for federal income tax
 11.11 purposes under section 172 or 832(c)(10) of the Internal Revenue Code or operations loss
 11.12 deduction under section 810 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.13 (5) the amount of any special deductions taken for federal income tax purposes
 11.14 under sections 241 to 247 and 965 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.15 (6) losses from the business of mining, as defined in section 290.05, subdivision 1,
 11.16 clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota income tax;

11.17 (7) the amount of any capital losses deducted for federal income tax purposes under
 11.18 sections 1211 and 1212 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.19 (8) the exempt foreign trade income of a foreign sales corporation under sections
 11.20 921(a) and 291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.21 (9) the amount of percentage depletion deducted under sections 611 through 614 and
 11.22 291 of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.23 (10) ~~for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year~~
 11.24 ~~beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected~~
 11.25 ~~under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December~~
 11.26 ~~31, 1985, the amount of the amortization deduction allowed in computing federal taxable~~
 11.27 ~~income for those facilities;~~

11.28 ~~(11)~~ the amount of any deemed dividend from a foreign operating corporation
 11.29 determined pursuant to section 290.17, subdivision 4, paragraph (g);

11.30 ~~(12)~~ (11) the amount of a partner's pro rata share of net income which does not flow
 11.31 through to the partner because the partnership elected to pay the tax on the income under
 11.32 section 6242(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code;

11.33 ~~(13)~~ (12) the amount of net income excluded under section 114 of the Internal
 11.34 Revenue Code;

12.1 ~~(14)~~ (13) any increase in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the
 12.2 Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without
 12.3 regard to the provisions of section 103 of Public Law 109-222;

12.4 ~~(15)~~ (14) 80 percent of the depreciation deduction allowed under section
 12.5 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) of the Internal Revenue Code. For purposes of this clause, if
 12.6 the taxpayer has an activity that in the taxable year generates a deduction for depreciation
 12.7 under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) and the activity generates a loss for the taxable
 12.8 year that the taxpayer is not allowed to claim for the taxable year, "the depreciation
 12.9 allowed under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A)" for the taxable year is limited to excess
 12.10 of the depreciation claimed by the activity under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A)
 12.11 over the amount of the loss from the activity that is not allowed in the taxable year. In
 12.12 succeeding taxable years when the losses not allowed in the taxable year are allowed, the
 12.13 depreciation under section 168(k)(1)(A) and (k)(4)(A) is allowed;

12.14 ~~(16)~~ (15) 80 percent of the amount by which the deduction allowed by section 179 of
 12.15 the Internal Revenue Code exceeds the deduction allowable by section 179 of the Internal
 12.16 Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31, 2003;

12.17 ~~(17)~~ (16) to the extent deducted in computing federal taxable income, the amount of
 12.18 the deduction allowable under section 199 of the Internal Revenue Code; and

12.19 ~~(18)~~ (17) the exclusion allowed under section 139A of the Internal Revenue Code
 12.20 for federal subsidies for prescription drug plans.

12.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
 12.22 December 31, 2006.

12.23 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.01, subdivision 19d, is amended to read:

12.24 Subd. 19d. **Corporations; modifications decreasing federal taxable income.** For
 12.25 corporations, there shall be subtracted from federal taxable income after the increases
 12.26 provided in subdivision 19c:

12.27 (1) the amount of foreign dividend gross-up added to gross income for federal
 12.28 income tax purposes under section 78 of the Internal Revenue Code;

12.29 (2) the amount of salary expense not allowed for federal income tax purposes due
 12.30 to claiming the ~~federal jobs~~ work opportunity credit under section 51 of the Internal
 12.31 Revenue Code;

12.32 (3) any dividend (not including any distribution in liquidation) paid within the
 12.33 taxable year by a national or state bank to the United States, or to any instrumentality of
 12.34 the United States exempt from federal income taxes, on the preferred stock of the bank
 12.35 owned by the United States or the instrumentality;

13.1 (4) amounts disallowed for intangible drilling costs due to differences between
13.2 this chapter and the Internal Revenue Code in taxable years beginning before January
13.3 1, 1987, as follows:

13.4 (i) to the extent the disallowed costs are represented by physical property, an amount
13.5 equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.09,
13.6 subdivision 7, subject to the modifications contained in subdivision 19e; and

13.7 (ii) to the extent the disallowed costs are not represented by physical property, an
13.8 amount equal to the allowance for cost depletion under Minnesota Statutes 1986, section
13.9 290.09, subdivision 8;

13.10 (5) the deduction for capital losses pursuant to sections 1211 and 1212 of the
13.11 Internal Revenue Code, except that:

13.12 (i) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
13.13 capital loss carrybacks shall not be allowed;

13.14 (ii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning after December 31, 1986,
13.15 a capital loss carryover to each of the 15 taxable years succeeding the loss year shall be
13.16 allowed;

13.17 (iii) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987, a
13.18 capital loss carryback to each of the three taxable years preceding the loss year, subject to
13.19 the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed; and

13.20 (iv) for capital losses incurred in taxable years beginning before January 1, 1987,
13.21 a capital loss carryover to each of the five taxable years succeeding the loss year to the
13.22 extent such loss was not used in a prior taxable year and subject to the provisions of
13.23 Minnesota Statutes 1986, section 290.16, shall be allowed;

13.24 (6) an amount for interest and expenses relating to income not taxable for federal
13.25 income tax purposes, if (i) the income is taxable under this chapter and (ii) the interest and
13.26 expenses were disallowed as deductions under the provisions of section 171(a)(2), 265 or
13.27 291 of the Internal Revenue Code in computing federal taxable income;

13.28 (7) in the case of mines, oil and gas wells, other natural deposits, and timber for
13.29 which percentage depletion was disallowed pursuant to subdivision 19c, clause ~~(11)~~ (9), a
13.30 reasonable allowance for depletion based on actual cost. In the case of leases the deduction
13.31 must be apportioned between the lessor and lessee in accordance with rules prescribed
13.32 by the commissioner. In the case of property held in trust, the allowable deduction must
13.33 be apportioned between the income beneficiaries and the trustee in accordance with the
13.34 pertinent provisions of the trust, or if there is no provision in the instrument, on the basis
13.35 of the trust's income allocable to each;

14.1 ~~(8) for certified pollution control facilities placed in service in a taxable year~~
 14.2 ~~beginning before December 31, 1986, and for which amortization deductions were elected~~
 14.3 ~~under section 169 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954, as amended through December~~
 14.4 ~~31, 1985, an amount equal to the allowance for depreciation under Minnesota Statutes~~
 14.5 ~~1986, section 290.09, subdivision 7;~~

14.6 (9) amounts included in federal taxable income that are due to refunds of income,
 14.7 excise, or franchise taxes based on net income or related minimum taxes paid by the
 14.8 corporation to Minnesota, another state, a political subdivision of another state, the
 14.9 District of Columbia, or a foreign country or possession of the United States to the extent
 14.10 that the taxes were added to federal taxable income under section 290.01, subdivision 19c,
 14.11 clause (1), in a prior taxable year;

14.12 ~~(10)~~ (9) 80 percent of royalties, fees, or other like income accrued or received from a
 14.13 foreign operating corporation or a foreign corporation which is part of the same unitary
 14.14 business as the receiving corporation;

14.15 ~~(11)~~ (10) income or gains from the business of mining as defined in section 290.05,
 14.16 subdivision 1, clause (a), that are not subject to Minnesota franchise tax;

14.17 ~~(12)~~ (11) the amount of disability access expenditures in the taxable year which are
 14.18 not allowed to be deducted or capitalized under section 44(d)(7) of the Internal Revenue
 14.19 Code;

14.20 ~~(13)~~ (12) the amount of qualified research expenses not allowed for federal income
 14.21 tax purposes under section 280C(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, but only to the extent
 14.22 that the amount exceeds the amount of the credit allowed under section 290.068;

14.23 ~~(14)~~ (13) the amount of salary expenses not allowed for federal income tax purposes
 14.24 due to claiming the Indian employment credit under section 45A(a) of the Internal
 14.25 Revenue Code;

14.26 ~~(15) the amount of any refund of environmental taxes paid under section 59A of the~~
 14.27 ~~Internal Revenue Code;~~

14.28 ~~(16)~~ (14) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2008, the amount of the
 14.29 federal small ethanol producer credit allowed under section 40(a)(3) of the Internal
 14.30 Revenue Code which is included in gross income under section 87 of the Internal Revenue
 14.31 Code;

14.32 ~~(17)~~ (15) for a corporation whose foreign sales corporation, as defined in section
 14.33 922 of the Internal Revenue Code, constituted a foreign operating corporation during any
 14.34 taxable year ending before January 1, 1995, and a return was filed by August 15, 1996,
 14.35 claiming the deduction under section 290.21, subdivision 4, for income received from
 14.36 the foreign operating corporation, an amount equal to 1.23 multiplied by the amount of

15.1 income excluded under section 114 of the Internal Revenue Code, provided the income is
15.2 not income of a foreign operating company;

15.3 ~~(18)~~ (16) any decrease in subpart F income, as defined in section 952(a) of the
15.4 Internal Revenue Code, for the taxable year when subpart F income is calculated without
15.5 regard to the provisions of section ~~614 103~~ of Public Law ~~107-147 109-222~~;

15.6 ~~(19)~~ (17) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an
15.7 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause ~~(15)~~ (14), an amount equal to one-fifth
15.8 of the delayed depreciation. For purposes of this clause, "delayed depreciation" means the
15.9 amount of the addition made by the taxpayer under subdivision 19c, clause ~~(15)~~ (14). The
15.10 resulting delayed depreciation cannot be less than zero; and

15.11 ~~(20)~~ (18) in each of the five tax years immediately following the tax year in which an
15.12 addition is required under subdivision 19c, clause ~~(16)~~ (15), an amount equal to one-fifth
15.13 of the amount of the addition.

15.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendment to clause (2) is effective the day following
15.15 final enactment. The rest of this section is effective for taxable years beginning after
15.16 December 31, 2006.

15.17 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.06, subdivision 33, is amended to read:

15.18 Subd. 33. **Bovine testing credit.** (a) An owner of cattle in Minnesota may take a
15.19 credit against the tax due under this chapter for an amount equal to one-half the expenses
15.20 incurred during the taxable year to conduct tuberculosis testing on those cattle.

15.21 (b) If the amount of credit which the taxpayer is eligible to receive under this
15.22 subdivision exceeds the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter, the commissioner of
15.23 revenue shall refund the excess to the taxpayer.

15.24 (c) The amount necessary to pay claims for the refund provided in this subdivision is
15.25 appropriated from the general fund to the commissioner of revenue.

15.26 (d) Expenses incurred in a calendar year after tuberculosis testing of cattle in
15.27 Minnesota is no longer federally required are not allowed in claiming the credit under
15.28 paragraph (a).

15.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
15.30 December 31, 2007.

15.31 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.067, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

15.32 Subd. 2b. **Inflation adjustment.** The commissioner shall adjust the dollar amount
15.33 of the income threshold at which the maximum credit begins to be reduced under

16.1 subdivision 2 ~~must be adjusted for inflation. The commissioner shall make the inflation~~
 16.2 ~~adjustments in accordance with section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code except that for~~
 16.3 ~~the purposes of this subdivision the percentage increase must be determined from the year~~
 16.4 ~~starting September 1, 1999, and ending August 31, 2000, as the base year for adjusting~~
 16.5 ~~for inflation for the tax year beginning after December 31, 2000. The determination of~~
 16.6 ~~the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure~~
 16.7 ~~Act. by the percentage determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal~~
 16.8 ~~Revenue Code, except that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999" shall be substituted for~~
 16.9 ~~the word "1992." For 2001, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change~~
 16.10 ~~from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending on August 31,~~
 16.11 ~~2000, and in each subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the~~
 16.12 ~~12 months ending on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The determination~~
 16.13 ~~of the commissioner pursuant to this subdivision must not be considered a "rule" and is~~
 16.14 ~~not subject to the Administrative Procedure Act contained in chapter 14. The threshold~~
 16.15 ~~amount as adjusted must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends in~~
 16.16 ~~\$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.~~

16.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
 16.18 December 31, 2006.

16.19 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.0671, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

16.20 Subd. 7. **Inflation adjustment.** The earned income amounts used to calculate the
 16.21 credit and the income thresholds at which the maximum credit begins to be reduced in
 16.22 subdivision 1 must be adjusted for inflation. The commissioner shall ~~make the inflation~~
 16.23 ~~adjustments in accordance with section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code except that for~~
 16.24 ~~the purposes of this subdivision the percentage increase shall be determined from the year~~
 16.25 ~~starting September 1, 1999, and ending August 31, 2000, as the base year for adjusting for~~
 16.26 ~~inflation for the tax year beginning after December 31, 2000. adjust by the percentage~~
 16.27 ~~determined pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except~~
 16.28 ~~that in section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "1999" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For~~
 16.29 ~~2001, the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months~~
 16.30 ~~ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2000, and in each~~
 16.31 ~~subsequent year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 1999, to the 12 months ending~~
 16.32 ~~on August 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The earned income thresholds as~~
 16.33 ~~adjusted for inflation must be rounded to the nearest \$10 amount. If the amount ends~~
 16.34 ~~in \$5, the amount is rounded up to the nearest \$10 amount.~~ The determination of the
 16.35 commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule under the Administrative Procedure Act.

17.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
 17.2 December 31, 2006.

17.3 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.0677, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

17.4 Subdivision 1. **Credit allowed.** (a) An individual is allowed a credit against the tax
 17.5 due under this chapter equal to \$59 for each month or portion thereof that the individual
 17.6 was in active military service in a designated area after September 11, 2001, while a
 17.7 Minnesota domiciliary.

17.8 (b) For active service performed after September 11, 2001, and before December 31,
 17.9 2006, the individual may claim the credit in the taxable year beginning after December 31,
 17.10 2005, and before January 1, 2007.

17.11 (c) For active service performed after December 31, 2006, the individual may claim
 17.12 the credit for the taxable year in which the active service was performed.

17.13 ~~(d) If a Minnesota domiciliary is killed while performing active military service in a~~
 17.14 ~~designated area, the individual's surviving spouse or dependent child may take the credit~~
 17.15 ~~in the taxable year of the death. If a Minnesota domiciliary was killed while performing~~
 17.16 ~~active military service in a designated area between September 11, 2001, and December~~
 17.17 ~~31, 2006, the individual's surviving spouse or dependent child may claim this credit in~~
 17.18 ~~the taxable year beginning after December 31, 2005, and before January 1, 2007. an~~
 17.19 ~~individual entitled to the credit died prior to January 1, 2006, the individual's estate or~~
 17.20 ~~heirs at law, if the individual's probate estate has closed or the estate was not probated,~~
 17.21 ~~may claim the credit.~~

17.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for tax years beginning
 17.23 after December 31, 2005.

17.24 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.091, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

17.25 Subd. 3. **Exemption amount.** (a) For purposes of computing the alternative
 17.26 minimum tax, the exemption amount is:

17.27 ~~(1) for taxable years beginning before January 1, 2006, the exemption determined~~
 17.28 ~~under section 55(d) of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended through December 31,~~
 17.29 ~~1992; and~~

17.30 ~~(2),~~ for taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, \$60,000 for married
 17.31 couples filing joint returns, \$30,000 for married individuals filing separate returns, estates,
 17.32 and trusts, and \$45,000 for unmarried individuals.

17.33 (b) The exemption amount determined under this subdivision is subject to the phase
 17.34 out under section 55(d)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that alternative minimum

18.1 taxable income as determined under this section must be substituted in the computation of
18.2 the phase out.

18.3 (c) For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, the exemption amount
18.4 under paragraph (a), clause (2), must be adjusted for inflation. ~~The commissioner shall~~
18.5 ~~make the inflation adjustments in accordance with section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue~~
18.6 ~~Code except that for the purposes of this subdivision the percentage increase must be~~
18.7 ~~determined from the year starting September 1, 2005, and ending August 31, 2006, as the~~
18.8 ~~base year for adjusting for inflation for the tax year beginning after December 31, 2006.~~
18.9 The commissioner shall adjust the exemption amount by the percentage determined
18.10 pursuant to the provisions of section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code, except that in
18.11 section 1(f)(3)(B) the word "2005" shall be substituted for the word "1992." For 2007,
18.12 the commissioner shall then determine the percent change from the 12 months ending on
18.13 August 31, 2005, to the 12 months ending on August 31, 2006, and in each subsequent
18.14 year, from the 12 months ending on August 31, 2005, to the 12 months ending on August
18.15 31 of the year preceding the taxable year. The exemption amount as adjusted must be
18.16 rounded to the nearest \$10. If the amount ends in \$5, it must be rounded up to the nearest
18.17 \$10 amount. The determination of the commissioner under this subdivision is not a rule
18.18 under the Administrative Procedure Act.

18.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax years beginning after
18.20 December 31, 2006.

18.21 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290.191, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

18.22 Subd. 8. **Deposit; definition.** (a) "Deposit," as used in subdivision ~~7 6~~, paragraph
18.23 (n), has the meanings in this subdivision.

18.24 (b) "Deposit" means the unpaid balance of money or its equivalent received or
18.25 held by a financial institution in the usual course of business and for which it has given
18.26 or is obligated to give credit, either conditionally or unconditionally, to a commercial,
18.27 checking, savings, time, or thrift account whether or not advance notice is required to
18.28 withdraw the credited funds, or which is evidenced by its certificate of deposit, thrift
18.29 certificate, investment certificate, or certificate of indebtedness, or other similar name, or a
18.30 check or draft drawn against a deposit account and certified by the financial institution,
18.31 or a letter of credit or a traveler's check on which the financial institution is primarily
18.32 liable. However, without limiting the generality of the term "money or its equivalent," any
18.33 such account or instrument must be regarded as evidencing the receipt of the equivalent
18.34 of money when credited or issued in exchange for checks or drafts or for a promissory
18.35 note upon which the person obtaining the credit or instrument is primarily or secondarily

19.1 liable, or for a charge against a deposit account, or in settlement of checks, drafts, or other
 19.2 instruments forwarded to the bank for collection.

19.3 (c) "Deposit" means trust funds received or held by the financial institution, whether
 19.4 held in the trust department or held or deposited in any other department of the financial
 19.5 institution.

19.6 (d) "Deposit" means money received or held by a financial institution, or the credit
 19.7 given for money or its equivalent received or held by a financial institution, in the usual
 19.8 course of business for a special or specific purpose, regardless of the legal relationship so
 19.9 established. Under this paragraph, "deposit" includes, but is not limited to, escrow funds,
 19.10 funds held as security for an obligation due to the financial institution or others, including
 19.11 funds held as dealers reserves, or for securities loaned by the financial institution, funds
 19.12 deposited by a debtor to meet maturing obligations, funds deposited as advance payment
 19.13 on subscriptions to United States government securities, funds held for distribution or
 19.14 purchase of securities, funds held to meet its acceptances or letters of credit, and withheld
 19.15 taxes. It does not include funds received by the financial institution for immediate
 19.16 application to the reduction of an indebtedness to the receiving financial institution, or
 19.17 under condition that the receipt of the funds immediately reduces or extinguishes the
 19.18 indebtedness.

19.19 (e) "Deposit" means outstanding drafts, including advice or another such institution,
 19.20 cashier's checks, money orders, or other officer's checks issued in the usual course
 19.21 of business for any purpose, but not including those issued in payment for services,
 19.22 dividends, or purchases or other costs or expenses of the financial institution itself.

19.23 (f) "Deposit" means money or its equivalent held as a credit balance by a financial
 19.24 institution on behalf of its customer if the entity is engaged in soliciting and holding such
 19.25 balances in the regular course of its business.

19.26 (g) Interinstitution fund transfers are not deposits.

19.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

19.28 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290A.03, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

19.29 Subd. 7. **Dependent.** "Dependent" means any person who is considered a
 19.30 dependent under sections 151 and 152 of the Internal Revenue Code. ~~In the case of a son,~~
 19.31 ~~stepson, daughter, or stepdaughter of the claimant, amounts received as a Minnesota~~
 19.32 ~~family investment program grant, allowance to or on behalf of the child, surplus food, or~~
 19.33 ~~other relief in kind supplied by a governmental agency must not be taken into account~~
 19.34 ~~in determining whether the child received more than half of the child's support from~~
 19.35 ~~the claimant.~~

20.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for property tax refunds based on
 20.2 rents paid after December 31, 2006, and property taxes payable after December 31, 2007.

20.3 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 291.215, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

20.4 Subdivision 1. **Determination.** All property includable in the Minnesota gross
 20.5 estate of a decedent shall be valued in accordance with the provisions of sections 2031 or
 20.6 2032 and, if applicable, 2032A, of the Internal Revenue Code and any elections made in
 20.7 valuing the federal gross estate shall be applicable in valuing the Minnesota gross estate.
 20.8 ~~Values for purposes of the estate tax on both probate and nonprobate assets shall be the~~
 20.9 ~~same as those finally determined for purposes of the federal estate tax on a decedent's~~
 20.10 ~~estate.~~ Except as otherwise provided in section 291.075, the value of all property
 20.11 includable in the Minnesota gross estate of a decedent may be independently determined
 20.12 under said sections for Minnesota estate tax purposes.

20.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for estates of decedents
 20.14 dying after December 31, 2005.

20.15 Sec. 20. **TRANSITION; POLLUTION CONTROL FACILITIES**
 20.16 **AMORTIZATION.**

20.17 The amount of additions to federal taxable income pursuant to Minnesota Statutes,
 20.18 section 290.01, subdivision 19c(10), that are properly subtractable pursuant to Minnesota
 20.19 Statutes, section 290.01, subdivision 19d(8), for taxable years beginning after December
 20.20 31, 2006, and have not been subtracted pursuant to subdivision 19d(8), are subtractable in
 20.21 the taxpayer's first taxable year beginning after December 31, 2006.

20.22 **ARTICLE 2**

20.23 **SALES AND USE TAXES**

20.24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.40, subdivision 2, is amended to
 20.25 read:

20.26 Subd. 2. **Bad debt loss.** If a claim relates to an overpayment because of a failure to
 20.27 deduct a loss due to a bad debt or to a security becoming worthless, the claim is considered
 20.28 timely if filed within seven years from the date prescribed for the filing of the return. A
 20.29 claim relating to an overpayment of taxes under chapter 297A must be filed within 3-1/2
 20.30 years from the date ~~prescribed for filing the return, plus any extensions granted for filing~~
 20.31 ~~the return, but only if filed within the extended time~~ when the bad debt was (1) written off
 20.32 as uncollectible in the taxpayer's books and records, and (2) either eligible to be deducted

21.1 for federal income tax purposes or would have been eligible for a bad debt deduction for
 21.2 federal income tax purposes if the taxpayer were required to file a federal income tax
 21.3 return, or within one year from the date the taxpayer's federal income tax return is timely
 21.4 filed claiming the bad debt deduction, whichever period is later. The refund or credit is
 21.5 limited to the amount of overpayment attributable to the loss. "Bad debt" for purposes
 21.6 of this subdivision, has the same meaning as that term is used in United States Code,
 21.7 title 26, section 166, except that for a claim relating to an overpayment of taxes under
 21.8 chapter 297A the following are excluded from the calculation of bad debt: financing
 21.9 charges or interest; sales or use taxes charged on the purchase price; uncollectible amounts
 21.10 on property that remain in the possession of the seller until the full purchase price is
 21.11 paid; expenses incurred in attempting to collect any debt; and repossessed property. For
 21.12 purposes of reporting a payment received on previously claimed bad debt under chapter
 21.13 297A, any payments made on a debt or account are applied first proportionally to the
 21.14 taxable price of the property or service and the sales tax on it, and secondly to interest,
 21.15 service charges, and any other charges.

21.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

21.17 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.56, is amended by adding a subdivision
 21.18 to read:

21.19 **Subd. 8. Border city zone refunds.** Notwithstanding subdivision 3, for refunds
 21.20 payable under section 469.1734, subdivision 6, interest is computed from 90 days after the
 21.21 refund claim is filed with the commissioner.

21.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims filed on or after
 21.23 July 1, 2007.

21.24 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

21.25 **Subd. 25. Penalty for failure to properly complete sales and use tax return.** A
 21.26 person who fails to report local ~~sales tax~~ taxes required to be reported on a sales and use
 21.27 tax return or who fails to report local ~~sales tax~~ taxes on separate tax lines on the sales
 21.28 and use tax return is subject to a penalty of five percent of the amount of tax not properly
 21.29 reported on the return. A person who files a consolidated tax return but fails to report
 21.30 location information is subject to a \$500 penalty for each return not containing location
 21.31 information. In addition, the commissioner may revoke the privilege for a taxpayer to
 21.32 file consolidated returns and may require the taxpayer to separately register each location
 21.33 and to file a tax return for each location.

22.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for returns filed after June 30, 2007.

22.2 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 289A.60, is amended by adding a subdivision
22.3 to read:

22.4 **Subd. 29. Penalty for failure to report liquor sales.** In the case of a failure to file
22.5 an informational return required by section 297A.8155 with the commissioner on or before
22.6 the date prescribed, the person failing to file the report shall pay a penalty of \$500 each
22.7 failure. If a failure to file a report is intentional, the penalty shall be \$1,000 each failure.

22.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

22.9 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

22.10 **Subd. 3. Sale and purchase.** (a) "Sale" and "purchase" include, but are not limited
22.11 to, each of the transactions listed in this subdivision.

22.12 (b) Sale and purchase include:

22.13 (1) any transfer of title or possession, or both, of tangible personal property, whether
22.14 absolutely or conditionally, for a consideration in money or by exchange or barter; and

22.15 (2) the leasing of or the granting of a license to use or consume, for a consideration
22.16 in money or by exchange or barter, tangible personal property, other than a manufactured
22.17 home used for residential purposes for a continuous period of 30 days or more.

22.18 (c) Sale and purchase include the production, fabrication, printing, or processing of
22.19 tangible personal property for a consideration for consumers who furnish either directly or
22.20 indirectly the materials used in the production, fabrication, printing, or processing.

22.21 (d) Sale and purchase include the preparing for a consideration of food.

22.22 Notwithstanding section 297A.67, subdivision 2, taxable food includes, but is not limited
22.23 to, the following:

22.24 (1) prepared food sold by the retailer;

22.25 (2) soft drinks;

22.26 (3) candy;

22.27 (4) dietary supplements; and

22.28 (5) all food sold through vending machines.

22.29 (e) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of electricity,
22.30 gas, water, or steam for use or consumption within this state.

22.31 (f) A sale and a purchase includes the transfer for a consideration of prewritten
22.32 computer software whether delivered electronically, by load and leave, or otherwise.

22.33 (g) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of the following
22.34 services:

23.1 (1) the privilege of admission to places of amusement, recreational areas, or athletic
 23.2 events, and the making available of amusement devices, tanning facilities, reducing
 23.3 salons, steam baths, turkish baths, health clubs, and spas or athletic facilities;

23.4 (2) lodging and related services by a hotel, rooming house, resort, campground,
 23.5 motel, or trailer camp, including furnishing the guest of the facility with access to
 23.6 telecommunication services, and the granting of any similar license to use real property
 23.7 in a specific facility, other than the renting or leasing of it for a continuous period of
 23.8 30 days or more under an enforceable written agreement that may not be terminated
 23.9 without prior notice;

23.10 (3) nonresidential parking services, whether on a contractual, hourly, or other
 23.11 periodic basis, except for parking at a meter;

23.12 (4) the granting of membership in a club, association, or other organization if:

23.13 (i) the club, association, or other organization makes available for the use of its
 23.14 members sports and athletic facilities, without regard to whether a separate charge is
 23.15 assessed for use of the facilities; and

23.16 (ii) use of the sports and athletic facility is not made available to the general public
 23.17 on the same basis as it is made available to members.

23.18 Granting of membership means both onetime initiation fees and periodic membership
 23.19 dues. Sports and athletic facilities include golf courses; tennis, racquetball, handball, and
 23.20 squash courts; basketball and volleyball facilities; running tracks; exercise equipment;
 23.21 swimming pools; and other similar athletic or sports facilities;

23.22 (5) delivery of aggregate materials and concrete block by a third party if the delivery
 23.23 would be subject to the sales tax if provided by the seller of the aggregate material or
 23.24 concrete block, except if the aggregate materials are deposited substantially in place.

23.25 Aggregate material is deposited substantially in place if the aggregate material is deposited
 23.26 directly from the transporting vehicle, or through spreaders from the transporting vehicle,
 23.27 at the actual place where it will be graded or compacted; and

23.28 (6) services as provided in this clause:

23.29 (i) laundry and dry cleaning services including cleaning, pressing, repairing, altering,
 23.30 and storing clothes, linen services and supply, cleaning and blocking hats, and carpet,
 23.31 drapery, upholstery, and industrial cleaning. Laundry and dry cleaning services do not
 23.32 include services provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer;

23.33 (ii) motor vehicle washing, waxing, and cleaning services, including services
 23.34 provided by coin operated facilities operated by the customer, and rustproofing,
 23.35 undercoating, and towing of motor vehicles;

24.1 (iii) building and residential cleaning, maintenance, and disinfecting services and
24.2 pest control and exterminating services;

24.3 (iv) detective, security, burglar, fire alarm, and armored car services; but not
24.4 including services performed within the jurisdiction they serve by off-duty licensed peace
24.5 officers as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, or services provided by a nonprofit
24.6 organization for monitoring and electronic surveillance of persons placed on in-home
24.7 detention pursuant to court order or under the direction of the Minnesota Department
24.8 of Corrections;

24.9 (v) pet grooming services;

24.10 (vi) lawn care, fertilizing, mowing, spraying and sprigging services; garden planting
24.11 and maintenance; tree, bush, and shrub pruning, bracing, spraying, and surgery; indoor
24.12 plant care; tree, bush, shrub, and stump removal, except when performed as part of a land
24.13 clearing contract as defined in section 297A.68, subdivision 40; and tree trimming for
24.14 public utility lines. Services performed under a construction contract for the installation of
24.15 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, bushes, and similar items are not taxable;

24.16 (vii) massages, except when provided by a licensed health care facility or
24.17 professional or upon written referral from a licensed health care facility or professional for
24.18 treatment of illness, injury, or disease; and

24.19 (viii) the furnishing of lodging, board, and care services for animals in kennels and
24.20 other similar arrangements, but excluding veterinary and horse boarding services.

24.21 In applying the provisions of this chapter, the terms "tangible personal property"
24.22 and "retail sale" include taxable services listed in clause (6), items (i) to (vi) and (viii),
24.23 and the provision of these taxable services, unless specifically provided otherwise.

24.24 Services performed by an employee for an employer are not taxable. Services performed
24.25 by a partnership or association for another partnership or association are not taxable if
24.26 one of the entities owns or controls more than 80 percent of the voting power of the
24.27 equity interest in the other entity. Services performed between members of an affiliated
24.28 group of corporations are not taxable. For purposes of the preceding sentence, "affiliated
24.29 group of corporations" means those entities that would be classified as members of an
24.30 affiliated group as defined under United States Code, title 26, section 1504, disregarding
24.31 the exclusions in section 1504(b).

24.32 (h) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of tangible
24.33 personal property or taxable services by the United States or any of its agencies or
24.34 instrumentalities, or the state of Minnesota, its agencies, instrumentalities, or political
24.35 subdivisions.

25.1 (i) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration
 25.2 of telecommunications services, ~~including ancillary services associated with~~
 25.3 ~~telecommunication services~~, cable television services ~~and~~, direct satellite services, ~~and~~
 25.4 ~~ring tones.~~ Telecommunication services include, but are not limited
 25.5 to, the following services, as defined in section 297A.669: air-to-ground radiotelephone
 25.6 service, mobile telecommunication service, postpaid calling service, prepaid calling
 25.7 service, prepaid wireless calling service, and private communication services. The
 25.8 services in this paragraph are taxed to the extent allowed under federal law.

25.9 (j) A sale and a purchase includes the furnishing for a consideration of installation if
 25.10 the installation charges would be subject to the sales tax if the installation were provided
 25.11 by the seller of the item being installed.

25.12 (k) A sale and a purchase includes the rental of a vehicle by a motor vehicle dealer
 25.13 to a customer when (1) the vehicle is rented by the customer for a consideration, or (2)
 25.14 the motor vehicle dealer is reimbursed pursuant to a service contract as defined in section
 25.15 65B.29, subdivision 1, clause (1).

25.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
 25.17 June 30, 2007, except that the amendments to paragraphs (g), clause (2), and (i), are
 25.18 effective for sales and purchases made on or after January 1, 2008.

25.19 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

25.20 Subd. 4. **Retail sale.** (a) A "retail sale" means any sale, lease, or rental for any
 25.21 purpose, other than resale, sublease, or subrent of items by the purchaser in the normal
 25.22 course of business as defined in subdivision 21.

25.23 (b) A sale of property used by the owner only by leasing it to others or by holding it
 25.24 in an effort to lease it, and put to no use by the owner other than resale after the lease or
 25.25 effort to lease, is a sale of property for resale.

25.26 (c) A sale of master computer software that is purchased and used to make copies for
 25.27 sale or lease is a sale of property for resale.

25.28 (d) A sale of building materials, supplies, and equipment to owners, contractors,
 25.29 subcontractors, or builders for the erection of buildings or the alteration, repair, or
 25.30 improvement of real property is a retail sale in whatever quantity sold, whether the sale is
 25.31 for purposes of resale in the form of real property or otherwise.

25.32 (e) A sale of carpeting, linoleum, or similar floor covering to a person who provides
 25.33 for installation of the floor covering is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale
 25.34 of floor covering which includes installation is a contract for the improvement of real
 25.35 property.

26.1 (f) A sale of shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items to a person who provides
26.2 for installation of the items is a retail sale and not a sale for resale since a sale of
26.3 shrubbery, plants, sod, trees, and similar items that includes installation is a contract for
26.4 the improvement of real property.

26.5 (g) A sale of tangible personal property that is awarded as prizes is a retail sale and
26.6 is not considered a sale of property for resale.

26.7 (h) A sale of tangible personal property utilized or employed in the furnishing or
26.8 providing of services under subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (1), including, but not
26.9 limited to, property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a
26.10 sale of property for resale.

26.11 (i) A sale of tangible personal property used in conducting lawful gambling under
26.12 chapter 349 or the State Lottery under chapter 349A, including, but not limited to,
26.13 property given as promotional items, is a retail sale and is not considered a sale of
26.14 property for resale.

26.15 (j) A sale of machines, equipment, or devices that are used to furnish, provide, or
26.16 dispense goods or services, including, but not limited to, coin-operated devices, is a retail
26.17 sale and is not considered a sale of property for resale.

26.18 (k) In the case of a lease, a retail sale occurs (1) when an obligation to make a lease
26.19 payment becomes due under the terms of the agreement or the trade practices of the
26.20 lessor or (2) in the case of a lease of a motor vehicle, as defined in section 297B.01,
26.21 subdivision 5, but excluding vehicles with a manufacturer's gross vehicle weight rating
26.22 greater than 10,000 pounds and rentals of vehicles for not more than 28 days, at the time
26.23 the lease is executed.

26.24 (l) In the case of a conditional sales contract, a retail sale occurs upon the transfer of
26.25 title or possession of the tangible personal property.

26.26 (m) A sale of a bundled transaction in which one or more of the products included
26.27 in the bundle is a taxable product is a retail sale, except that if one of the products
26.28 is a telecommunication service, ancillary service, Internet access, or audio or video
26.29 programming service, and the seller has maintained books and records identifying through
26.30 reasonable and verifiable standards the portions of the price that are attributable to the
26.31 distinct and separately identifiable products, then the products are not considered part of a
26.32 bundled transaction. For purposes of this paragraph:

26.33 (1) the books and records maintained by the seller must be maintained in the regular
26.34 course of business, and do not include books and records created and maintained by the
26.35 seller primarily for tax purposes;

27.1 (2) books and records maintained in the regular course of business include, but are
 27.2 not limited to, financial statements, general ledgers, invoicing and billing systems and
 27.3 reports, and reports for regulatory tariffs and other regulatory matters; and

27.4 (3) books and records are maintained primarily for tax purposes when the books
 27.5 and records identify taxable and nontaxable portions of the price, but the seller maintains
 27.6 other books and records that identify different prices attributable to the distinct products
 27.7 included in the same bundled transaction.

27.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 27.9 or after January 1, 2008.

27.10 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

27.11 Subd. 7. **Sales price.** (a) "Sales price" means the measure subject to sales tax, and
 27.12 means the total amount of consideration, including cash, credit, personal property, and
 27.13 services, for which personal property or services are sold, leased, or rented, valued in
 27.14 money, whether received in money or otherwise, without any deduction for the following:

27.15 (1) the seller's cost of the property sold;

27.16 (2) the cost of materials used, labor or service cost, interest, losses, all costs of
 27.17 transportation to the seller, all taxes imposed on the seller, and any other expenses of
 27.18 the seller;

27.19 (3) charges by the seller for any services necessary to complete the sale, other than
 27.20 delivery and installation charges;

27.21 (4) delivery charges, except the percentage of the delivery charge allocated to
 27.22 delivery of tax exempt property, when the delivery charge is allocated by using either (i) a
 27.23 percentage based on the total sales price of the taxable property compared to the total sales
 27.24 price of all property in the shipment, or (ii) a percentage based on the total weight of the
 27.25 taxable property compared to the total weight of all property in the shipment; and

27.26 (5) installation charges; ~~and.~~

27.27 ~~(6) the value of exempt property given to the purchaser when taxable and exempt~~
 27.28 ~~personal property have been bundled together and sold by the seller as a single product~~
 27.29 ~~or piece of merchandise.~~

27.30 (b) Sales price does not include:

27.31 (1) discounts, including cash, terms, or coupons, that are not reimbursed by a third
 27.32 party and that are allowed by the seller and taken by a purchaser on a sale;

27.33 (2) interest, financing, and carrying charges from credit extended on the sale of
 27.34 personal property or services, if the amount is separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale,
 27.35 or similar document given to the purchaser; and

28.1 (3) any taxes legally imposed directly on the consumer that are separately stated on
28.2 the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given to the purchaser.

28.3 (c) Sales price includes consideration received by the seller from third parties if:

28.4 (1) the seller actually receives consideration from a party other than the purchaser
28.5 and the consideration is directly related to a price reduction or discount on the sale;

28.6 (2) the seller has an obligation to pass the price reduction or discount through to
28.7 the purchaser;

28.8 (3) the amount of the consideration attributable to the sale is fixed and determinable
28.9 by the seller at the time of the sale of the item to the purchaser; and

28.10 (4) one of the following criteria is met:

28.11 (i) the purchaser presents a coupon, certificate, or other documentation to the seller
28.12 to claim a price reduction or discount when the coupon, certificate, or documentation is
28.13 authorized, distributed, or granted by a third party with the understanding that the third
28.14 party will reimburse any seller to whom the coupon, certificate, or documentation is
28.15 presented;

28.16 (ii) the purchaser identifies himself or herself to the seller as a member of a group or
28.17 organization entitled to a price reduction or discount. A "preferred customer" card that is
28.18 available to any customer does not constitute membership in such a group; or

28.19 (iii) the price reduction or discount is identified as a third-party price reduction or
28.20 discount on the invoice received by the purchaser or on a coupon, certificate, or other
28.21 documentation presented by the purchaser.

28.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on or
28.23 after January 1, 2008, except that the amendment to paragraph (a), clause (4), is effective
28.24 the day following final enactment.

28.25 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 10, is amended to read:

28.26 Subd. 10. **Tangible personal property.** (a) "Tangible personal property" means
28.27 personal property that can be seen, weighed, measured, felt, or touched, or that is in any
28.28 other manner perceptible to the senses. "Tangible personal property" includes, but is not
28.29 limited to, electricity, water, gas, steam, and ~~prewritten computer software, and prepaid~~
28.30 ~~calling cards.~~

28.31 (b) Tangible personal property does not include:

28.32 (1) large ponderous machinery and equipment used in a business or production
28.33 activity which at common law would be considered to be real property;

28.34 (2) property which is subject to an ad valorem property tax;

28.35 (3) property described in section 272.02, subdivision 9, clauses (a) to (d); and

29.1 (4) property described in section 272.03, subdivision 2, clauses (3) and (5).

29.2 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 29.3 or after January 1, 2008.

29.4 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 24, is amended to read:

29.5 Subd. 24. **Telecommunications services.** (a) "Telecommunications services" means
 29.6 the electronic transmission, conveyance, or routing of voice, data, audio, video, or any
 29.7 other information or signals to a point, or between or among points, ~~by or through any~~
 29.8 ~~electronic, satellite, optical, microwave, or other medium or method now in existence or~~
 29.9 ~~hereafter devised, regardless of the protocol used for such transmission, conveyance,~~
 29.10 ~~or routing.~~

29.11 (b) Telecommunications services ~~includes the furnishing for consideration of access~~
 29.12 ~~to telephone services by a hotel to its guests;~~ include transmission, conveyance, or routing
 29.13 in which computer processing applications are used to act on the form, code, or protocol
 29.14 of the content for purposes of transmission, conveyance, or routing, without regard to
 29.15 whether the service is referred to as voice over Internet protocol services or is classified by
 29.16 the Federal Communications Commission as enhanced or value added.

29.17 (c) Telecommunications services do not include:

29.18 ~~(1) services purchased with a prepaid telephone calling card;~~

29.19 ~~(2) private communication service purchased by an agent acting on behalf of the~~
 29.20 ~~State Lottery;~~

29.21 ~~(3) information services; and~~

29.22 ~~(4) purchases of telecommunications when the purchaser uses the purchased services~~
 29.23 ~~as a component part of or integrates such service into another telecommunications service~~
 29.24 ~~that is sold by the purchaser in the normal course of business.~~

29.25 ~~(d) For purposes of this subdivision, "information services" means the offering of~~
 29.26 ~~the capability for generating, acquiring, storing, transforming, processing, retrieving,~~
 29.27 ~~utilizing, or making available information.~~

29.28 (1) data processing and information services that allow data to be generated,
 29.29 acquired, stored, processed, or retrieved and delivered by an electronic transmission to
 29.30 a purchaser when the purchaser's primary purpose for the underlying transaction is the
 29.31 processed data or information;

29.32 (2) installation or maintenance of wiring or equipment on a customer's premises;

29.33 (3) tangible personal property;

29.34 (4) advertising, including, but not limited to, directory advertising;

29.35 (5) billing and collection services provided to third parties;

- 30.1 (6) Internet access service;
 30.2 (7) radio and television audio and video programming services, regardless of the
 30.3 medium, including the furnishing of transmission, conveyance, and routing of such
 30.4 services by the programming service provider. Radio and television audio and video
 30.5 programming services includes, but is not limited to, cable service as defined in United
 30.6 States Code, title 47, section 522(6), and audio and video programming services delivered
 30.7 by commercial mobile radio service providers, as defined in Code of Federal Regulations,
 30.8 title 47, section 20.3;
 30.9 (8) ancillary services; or
 30.10 (9) digital products delivered electronically, including, but not limited to, software,
 30.11 music, video, reading materials, or ring tones.

30.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 30.13 or after January 1, 2008.

30.14 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
 30.15 subdivision to read:

30.16 **Subd. 38. Bundled transaction.** (a) "Bundled transaction" means the retail sale
 30.17 of two or more products when the products are otherwise distinct and identifiable, and
 30.18 the products are sold for one nonitemized price. As used in this subdivision, "product"
 30.19 includes tangible personal property, services, intangibles, and digital goods, but does not
 30.20 include real property or services to real property. A bundled transaction does not include
 30.21 the sale of any products in which the sales price varies, or is negotiable, based on the
 30.22 selection by the purchaser of the products included in the transaction.

30.23 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "distinct and identifiable" products does not
 30.24 include:

30.25 (1) packaging and other materials, such as containers, boxes, sacks, bags, and
 30.26 bottles, wrapping, labels, tags, and instruction guides, that accompany the retail sale of the
 30.27 products and are incidental or immaterial to the retail sale. Examples of packaging that are
 30.28 incidental or immaterial include grocery sacks, shoe boxes, dry cleaning garment bags,
 30.29 and express delivery envelopes and boxes;

30.30 (2) a promotional product provided free of charge with the required purchase of
 30.31 another product. A promotional product is provided free of charge if the sales price of
 30.32 another product, which is required to be purchased in order to receive the promotional
 30.33 product, does not vary depending on the inclusion of the promotional product; and

30.34 (3) items included in the definition of sales price.

31.1 (c) For purposes of this subdivision, the term "one nonitemized price" does not
31.2 include a price that is separately identified by product on binding sales or other supporting
31.3 sales-related documentation made available to the customer in paper or electronic form
31.4 including, but not limited to an invoice, bill of sale, receipt, contract, service agreement,
31.5 lease agreement, periodic notice of rates and services, rate card, or price list.

31.6 (d) A transaction that otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction is
31.7 not a bundled transaction if it is:

31.8 (1) the retail sale of tangible personal property and a service and the tangible
31.9 personal property is essential to the use of the service, and is provided exclusively in
31.10 connection with the service, and the true object of the transaction is the service;

31.11 (2) the retail sale of services if one service is provided that is essential to the use or
31.12 receipt of a second service and the first service is provided exclusively in connection with
31.13 the second service and the true object of the transaction is the second service;

31.14 (3) a transaction that includes taxable products and nontaxable products and the
31.15 purchase price or sales price of the taxable products is de minimis; or

31.16 (4) the retail sale of exempt tangible personal property and taxable tangible personal
31.17 property if:

31.18 (i) the transaction includes food and food ingredients, drugs, durable medical
31.19 equipment, mobility enhancing equipment, over-the-counter drugs, prosthetic devices,
31.20 or medical supplies; and

31.21 (ii) the seller's purchase price or sales price of the taxable tangible personal property
31.22 is 50 percent or less of the total purchase price or sales price of the bundled tangible
31.23 personal property. Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales
31.24 price of the tangible personal property when making the 50 percent determination for
31.25 a transaction.

31.26 (e) For purposes of this subdivision, "purchase price" means the measure subject to
31.27 use tax on purchases made by the seller, and "de minimis" means that the seller's purchase
31.28 price or sales price of the taxable products is ten percent or less of the total purchase
31.29 price or sales price of the bundled products. Sellers shall use either the purchase price
31.30 or the sales price of the products to determine if the taxable products are de minimis.
31.31 Sellers must not use a combination of the purchase price and sales price of the products
31.32 to determine if the taxable products are de minimis. Sellers shall use the full term of a
31.33 service contract to determine if the taxable products are de minimis.

31.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
31.35 or after January 1, 2008.

32.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
32.2 subdivision to read:

32.3 Subd. 39. **Ancillary services.** "Ancillary services" means services that are
32.4 associated with or incidental to the provision of telecommunications services, including,
32.5 but not limited to, conference bridging service, detailed telecommunications billing,
32.6 directory assistance, vertical service, and voice mail services.

32.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
32.8 or after January 1, 2008.

32.9 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
32.10 subdivision to read:

32.11 Subd. 40. **Conference bridging service.** "Conference bridging service" means an
32.12 ancillary service that links two or more participants of an audio or video conference call
32.13 and may include the provision of a telephone number. Conference bridging service does
32.14 not include the telecommunications services used to reach the conference bridge.

32.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
32.16 or after January 1, 2008.

32.17 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
32.18 subdivision to read:

32.19 Subd. 41. **Detailed telecommunications billing service.** "Detailed
32.20 telecommunications billing service" means an ancillary service of separately stating
32.21 information pertaining to individual calls on a customer's billing statement.

32.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
32.23 or after January 1, 2008.

32.24 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
32.25 subdivision to read:

32.26 Subd. 42. **Directory assistance.** "Directory assistance" means an ancillary service
32.27 of providing telephone number information or address information, or both.

32.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
32.29 or after January 1, 2008.

33.1 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
33.2 subdivision to read:

33.3 Subd. 43. **Vertical service.** "Vertical service" means an ancillary service that is
33.4 offered in connection with one or more telecommunications services and which offers
33.5 advanced calling features that allow customers to identify callers and to manage multiple
33.6 calls and call connections, including conference bridging services.

33.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
33.8 or after January 1, 2008.

33.9 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
33.10 subdivision to read:

33.11 Subd. 44. **Voice mail service.** "Voice mail service" means an ancillary service that
33.12 enables the customer to store, send, or receive recorded messages. Voice mail service
33.13 does not include any vertical services that the customer may be required to have in order
33.14 to utilize the voice mail service.

33.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
33.16 or after January 1, 2008.

33.17 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
33.18 subdivision to read:

33.19 Subd. 45. **Ring tone.** "Ring tone" means a digitized sound file that is downloaded
33.20 onto a device and that may be used to alert the customer of a telecommunication service
33.21 with respect to a communication.

33.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

33.23 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, is amended by adding a
33.24 subdivision to read:

33.25 Subd. 46. **Fur clothing.** "Fur clothing" means human wearing apparel that is
33.26 required by the Federal Fur Products Labeling Act, United States Code, title 15, section
33.27 69, to be labeled as a fur product, and the value of the fur components in the product
33.28 is more than three times the value of the next most valuable tangible component. For
33.29 purposes of this subdivision, "fur" means any animal skin or part of an animal skin with
33.30 hair, fleece, or fur fibers attached to it, either in its raw or processed state, but does not
33.31 include animal skins that have been converted into leather or suede, or from which the
33.32 hair, fleece, or fur fiber has been completely removed in processing the skins.

34.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on or
 34.2 after July 1, 2007.

34.3 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.63, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

34.4 Subdivision 1. **Use of tangible personal property or taxable services.** (a) For the
 34.5 privilege of using, storing, distributing, or consuming in Minnesota tangible personal
 34.6 property or taxable services purchased for use, storage, distribution, or consumption in
 34.7 this state, a use tax is imposed on a person in Minnesota. The tax is imposed on the
 34.8 purchase price of retail sales of the tangible personal property or taxable services at the
 34.9 rate of tax imposed under section 297A.62. A person that purchases property from a
 34.10 Minnesota retailer and returns the tangible personal property to a point within Minnesota,
 34.11 except in the course of interstate commerce, after it was delivered outside of Minnesota,
 34.12 is subject to the use tax.

34.13 (b) No tax is imposed under paragraph (a) if the tax imposed by section 297A.62
 34.14 was paid on the sales price of the tangible personal property or taxable services.

34.15 (c) No tax is imposed under paragraph (a) if the purchase meets the requirements for
 34.16 exemption under section 297A.67, subdivision 21.

34.17 (d) When a transaction otherwise meets the definition of a bundled transaction, but
 34.18 is not a bundled transaction under section 297A.61, subdivision 38, paragraph (d), and
 34.19 the seller's purchase price of the taxable product or taxable tangible personal property is
 34.20 equal to or greater than \$100, then use tax is imposed on the purchase price of the taxable
 34.21 product or taxable personal property. For purposes of this paragraph, "purchase price"
 34.22 means the measure subject to use tax on purchases made by the seller.

34.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 34.24 or after January 1, 2008.

34.25 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.665, is amended to read:

34.26 **297A.665 PRESUMPTION OF TAX; BURDEN OF PROOF.**

34.27 (a) For the purpose of the proper administration of this chapter and to prevent
 34.28 evasion of the tax, until the contrary is established, it is presumed that:

34.29 (1) all gross receipts are subject to the tax; and

34.30 (2) all retail sales for delivery in Minnesota are for storage, use, or other consumption
 34.31 in Minnesota.

34.32 (b) The burden of proving that a sale is not a taxable retail sale is on the seller.

34.33 ~~However, the seller may take from the purchaser at the time of the sale a fully completed~~

35.1 ~~exemption certificate which conclusively relieves the seller from collecting and remitting~~
 35.2 ~~the tax. This~~ However, a seller is relieved of liability if:

35.3 (1) the seller obtains a fully completed exemption certificate or all the relevant
 35.4 information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, at the time of the sale or within
 35.5 90 days after the date of the sale; or

35.6 (2) if the seller has not obtained a fully completed exemption certificate or all the
 35.7 relevant information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, within the time provided
 35.8 in clause (1), within 120 days after a request for substantiation by the commissioner,
 35.9 the seller either:

35.10 (i) obtains in good faith a fully completed exemption certificate or all the relevant
 35.11 information required by section 297A.72, subdivision 2, from the purchaser; or

35.12 (ii) proves by other means that the transaction was not subject to tax.

35.13 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (b), relief from liability does not apply to a seller who:

35.14 (1) fraudulently fails to collect the tax; or

35.15 (2) solicits purchasers to participate in the unlawful claim of an exemption. If a
 35.16 ~~seller claiming that certain sales are exempt is not in possession of the required exemption~~
 35.17 ~~certificates within 60 days after receiving written notice from the commissioner that the~~
 35.18 ~~certificates are required, deductions claimed by the seller that required delivery of the~~
 35.19 ~~certificates must be disallowed. If the certificates are delivered to the commissioner within~~
 35.20 ~~the 60-day period, the commissioner may verify the reason or basis for the exemption~~
 35.21 ~~claimed in the certificates before allowing any deductions. A deduction must not be~~
 35.22 ~~granted on the basis of certificates delivered to the commissioner after the 60-day period.~~

35.23 ~~(e)~~ (d) A purchaser of tangible personal property or any items listed in section
 35.24 297A.63 that are shipped or brought to Minnesota by the purchaser has the burden
 35.25 of proving that the property was not purchased from a retailer for storage, use, or
 35.26 consumption in Minnesota.

35.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 35.28 or after January 1, 2008.

35.29 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.669, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

35.30 **Subd. 3. Defined telecommunications services sourcing.** The sale of the following
 35.31 telecommunication services shall be sourced to each level of taxing jurisdiction in
 35.32 paragraphs (a) to (d).

35.33 (a) A sale of mobile telecommunications services, other than air-to-ground
 35.34 radiotelephone service and prepaid calling service, is sourced to the customer's place of
 35.35 primary use as required by the Mobile Telecommunications Sourcing Act.

36.1 (b) A sale of postpaid calling service is sourced to the origination point of the
36.2 telecommunications signal as first identified by either:

36.3 (1) the seller's telecommunications system; or

36.4 (2) information received by the seller from its service provider, where the system
36.5 used to transport such signals is not that of the seller.

36.6 (c) A sale of prepaid calling service or prepaid wireless calling service is sourced in
36.7 accordance with section 297A.668, subdivision 2. However, in the case of a sale of ~~mobile~~
36.8 ~~telecommunications service that is~~ a prepaid ~~telecommunications~~ wireless calling service,
36.9 the rule provided in section 297A.668, subdivision 2, paragraph (f), shall include as an
36.10 option the location associated with the mobile telephone number.

36.11 (d) A sale of a private communication service is sourced as follows:

36.12 (1) service for a separate charge related to a customer channel termination point is
36.13 sourced to each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel termination point
36.14 is located;

36.15 (2) service where all customer termination points are located entirely within one
36.16 jurisdiction or levels of jurisdiction is sourced in such jurisdiction in which the customer
36.17 channel termination points are located;

36.18 (3) service for segments of a channel between two customer channel termination
36.19 points located in different jurisdictions and which segment of channel are separately
36.20 charged is sourced 50 percent in each level of jurisdiction in which the customer channel
36.21 termination points are located; and

36.22 (4) service for segments of a channel located in more than one jurisdiction or
36.23 levels of jurisdiction and which segments are not separately billed is sourced in each
36.24 jurisdiction based on the percentage determined by dividing the number of customer
36.25 channel termination points in the jurisdiction by the total number of customer channel
36.26 termination points.

36.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
36.28 or after January 1, 2008.

36.29 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.669, subdivision 13, is amended to
36.30 read:

36.31 Subd. 13. **Postpaid calling service.** "Postpaid calling service," for purposes of
36.32 this section, means the telecommunications service obtained by making a payment
36.33 on a call-by-call basis either through the use of a credit card or payment mechanism
36.34 such as a bank card, travel card, credit card, or debit card, or by a charge made to
36.35 a telephone number that is not associated with the origination or termination of the

37.1 telecommunications service. A postpaid calling service includes a telecommunications
 37.2 service, except a prepaid wireless calling service, that would be a prepaid calling service
 37.3 except it is not exclusively a telecommunication service.

37.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 37.5 or after January 1, 2008.

37.6 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.669, subdivision 14, is amended to
 37.7 read:

37.8 Subd. 14. **Prepaid calling service.** "Prepaid calling service," for purposes of this
 37.9 section, means a telecommunications service that:

37.10 (1) provides the right to access exclusively telecommunications services, ~~which;~~

37.11 (2) must be paid for in advance ~~and which;~~

37.12 (3) enables the origination of calls using an access number or authorization code,
 37.13 whether manually or electronically dialed; and ~~that~~

37.14 (4) is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with
 37.15 use in a known amount.

37.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

37.17 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.669, is amended by adding a
 37.18 subdivision to read:

37.19 Subd. 14a. **Prepaid wireless calling service.** "Prepaid wireless calling service," for
 37.20 purposes of this section, means a telecommunications service that:

37.21 (1) provides the right to utilize mobile wireless service as well as other
 37.22 nontelemmunications services, including the download of digital products delivered
 37.23 electronically, content, and ancillary services;

37.24 (2) must be paid for in advance; and

37.25 (3) is sold in predetermined units or dollars of which the number declines with
 37.26 use in a known amount.

37.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 37.28 or after January 1, 2008.

37.29 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.669, is amended by adding a
 37.30 subdivision to read:

37.31 Subd. 17. **Ancillary service.** The sale of an ancillary service is sourced to the
 37.32 customer's place of primary use.

38.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 38.2 or after January 1, 2008.

38.3 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.67, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

38.4 Subd. 8. **Clothing.** (a) Clothing is exempt. For purposes of this subdivision,
 38.5 "clothing" means all human wearing apparel suitable for general use.

38.6 (b) Clothing includes, but is not limited to, aprons, household and shop; athletic
 38.7 supporters; baby receiving blankets; bathing suits and caps; beach capes and coats; belts
 38.8 and suspenders; boots; coats and jackets; costumes; children and adult diapers, including
 38.9 disposable; ear muffs; footlets; formal wear; garters and garter belts; girdles; gloves and
 38.10 mittens for general use; hats and caps; hosiery; insoles for shoes; lab coats; neckties;
 38.11 overshoes; pantyhose; rainwear; rubber pants; sandals; scarves; shoes and shoe laces;
 38.12 slippers; sneakers; socks and stockings; steel-toed boots; underwear; uniforms, athletic
 38.13 and nonathletic; and wedding apparel.

38.14 (c) Clothing does not include the following:

38.15 (1) belt buckles sold separately;

38.16 (2) costume masks sold separately;

38.17 (3) patches and emblems sold separately;

38.18 (4) sewing equipment and supplies, including but not limited to, knitting needles,
 38.19 patterns, pins, scissors, sewing machines, sewing needles, tape measures, and thimbles;

38.20 (5) sewing materials that become part of clothing, including but not limited to,
 38.21 buttons, fabric, lace, thread, yarn, and zippers;

38.22 (6) clothing accessories or equipment;

38.23 (7) sports or recreational equipment; and

38.24 (8) protective equipment.

38.25 Clothing also does not include ~~apparel made from fur if a uniform definition of "apparel~~
 38.26 ~~made from fur" is developed by the member states of the Streamlined Sales and Use Tax~~
 38.27 ~~Agreement~~ "fur clothing" as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 46.

38.28 For purposes of this subdivision, "clothing accessories or equipment" means
 38.29 incidental items worn on the person or in conjunction with clothing. Clothing accessories
 38.30 and equipment include, but are not limited to, briefcases; cosmetics; hair notions, including
 38.31 barrettes, hair bows, and hairnets; handbags; handkerchiefs; jewelry; nonprescription
 38.32 sunglasses; umbrellas; wallets; watches; and wigs and hairpieces. "Sports or recreational
 38.33 equipment" means items designed for human use and worn in conjunction with an athletic
 38.34 or recreational activity that are not suitable for general use. Sports and recreational
 38.35 equipment includes, but is not limited to, ballet and tap shoes; cleated or spiked athletic

39.1 shoes; gloves, including, but not limited to, baseball, bowling, boxing, hockey, and golf
 39.2 gloves; goggles; hand and elbow guards; life preservers and vests; mouth guards; roller
 39.3 and ice skates; shin guards; shoulder pads; ski boots; waders; and wetsuits and fins.
 39.4 "Protective equipment" means items for human wear and designed as protection of the
 39.5 wearer against injury or disease or as protection against damage or injury of other persons
 39.6 or property but not suitable for general use. Protective equipment includes, but is not
 39.7 limited to, breathing masks; clean room apparel and equipment; ear and hearing protectors;
 39.8 face shields; finger guards; hard hats; helmets; paint or dust respirators; protective gloves;
 39.9 safety glasses and goggles; safety belts; tool belts; and welders gloves and masks.

39.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on or
 39.11 after July 1, 2007.

39.12 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.67, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

39.13 Subd. 9. **Baby products.** Breast pumps, baby bottles and nipples, pacifiers, teething
 39.14 rings, and infant syringes are exempt.

39.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on or
 39.16 after the day following final enactment.

39.17 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.68, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

39.18 Subd. 11. **Advertising materials.** Materials designed to advertise and promote the
 39.19 sale of merchandise or services are exempt if these materials are mailed or transferred to a
 39.20 person outside the state for use solely outside the state. Mailing and reply envelopes and
 39.21 cards and other shipping materials including, but not limited to, boxes, labels, containers,
 39.22 and banding, used exclusively in connection with these advertising and promotional
 39.23 materials are included in this exemption. The exemption applies regardless of where the
 39.24 mailing occurs. The storage of these materials in the state for the purpose of subsequently
 39.25 shipping or otherwise transferring the material out of state is also exempt if the other
 39.26 conditions in this subdivision are met. For purposes of this subdivision, materials that have
 39.27 a primary purpose other than advertising, such as fulfilling a legal obligation or furnishing
 39.28 nonadvertising information, are not materials designed to advertise and promote the sale
 39.29 of merchandise or services even if they do include advertising content.

39.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

39.31 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.68, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

40.1 Subd. 16. **Packing materials.** Packing materials used to pack and ship household
40.2 goods and that are provided to and remain with the customer of a for-hire carrier are
40.3 exempt if the ultimate destination of the goods is outside Minnesota and if the ~~goods~~
40.4 packing materials are not later returned to a point within Minnesota, except in the course
40.5 of interstate commerce. This exemption does not apply to tools, equipment, pads, or
40.6 accessories owned or leased by the for-hire carrier.

40.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made after
40.8 June 30, 2007.

40.9 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.68, subdivision 35, is amended to read:

40.10 Subd. 35. **Telecommunications, cable television, and direct satellite equipment.**

40.11 (a) Telecommunications, cable television, or direct satellite machinery and equipment
40.12 purchased or leased for use directly by a telecommunications, cable television, or
40.13 direct satellite service provider primarily in the provision of telecommunications, cable
40.14 television, or direct satellite services that are ultimately to be sold at retail are exempt,
40.15 regardless of whether purchased by the owner, a contractor, or a subcontractor.

40.16 (b) For purposes of this subdivision, "telecommunications, cable television, or direct
40.17 satellite machinery and equipment" includes, but is not limited to:

40.18 (1) machinery, equipment, and fixtures utilized in receiving, initiating,
40.19 amplifying, processing, transmitting, retransmitting, recording, switching, or monitoring
40.20 telecommunications, cable television, or direct satellite services, such as computers,
40.21 transformers, amplifiers, routers, bridges, repeaters, multiplexers, and other items
40.22 performing comparable functions;

40.23 (2) machinery, equipment, and fixtures used in the transportation of
40.24 telecommunications, cable television, or direct satellite services, radio transmitters and
40.25 receivers, satellite equipment, microwave equipment, and other transporting media, but
40.26 not wire, cable, fiber, poles, or conduit;

40.27 (3) ancillary machinery, equipment, and fixtures that regulate, control, protect, or
40.28 enable the machinery in clauses (1) and (2) to accomplish its intended function, such as
40.29 auxiliary power supply, test equipment, towers, heating, ventilating, and air conditioning
40.30 equipment necessary to the operation of the telecommunications, cable television, or direct
40.31 satellite equipment; and software necessary to the operation of the telecommunications,
40.32 cable television, or direct satellite equipment; and

40.33 (4) repair and replacement parts, including accessories, whether purchased as spare
40.34 parts, repair parts, or as upgrades or modifications to qualified machinery or equipment.

41.1 ~~(c) For purposes of this subdivision, "telecommunications services" means~~
 41.2 ~~telecommunications services as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 24, paragraphs~~
 41.3 ~~(a), (c), and (d).~~

41.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
 41.5 or after January 1, 2008.

41.6 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.70, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

41.7 **Subd. 7. Hospitals and outpatient surgical centers.** (a) Sales, except for those
 41.8 listed in paragraph (c), to a hospital are exempt, if the items purchased are used in
 41.9 providing hospital services. For purposes of this subdivision, "hospital" means a hospital
 41.10 organized and operated for charitable purposes within the meaning of section 501(c)(3) of
 41.11 the Internal Revenue Code, and licensed under chapter 144 or by any other jurisdiction,
 41.12 and "hospital services" are services authorized or required to be performed by a "hospital"
 41.13 under chapter 144.

41.14 (b) Sales, except for those listed in paragraph (c), to an outpatient surgical center
 41.15 are exempt, if the items purchased are used in providing outpatient surgical services. For
 41.16 purposes of this subdivision, "outpatient surgical center" means an outpatient surgical
 41.17 center organized and operated for charitable purposes within the meaning of section
 41.18 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and licensed under chapter 144 or by any other
 41.19 jurisdiction. For the purposes of this subdivision, "outpatient surgical services" means:
 41.20 (1) services authorized or required to be performed by an outpatient surgical center under
 41.21 chapter 144; and (2) urgent care. For purposes of this subdivision, "urgent care" means
 41.22 health services furnished to a person whose medical condition is sufficiently acute to
 41.23 require treatment unavailable through, or inappropriate to be provided by, a clinic or
 41.24 physician's office, but not so acute as to require treatment in a hospital emergency room.

41.25 (c) This exemption does not apply to the following products and services:

41.26 (1) purchases made by a clinic, physician's office, or any other medical facility not
 41.27 operating as a hospital or outpatient surgical center, even though the clinic, office, or
 41.28 facility may be owned and operated by a hospital or outpatient surgical center;

41.29 (2) sales under section 297A.61, subdivision 3, paragraph (g), clause (2), and
 41.30 prepared food, candy, and soft drinks;

41.31 (3) building and construction materials used in constructing buildings or facilities
 41.32 that will not be used principally by the hospital or outpatient surgical center;

41.33 (4) building, construction, or reconstruction materials purchased by a contractor
 41.34 or a subcontractor as a part of a lump-sum contract or similar type of contract with a

42.1 guaranteed maximum price covering both labor and materials for use in the construction,
42.2 alteration, or repair of a hospital or outpatient surgical center; or

42.3 (5) the leasing of a motor vehicle as defined in section 297B.01, subdivision 5.

42.4 (d) A limited liability company also qualifies for exemption under this subdivision if
42.5 (1) it consists of a sole member that would qualify for the exemption, and (2) the items
42.6 purchased qualify for the exemption.

42.7 (e) An entity that contains both a hospital and a nonprofit unit may claim this
42.8 exemption on purchases made for both the hospital and nonprofit unit provided that:

42.9 (1) the nonprofit unit would have qualified for exemption under subdivision 4; and

42.10 (2) the items purchased would have qualified for the exemption.

42.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

42.12 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.70, is amended by adding a
42.13 subdivision to read:

42.14 Subd. 17. **Private communication service for State Lottery.** Private
42.15 communication service, as defined in section 297A.61, subdivision 26, is exempt if the
42.16 service is purchased by an agent acting on behalf of the State Lottery.

42.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for sales and purchases made on
42.18 or after January 1, 2008.

42.19 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.72, is amended to read:

42.20 **297A.72 EXEMPTION CERTIFICATES.**

42.21 Subd. 2. **Content and form of exemption certificate.** An exemption certificate
42.22 must be substantially in the form prescribed by the commissioner ~~and~~. To be fully
42.23 completed, the exemption certificate must:

42.24 (1) either be signed by the purchaser if it is a paper form, or meet the requirements
42.25 of section 270C.304 if in electronic form;

42.26 (2) bear the name and address of the purchaser; ~~and~~

42.27 (3) indicate the ~~sales tax account~~ identification number, ~~if any,~~ issued to the
42.28 purchaser; as follows:

42.29 (i) the purchaser's Minnesota tax identification number;

42.30 (ii) if the purchaser does not have a Minnesota tax identification number, then the
42.31 purchaser's state tax identification number that is issued by a state other than Minnesota,
42.32 and the name of that state;

43.1 (iii) if the purchaser does not have an identification number described in either item
 43.2 (i) or (ii), then the purchaser's federal Employer Identification Number; or

43.3 (iv) if the purchaser does not have an identification number described in item (i), (ii),
 43.4 or (iii), then either the number of the purchaser's state-issued driver's license, if valid in
 43.5 the state of issue, or if the purchaser does not have a driver's license, a valid state-issued
 43.6 identification number, and the name of the state of issue;

43.7 (4) indicate the purchaser's type of business, using a business-type coding system
 43.8 prescribed by the commissioner; and

43.9 (5) indicate the reason for the exemption, using an exemption reason coding system
 43.10 prescribed by the commissioner.

43.11 **Subd. 3. Purchaser requirement.** A blanket exemption certificate is an exemption
 43.12 certificate used for continuing future purchases. A purchaser using a blanket exemption
 43.13 certificate must update it as needed to accurately reflect the information that is required
 43.14 under subdivision 2.

43.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.16 **Sec. 34. [297A.8155] LIQUOR REPORTING REQUIREMENTS; PENALTY.**

43.17 A person who sells liquor, as defined in section 295.75, subdivision 1, in Minnesota
 43.18 to a retailer that sells liquor, shall file with the commissioner an annual informational
 43.19 report, in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, indicating the volume of
 43.20 liquor sold to each retailer in the previous calendar year. The report must be filed on or
 43.21 before February 28 of each calendar year beginning in 2008. A person failing to file this
 43.22 report is subject to the penalty imposed under Minnesota Statutes, section 289A.60.

43.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.24 **Sec. 35.** Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.90, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

43.25 **Subd. 2. Payment of tax.** (a) Persons who are registered as retailers may make
 43.26 purchases in this state or import property into this state without payment of the sales or use
 43.27 taxes imposed by this chapter at the time of purchase or importation, if the purchases or
 43.28 importations come within the provisions of this section and are made in strict compliance
 43.29 with the rules of the commissioner.

43.30 (b) A person described in subdivision 1 may elect to pay directly to the commissioner
 43.31 any sales or use tax that may be due under this chapter for the acquisition of mobile
 43.32 transportation equipment and parts and accessories attached or to be attached to such
 43.33 equipment registered under section 168.187.

44.1 (c) The total cost of such equipment and parts and accessories attached or to be
 44.2 attached to such equipment must be multiplied by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction
 44.3 is the Minnesota mileage as reported on the current pro rata application provided for in
 44.4 section 168.187 and the denominator of the fraction is the total mileage reported on the
 44.5 current pro rata registration application. The amount so determined must be multiplied by
 44.6 the tax rate to obtain the tax due.

44.7 In computing the tax under this section "sales price" does not include the amount of any
 44.8 ~~tax, except any manufacturer's or importer's excise tax, imposed by the United States~~
 44.9 ~~upon or with respect to retail sales, whether taxes imposed directly on the retailer or the~~
 44.10 ~~consumer that are separately stated on the invoice, bill of sale, or similar document given~~
 44.11 ~~to the purchaser.~~

44.12 (d) A retailer covered by this section shall make a return and remit to the
 44.13 commissioner the tax due for the preceding calendar month in accordance with sections
 44.14 289A.11 and 289A.20, subdivision 4.

44.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.16 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297B.035, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

44.17 Subdivision 1. **Ordinary course of business.** Except as provided in this section,
 44.18 motor vehicles purchased solely for resale in the ordinary course of business by any motor
 44.19 vehicle dealer, as defined in section 168.011, subdivision 21, who is licensed under section
 44.20 168.27, subdivision 2 or 3, including vehicles which bear dealer plates as authorized by
 44.21 section 168.27, subdivision 16, shall be exempt from the provisions of this chapter.

44.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

44.23 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 469.1734, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

44.24 Subd. 6. **Sales tax exemption; equipment; construction materials.** (a) The gross
 44.25 receipts from the sale of machinery and equipment and repair parts are exempt from
 44.26 taxation under chapter 297A, if the machinery and equipment:

- 44.27 (1) are used in connection with a trade or business;
- 44.28 (2) are placed in service in a city that is authorized to designate a zone under section
 44.29 469.1731, regardless of whether the machinery and equipment are used in a zone; and
- 44.30 (3) have a useful life of 12 months or more.

44.31 (b) The gross receipts from the sale of construction materials are exempt, if they are
 44.32 used to construct:

45.1 (1) a facility for use in a trade or business located in a city that is authorized to
45.2 designate a zone under section 469.1731, regardless of whether the facility is located in a
45.3 zone; or

45.4 (2) housing that is located in a zone.

45.5 The exemptions under this paragraph apply regardless of whether the purchase is made by
45.6 the owner, the user, or a contractor.

45.7 (c) A purchaser may claim an exemption under this subdivision for tax on the
45.8 purchases up to, but not exceeding:

45.9 (1) the amount of the tax credit certificates received from the city, less

45.10 (2) any tax credit certificates used under the provisions of subdivisions 4 and 5, and
45.11 section 469.1732, subdivision 2.

45.12 (d) The tax on sales of items exempted under this subdivision shall be imposed and
45.13 collected as if the applicable rate under section 297A.62 applied. Upon application by the
45.14 purchaser, on forms prescribed by the commissioner, a refund equal to the tax paid shall
45.15 be paid to the purchaser. The application must include sufficient information to permit
45.16 the commissioner to verify the sales tax paid and the eligibility of the claimant to receive
45.17 the credit. No more than two applications for refunds may be filed under this subdivision
45.18 in a calendar year. The provisions of section 289A.40 apply to the refunds payable
45.19 under this subdivision. There is annually appropriated to the commissioner of revenue
45.20 the amount required to make the refunds, which must be deducted from the amount of
45.21 the city's allocation under section 469.169, subdivision 12, that remains available and its
45.22 limitation under section 469.1735.

45.23 (e) The amount to be refunded shall bear interest at the rate in section 270C.405
45.24 from ~~the date~~ 90 days after the refund claim is filed with the commissioner.

45.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for refund claims filed on or after
45.26 July 1, 2007.

45.27 Sec. 38. **FUR TAX PAYMENTS.**

45.28 (a) Furriers must file the annual return, required by Minnesota Statutes, section
45.29 295.60, subdivision 5, which otherwise would be due March 15, 2008, by September
45.30 15, 2007.

45.31 (b) If a furrier is required by Minnesota Statutes, section 295.60, subdivision 3, to
45.32 make installments of quarterly estimates, then the furrier shall make the last installment by
45.33 July 15, 2007.

46.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Effective July 1, 2007, for sales and purchases made prior to
 46.2 July 1, 2007.

46.3 Sec. 39. **REPEALER.**

46.4 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 295.60, is repealed.

46.5 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.61, subdivision 20, is repealed.

46.6 (c) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.668, subdivision 6, is repealed.

46.7 (d) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297A.67, subdivision 22, is repealed.

46.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (a) is effective for sales and purchases made on
 46.9 or after July 1, 2007; paragraph (b) is effective for sales and purchases made on or after
 46.10 January 1, 2008; and paragraphs (c) and (d) are effective the day following final enactment.

46.11 **ARTICLE 3**

46.12 **SPECIAL TAXES**

46.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 62I.06, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

46.14 Subd. 6. **Deficits Deficit assessments.** The association shall certify to the
 46.15 commissioner the estimated amount of any deficit remaining after the stabilization reserve
 46.16 fund has been exhausted and payment of the maximum final premium for all policyholders
 46.17 of the association. Within 60 days after the certification, the commissioner shall authorize
 46.18 the association to recover the members' respective shares of the deficit by assessing
 46.19 all members an amount sufficient to fully fund the obligations of the association. The
 46.20 assessment of each member shall be determined in the manner provided in section 62I.07.
 46.21 An assessment made pursuant to this section shall be deductible by the member from ~~past~~
 46.22 ~~or future~~ premium taxes due the state as provided in section 297I.20, subdivision 2.

46.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax returns due on or after January
 46.24 1, 2008.

46.25 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 71A.04, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

46.26 Subdivision 1. **Premium tax.** The attorney-in-fact, ~~in lieu of all taxes, state, county,~~
 46.27 ~~and municipal,~~ shall file with the commissioner of revenue all returns and pay to the
 46.28 commissioner of revenue all amounts required under chapter 297I.

46.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

47.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 287.22, is amended to read:

47.2 **287.22 EXEMPTIONS.**

47.3 The tax imposed by section 287.21 does not apply to:

47.4 (1) An executory contract for the sale of real property under which the purchaser is
47.5 entitled to or does take possession of the real property, or any assignment or cancellation
47.6 of the contract;

47.7 (2) A mortgage or an amendment, assignment, extension, partial release, or
47.8 satisfaction of a mortgage;

47.9 (3) A will;

47.10 (4) A plat;

47.11 (5) A lease, amendment of lease, assignment of lease, or memorandum of lease;

47.12 (6) A deed, instrument, or writing in which the United States or any agency or
47.13 instrumentality thereof is the grantor, assignor, transferor, conveyor, grantee, or assignee;

47.14 (7) A deed for a cemetery lot or lots;

47.15 (8) A deed of distribution by a personal representative;

47.16 (9) A deed to or from a co-owner partitioning their undivided interest in the same
47.17 piece of real property;

47.18 (10) A deed or other instrument of conveyance issued pursuant to a permanent
47.19 school fund land exchange under section 92.121 and related laws;

47.20 (11) A referee's or sheriff's certificate of sale in a mortgage or lien foreclosure sale;

47.21 (12) A referee's, sheriff's, or certificate holder's certificate of redemption from a
47.22 mortgage or lien foreclosure sale issued to the redeeming mortgagor or ~~hence to the~~
47.23 redeeming mortgagor's assignee, heir, personal representative, or successor;

47.24 (13) A deed, instrument, or writing which grants, creates, modifies, or terminates an
47.25 easement; and

47.26 (14) A decree of marriage dissolution, as defined in section 287.01, subdivision 4,
47.27 or a deed or other instrument between the parties to the dissolution made pursuant to
47.28 the terms of the decree.

47.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

47.30 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 287.2205, is amended to read:

47.31 **287.2205 TAX-FORFEITED LAND.**

47.32 Before a state deed for tax-forfeited land may be issued, the deed tax must be paid
47.33 by the purchaser of tax-forfeited land whether the purchase is the result of a public
47.34 auction or private sale or a repurchase of tax-forfeited land. State agencies and local

48.1 units of government that acquire tax-forfeited land by purchase or any other means are
 48.2 subject to this section. The deed tax is \$1.65 for a conveyance of tax-forfeited lands to a
 48.3 governmental subdivision for an authorized public use under section 282.01, subdivision
 48.4 1a, or for redevelopment purposes under section 282.01, subdivision 1b.

48.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

48.6 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 295.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

48.7 Subd. 4. **Use tax; prescription drugs.** (a) A person that receives prescription drugs
 48.8 for resale or use in Minnesota, other than from a wholesale drug distributor that is subject
 48.9 to tax under subdivision 3, is subject to a tax equal to the price paid to the wholesale drug
 48.10 distributor multiplied by the tax percentage specified in this section. Liability for the tax is
 48.11 incurred when prescription drugs are received or delivered in Minnesota by the person.

48.12 ~~(b) A person that receives prescription drugs for use in Minnesota from a nonresident~~
 48.13 ~~pharmacy required to be registered under section 151.19 is subject to a tax equal to~~
 48.14 ~~the price paid by the nonresident pharmacy to the wholesale drug distributor or the~~
 48.15 ~~price received by the nonresident pharmacy, whichever is lower, multiplied by the tax~~
 48.16 ~~percentage specified in this section. Liability for the tax is incurred when prescription~~
 48.17 ~~drugs are received in Minnesota by the person.~~

48.18 ~~(c)~~ (b) A tax imposed under this subdivision does not apply to purchases by an
 48.19 individual for personal consumption.

48.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

48.21 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 295.52, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

48.22 Subd. 4a. **Tax collection.** A wholesale drug distributor with nexus in Minnesota,
 48.23 who is not subject to tax under subdivision 3, on all or a particular transaction ~~or a~~
 48.24 ~~nonresident pharmacy with nexus in Minnesota,~~ is required to collect the tax imposed
 48.25 under subdivision 4, from the purchaser of the drugs and give the purchaser a receipt
 48.26 for the tax paid. The tax collected shall be remitted to the commissioner in the manner
 48.27 prescribed by section 295.55, subdivision 3.

48.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

48.29 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 295.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

48.30 Subd. 2. **Pharmacy refund.** A pharmacy may claim an annual refund against the
 48.31 total amount of tax, if any, the pharmacy owes during that calendar year under section
 48.32 295.52, subdivision 2. The refund shall equal the amount paid by the pharmacy to a

49.1 wholesale drug distributor subject to tax under section 295.52, subdivision 3, for legend
 49.2 drugs delivered by the pharmacy outside of Minnesota, multiplied by the tax percentage
 49.3 specified in section 295.52. If the amount of the refund exceeds the tax liability of the
 49.4 pharmacy under section 295.52, subdivision ~~H~~2, the commissioner shall provide the
 49.5 pharmacy with a refund equal to the excess amount. Each qualifying pharmacy must apply
 49.6 for the refund on the annual return as provided under section 295.55, subdivision 5. The
 49.7 refund must be claimed within one year of the due date of the return. Interest on refunds
 49.8 paid under this subdivision will begin to accrue 60 days after the date a claim for refund is
 49.9 filed. For purposes of this subdivision, the date a claim is filed is the due date of the return
 49.10 or the date of the actual claim for refund, whichever is later.

49.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

49.12 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297F.06, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

49.13 Subd. 4. **Tobacco products use tax.** The tobacco products use tax does not apply to
 49.14 the possession, use, or storage of tobacco products ~~that~~ if (1) the tobacco products have an
 49.15 aggregate cost in any calendar month to the consumer of \$~~100~~ \$50 or less, and (2) the
 49.16 tobacco products were carried into this state by that consumer.

49.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for the possession, use, or storage of
 49.18 tobacco products on or after July 1, 2007.

49.19 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297F.25, is amended by adding a subdivision
 49.20 to read:

49.21 Subd. 3a. **Consumer use tax; use tax return; cigarette consumer.** (a) On or before
 49.22 the 18th day of each calendar month, a consumer who, during the preceding calendar
 49.23 month, has acquired title to or possession of cigarettes for use or storage in this state, upon
 49.24 which the sales tax imposed by this section has not been paid, shall file a return with the
 49.25 commissioner showing the quantity of cigarettes so acquired or possessed. The return
 49.26 must be made in the form and manner prescribed by the commissioner, and must contain
 49.27 any other information required by the commissioner. The return must be accompanied by
 49.28 a remittance for the full unpaid sales tax liability shown by it.

49.29 (b) The tax imposed under paragraph (a) does not apply if (1) the consumer has
 49.30 acquired title to or possession of cigarettes for use or storage in this state in quantities
 49.31 of 200 or fewer in the month, and (2) the cigarettes were carried into this state by that
 49.32 consumer.

50.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for cigarettes which a consumer has
 50.2 acquired title to or possession of on or after July 1, 2007.

50.3 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297I.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

50.4 Subdivision 1. **Insurance policies surcharge.** (a) Except as otherwise provided
 50.5 in subdivision 2, each insurer engaged in writing policies of homeowner's insurance
 50.6 authorized in section 60A.06, subdivision 1, clause (1)(c), or commercial fire policies or
 50.7 commercial nonliability policies shall collect a surcharge equal to 0.65 percent of the
 50.8 gross premiums and assessments, less return premiums, on direct business received by
 50.9 the company, or by its agents for it, for homeowner's insurance policies, commercial fire
 50.10 policies, and commercial nonliability insurance policies in this state.

50.11 (b) The surcharge amount collected under paragraph (a) or subdivision 2, paragraph
 50.12 (b), may not be considered premium for any other purpose. The surcharge amount must be
 50.13 separately stated on either a billing or policy declaration sent to an insured.

50.14 (c) Amounts collected by the commissioner under this section must be deposited in
 50.15 the fire safety account established pursuant to subdivision 3.

50.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007, and applies to policies
 50.17 written or renewed on or after July 1, 2007.

50.18 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297I.06, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

50.19 Subd. 2. **Exemptions.** (a) This section does not apply to a farmers' mutual fire
 50.20 insurance company or township mutual fire insurance company in Minnesota organized
 50.21 under chapter 67A.

50.22 (b) An insurer described in section 297I.05, subdivisions 3 and 4, authorized to
 50.23 transact business in Minnesota shall elect to remit to the Department of Revenue for
 50.24 deposit in the fire safety account either (1) the surcharge amount ~~collected~~ imposed under
 50.25 ~~this section~~ subdivision 1 on all premiums subject to that surcharge, or (2) a surcharge of
 50.26 one-half of one percent on the gross fire premiums and assessments, less return premiums,
 50.27 on all direct business received by the insurer or agents of the insurer in Minnesota, in
 50.28 cash or otherwise, during the year.

50.29 (c) The election must be made prior to July 1, 2007, for policies written or renewed
 50.30 between July 1, 2007, and December 31, 2007, and by December 31 of each year for
 50.31 insurance for policies written or renewed in the succeeding calendar year. An insurer
 50.32 who elects to remit the one-half of one percent surcharge on gross fire premiums and
 50.33 assessments must not charge the insured the surcharge imposed under subdivision 1.

51.1 (☉) (d) For purposes of this subdivision, "gross fire premiums and assessments"
51.2 includes premiums on policies covering fire risks only on automobiles, whether written or
51.3 under floater form or otherwise.

51.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The requirement for certain insurers to make an election
51.5 before July 1, 2007, is effective the day following final enactment. The rest of this section
51.6 is effective July 1, 2007, and applies to insurance policies written or renewed on or after
51.7 that date.

51.8 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297I.20, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

51.9 Subd. 2. **Joint Underwriting Association offset.** An insurance company may offset
51.10 against its premium tax liability to this state any amount paid for an assessment made
51.11 pursuant to section 62I.06, subdivision 6, shall be deductible by the member from past
51.12 or future premium taxes due the state. The offset against premium tax liability must be
51.13 claimed beginning with the taxable year that the assessment is paid. To the extent that the
51.14 allowable offset exceeds the tax liability, the remaining offset must be carried forward to
51.15 succeeding taxable years until the entire offset has been credited against the insurance
51.16 company's liability for premium tax under this chapter.

51.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax returns due on or after January
51.18 1, 2008.

51.19 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297I.40, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

51.20 Subd. 5. **Definition of tax.** The term "tax" as used in this section means the tax
51.21 imposed by section 297I.05, subdivisions 1 to 6, 11, and 12, paragraphs (a), clauses (1)
51.22 to (5), (b), and (☉) (d), without regard to the retaliatory provisions of section 297I.05;
51.23 subdivision 11, and the less any offset in section 297I.20.

51.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax returns due on or after January
51.25 1, 2008.

51.26 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 297I.85, is amended by adding a subdivision
51.27 to read:

51.28 Subd. 8. **Penalty for failure to file informational return.** If a person fails to file
51.29 an informational return required by section 297I.25 with the commissioner on the date
51.30 prescribed, determined with regard to any extension of time for filing, the person failing to
51.31 file the return shall pay a penalty of \$50 for each failure.

52.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax returns due on or after January
52.2 1, 2008.

52.3 **ARTICLE 4**

52.4 **PROPERTY TAXES AND AIDS**

52.5 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 163.051, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

52.6 Subd. 5. **Effect on road and bridge levy.** For taxes payable in the same year
52.7 that the county first receives tax revenues under this section, the county auditor of each
52.8 metropolitan county shall reduce the amount of the property taxes levied pursuant to law
52.9 ~~in 1973 for collection in 1974,~~ by the board of commissioners of such county for the
52.10 county road and bridge fund, by the ~~following amount: Anoka County, \$341,750; Carver~~
52.11 ~~County, \$86,725; Dakota County, \$386,165; Hennepin County, \$2,728,425; Ramsey~~
52.12 ~~County, \$1,276,815; Scott County, \$104,805; Washington County, \$227,220~~ estimated
52.13 wheelage tax revenues to be received by the county through June 30 of that taxes payable
52.14 year, and shall spread only the balance thereof on the tax rolls for collection ~~in 1972.~~ The
52.15 county auditor shall also reduce the amount of such taxes levied pursuant to law ~~in 1972~~
52.16 ~~and any subsequent year,~~ for collection in the respective ensuing years, by the amount
52.17 of wheelage taxes received by the county in the 12 months immediately preceding ~~such~~
52.18 ~~levy~~ July 1 of the year preceding the taxes payable year.

52.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2007 and
52.20 thereafter, except that the estimated 2007 wheelage tax revenues for counties that receive
52.21 wheelage tax revenues in 2007 may reflect any reasonable time period determined by
52.22 the county.

52.23 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.071, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

52.24 Subd. 7. **Flight property.** "Flight property" means all aircraft and flight equipment
52.25 used in connection therewith, including spare flight equipment. Flight property also
52.26 includes computers and computer software used in operating, controlling, or regulating
52.27 aircraft and flight equipment.

52.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

52.29 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.072, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

52.30 Subd. 2. **Assessment of flight property.** ~~The~~ Flight property ~~of~~ that is owned by,
52.31 or is leased, loaned, or otherwise made available to all airline companies operating in
52.32 Minnesota shall be assessed and appraised annually by the commissioner with reference

53.1 to its value on January 2 of the assessment year in the manner prescribed by sections
 53.2 270.071 to 270.079. Aircraft with a gross weight of less than 30,000 pounds and used on
 53.3 intermittent or irregularly timed flights shall be excluded from the provisions of sections
 53.4 270.071 to 270.079.

53.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

53.6 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.072, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

53.7 Subd. 3. **Report by airline company.** Each year, on or before July 1, every airline
 53.8 company engaged in air commerce in this state shall file with the commissioner ~~on or~~
 53.9 ~~before the time fixed by the commissioner~~ a report under oath setting forth specifically
 53.10 the information prescribed by the commissioner to enable the commissioner to make the
 53.11 assessment required in sections 270.071 to 270.079, unless the commissioner determines
 53.12 that the airline company or person should be excluded from filing because its activities do
 53.13 not constitute air commerce as defined herein. ~~A penalty of five percent of the tax being~~
 53.14 ~~assessed is imposed on a late filing of the annual report. If the report is not filed within~~
 53.15 ~~30 days, an additional penalty of five percent of the assessed tax is imposed for each~~
 53.16 ~~additional 30 days or fraction of 30 days until the return is filed. The penalty imposed~~
 53.17 ~~under this section must not exceed the lesser of \$25,000 or 25 percent of the assessed tax.~~

53.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes
 53.19 payable in 2008 and thereafter.

53.20 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.072, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

53.21 Subd. 6. **Airflight property tax lien.** The tax imposed under sections 270.071 to
 53.22 270.079 is a lien on all real and personal property within this state of the airline company
 53.23 in whose name the property is assessed. ~~For purposes of sections 270C.62 and 270C.63,~~
 53.24 ~~the date of assessment for the tax imposed under sections 270.071 to 270.079 is~~ The lien
 53.25 attaches on January 2 of each year for the taxes payable in the following year.

53.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes
 53.27 payable in 2008 and thereafter.

53.28 Sec. 6. **[270.0725] PENALTIES.**

53.29 Subdivision 1. **Penalty for late filing.** If an airline company does not file its annual
 53.30 report by the date designated in section 270.072, subdivision 3, a penalty of five percent
 53.31 of the tax being assessed is imposed on that company. On August 1, and on the first day
 53.32 of each succeeding calendar month, an additional five percent penalty is imposed if the

54.1 report has not yet been filed. For each airline company, the penalties imposed under
 54.2 this subdivision for any one year are limited to the lesser of \$25,000 or 25 percent of
 54.3 the assessed tax.

54.4 Subd. 2. **Penalty for repeated instances of late filing.** If there is a pattern of
 54.5 repeated failures by an airline company to timely file the report required by this section, a
 54.6 penalty of ten percent of the tax being assessed is imposed on that company.

54.7 Subd. 3. **Penalty for frivolous report.** If an airline company files a frivolous annual
 54.8 report, a penalty of 25 percent of the tax being assessed is imposed on that company. A
 54.9 frivolous report under this section is a report that would fulfill the criteria for a frivolous
 54.10 return under section 289A.60, subdivision 7, notwithstanding the restriction in section
 54.11 289A.01. In a proceeding involving the issue of whether or not an airline company is
 54.12 liable for this penalty, the burden of proof is on the commissioner.

54.13 Subd. 4. **Penalty for fraudulent report.** If an airline company files a false or
 54.14 fraudulent annual report with intent to evade or defeat the tax, a penalty equal to 50
 54.15 percent of the tax being assessed is imposed on that company.

54.16 Subd. 5. **Penalties added to tax.** Penalties imposed under this section are added to
 54.17 the tax and collected as a part of it.

54.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for annual reports due on or after
 54.19 July 1, 2007.

54.20 **Sec. 7. [270.0735] EXAMINATION; INVESTIGATIONS; SUBPOENAS.**

54.21 In addition to the powers granted to the commissioner in this chapter, and in order to
 54.22 determine net tax capacities and issue notices of net tax capacity and tax under sections
 54.23 270.071 to 270.079, the commissioner has the powers contained in sections 270C.31 and
 54.24 270C.32, for which purpose the word "taxpayer" as defined in section 270C.01 includes
 54.25 an airline company.

54.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes
 54.27 payable in 2008 and thereafter.

54.28 **Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.074, subdivision 3, is amended to read:**

54.29 **Subd. 3. **Tax capacity.** (a) The net tax capacity of the flight property of every airline**
 54.30 **company ~~shall have a tax capacity of~~ is 70 percent of the value thereof apportioned to this**
 54.31 **state under subdivision 1, except that the net tax capacity of quiet aircraft ~~shall have a~~**
 54.32 **~~tax capacity of~~ is 40 percent of the value determined under subdivision 1. ~~Quiet aircraft~~**
 54.33 **~~shall include~~ "Quiet aircraft" means turboprops and aircraft defined as stage III or IV by**

55.1 the Federal Aeronautics Administration. If, in the opinion of the commissioner, other
 55.2 aircraft may be qualified as quiet aircraft, the commissioner may adopt rules providing
 55.3 additional qualifications.

55.4 (b) The flight property of an airline company that owns or leases aircraft the majority
 55.5 of which are turboprops, and which provides, during six months or more of the year that
 55.6 taxes are levied, scheduled passenger service to three or more airports inside or outside of
 55.7 this state that serve small or medium sized communities, shall be assessed at 50 percent of
 55.8 the assessment percentage otherwise set by paragraph (a).

55.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes
 55.10 payable in 2008 and thereafter.

55.11 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.076, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

55.12 Subdivision 1. **Appeal.** ~~Any airline company against which a tax has been imposed~~
 55.13 ~~under sections 270.071 to 270.079 shall have the right to appeal within 60 days from the~~
 55.14 ~~date of notice of the levy of the tax~~ The notices of net tax capacity and of tax required
 55.15 under section 270.075, subdivision 2, are orders of the commissioner. These orders must
 55.16 be issued in conformance with section 270C.33, subdivisions 1 and 2, but are not subject
 55.17 to administrative review under section 270C.35. These orders may be appealed to the Tax
 55.18 Court in the manner provided by law in section 271.06 for appealing official orders of
 55.19 the commissioner that do not deal with valuation, assessment, or taxation for property
 55.20 tax purposes, and the provisions of section 273.125, subdivisions 4 and 5, and chapter
 55.21 278 do not apply.

55.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes
 55.23 payable in 2008 and thereafter.

55.24 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.41, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

55.25 Subdivision 1. **Creation; purpose; powers.** A Board of Assessors is created.
 55.26 The board shall ~~establish, conduct,~~ review, supervise, coordinate, and approve courses
 55.27 in assessment practices, and establish criteria for determining assessor's qualifications.
 55.28 The board shall also consider other matters relating to assessment administration brought
 55.29 before it by the commissioner of revenue. The board may grant, renew, suspend, or revoke
 55.30 an assessor's license.

55.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.41, is amended by adding a subdivision
56.2 to read:

56.3 Subd. 1a. **Definition.** For purposes of sections 270.41 to 270.48, "board" means
56.4 the Board of Assessors.

56.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.6 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.41, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

56.7 Subd. 2. **Members.** The board shall consist of nine members, who shall be
56.8 appointed by the commissioner of revenue, in the manner provided herein. The members
56.9 shall include:

56.10 (1) two from the Department of Revenue;

56.11 (2) two county assessors;

56.12 (3) two assessors who are not county assessors, one of whom shall be a township
56.13 assessor;

56.14 (4) one from the private appraisal field holding a professional appraisal designation;
56.15 and

56.16 (5) two public members as defined by section 214.02.

56.17 The appointment provided in clauses (2) and (3) may be made from ~~two lists~~ a list
56.18 of not less than three names ~~each, one~~ submitted to the commissioner of revenue by the
56.19 Minnesota Association of Assessing Officers or its successor organization containing
56.20 recommendations for the appointment of appointees described in ~~clause~~ clauses (2);
56.21 ~~and one by the Minnesota Association of Assessors, Inc. or its successor organization~~
56.22 ~~containing recommendations for the appointees described in clause (3) and (3).~~ (3). The lists
56.23 list must be submitted 30 days before the commencement of the term. In the case of a
56.24 vacancy, a new list shall be furnished to the commissioner ~~by the respective organization~~
56.25 immediately. A member of the board who is no longer engaged in the capacity ~~listed~~
56.26 ~~above~~ that was the basis of appointment is disqualified from membership in the board.

56.27 The board shall annually elect a chair and a ~~secretary~~ vice-chair of the board.

56.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

56.29 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.41, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

56.30 Subd. 3. **Licenses; refusal or revocation.** The board may refuse to grant or renew,
56.31 or may suspend or revoke, a license of an applicant or licensee for any of the following
56.32 causes or acts:

56.33 (1) failure to complete required training;

57.1 (2) inefficiency or neglect of duty;

57.2 (3) ~~"unprofessional conduct" which means knowingly neglecting to perform a duty~~
 57.3 ~~required by law, or violation of the laws of this state relating to the assessment of property~~
 57.4 ~~or unlawfully exempting property or knowingly and intentionally listing property on the~~
 57.5 ~~tax list at substantially less than its market value or the level required by law in order to~~
 57.6 ~~gain favor or benefit, or knowingly and intentionally misclassifying property in order to~~
 57.7 ~~gain favor or benefit~~ failure to comply with the Code of Conduct and Ethics for Licensed
 57.8 Minnesota Assessors adopted by the board pursuant to Laws 2005, First Special Session
 57.9 chapter 3, article 1, section 38;

57.10 (4) conviction of a crime involving moral turpitude; or

57.11 (5) any other cause or act that in the board's opinion warrants a refusal to issue
 57.12 or suspension or revocation of a license.

57.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

57.14 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.41, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

57.15 Subd. 5. **Prohibited activity.** ~~An assessor, deputy assessor, assistant assessor,~~
 57.16 ~~appraiser;~~ A licensed assessor or other person employed by an assessment jurisdiction
 57.17 or contracting with an assessment jurisdiction for the purpose of valuing or classifying
 57.18 property for property tax purposes is prohibited from making appraisals or analyses,
 57.19 accepting an appraisal assignment, or preparing an appraisal report as defined in section
 57.20 82B.02, subdivisions 2 to 5, on any property within the assessment jurisdiction where the
 57.21 individual is employed or performing the duties of the assessor under contract. Violation
 57.22 of this prohibition shall result in immediate revocation of the individual's license to assess
 57.23 property for property tax purposes. This prohibition must not be construed to prohibit an
 57.24 individual from carrying out any duties required for the proper assessment of property
 57.25 for property tax purposes. If a formal resolution has been adopted by the governing body
 57.26 of a governmental unit, which specifies the purposes for which such work will be done,
 57.27 this prohibition does not apply to appraisal activities undertaken on behalf of and at the
 57.28 request of the governmental unit that has employed or contracted with the individual.
 57.29 The resolution may only allow appraisal activities which are related to condemnations,
 57.30 right-of-way acquisitions, or special assessments.

57.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

57.32 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.44, is amended to read:

57.33 **270.44 CHARGES FOR COURSES, EXAMINATIONS OR MATERIALS.**

- 58.1 The board shall charge the following fees:
- 58.2 (1) \$105 for a senior accredited Minnesota assessor license;
- 58.3 (2) \$80 for an accredited Minnesota assessor license;
- 58.4 (3) \$65 for a certified Minnesota assessor specialist license;
- 58.5 (4) \$55 for a certified Minnesota assessor license;
- 58.6 ~~(5) \$50 for a course challenge examination;~~
- 58.7 ~~(6) (5) \$35 for grading a form appraisal;~~
- 58.8 ~~(7) (6) \$60 for grading a narrative appraisal;~~
- 58.9 ~~(8) (7) \$30 for a reinstatement fee;~~
- 58.10 ~~(9) (8) \$25 for a record retention fee; and~~
- 58.11 ~~(10) (9) \$20 for an educational transcript; and~~
- 58.12 ~~(11) \$30 for all retests of board-sponsored educational courses.~~

58.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

58.14 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.45, is amended to read:

58.15 **270.45 DISPOSITION OF FEES.**

58.16 All fees so established and collected shall be paid to the commissioner of finance for
 58.17 deposit in the general fund. The expenses of carrying out the provisions of sections 270.41
 58.18 to 270.53 shall be paid from appropriations made to the board of Assessors.

58.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

58.20 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.46, is amended to read:

58.21 **270.46 TRAINING COURSES, ESTABLISHMENT, OTHER COURSES,**
 58.22 **REGULATION.**

58.23 The board shall ~~establish~~ review and approve training courses on assessment
 58.24 practices ~~and shall review and approve courses on assessment practices, techniques of~~
 58.25 assessment, and ethics offered by schools, colleges ~~and~~ universities as well as courses that
 58.26 ~~are offered by any units of government on techniques of assessment. Courses shall be~~
 58.27 ~~established in various places throughout the state and be offered on regular intervals, units~~
 58.28 of government, and other entities.

58.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

58.30 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.47, is amended to read:

58.31 **270.47 RULES.**

59.1 The board shall ~~establish the~~ adopt rules necessary to accomplish the purpose of
 59.2 ~~section~~ sections 270.41 to 270.51, and shall establish criteria required of assessing officials
 59.3 in the state. Separate criteria may be established depending upon the responsibilities of the
 59.4 assessor. ~~The board shall prepare and give examinations from time to time to determine~~
 59.5 ~~whether assessing officials possess the necessary qualifications for performing the~~
 59.6 ~~functions of the office. Such tests shall be given immediately upon completion of courses~~
 59.7 ~~required by the board, or to persons who already possess the requisite qualifications under~~
 59.8 ~~the rules of the board.~~ An action of the board in refusing to grant or renew a license or in
 59.9 suspending or revoking a license is subject to review in accordance with chapter 14.

59.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

59.11 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.48, is amended to read:

59.12 **270.48 LICENSURE OF QUALIFIED PERSONS.**

59.13 The board ~~shall~~ may license persons as possessing the necessary qualifications of an
 59.14 assessing official. Different levels of licensure may be established as to classes of property
 59.15 which assessors may be certified to assess at the discretion of the board. Every person,
 59.16 except a local or county assessor, regularly employed by the assessor to assist in making
 59.17 decisions regarding valuing and classifying property for assessment purposes ~~shall be~~
 59.18 ~~required to~~ must become licensed within three years of the date of employment. Licensure
 59.19 shall be required for local and county assessors as ~~otherwise~~ provided in ~~sections 270.41~~
 59.20 ~~to 270.53~~ section 273.061 and rules adopted by the board.

59.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

59.22 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.50, is amended to read:

59.23 **270.50 EMPLOYMENT OF LICENSED ASSESSORS.**

59.24 No assessor shall be employed who has not been licensed as qualified by the board,
 59.25 provided the time to comply may be extended after application to the board upon a
 59.26 showing that licensed assessors are not available for employment. The board may license
 59.27 ~~that~~ a county or local assessor who has not received the training, but possesses the
 59.28 necessary qualifications for performing the functions of the office by the passage of an
 59.29 approved examination or may waive the examination if such person has demonstrated
 59.30 competence in performing the functions of the office for a period of time the board deems
 59.31 reasonable. ~~The county or local assessing district shall assume the cost of training of its~~
 59.32 ~~assessors in courses approved by the board for the purpose of obtaining the assessor's~~
 59.33 ~~license to the extent of course fees, mileage, meals and lodging, and recognized travel~~

60.1 ~~expenses not paid by the state. If the governing body of any township or city fails to~~
 60.2 ~~employ an assessor as required by sections 270.41 to 270.53, the assessment shall be~~
 60.3 ~~made by the county assessor.~~

60.4 ~~In the case of cities incorporated or townships organized after April 11, 1974, except~~
 60.5 ~~cities or towns located in Ramsey county or which have elected a county assessor system~~
 60.6 ~~in accordance with section 273.055, the board shall allow the city or town 90 days from~~
 60.7 ~~the date of incorporation or organization to employ a licensed assessor.~~

60.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

60.9 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270C.306, is amended to read:

60.10 **270C.306 COMMISSIONER MAY REQUIRE SOCIAL SECURITY OR**
 60.11 **IDENTIFYING NUMBERS ON FORMS.**

60.12 Notwithstanding the provisions of any other law except section 272.115, the
 60.13 commissioner may require that a form required to be filed with the commissioner include
 60.14 the Social Security number, federal employer identification number, or Minnesota
 60.15 taxpayer identification number of the taxpayer or applicant.

60.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

60.17 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270C.34, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

60.18 Subdivision 1. **Authority.** (a) The commissioner may abate, reduce, or refund any
 60.19 penalty or interest that is imposed by a law administered by the commissioner as a result
 60.20 of the late payment of tax or late filing of a return, if the failure to timely pay the tax or
 60.21 failure to timely file the return is due to reasonable cause, or if the taxpayer is located
 60.22 in a presidentially declared disaster area.

60.23 (b) The commissioner shall abate any part of a penalty or additional tax charge
 60.24 under section 289A.25, subdivision 2, or 289A.26, subdivision 4, attributable to erroneous
 60.25 advice given to the taxpayer in writing by an employee of the department acting in
 60.26 an official capacity, if the advice:

60.27 (1) was reasonably relied on and was in response to a specific written request of the
 60.28 taxpayer; and

60.29 (2) was not the result of failure by the taxpayer to provide adequate or accurate
 60.30 information.

60.31 (c) The commissioner may abate a penalty imposed under section 270.0725,
 60.32 subdivision 1 or 2, if the failure to timely file is due to reasonable cause, or if the airline
 60.33 company is located in a presidentially declared disaster area.

61.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

61.2 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 272.02, subdivision 64, is amended to read:

61.3 Subd. 64. **Job opportunity building zone property.** (a) Improvements to real
61.4 property, and personal property, classified under section 273.13, subdivision 24, and
61.5 located within a job opportunity building zone, designated under section 469.314, are
61.6 exempt from ad valorem taxes levied under chapter 275.

61.7 (b) Improvements to real property, and tangible personal property, of an agricultural
61.8 production facility located within an agricultural processing facility zone, designated
61.9 under section 469.314, is exempt from ad valorem taxes levied under chapter 275.

61.10 (c) For property to qualify for exemption under paragraph (a), the occupant must be
61.11 a qualified business, as defined in section 469.310.

61.12 (d) The exemption applies beginning for the first assessment year after designation
61.13 of the job opportunity building zone by the commissioner of employment and economic
61.14 development. The exemption applies to each assessment year that begins during the
61.15 duration of the job opportunity building zone. To be exempt, the property must be
61.16 occupied by July 1 of the assessment year by a qualified business that has signed the
61.17 business subsidy agreement and relocation agreement, if required, by July 1 of the
61.18 assessment year. This exemption does not apply to:

61.19 (1) the levy under section 475.61 or similar levy provisions under any other law to
61.20 pay general obligation bonds; or

61.21 (2) a levy under section 126C.17, if the levy was approved by the voters before the
61.22 designation of the job opportunity building zone.

61.23 (e) Except for property of a business that was exempt under this subdivision for
61.24 taxes payable in 2007, a business must notify the county assessor in writing of eligibility
61.25 under this subdivision by July 1 in order to begin receiving the exemption under this
61.26 subdivision for taxes payable in the following year. The business need not annually notify
61.27 the county assessor of its continued exemption under this subdivision, but must notify the
61.28 county assessor immediately if the exemption no longer applies.

61.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

61.30 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 272.115, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

61.31 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** Except as otherwise provided in subdivision 5,
61.32 whenever any real estate is sold for a consideration in excess of \$1,000, whether by
61.33 warranty deed, quitclaim deed, contract for deed or any other method of sale, the grantor,
61.34 grantee or the legal agent of either shall file a certificate of value with the county

62.1 auditor in the county in which the property is located when the deed or other document
 62.2 is presented for recording. Contract for deeds are subject to recording under section
 62.3 507.235, subdivision 1. Value shall, in the case of any deed not a gift, be the amount of
 62.4 the full actual consideration thereof, paid or to be paid, including the amount of any lien
 62.5 or liens assumed. The items and value of personal property transferred with the real
 62.6 property must be listed and deducted from the sale price. The certificate of value shall
 62.7 include the classification to which the property belongs for the purpose of determining
 62.8 the fair market value of the property. The certificate shall include financing terms and
 62.9 conditions of the sale which are necessary to determine the actual, present value of
 62.10 the sale price for purposes of the sales ratio study. The commissioner of revenue shall
 62.11 promulgate administrative rules specifying the financing terms and conditions which must
 62.12 be included on the certificate. ~~Pursuant to the authority of the commissioner of revenue in~~
 62.13 ~~section 270C.306,~~ The certificate of value must include the Social Security number or
 62.14 the federal employer identification number of the grantors and grantees. However, a
 62.15 married person who is not an owner of record and who is signing a conveyance instrument
 62.16 along with the person's spouse solely because of the requirement in section 507.02 that
 62.17 spouses of owners must sign certain conveyances is not a grantor for the purpose of the
 62.18 preceding sentence. The identification numbers of the grantors and grantees are private
 62.19 data on individuals or nonpublic data as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12,
 62.20 but, notwithstanding that section, the private or nonpublic data may be disclosed to the
 62.21 commissioner of revenue for purposes of tax administration. The information required to
 62.22 be shown on the certificate of value is limited to the information required as of the date of
 62.23 the acknowledgment on the deed or other document to be recorded.

62.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for certificates of value filed on or
 62.25 after July 1, 2007.

62.26 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
 62.27 to read:

62.28 **Subd. 3. Cities and townships; employment of licensed assessor.** In the case
 62.29 of cities or townships, except cities or towns located in Ramsey County or which have
 62.30 elected a county assessor system in accordance with section 273.055, the commissioner
 62.31 shall allow the city or town 90 days from the date of incorporation or organization to
 62.32 employ a licensed assessor.

62.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

63.1 Sec. 26. [273.0535] COUNTY OR LOCAL ASSESSING DISTRICT TO ASSUME
 63.2 COST OF TRAINING.

63.3 The county or local assessing district must assume the cost of training its assessors
 63.4 in courses approved by the board for the purpose of obtaining the assessor's license to
 63.5 the extent of course fees, mileage, meals, and lodging, and recognized travel expenses
 63.6 not paid by the state.

63.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

63.8 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.111, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

63.9 Subd. 3. **Requirements.** (a) Real estate consisting of ten acres or more or a nursery
 63.10 or greenhouse, and qualifying for classification as class 1b, 2a, or 2b under section 273.13,
 63.11 shall be entitled to valuation and tax deferral under this section only if it is primarily
 63.12 devoted to agricultural use, and meets the qualifications in subdivision 6, and either:

63.13 (1) is the homestead of the owner, or of a surviving spouse, child, or sibling of the
 63.14 owner or is real estate which is farmed with the real estate which contains the homestead
 63.15 property; or

63.16 (2) has been in possession of the applicant, the applicant's spouse, parent, or sibling,
 63.17 or any combination thereof, for a period of at least seven years prior to application for
 63.18 benefits under the provisions of this section, or is real estate which is farmed with the
 63.19 real estate which qualifies under this clause and is within four townships or cities or
 63.20 combination thereof from the qualifying real estate; or

63.21 (3) is the homestead of a shareholder in a family farm corporation as defined in
 63.22 section 500.24, notwithstanding the fact that legal title to the real estate may be held in the
 63.23 name of the family farm corporation; or

63.24 (4) is in the possession of a nursery or greenhouse or an entity owned by a proprietor,
 63.25 partnership, or corporation which also owns the nursery or greenhouse operations on
 63.26 the parcel or parcels.

63.27 (b) Valuation of real estate under this section is limited to parcels the ownership of
 63.28 which is in noncorporate entities except for:

63.29 (1) family farm corporations organized pursuant to section 500.24; and

63.30 (2) corporations that derive 80 percent or more of their gross receipts from the
 63.31 wholesale or retail sale of horticultural or nursery stock.

63.32 ~~Corporate entities who previously qualified for tax deferral pursuant to this section~~
 63.33 ~~and who continue to otherwise qualify under subdivisions 3 and 6 for a period of at least~~
 63.34 ~~three years following the effective date of Laws 1983, chapter 222, section 8, will not be~~
 63.35 ~~required to make payment of the previously deferred taxes, notwithstanding the provisions~~

64.1 ~~of subdivision 9. Special assessments are payable at the end of the three-year period~~
 64.2 ~~or at time of sale, whichever comes first.~~

64.3 ~~(c) Land that previously qualified for tax deferral under this section and no longer~~
 64.4 ~~qualifies because it is not primarily used for agricultural purposes but would otherwise~~
 64.5 ~~qualify under subdivisions 3 and 6 for a period of at least three years will not be required~~
 64.6 ~~to make payment of the previously deferred taxes, notwithstanding the provisions of~~
 64.7 ~~subdivision 9. Sale of the land prior to the expiration of the three-year period requires~~
 64.8 ~~payment of deferred taxes as follows: sale in the year the land no longer qualifies~~
 64.9 ~~requires payment of the current year's deferred taxes plus payment of deferred taxes for~~
 64.10 ~~the two prior years; sale during the second year the land no longer qualifies requires~~
 64.11 ~~payment of the current year's deferred taxes plus payment of the deferred taxes for the~~
 64.12 ~~prior year; and sale during the third year the land no longer qualifies requires payment of~~
 64.13 ~~the current year's deferred taxes. Deferred taxes shall be paid even if the land qualifies~~
 64.14 ~~pursuant to subdivision 11a. When such property is sold or no longer qualifies under this~~
 64.15 ~~paragraph, or at the end of the three-year period, whichever comes first, all deferred~~
 64.16 ~~special assessments plus interest are payable in equal installments spread over the time~~
 64.17 ~~remaining until the last maturity date of the bonds issued to finance the improvement~~
 64.18 ~~for which the assessments were levied. If the bonds have matured, the deferred special~~
 64.19 ~~assessments plus interest are payable within 90 days. The provisions of section 429.061,~~
 64.20 ~~subdivision 2, apply to the collection of these installments. Penalties are not imposed on~~
 64.21 ~~any such special assessments if timely paid.~~

64.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

64.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.117, is amended to read:

64.24 **273.117 CONSERVATION PROPERTY TAX VALUATION.**

64.25 Real property which is subject to a conservation restriction or easement ~~shall~~ may be
 64.26 entitled to reduced valuation under this section if:

64.27 (a) The restriction or easement is for a conservation purpose as defined in section
 64.28 84.64, subdivision 2, and is recorded on the property;

64.29 (b) The property is being used in accordance with the terms of the conservation
 64.30 restriction or easement.

64.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

64.32 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.121, is amended to read:

64.33 **273.121 VALUATION OF REAL PROPERTY, NOTICE.**

65.1 Any county assessor or city assessor having the powers of a county assessor, valuing
65.2 or classifying taxable real property shall in each year notify those persons whose property
65.3 is to be included on the assessment roll that year if the person's address is known to the
65.4 assessor, otherwise the occupant of the property. The notice shall be in writing and shall be
65.5 sent by ordinary mail at least ten days before the meeting of the local board of appeal and
65.6 equalization under section 274.01 or the review process established under section 274.13,
65.7 subdivision 1c. Upon written request by the owner of the property, the assessor may send
65.8 the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.
65.9 It shall contain: (1) the market value for the current and prior assessment, (2) the limited
65.10 market value under section 273.11, subdivision 1a, for the current and prior assessment,
65.11 (3) the qualifying amount of any improvements under section 273.11, subdivision 16,
65.12 for the current assessment, (4) the market value subject to taxation after subtracting the
65.13 amount of any qualifying improvements for the current assessment, (5) the classification
65.14 of the property for the current and prior assessment, (6) a note that if the property is
65.15 homestead and at least 45 years old, improvements made to the property may be eligible
65.16 for a valuation exclusion under section 273.11, subdivision 16, (7) the assessor's office
65.17 address, and (8) the dates, places, and times set for the meetings of the local board of
65.18 appeal and equalization, the review process established under section 274.13, subdivision
65.19 1c, and the county board of appeal and equalization. The commissioner of revenue shall
65.20 specify the form of the notice. The assessor shall attach to the assessment roll a statement
65.21 that the notices required by this section have been mailed. Any assessor who is not
65.22 provided sufficient funds from the assessor's governing body to provide such notices,
65.23 may make application to the commissioner of revenue to finance such notices. The
65.24 commissioner of revenue shall conduct an investigation and, if satisfied that the assessor
65.25 does not have the necessary funds, issue a certification to the commissioner of finance
65.26 of the amount necessary to provide such notices. The commissioner of finance shall
65.27 issue a warrant for such amount and shall deduct such amount from any state payment
65.28 to such county or municipality. The necessary funds to make such payments are hereby
65.29 appropriated. Failure to receive the notice shall in no way affect the validity of the
65.30 assessment, the resulting tax, the procedures of any board of review or equalization, or
65.31 the enforcement of delinquent taxes by statutory means.

65.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for notices required in 2007 and
65.33 thereafter.

65.34 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.123, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

66.1 Subd. 2. **Reassessment of homestead property.** The county assessor shall reassess
 66.2 all homestead property located within a disaster or emergency area which is physically
 66.3 damaged by the disaster or emergency and shall adjust the valuation for taxes payable the
 66.4 following year to reflect the loss in market value caused by the damage as follows: Subtract
 66.5 the market value of the property as reassessed from the market value of the property as
 66.6 assessed under section 273.01 for January 1 of the year in which the disaster or emergency
 66.7 occurred; multiply the remainder by a fraction, the numerator of which is the number of
 66.8 full months remaining in the year on the date the disaster or emergency occurred, and the
 66.9 denominator of which is 12; subtract the product of the calculation from the market value
 66.10 of the property as assessed for ~~January 1~~ of the year in which the disaster or emergency
 66.11 occurred; the remainder is the estimated market value to be used for taxes payable the
 66.12 following year. The assessor shall report to the county auditor the net tax capacity based
 66.13 on the assessment of ~~January 1~~ of for the year in which the disaster or emergency occurred
 66.14 and the net tax capacity based on the reassessment made pursuant to this subdivision.

66.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

66.16 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.123, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

66.17 Subd. 3. **Computation of local tax rates.** ~~When computing~~ Local tax rates; must
 66.18 be computed by the county auditor shall use based upon the valuation as of January 2 as
 66.19 reported by the assessor for the assessment made on January 1 of the year in which the
 66.20 disaster or emergency occurred, and as returned by the local, county, and state boards of
 66.21 review and equalization and the commissioner of revenue.

66.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

66.23 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.124, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

66.24 Subd. 13. **Homestead application.** (a) A person who meets the homestead
 66.25 requirements under subdivision 1 must file a homestead application with the county
 66.26 assessor to initially obtain homestead classification.

66.27 (b) ~~On or before January 2, 1993, each county assessor shall mail a homestead~~
 66.28 ~~application to the owner of each parcel of property within the county which was~~
 66.29 ~~classified as homestead for the 1992 assessment year. The format and contents of a~~
 66.30 ~~uniform homestead application shall be prescribed by the commissioner of revenue. The~~
 66.31 ~~commissioner shall consult with the chairs of the house and senate tax committees on the~~
 66.32 ~~contents of the homestead application form. The application must clearly inform the~~
 66.33 ~~taxpayer that this application must be signed by all owners who occupy the property or~~

67.1 ~~by the qualifying relative and returned to the county assessor in order for the property~~
 67.2 ~~to continue receiving homestead treatment. The envelope containing the homestead~~
 67.3 ~~application shall clearly identify its contents and alert the taxpayer of its necessary~~
 67.4 ~~immediate response.~~

67.5 (e) Every property owner applying for homestead classification must furnish to the
 67.6 county assessor the Social Security number of each occupant who is listed as an owner
 67.7 of the property on the deed of record, the name and address of each owner who does not
 67.8 occupy the property, and the name and Social Security number of each owner's spouse who
 67.9 occupies the property. The application must be signed by each owner who occupies the
 67.10 property and by each owner's spouse who occupies the property, or, in the case of property
 67.11 that qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), by the qualifying relative.

67.12 If a property owner occupies a homestead, the property owner's spouse may not
 67.13 claim another property as a homestead unless the property owner and the property owner's
 67.14 spouse file with the assessor an affidavit or other proof required by the assessor stating that
 67.15 the property qualifies as a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (e).

67.16 Owners or spouses occupying residences owned by their spouses and previously
 67.17 occupied with the other spouse, either of whom fail to include the other spouse's name
 67.18 and Social Security number on the homestead application or provide the affidavits or
 67.19 other proof requested, will be deemed to have elected to receive only partial homestead
 67.20 treatment of their residence. The remainder of the residence will be classified as
 67.21 nonhomestead residential. When an owner or spouse's name and Social Security number
 67.22 appear on homestead applications for two separate residences and only one application is
 67.23 signed, the owner or spouse will be deemed to have elected to homestead the residence for
 67.24 which the application was signed.

67.25 The Social Security numbers or affidavits or other proofs of the property owners
 67.26 and spouses are private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12,
 67.27 but, notwithstanding that section, the private data may be disclosed to the commissioner
 67.28 of revenue, or, for purposes of proceeding under the Revenue Recapture Act to recover
 67.29 personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

67.30 ~~(d)~~ (c) If residential real estate is occupied and used for purposes of a homestead by
 67.31 a relative of the owner and qualifies for a homestead under subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in
 67.32 order for the property to receive homestead status, a homestead application must be filed
 67.33 with the assessor. The Social Security number of each relative and spouse of a relative
 67.34 occupying the property ~~and the Social Security number of each owner who is related to an~~
 67.35 ~~occupant of the property~~ shall be required on the homestead application filed under this
 67.36 subdivision. If a different relative of the owner subsequently occupies the property, the

68.1 owner of the property must notify the assessor within 30 days of the change in occupancy.
 68.2 The Social Security number of a relative or relative's spouse occupying the property
 68.3 is private data on individuals as defined by section 13.02, subdivision 12, but may be
 68.4 disclosed to the commissioner of revenue, or, for the purposes of proceeding under the
 68.5 Revenue Recapture Act to recover personal property taxes owing, to the county treasurer.

68.6 ~~(e)~~ (d) The homestead application shall also notify the property owners that the
 68.7 application filed under this section will not be mailed annually and that if the property
 68.8 is granted homestead status for ~~the 1993 assessment, or any assessment year thereafter,~~
 68.9 that same property shall remain classified as homestead until the property is sold or
 68.10 transferred to another person, or the owners, the spouse of the owner, or the relatives no
 68.11 longer use the property as their homestead. Upon the sale or transfer of the homestead
 68.12 property, a certificate of value must be timely filed with the county auditor as provided
 68.13 under section 272.115. Failure to notify the assessor within 30 days that the property has
 68.14 been sold, transferred, or that the owner, the spouse of the owner, or the relative is no
 68.15 longer occupying the property as a homestead, shall result in the penalty provided under
 68.16 this subdivision and the property will lose its current homestead status.

68.17 ~~(f)~~ (e) If the homestead application is not returned within 30 days, the county
 68.18 will send a second application to the present owners of record. The notice of proposed
 68.19 property taxes prepared under section 275.065, subdivision 3, shall reflect the property's
 68.20 classification. ~~Beginning with assessment year 1993 for all properties,~~ If a homestead
 68.21 application has not been filed with the county by December 15, the assessor shall classify
 68.22 the property as nonhomestead for the current assessment year for taxes payable in
 68.23 the following year, provided that the owner may be entitled to receive the homestead
 68.24 classification by proper application under section 375.192.

68.25 ~~(g)~~ (f) At the request of the commissioner, each county must give the commissioner
 68.26 a list that includes the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead
 68.27 property who is the property owner and the, property owner's spouse occupying the
 68.28 property, or, qualifying relative of a property owner, applying for homestead classification
 68.29 under this subdivision or a spouse of a qualifying relative. The commissioner shall use the
 68.30 information provided on the lists as appropriate under the law, including for the detection
 68.31 of improper claims by owners, or relatives of owners, under chapter 290A.

68.32 ~~(h)~~ (g) If the commissioner finds that a property owner may be claiming a
 68.33 fraudulent homestead, the commissioner shall notify the appropriate counties. Within
 68.34 90 days of the notification, the county assessor shall investigate to determine if the
 68.35 homestead classification was properly claimed. If the property owner does not qualify,
 68.36 the county assessor shall notify the county auditor who will determine the amount of

69.1 homestead benefits that had been improperly allowed. For the purpose of this section,
69.2 "homestead benefits" means the tax reduction resulting from the classification as a
69.3 homestead under section 273.13, the taconite homestead credit under section 273.135, the
69.4 residential homestead and agricultural homestead credits under section 273.1384, and the
69.5 supplemental homestead credit under section 273.1391.

69.6 The county auditor shall send a notice to the person who owned the affected property
69.7 at the time the homestead application related to the improper homestead was filed,
69.8 demanding reimbursement of the homestead benefits plus a penalty equal to 100 percent
69.9 of the homestead benefits. The person notified may appeal the county's determination
69.10 by serving copies of a petition for review with county officials as provided in section
69.11 278.01 and filing proof of service as provided in section 278.01 with the Minnesota Tax
69.12 Court within 60 days of the date of the notice from the county. Procedurally, the appeal
69.13 is governed by the provisions in chapter 271 which apply to the appeal of a property tax
69.14 assessment or levy, but without requiring any prepayment of the amount in controversy. If
69.15 the amount of homestead benefits and penalty is not paid within 60 days, and if no appeal
69.16 has been filed, the county auditor shall certify the amount of taxes and penalty to the county
69.17 treasurer. The county treasurer will add interest to the unpaid homestead benefits and
69.18 penalty amounts at the rate provided in section 279.03 for real property taxes becoming
69.19 delinquent in the calendar year during which the amount remains unpaid. Interest may be
69.20 assessed for the period beginning 60 days after demand for payment was made.

69.21 If the person notified is the current owner of the property, the treasurer may add the
69.22 total amount of homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs to the ad valorem taxes
69.23 otherwise payable on the property by including the amounts on the property tax statements
69.24 under section 276.04, subdivision 3. The amounts added under this paragraph to the ad
69.25 valorem taxes shall include interest accrued through December 31 of the year preceding
69.26 the taxes payable year for which the amounts are first added. These amounts, when added
69.27 to the property tax statement, become subject to all the laws for the enforcement of real or
69.28 personal property taxes for that year, and for any subsequent year.

69.29 If the person notified is not the current owner of the property, the treasurer may
69.30 collect the amounts due under the Revenue Recapture Act in chapter 270A, or use any of
69.31 the powers granted in sections 277.20 and 277.21 without exclusion, to enforce payment
69.32 of the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, as if those amounts were delinquent
69.33 tax obligations of the person who owned the property at the time the application related
69.34 to the improperly allowed homestead was filed. The treasurer may relieve a prior owner
69.35 of personal liability for the homestead benefits, penalty, interest, and costs, and instead
69.36 extend those amounts on the tax lists against the property as provided in this paragraph

70.1 to the extent that the current owner agrees in writing. On all demands, billings, property
 70.2 tax statements, and related correspondence, the county must list and state separately the
 70.3 amounts of homestead benefits, penalty, interest and costs being demanded, billed or
 70.4 assessed.

70.5 ~~(h)~~ (h) Any amount of homestead benefits recovered by the county from the property
 70.6 owner shall be distributed to the county, city or town, and school district where the
 70.7 property is located in the same proportion that each taxing district's levy was to the total
 70.8 of the three taxing districts' levy for the current year. Any amount recovered attributable
 70.9 to taconite homestead credit shall be transmitted to the St. Louis County auditor to be
 70.10 deposited in the taconite property tax relief account. Any amount recovered that is
 70.11 attributable to supplemental homestead credit is to be transmitted to the commissioner of
 70.12 revenue for deposit in the general fund of the state treasury. The total amount of penalty
 70.13 collected must be deposited in the county general fund.

70.14 ~~(i)~~ (i) If a property owner has applied for more than one homestead and the county
 70.15 assessors cannot determine which property should be classified as homestead, the county
 70.16 assessors will refer the information to the commissioner. The commissioner shall make
 70.17 the determination and notify the counties within 60 days.

70.18 ~~(j)~~ (j) In addition to lists of homestead properties, the commissioner may ask the
 70.19 counties to furnish lists of all properties and the record owners. The Social Security
 70.20 numbers and federal identification numbers that are maintained by a county or city
 70.21 assessor for property tax administration purposes, and that may appear on the lists retain
 70.22 their classification as private or nonpublic data; but may be viewed, accessed, and used by
 70.23 the county auditor or treasurer of the same county for the limited purpose of assisting the
 70.24 commissioner in the preparation of microdata samples under section 270C.12.

70.25 ~~(k)~~ (k) On or before April 30 each year beginning in 2007, each county must provide
 70.26 the commissioner with the following data for each parcel of homestead property by
 70.27 electronic means as defined in section 289A.02, subdivision 8:

70.28 (i) the property identification number assigned to the parcel for purposes of taxes
 70.29 payable in the current year;

70.30 (ii) the name and Social Security number of each occupant of homestead property
 70.31 who is the property owner and, property owner's spouse, as shown on the tax rolls for the
 70.32 current and the prior assessment year qualifying relative of a property owner, or spouse
 70.33 of a qualifying relative;

70.34 (iii) the classification of the property under section 273.13 for taxes payable in the
 70.35 current year and in the prior year;

71.1 (iv) an indication of whether the property was classified as a homestead for taxes
 71.2 payable in the current year ~~or for taxes payable in the prior year~~ because of occupancy by
 71.3 a relative of the owner or by a spouse of a relative;

71.4 (v) the property taxes payable as defined in section 290A.03, subdivision 13, for the
 71.5 current year and the prior year;

71.6 (vi) the market value of improvements to the property first assessed for tax purposes
 71.7 for taxes payable in the current year;

71.8 (vii) the assessor's estimated market value assigned to the property for taxes payable
 71.9 in the current year and the prior year;

71.10 (viii) the taxable market value assigned to the property for taxes payable in the
 71.11 current year and the prior year;

71.12 (ix) whether there are delinquent property taxes owing on the homestead;

71.13 (x) the unique taxing district in which the property is located; and

71.14 (xi) such other information as the commissioner decides is necessary.

71.15 The commissioner shall use the information provided on the lists as appropriate
 71.16 under the law, including for the detection of improper claims by owners, or relatives
 71.17 of owners, under chapter 290A.

71.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

71.19 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.124, subdivision 14, is amended to read:

71.20 Subd. 14. **Agricultural homesteads; special provisions.** (a) Real estate of less than
 71.21 ten acres that is the homestead of its owner must be classified as class 2a under section
 71.22 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), if:

71.23 (1) the parcel on which the house is located is contiguous on at least two sides to (i)
 71.24 agricultural land, (ii) land owned or administered by the United States Fish and Wildlife
 71.25 Service, or (iii) land administered by the Department of Natural Resources on which in
 71.26 lieu taxes are paid under sections 477A.11 to 477A.14;

71.27 (2) its owner also owns a noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least
 71.28 20 acres;

71.29 (3) the noncontiguous land is located not farther than four townships or cities, or a
 71.30 combination of townships or cities from the homestead; and

71.31 (4) the agricultural use value of the noncontiguous land and farm buildings is equal
 71.32 to at least 50 percent of the market value of the house, garage, and one acre of land.

71.33 Homesteads initially classified as class 2a under the provisions of this paragraph shall
 71.34 remain classified as class 2a, irrespective of subsequent changes in the use of adjoining
 71.35 properties, as long as the homestead remains under the same ownership, the owner owns a

72.1 noncontiguous parcel of agricultural land that is at least 20 acres, and the agricultural use
 72.2 value qualifies under clause (4). Homestead classification under this paragraph is limited
 72.3 to property that qualified under this paragraph for the 1998 assessment.

72.4 (b)(i) Agricultural property consisting of at least 40 acres shall be classified as the
 72.5 owner's homestead, to the same extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all
 72.6 of the following criteria are met:

72.7 (1) the owner, the owner's spouse, the son or daughter of the owner or owner's
 72.8 spouse, or the grandson or granddaughter of the owner or the owner's spouse, is actively
 72.9 farming the agricultural property, either on the person's own behalf as an individual or
 72.10 on behalf of a partnership operating a family farm, family farm corporation, joint family
 72.11 farm venture, or limited liability company of which the person is a partner, shareholder, or
 72.12 member;

72.13 (2) both the owner of the agricultural property and the person who is actively
 72.14 farming the agricultural property under clause (1), are Minnesota residents;

72.15 (3) neither the owner nor the spouse of the owner claims another agricultural
 72.16 homestead in Minnesota; ~~and~~

72.17 (4) neither the owner nor the person actively farming the property lives farther
 72.18 than four townships or cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the
 72.19 agricultural property, except that if the owner or the owner's spouse is required to live in
 72.20 employer-provided housing, the owner or owner's spouse, whichever is actively farming
 72.21 the agricultural property, may live more than four townships or cities, or combination of
 72.22 four townships or cities from the agricultural property; and

72.23 (5) the owner or the person actively farming the property is farming at least 40
 72.24 acres of the property.

72.25 The relationship under this paragraph may be either by blood or marriage.

72.26 (ii) Real property held by a trustee under a trust is eligible for agricultural homestead
 72.27 classification under this paragraph if the qualifications in clause (i) are met, except that
 72.28 "owner" means the grantor of the trust.

72.29 (iii) Property containing the residence of an owner who owns qualified property
 72.30 under clause (i) shall be classified as part of the owner's agricultural homestead, if that
 72.31 property is also used for noncommercial storage or drying of agricultural crops.

72.32 (c) Noncontiguous land shall be included as part of a homestead under section
 72.33 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), only if the homestead is classified as class 2a
 72.34 and the detached land is located in the same township or city, or not farther than four
 72.35 townships or cities or combination thereof from the homestead. Any taxpayer of these
 72.36 noncontiguous lands must notify the county assessor that the noncontiguous land is part of

73.1 the taxpayer's homestead, and, if the homestead is located in another county, the taxpayer
73.2 must also notify the assessor of the other county.

73.3 (d) Agricultural land used for purposes of a homestead and actively farmed by a
73.4 person holding a vested remainder interest in it must be classified as a homestead under
73.5 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a). If agricultural land is classified class 2a,
73.6 any other dwellings on the land used for purposes of a homestead by persons holding
73.7 vested remainder interests who are actively engaged in farming the property, and up to
73.8 one acre of the land surrounding each homestead and reasonably necessary for the use of
73.9 the dwelling as a home, must also be assessed class 2a.

73.10 (e) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
73.11 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1997 assessment shall remain
73.12 classified as agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

73.13 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
73.14 homestead as a result of the April 1997 floods;

73.15 (2) the property is located in the county of Polk, Clay, Kittson, Marshall, Norman,
73.16 or Wilkin;

73.17 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
73.18 current assessment year as existed for the 1997 assessment year and continue to be used
73.19 for agricultural purposes;

73.20 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in Minnesota and is within 30
73.21 miles of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

73.22 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to the 1997
73.23 floods, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by the
73.24 assessor in verifying the change in dwelling. Further notifications to the assessor are not
73.25 required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph and any
73.26 dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

73.27 (f) Agricultural land and buildings that were class 2a homestead property under
73.28 section 273.13, subdivision 23, paragraph (a), for the 1998 assessment shall remain
73.29 classified agricultural homesteads for subsequent assessments if:

73.30 (1) the property owner abandoned the homestead dwelling located on the agricultural
73.31 homestead as a result of damage caused by a March 29, 1998, tornado;

73.32 (2) the property is located in the county of Blue Earth, Brown, Cottonwood,
73.33 LeSueur, Nicollet, Nobles, or Rice;

73.34 (3) the agricultural land and buildings remain under the same ownership for the
73.35 current assessment year as existed for the 1998 assessment year;

74.1 (4) the dwelling occupied by the owner is located in this state and is within 50 miles
74.2 of one of the parcels of agricultural land that is owned by the taxpayer; and

74.3 (5) the owner notifies the county assessor that the relocation was due to a March 29,
74.4 1998, tornado, and the owner furnishes the assessor any information deemed necessary by
74.5 the assessor in verifying the change in homestead dwelling. For taxes payable in 1999, the
74.6 owner must notify the assessor by December 1, 1998. Further notifications to the assessor
74.7 are not required if the property continues to meet all the requirements in this paragraph
74.8 and any dwellings on the agricultural land remain uninhabited.

74.9 (g) Agricultural property consisting of at least 40 acres of a family farm corporation,
74.10 joint family farm venture, family farm limited liability company, or partnership operating
74.11 a family farm as described under subdivision 8 shall be classified homestead, to the same
74.12 extent as other agricultural homestead property, if all of the following criteria are met:

74.13 (1) a shareholder, member, or partner of that entity is actively farming the
74.14 agricultural property;

74.15 (2) that shareholder, member, or partner who is actively farming the agricultural
74.16 property is a Minnesota resident;

74.17 (3) neither that shareholder, member, or partner, nor the spouse of that shareholder,
74.18 member, or partner claims another agricultural homestead in Minnesota; ~~and~~

74.19 (4) that shareholder, member, or partner does not live farther than four townships or
74.20 cities, or a combination of four townships or cities, from the agricultural property; and

74.21 (5) the shareholder, member, or partner actively farming the property is farming
74.22 at least 40 acres of the property.

74.23 Homestead treatment applies under this paragraph for property leased to a family
74.24 farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership operating a
74.25 family farm if legal title to the property is in the name of an individual who is a member,
74.26 shareholder, or partner in the entity.

74.27 (h) To be eligible for the special agricultural homestead under this subdivision, an
74.28 initial full application must be submitted to the county assessor where the property is
74.29 located. Owners and the persons who are actively farming the property shall be required
74.30 to complete only a one-page abbreviated version of the application in each subsequent
74.31 year provided that none of the following items have changed since the initial application:

74.32 (1) the day-to-day operation, administration, and financial risks remain the same;

74.33 (2) the owners and the persons actively farming the property continue to live within
74.34 the four townships or city criteria and are Minnesota residents;

74.35 (3) the same operator of the agricultural property is listed with the Farm Service
74.36 Agency;

- 75.1 (4) a Schedule F or equivalent income tax form was filed for the most recent year;
- 75.2 (5) the property's acreage is unchanged; and
- 75.3 (6) none of the property's acres have been enrolled in a federal or state farm program
- 75.4 since the initial application.

75.5 The owners and any persons who are actively farming the property must include

75.6 the appropriate Social Security numbers, and sign and date the application. If any of the

75.7 specified information has changed since the full application was filed, the owner must

75.8 notify the assessor, and must complete a new application to determine if the property

75.9 continues to qualify for the special agricultural homestead. The commissioner of revenue

75.10 shall prepare a standard reapplication form for use by the assessors.

75.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2008 and

75.12 thereafter.

75.13 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.124, subdivision 21, is amended to read:

75.14 Subd. 21. **Trust property; homestead.** Real property held by a trustee under a trust

75.15 is eligible for classification as homestead property if:

75.16 (1) the grantor or surviving spouse of the grantor of the trust occupies and uses the

75.17 property as a homestead;

75.18 (2) a relative or surviving relative of the grantor who meets the requirements of

75.19 subdivision 1, paragraph (c), in the case of residential real estate; or subdivision 1,

75.20 paragraph (d), in the case of agricultural property, occupies and uses the property as

75.21 a homestead;

75.22 (3) a family farm corporation, joint farm venture, limited liability company, or

75.23 partnership operating a family farm rents the property held by a trustee under a trust, and

75.24 the grantor, the spouse or surviving spouse of the grantor, or the ~~son~~ child or ~~daughter~~

75.25 grandchild of the grantor, who is also a shareholder, member, or partner of the corporation,

75.26 joint farm venture, limited liability company, or partnership occupies and uses the property

75.27 as a homestead, or is actively farming the property on behalf of the corporation, joint farm

75.28 venture, limited liability company, or partnership such that the grantor, the spouse or

75.29 surviving spouse of the grantor, or the child or grandchild of the grantor actively farming

75.30 the property is farming at least 40 acres of the property; or

75.31 (4) a person who has received homestead classification for property taxes payable in

75.32 2000 on the basis of an unqualified legal right under the terms of the trust agreement to

75.33 occupy the property as that person's homestead and who continues to use the property as

75.34 a homestead or a person who received the homestead classification for taxes payable in

75.35 2005 under clause (3) who does not qualify under clause (3) for taxes payable in 2006

76.1 or thereafter but who continues to qualify under clause (3) as it existed for taxes payable
76.2 in 2005.

76.3 For purposes of this subdivision, "grantor" is defined as the person creating or
76.4 establishing a testamentary, inter Vivos, revocable or irrevocable trust by written
76.5 instrument or through the exercise of a power of appointment.

76.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
76.7 except that the requirement that at least 40 acres of the property be farmed by an eligible
76.8 person is effective for taxes payable in 2008 and thereafter.

76.9 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.128, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

76.10 Subdivision 1. **Requirement.** Low-income rental property classified as class 4d
76.11 under section 273.13, subdivision 25, is entitled to valuation under this section if at
76.12 least ~~75~~ 25 percent of the units in the rental housing property meet any of the following
76.13 qualifications:

76.14 (1) the units are subject to a housing assistance payments contract under Section 8
76.15 of the United States Housing Act of 1937, as amended;

76.16 (2) the units are rent-restricted and income-restricted units of a qualified low-income
76.17 housing project receiving tax credits under section 42(g) of the Internal Revenue Code of
76.18 1986, as amended;

76.19 (3) the units are financed by the Rural Housing Service of the United States
76.20 Department of Agriculture and receive payments under the rental assistance program
76.21 pursuant to section 521(a) of the Housing Act of 1949, as amended; or

76.22 (4) the units are subject to rent and income restrictions under the terms of financial
76.23 assistance provided to the rental housing property by the federal government or the state
76.24 of Minnesota as evidenced by a document recorded against the property.

76.25 The restrictions must require assisted units to be occupied by residents whose
76.26 household income at the time of initial occupancy does not exceed 60 percent of the
76.27 greater of area or state median income, adjusted for family size, as determined by the
76.28 United States Department of Housing and Urban Development. The restriction must also
76.29 require the rents for assisted units to not exceed 30 percent of 60 percent of the greater of
76.30 area or state median income, adjusted for family size, as determined by the United States
76.31 Department of Housing and Urban Development.

76.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2008 and
76.33 thereafter.

77.1 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.13, subdivision 22, is amended to read:

77.2 Subd. 22. **Class 1.** (a) Except as provided in subdivision 23 and in paragraphs (b)
77.3 and (c), real estate which is residential and used for homestead purposes is class 1a. In the
77.4 case of a duplex or triplex in which one of the units is used for homestead purposes, the
77.5 entire property is deemed to be used for homestead purposes. The market value of class 1a
77.6 property must be determined based upon the value of the house, garage, and land.

77.7 The first \$500,000 of market value of class 1a property has a net class rate of
77.8 one percent of its market value; and the market value of class 1a property that exceeds
77.9 \$500,000 has a class rate of 1.25 percent of its market value.

77.10 (b) Class 1b property includes homestead real estate or homestead manufactured
77.11 homes used for the purposes of a homestead by

77.12 (1) any person who is blind as defined in section 256D.35, or the blind person and
77.13 the blind person's spouse; or

77.14 (2) any person, hereinafter referred to as "veteran," who:

77.15 (i) served in the active military or naval service of the United States; and

77.16 (ii) is entitled to compensation under the laws and regulations of the United States
77.17 for permanent and total service-connected disability due to the loss, or loss of use, by
77.18 reason of amputation, ankylosis, progressive muscular dystrophies, or paralysis, of both
77.19 lower extremities, such as to preclude motion without the aid of braces, crutches, canes, or
77.20 a wheelchair; and

77.21 (iii) has acquired a special housing unit with special fixtures or movable facilities
77.22 made necessary by the nature of the veteran's disability, or the surviving spouse of the
77.23 deceased veteran for as long as the surviving spouse retains the special housing unit
77.24 as a homestead; or

77.25 (3) any person who is permanently and totally disabled.

77.26 Property is classified and assessed under clause (3) only if the government agency or
77.27 income-providing source certifies, upon the request of the homestead occupant, that the
77.28 homestead occupant satisfies the disability requirements of this paragraph.

77.29 Property is classified and assessed pursuant to clause (1) only if the commissioner of
77.30 revenue certifies to the assessor that the homestead occupant satisfies the requirements
77.31 of this paragraph or the county assessor has approved the occupant's declaration under
77.32 section 273.1315.

77.33 Permanently and totally disabled for the purpose of this subdivision means a
77.34 condition which is permanent in nature and totally incapacitates the person from working
77.35 at an occupation which brings the person an income. The first \$32,000 market value of
77.36 class 1b property has a net class rate of .45 percent of its market value. The remaining

78.1 market value of class 1b property has a class rate using the rates for class 1a or class 2a
 78.2 property, whichever is appropriate, of similar market value.

78.3 (c) Class 1c property is commercial use real and personal property that abuts
 78.4 ~~a lakeshore line~~ public water as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 15, and is
 78.5 devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreational purposes but
 78.6 not devoted to commercial purposes for more than 250 days in the year preceding the
 78.7 year of assessment, and that includes a portion used as a homestead by the owner, which
 78.8 includes a dwelling occupied as a homestead by a shareholder of a corporation that owns
 78.9 the resort, a partner in a partnership that owns the resort, or a member of a limited liability
 78.10 company that owns the resort even if the title to the homestead is held by the corporation,
 78.11 partnership, or limited liability company. For purposes of this clause, property is devoted
 78.12 to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the property, excluding the
 78.13 portion used exclusively as a homestead, is used for residential occupancy and a fee is
 78.14 charged for residential occupancy. Class 1c property is composed of three or more rental
 78.15 units. A "rental unit" is defined as a cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room,
 78.16 or individual camping site equipped with water and electrical hookups for recreational
 78.17 vehicles. Class 1c property must provide recreational activities such as the rental of ice
 78.18 fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or cross-country ski equipment;
 78.19 provide marina services, launch services, or guide services; or sell bait and fishing tackle.
 78.20 Any unit in which the right to use the property is transferred to an individual or entity
 78.21 by deeded interest, or the sale of shares or stock, no longer qualifies for class 1c even
 78.22 though it may remain available for rent. A camping pad offered for rent by a property
 78.23 that otherwise qualifies for class 1c is also class 1c, regardless of the term of the rental
 78.24 agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. The portion of
 78.25 the property used as a homestead is class 1a property under paragraph (a). The remainder
 78.26 of the property is classified as follows: the first \$500,000 of market value is tier I, the
 78.27 next \$1,700,000 of market value is tier II, and any remaining market value is tier III.
 78.28 The class rates for class 1c are: tier I, 0.55 percent; tier II, 1.0 percent; and tier III, 1.25
 78.29 percent. ~~If a class 1c resort property has any market value in tier III, the entire property~~
 78.30 ~~must meet the requirements of subdivision 25, paragraph (d), clause (1), to qualify for~~
 78.31 ~~class 1c treatment under this paragraph.~~ Owners of real and personal property devoted to
 78.32 temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes in which all or a
 78.33 portion of the property was devoted to commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in
 78.34 the year preceding the year of assessment desiring classification as class 1c, must submit a
 78.35 declaration to the assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in
 78.36 the year preceding the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those

79.1 cabins or units and a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be
 79.2 designated as class 1c as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and
 79.3 a proportionate share of the land on which they are located must be designated as class
 79.4 3a commercial. The owner of property desiring designation as class 1c property must
 79.5 provide guest registers or other records demonstrating that the units for which class 1c
 79.6 designation is sought were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the
 79.7 assessment if so requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar,
 79.8 (3) gift shop, (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility
 79.9 operated on a commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential
 79.10 occupancy for recreation purposes does not qualify for class 1c.

79.11 (d) Class 1d property includes structures that meet all of the following criteria:

79.12 (1) the structure is located on property that is classified as agricultural property under
 79.13 section 273.13, subdivision 23;

79.14 (2) the structure is occupied exclusively by seasonal farm workers during the time
 79.15 when they work on that farm, and the occupants are not charged rent for the privilege of
 79.16 occupying the property, provided that use of the structure for storage of farm equipment
 79.17 and produce does not disqualify the property from classification under this paragraph;

79.18 (3) the structure meets all applicable health and safety requirements for the
 79.19 appropriate season; and

79.20 (4) the structure is not salable as residential property because it does not comply
 79.21 with local ordinances relating to location in relation to streets or roads.

79.22 The market value of class 1d property has the same class rates as class 1a property
 79.23 under paragraph (a).

79.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2009 and
 79.25 thereafter.

79.26 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.13, subdivision 25, is amended to read:

79.27 Subd. 25. **Class 4.** (a) Class 4a is residential real estate containing four or more
 79.28 units and used or held for use by the owner or by the tenants or lessees of the owner
 79.29 as a residence for rental periods of 30 days or more, excluding property qualifying for
 79.30 class 4d. Class 4a also includes hospitals licensed under sections 144.50 to 144.56, other
 79.31 than hospitals exempt under section 272.02, and contiguous property used for hospital
 79.32 purposes, without regard to whether the property has been platted or subdivided. The
 79.33 market value of class 4a property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

79.34 (b) Class 4b includes:

80.1 (1) residential real estate containing less than four units that does not qualify as class
80.2 4bb, other than seasonal residential recreational property;

80.3 (2) manufactured homes not classified under any other provision;

80.4 (3) a dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a nonhomestead
80.5 farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b) containing two or three units; and

80.6 (4) unimproved property that is classified residential as determined under subdivision
80.7 33.

80.8 The market value of class 4b property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

80.9 (c) Class 4bb includes:

80.10 (1) nonhomestead residential real estate containing one unit, other than seasonal
80.11 residential recreational property; and

80.12 (2) a single family dwelling, garage, and surrounding one acre of property on a
80.13 nonhomestead farm classified under subdivision 23, paragraph (b).

80.14 Class 4bb property has the same class rates as class 1a property under subdivision 22.

80.15 Property that has been classified as seasonal residential recreational property at
80.16 any time during which it has been owned by the current owner or spouse of the current
80.17 owner does not qualify for class 4bb.

80.18 (d) Class 4c property includes:

80.19 (1) except as provided in subdivision 22, paragraph (c), real and personal property

80.20 devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for recreation purposes,

80.21 including real and personal property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential

80.22 occupancy for recreation purposes and not devoted to commercial purposes for more

80.23 than 250 days in the year preceding the year of assessment. For purposes of this clause,

80.24 property is devoted to a commercial purpose on a specific day if any portion of the

80.25 property is used for residential occupancy, and a fee is charged for residential occupancy.

80.26 Class 4c property is composed of three or more rental units. A "rental unit" is defined as a

80.27 cabin, condominium, townhouse, sleeping room, or individual camping site equipped with

80.28 water and electrical hookups for recreational vehicles. Class 4c property must provide

80.29 recreational activities such as renting ice fishing houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles,

80.30 downhill or cross-country ski equipment; provide marina services, launch services, or

80.31 guide services; or sell bait and fishing tackle. A camping pad offered for rent by a property

80.32 that otherwise qualifies for class 4c is also class 4c regardless of the term of the rental

80.33 agreement, as long as the use of the camping pad does not exceed 250 days. In order for

80.34 a property to be classified as class 4c, seasonal residential recreational for commercial

80.35 purposes, at least 40 percent of the annual gross lodging receipts related to the property

80.36 must be from business conducted during 90 consecutive days and either (i) at least 60

81.1 percent of all paid bookings by lodging guests during the year must be for periods of at
 81.2 least two consecutive nights; or (ii) at least 20 percent of the annual gross receipts must
 81.3 be from charges for rental of fish houses, boats and motors, snowmobiles, downhill or
 81.4 cross-country ski equipment, or charges for marina services, launch services, and guide
 81.5 services, or the sale of bait and fishing tackle. For purposes of this determination, a paid
 81.6 booking of five or more nights shall be counted as two bookings. Class 4c also includes
 81.7 commercial use real property used exclusively for recreational purposes in conjunction
 81.8 with class 4c property devoted to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for
 81.9 recreational purposes, up to a total of two acres, provided the property is not devoted
 81.10 to commercial recreational use for more than 250 days in the year preceding the year
 81.11 of assessment and is located within two miles of the class 4c property with which it
 81.12 is used. Owners of real and personal property devoted to temporary and seasonal
 81.13 residential occupancy for recreation purposes and all or a portion of which was devoted
 81.14 to commercial purposes for not more than 250 days in the year preceding the year of
 81.15 assessment desiring classification as class ~~1e or~~ 4c, must submit a declaration to the
 81.16 assessor designating the cabins or units occupied for 250 days or less in the year preceding
 81.17 the year of assessment by January 15 of the assessment year. Those cabins or units and a
 81.18 proportionate share of the land on which they are located ~~will~~ must be designated as class
 81.19 ~~1e or~~ 4c as otherwise provided. The remainder of the cabins or units and a proportionate
 81.20 share of the land on which they are located ~~will~~ must be designated as class 3a. The owner
 81.21 of property desiring designation as class ~~1e or~~ 4c property must provide guest registers or
 81.22 other records demonstrating that the units for which class ~~1e or~~ 4c designation is sought
 81.23 were not occupied for more than 250 days in the year preceding the assessment if so
 81.24 requested. The portion of a property operated as a (1) restaurant, (2) bar, (3) gift shop, ~~and~~
 81.25 (4) conference center or meeting room, and (5) other nonresidential facility operated on a
 81.26 commercial basis not directly related to temporary and seasonal residential occupancy for
 81.27 recreation purposes ~~shall~~ does not qualify for class ~~1e or~~ 4c;

81.28 (2) qualified property used as a golf course if:

81.29 (i) it is open to the public on a daily fee basis. It may charge membership fees or
 81.30 dues, but a membership fee may not be required in order to use the property for golfing,
 81.31 and its green fees for golfing must be comparable to green fees typically charged by
 81.32 municipal courses; and

81.33 (ii) it meets the requirements of section 273.112, subdivision 3, paragraph (d).

81.34 A structure used as a clubhouse, restaurant, or place of refreshment in conjunction
 81.35 with the golf course is classified as class 3a property;

82.1 (3) real property up to a maximum of one acre of land owned by a nonprofit
 82.2 community service oriented organization; provided that the property is not used for a
 82.3 revenue-producing activity for more than six days in the calendar year preceding the year
 82.4 of assessment and the property is not used for residential purposes on either a temporary
 82.5 or permanent basis. For purposes of this clause, a "nonprofit community service oriented
 82.6 organization" means any corporation, society, association, foundation, or institution
 82.7 organized and operated exclusively for charitable, religious, fraternal, civic, or educational
 82.8 purposes, and which is exempt from federal income taxation pursuant to section 501(c)(3),
 82.9 (10), or (19) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through December 31,
 82.10 1990. For purposes of this clause, "revenue-producing activities" shall include but not be
 82.11 limited to property or that portion of the property that is used as an on-sale intoxicating
 82.12 liquor or 3.2 percent malt liquor establishment licensed under chapter 340A, a restaurant
 82.13 open to the public, bowling alley, a retail store, gambling conducted by organizations
 82.14 licensed under chapter 349, an insurance business, or office or other space leased or
 82.15 rented to a lessee who conducts a for-profit enterprise on the premises. Any portion of
 82.16 the property which is used for revenue-producing activities for more than six days in the
 82.17 calendar year preceding the year of assessment shall be assessed as class 3a. The use of
 82.18 the property for social events open exclusively to members and their guests for periods of
 82.19 less than 24 hours, when an admission is not charged nor any revenues are received by the
 82.20 organization shall not be considered a revenue-producing activity;

82.21 (4) postsecondary student housing of not more than one acre of land that is owned by
 82.22 a nonprofit corporation organized under chapter 317A and is used exclusively by a student
 82.23 cooperative, sorority, or fraternity for on-campus housing or housing located within two
 82.24 miles of the border of a college campus;

82.25 (5) manufactured home parks as defined in section 327.14, subdivision 3;

82.26 ~~(6) real property that is actively and exclusively devoted to indoor fitness, health,~~
 82.27 ~~social, recreational, and related uses, is owned and operated by a not-for-profit corporation,~~
 82.28 ~~and is located within the metropolitan area as defined in section 473.121, subdivision 2;~~

82.29 ~~(7)~~ a leased or privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt
 82.30 under section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

82.31 (i) the land is on an airport owned or operated by a city, town, county, Metropolitan
 82.32 Airports Commission, or group thereof; and

82.33 (ii) the land lease, or any ordinance or signed agreement restricting the use of the
 82.34 leased premise, prohibits commercial activity performed at the hangar.

83.1 If a hangar classified under this clause is sold after June 30, 2000, a bill of sale must
 83.2 be filed by the new owner with the assessor of the county where the property is located
 83.3 within 60 days of the sale;

83.4 ~~(8)~~ (7) a privately owned noncommercial aircraft storage hangar not exempt under
 83.5 section 272.01, subdivision 2, and the land on which it is located, provided that:

83.6 (i) the land abuts a public airport; and

83.7 (ii) the owner of the aircraft storage hangar provides the assessor with a signed
 83.8 agreement restricting the use of the premises, prohibiting commercial use or activity
 83.9 performed at the hangar; and

83.10 ~~(9)~~ (8) residential real estate, a portion of which is used by the owner for homestead
 83.11 purposes, and that is also a place of lodging, if all of the following criteria are met:

83.12 (i) rooms are provided for rent to transient guests that generally stay for periods
 83.13 of 14 or fewer days;

83.14 (ii) meals are provided to persons who rent rooms, the cost of which is incorporated
 83.15 in the basic room rate;

83.16 (iii) meals are not provided to the general public except for special events on fewer
 83.17 than seven days in the calendar year preceding the year of the assessment; and

83.18 (iv) the owner is the operator of the property.

83.19 The market value subject to the 4c classification under this clause is limited to five rental
 83.20 units. Any rental units on the property in excess of five, must be valued and assessed as
 83.21 class 3a. The portion of the property used for purposes of a homestead by the owner must
 83.22 be classified as class 1a property under subdivision 22.

83.23 Class 4c property has a class rate of 1.5 percent of market value, except that (i) each
 83.24 parcel of seasonal residential recreational property not used for commercial purposes has
 83.25 the same class rates as class 4bb property, (ii) manufactured home parks assessed under
 83.26 clause (5) have the same class rate as class 4b property, (iii) commercial-use seasonal
 83.27 residential recreational property has a class rate of one percent for the first \$500,000 of
 83.28 market value, and 1.25 percent for the remaining market value, (iv) the market value of
 83.29 property described in clause (4) has a class rate of one percent, (v) the market value
 83.30 of property described in ~~clauses~~ clause (2) and ~~(6)~~ has a class rate of 1.25 percent, and
 83.31 (vi) that portion of the market value of property in clause ~~(9)~~ (8) qualifying for class 4c
 83.32 property has a class rate of 1.25 percent.

83.33 (e) Class 4d property is qualifying low-income rental housing certified to the assessor
 83.34 by the Housing Finance Agency under section 273.128, subdivision 3. If only a portion
 83.35 of the units in the building qualify as low-income rental housing units as certified under
 83.36 section 273.128, subdivision 3, only the proportion of qualifying units to the total number

84.1 of units in the building qualify for class 4d. The remaining portion of the building shall be
 84.2 classified by the assessor based upon its use. Class 4d also includes the same proportion of
 84.3 land as the qualifying low-income rental housing units are to the total units in the building.
 84.4 For all properties qualifying as class 4d, the market value determined by the assessor must
 84.5 be based on the normal approach to value using normal unrestricted rents.

84.6 Class 4d property has a class rate of 0.75 percent.

84.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2008 and
 84.8 thereafter, except that the changes made to paragraph (d), clause (1), are effective for taxes
 84.9 payable in 2009 and thereafter.

84.10 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.1398, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

84.11 Subd. 4. **Disparity reduction credit.** (a) Beginning with taxes payable in 1989,
 84.12 class 4a, class 3a, and class 3b property qualifies for a disparity reduction credit if: (1)
 84.13 the property is located in a border city that has an enterprise zone designated pursuant
 84.14 to section 469.168, subdivision 4; (2) the property is located in a city with a population
 84.15 greater than 2,500 and less than 35,000 according to the 1980 decennial census; (3) the
 84.16 city is adjacent to a city in another state or immediately adjacent to a city adjacent to a city
 84.17 in another state; and (4) the adjacent city in the other state has a population of greater than
 84.18 5,000 and less than 75,000 according to the 1980 decennial census.

84.19 (b) The credit is an amount sufficient to reduce (i) the taxes levied on class 4a
 84.20 property to 2.3 percent of the property's market value and (ii) the tax on class 3a and class
 84.21 3b property to 2.3 percent of market value.

84.22 (c) The county auditor shall annually certify the costs of the credits to the
 84.23 Department of Revenue. The department shall reimburse local governments for the
 84.24 property taxes foregone as the result of the credits in proportion to their total levies.

84.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively for taxes payable in
 84.26 2001 and thereafter.

84.27 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.33, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

84.28 Subd. 2. **Listing and assessment by commissioner.** The personal property,
 84.29 consisting of the pipeline system of mains, pipes, and equipment attached thereto, of
 84.30 pipeline companies and others engaged in the operations or business of transporting
 84.31 natural gas, gasoline, crude oil, or other petroleum products by pipelines, shall be listed
 84.32 with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue and the values provided to the city
 84.33 or county assessor by order. This subdivision shall not apply to the assessment of

85.1 the products transported through the pipelines nor to the lines of local commercial gas
 85.2 companies engaged primarily in the business of distributing gas to consumers at retail nor
 85.3 to pipelines used by the owner thereof to supply natural gas or other petroleum products
 85.4 exclusively for such owner's own consumption and not for resale to others. If more than
 85.5 85 percent of the natural gas or other petroleum products actually transported over the
 85.6 pipeline is used for the owner's own consumption and not for resale to others, then this
 85.7 subdivision shall not apply; provided, however, that in that event, the pipeline shall be
 85.8 assessed in proportion to the percentage of gas actually transported over such pipeline that
 85.9 is not used for the owner's own consumption. On or before June 30, the commissioner
 85.10 shall certify to the auditor of each county, the amount of such personal property assessment
 85.11 against each company in each district in which such property is located.

85.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

85.13 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.37, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

85.14 Subd. 2. **Listing and assessment by commissioner.** Transmission lines of less
 85.15 than 69 kv, transmission lines of 69 kv and above located in an unorganized township,
 85.16 and distribution lines, and equipment attached thereto, having a fixed situs outside the
 85.17 corporate limits of cities except distribution lines taxed as provided in sections 273.40
 85.18 and 273.41, shall be listed with and assessed by the commissioner of revenue in the
 85.19 county where situated and the values provided to the city or county assessor by order.
 85.20 The commissioner shall assess such property at the percentage of market value fixed by
 85.21 law; and, on or before June 30, shall certify to the auditor of each county in which such
 85.22 property is located the amount of the assessment made against each company and person
 85.23 owning such property.

85.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

85.25 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 273.371, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

85.26 Subdivision 1. **Report required.** Every electric light, power, gas, water, express,
 85.27 stage, and transportation company and pipeline doing business in Minnesota shall
 85.28 annually file with the commissioner on or before March 31 a report under oath setting
 85.29 forth the information prescribed by the commissioner to enable the commissioner to make
 85.30 valuations, recommended valuations, and equalization required under sections 273.33,
 85.31 273.35, 273.36, ~~and 273.37~~, and 273.3711. If all the required information is not available
 85.32 on March 31, the company or pipeline shall file the information that is available on or
 85.33 before March 31, and the balance of the information as soon as it becomes available.

86.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

86.2 Sec. 42. **[273.3711] RECOMMENDED AND ORDERED VALUES.**

86.3 For purposes of sections 273.33, 273.35, 273.36, 273.37, 273.371, and 273.372,
86.4 all values not required to be listed and assessed by the commissioner of revenue are
86.5 recommended values.

86.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

86.7 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 274.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

86.8 Subdivision 1. **Ordinary board; meetings, deadlines, grievances.** (a) The town
86.9 board of a town, or the council or other governing body of a city, is the board of appeal
86.10 and equalization except (1) in cities whose charters provide for a board of equalization or
86.11 (2) in any city or town that has transferred its local board of review power and duties to
86.12 the county board as provided in subdivision 3. The county assessor shall fix a day and
86.13 time when the board or the board of equalization shall meet in the assessment districts
86.14 of the county. Notwithstanding any law or city charter to the contrary, a city board of
86.15 equalization shall be referred to as a board of appeal and equalization. On or before
86.16 February 15 of each year the assessor shall give written notice of the time to the city or
86.17 town clerk. Notwithstanding the provisions of any charter to the contrary, the meetings
86.18 must be held between April 1 and May 31 each year. The clerk shall give published and
86.19 posted notice of the meeting at least ten days before the date of the meeting.

86.20 The board shall meet at the office of the clerk to review the assessment and
86.21 classification of property in the town or city. No changes in valuation or classification
86.22 which are intended to correct errors in judgment by the county assessor may be made by
86.23 the county assessor after the board has adjourned in those cities or towns that hold a
86.24 local board of review; however, corrections of errors that are merely clerical in nature or
86.25 changes that extend homestead treatment to property are permitted after adjournment until
86.26 the tax extension date for that assessment year. The changes must be fully documented and
86.27 maintained in the assessor's office and must be available for review by any person. A copy
86.28 of the changes made during this period in those cities or towns that hold a local board of
86.29 review must be sent to the county board no later than December 31 of the assessment year.

86.30 (b) The board shall determine whether the taxable property in the town or city has
86.31 been properly placed on the list and properly valued by the assessor. If real or personal
86.32 property has been omitted, the board shall place it on the list with its market value, and
86.33 correct the assessment so that each tract or lot of real property, and each article, parcel,
86.34 or class of personal property, is entered on the assessment list at its market value. No

87.1 assessment of the property of any person may be raised unless the person has been
87.2 duly notified of the intent of the board to do so. On application of any person feeling
87.3 aggrieved, the board shall review the assessment or classification, or both, and correct
87.4 it as appears just. The board may not make an individual market value adjustment or
87.5 classification change that would benefit the property if the owner or other person having
87.6 control over the property has refused the assessor access to inspect the property and the
87.7 interior of any buildings or structures as provided in section 273.20. A board member
87.8 shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market value adjustments
87.9 or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the spouse, parent,
87.10 stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle, aunt, nephew,
87.11 or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a financial interest.
87.12 The relationship may be by blood or marriage.

87.13 (c) A local board may reduce assessments upon petition of the taxpayer but the total
87.14 reductions must not reduce the aggregate assessment made by the county assessor by more
87.15 than one percent. If the total reductions would lower the aggregate assessments made by
87.16 the county assessor by more than one percent, none of the adjustments may be made. The
87.17 assessor shall correct any clerical errors or double assessments discovered by the board
87.18 without regard to the one percent limitation.

87.19 (d) A local board does not have authority to grant an exemption or to order property
87.20 removed from the tax rolls.

87.21 (e) A majority of the members may act at the meeting, and adjourn from day to day
87.22 until they finish hearing the cases presented. The assessor shall attend, with the assessment
87.23 books and papers, and take part in the proceedings, but must not vote. The county assessor,
87.24 or an assistant delegated by the county assessor shall attend the meetings. The board shall
87.25 list separately, on a form appended to the assessment book, all omitted property added
87.26 to the list by the board and all items of property increased or decreased, with the market
87.27 value of each item of property, added or changed by the board, placed opposite the item.
87.28 The county assessor shall enter all changes made by the board in the assessment book.

87.29 (f) Except as provided in subdivision 3, if a person fails to appear in person, by
87.30 counsel, or by written communication before the board after being duly notified of the
87.31 board's intent to raise the assessment of the property, or if a person feeling aggrieved by an
87.32 assessment or classification fails to apply for a review of the assessment or classification,
87.33 the person may not appear before the county board of appeal and equalization for a review
87.34 of the assessment or classification. This paragraph does not apply if an assessment was
87.35 made after the local board meeting, as provided in section 273.01, or if the person can

88.1 establish not having received notice of market value at least five days before the local
88.2 board meeting.

88.3 (g) The local board must complete its work and adjourn within 20 days from the
88.4 time of convening stated in the notice of the clerk, unless a longer period is approved by
88.5 the commissioner of revenue. No action taken after that date is valid. All complaints
88.6 about an assessment or classification made after the meeting of the board must be heard
88.7 and determined by the county board of equalization. A nonresident may, at any time,
88.8 before the meeting of the board file written objections to an assessment or classification
88.9 with the county assessor. The objections must be presented to the board at its meeting by
88.10 the county assessor for its consideration.

88.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

88.12 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 274.13, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

88.13 Subdivision 1. **Members; meetings; rules for equalizing assessments.** The county
88.14 commissioners, or a majority of them, with the county auditor, or, if the auditor cannot be
88.15 present, the deputy county auditor, or, if there is no deputy, the court administrator of the
88.16 district court, shall form a board for the equalization of the assessment of the property
88.17 of the county, including the property of all cities whose charters provide for a board of
88.18 equalization. This board shall be referred to as the county board of appeal and equalization.
88.19 The board shall meet annually, on the date specified in section 274.14, at the office of the
88.20 auditor. Each member shall take an oath to fairly and impartially perform duties as a
88.21 member. Members shall not participate in any actions of the board which result in market
88.22 value adjustments or classification changes to property owned by the board member, the
88.23 spouse, parent, stepparent, child, stepchild, grandparent, grandchild, brother, sister, uncle,
88.24 aunt, nephew, or niece of a board member, or property in which a board member has a
88.25 financial interest. The relationship may be by blood or marriage. The board shall examine
88.26 and compare the returns of the assessment of property of the towns or districts, and
88.27 equalize them so that each tract or lot of real property and each article or class of personal
88.28 property is entered on the assessment list at its market value, subject to the following rules:

88.29 (1) The board shall raise the valuation of each tract or lot of real property which
88.30 in its opinion is returned below its market value to the sum believed to be its market
88.31 value. The board must first give notice of intention to raise the valuation to the person in
88.32 whose name it is assessed, if the person is a resident of the county. The notice must fix
88.33 a time and place for a hearing.

88.34 (2) The board shall reduce the valuation of each tract or lot which in its opinion is
88.35 returned above its market value to the sum believed to be its market value.

89.1 (3) The board shall raise the valuation of each class of personal property which
 89.2 in its opinion is returned below its market value to the sum believed to be its market
 89.3 value. It shall raise the aggregate value of the personal property of individuals, firms, or
 89.4 corporations, when it believes that the aggregate valuation, as returned, is less than the
 89.5 market value of the taxable personal property possessed by the individuals, firms, or
 89.6 corporations, to the sum it believes to be the market value. The board must first give notice
 89.7 to the persons of intention to do so. The notice must set a time and place for a hearing.

89.8 (4) The board shall reduce the valuation of each class of personal property that
 89.9 is returned above its market value to the sum it believes to be its market value. Upon
 89.10 complaint of a party aggrieved, the board shall reduce the aggregate valuation of the
 89.11 individual's personal property, or of any class of personal property for which the individual
 89.12 is assessed, which in its opinion has been assessed at too large a sum, to the sum it believes
 89.13 was the market value of the individual's personal property of that class.

89.14 (5) The board must not reduce the aggregate value of all the property of its county, as
 89.15 submitted to the county board of equalization, with the additions made by the auditor under
 89.16 this chapter, by more than one percent of its whole valuation. The board may raise the
 89.17 aggregate valuation of real property, and of each class of personal property, of the county,
 89.18 or of any town or district of the county, when it believes it is below the market value of the
 89.19 property, or class of property, to the aggregate amount it believes to be its market value.

89.20 (6) The board shall change the classification of any property which in its opinion
 89.21 is not properly classified.

89.22 (7) The board does not have the authority to grant an exemption or to order property
 89.23 removed from the tax rolls.

89.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

89.25 Sec. 45. **[274.135] COUNTY BOARDS; APPEALS AND EQUALIZATION**
 89.26 **COURSE AND MEETING REQUIREMENTS.**

89.27 **Subdivision 1. Handbook for county boards.** By no later than January 1, 2009, the
 89.28 commissioner of revenue must develop a handbook detailing procedures, responsibilities,
 89.29 and requirements for county boards of appeal and equalization. The handbook must
 89.30 include, but need not be limited to, the role of the county board in the assessment process,
 89.31 the legal and policy reasons for fair and impartial appeal and equalization hearings, county
 89.32 board meeting procedures that foster fair and impartial assessment reviews and other best
 89.33 practices recommendations, quorum requirements for county boards, and explanations
 89.34 of alternate methods of appeal.

90.1 Subd. 2. Appeals and equalization course. Beginning in 2009, and each year
 90.2 thereafter, there must be at least one member at each meeting of a county board of appeal
 90.3 and equalization who has attended an appeals and equalization course developed or
 90.4 approved by the commissioner within the last four years, as certified by the commissioner.
 90.5 The course may be offered in conjunction with a meeting of the Minnesota Association
 90.6 of Assessment Officers. The course content must include, but need not be limited to, a
 90.7 review of the handbook developed by the commissioner under subdivision 1.

90.8 Subd. 3. Proof of compliance; transfer of duties. (a) Any county that
 90.9 conducts county boards of appeal and equalization meetings must provide proof to the
 90.10 commissioner by December 1, 2009, and each year thereafter, that it is in compliance
 90.11 with the requirements of subdivision 2. Beginning in 2009, this notice must also verify
 90.12 that there was a quorum of voting members at each meeting of the board of appeal and
 90.13 equalization in the current year. A county that does not comply with these requirements
 90.14 is deemed to have transferred its board of appeal and equalization powers to the special
 90.15 board of equalization appointed pursuant to section 274.13, subdivision 2, beginning
 90.16 with the following year's assessment and continuing unless the powers are reinstated
 90.17 under paragraph (c). A county that does not comply with the requirements of subdivision
 90.18 2 and has not appointed a special board of equalization shall appoint a special board of
 90.19 equalization before the following year's assessment.

90.20 (b) The county shall notify the taxpayers when the board of appeal and equalization
 90.21 for a county has been transferred to the special board of equalization under this subdivision
 90.22 and, prior to the meeting time of the special board of equalization, the county shall make
 90.23 available to those taxpayers a procedure for a review of the assessments, including, but
 90.24 not limited to, open book meetings. This alternate review process must take place in
 90.25 April and May.

90.26 (c) A county board whose powers are transferred to the special board of equalization
 90.27 under this subdivision may be reinstated by resolution of the county board and upon proof
 90.28 of compliance with the requirements of subdivision 2. The resolution and proofs must be
 90.29 provided to the commissioner by December 1 in order to be effective for the following
 90.30 year's assessment.

90.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

90.32 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 275.065, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

90.33 Subd. 3. Notice of proposed property taxes. (a) The county auditor shall prepare
 90.34 and the county treasurer shall deliver after November 10 and on or before November 24
 90.35 each year, by first class mail to each taxpayer at the address listed on the county's current

91.1 year's assessment roll, a notice of proposed property taxes. Upon written request by
 91.2 the taxpayer, the treasurer may send the notice in electronic form or by electronic mail
 91.3 instead of on paper or by ordinary mail.

91.4 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of the notice.

91.5 (c) The notice must inform taxpayers that it contains the amount of property taxes
 91.6 each taxing authority proposes to collect for taxes payable the following year. In the case
 91.7 of a town, or in the case of the state general tax, the final tax amount will be its proposed
 91.8 tax. In the case of taxing authorities required to hold a public meeting under subdivision 6,
 91.9 the notice must clearly state that each taxing authority, including regional library districts
 91.10 established under section 134.201, and including the metropolitan taxing districts as
 91.11 defined in paragraph (i), but excluding all other special taxing districts and towns, will
 91.12 hold a public meeting to receive public testimony on the proposed budget and proposed or
 91.13 final property tax levy, or, in case of a school district, on the current budget and proposed
 91.14 property tax levy. It must clearly state the time and place of each taxing authority's
 91.15 meeting, a telephone number for the taxing authority that taxpayers may call if they have
 91.16 questions related to the notice, and an address where comments will be received by mail.

91.17 (d) The notice must state for each parcel:

91.18 (1) the market value of the property as determined under section 273.11, and used
 91.19 for computing property taxes payable in the following year and for taxes payable in the
 91.20 current year as each appears in the records of the county assessor on November 1 of the
 91.21 current year; and, in the case of residential property, whether the property is classified as
 91.22 homestead or nonhomestead. The notice must clearly inform taxpayers of the years to
 91.23 which the market values apply and that the values are final values;

91.24 (2) the items listed below, shown separately by county, city or town, and state general
 91.25 tax, net of the residential and agricultural homestead credit under section 273.1384, voter
 91.26 approved school levy, other local school levy, and the sum of the special taxing districts,
 91.27 and as a total of all taxing authorities:

91.28 (i) the actual tax for taxes payable in the current year; and

91.29 (ii) the proposed tax amount.

91.30 If the county levy under clause (2) includes an amount for a lake improvement
 91.31 district as defined under sections 103B.501 to 103B.581, the amount attributable for that
 91.32 purpose must be separately stated from the remaining county levy amount.

91.33 In the case of a town or the state general tax, the final tax shall also be its proposed
 91.34 tax unless the town changes its levy at a special town meeting under section 365.52. If a
 91.35 school district has certified under section 126C.17, subdivision 9, that a referendum will
 91.36 be held in the school district at the November general election, the county auditor must

92.1 note next to the school district's proposed amount that a referendum is pending and that,
 92.2 if approved by the voters, the tax amount may be higher than shown on the notice. In
 92.3 the case of the city of Minneapolis, the levy for the Minneapolis Library Board and the
 92.4 levy for Minneapolis Park and Recreation shall be listed separately from the remaining
 92.5 amount of the city's levy. In the case of the city of St. Paul, the levy for the St. Paul
 92.6 Library Agency must be listed separately from the remaining amount of the city's levy.
 92.7 In the case of Ramsey County, any amount levied under section 134.07 may be listed
 92.8 separately from the remaining amount of the county's levy. In the case of a parcel where
 92.9 tax increment or the fiscal disparities areawide tax under chapter 276A or 473F applies,
 92.10 the proposed tax levy on the captured value or the proposed tax levy on the tax capacity
 92.11 subject to the areawide tax must each be stated separately and not included in the sum of
 92.12 the special taxing districts; and

92.13 (3) the increase or decrease between the total taxes payable in the current year and
 92.14 the total proposed taxes, expressed as a percentage.

92.15 For purposes of this section, the amount of the tax on homesteads qualifying under
 92.16 the senior citizens' property tax deferral program under chapter 290B is the total amount
 92.17 of property tax before subtraction of the deferred property tax amount.

92.18 (e) The notice must clearly state that the proposed or final taxes do not include
 92.19 the following:

92.20 (1) special assessments;

92.21 (2) levies approved by the voters after the date the proposed taxes are certified,
 92.22 including bond referenda and school district levy referenda;

92.23 (3) a levy limit increase approved by the voters by the first Tuesday after the first
 92.24 Monday in November of the levy year as provided under section 275.73;

92.25 (4) amounts necessary to pay cleanup or other costs due to a natural disaster
 92.26 occurring after the date the proposed taxes are certified;

92.27 (5) amounts necessary to pay tort judgments against the taxing authority that become
 92.28 final after the date the proposed taxes are certified; and

92.29 (6) the contamination tax imposed on properties which received market value
 92.30 reductions for contamination.

92.31 (f) Except as provided in subdivision 7, failure of the county auditor to prepare or
 92.32 the county treasurer to deliver the notice as required in this section does not invalidate the
 92.33 proposed or final tax levy or the taxes payable pursuant to the tax levy.

92.34 (g) If the notice the taxpayer receives under this section lists the property as
 92.35 nonhomestead, and satisfactory documentation is provided to the county assessor by the
 92.36 applicable deadline, and the property qualifies for the homestead classification in that

93.1 assessment year, the assessor shall reclassify the property to homestead for taxes payable
 93.2 in the following year.

93.3 (h) In the case of class 4 residential property used as a residence for lease or rental
 93.4 periods of 30 days or more, the taxpayer must either:

93.5 (1) mail or deliver a copy of the notice of proposed property taxes to each tenant,
 93.6 renter, or lessee; or

93.7 (2) post a copy of the notice in a conspicuous place on the premises of the property.

93.8 The notice must be mailed or posted by the taxpayer by November 27 or within
 93.9 three days of receipt of the notice, whichever is later. A taxpayer may notify the county
 93.10 treasurer of the address of the taxpayer, agent, caretaker, or manager of the premises to
 93.11 which the notice must be mailed in order to fulfill the requirements of this paragraph.

93.12 (i) For purposes of this subdivision, subdivisions 5a and 6, "metropolitan special
 93.13 taxing districts" means the following taxing districts in the seven-county metropolitan area
 93.14 that levy a property tax for any of the specified purposes listed below:

93.15 (1) Metropolitan Council under section 473.132, 473.167, 473.249, 473.325,
 93.16 473.446, 473.521, 473.547, or 473.834;

93.17 (2) Metropolitan Airports Commission under section 473.667, 473.671, or 473.672;
 93.18 and

93.19 (3) Metropolitan Mosquito Control Commission under section 473.711.

93.20 For purposes of this section, any levies made by the regional rail authorities in the
 93.21 county of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey, Scott, or Washington under chapter
 93.22 398A shall be included with the appropriate county's levy and shall be discussed at that
 93.23 county's public hearing.

93.24 (j) The governing body of a county, city, or school district may, with the consent
 93.25 of the county board, include supplemental information with the statement of proposed
 93.26 property taxes about the impact of state aid increases or decreases on property tax
 93.27 increases or decreases and on the level of services provided in the affected jurisdiction.
 93.28 This supplemental information may include information for the following year, the current
 93.29 year, and for as many consecutive preceding years as deemed appropriate by the governing
 93.30 body of the county, city, or school district. It may include only information regarding:

93.31 (1) the impact of inflation as measured by the implicit price deflator for state and
 93.32 local government purchases;

93.33 (2) population growth and decline;

93.34 (3) state or federal government action; and

94.1 (4) other financial factors that affect the level of property taxation and local services
 94.2 that the governing body of the county, city, or school district may deem appropriate to
 94.3 include.

94.4 The information may be presented using tables, written narrative, and graphic
 94.5 representations and may contain instruction toward further sources of information or
 94.6 opportunity for comment.

94.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for notices required in 2007 and
 94.8 thereafter, for taxes payable in 2008 and thereafter.

94.9 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 275.065, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

94.10 Subd. 5a. **Public advertisement.** (a) A city that has a population of more than
 94.11 2,500, county, a metropolitan special taxing district as defined in subdivision 3, paragraph
 94.12 (i), a regional library district established under section 134.201, or school district shall
 94.13 advertise in a newspaper a notice of its intent to adopt a budget and property tax levy or,
 94.14 in the case of a school district, to review its current budget and proposed property taxes
 94.15 payable in the following year, at a public hearing, if a public hearing is required under
 94.16 subdivision 6. The notice must be published not less than two business days nor more
 94.17 than six business days before the hearing.

94.18 The advertisement must be at least one-eighth page in size of a standard-size or a
 94.19 tabloid-size newspaper. The advertisement must not be placed in the part of the newspaper
 94.20 where legal notices and classified advertisements appear. The advertisement must be
 94.21 published in an official newspaper of general circulation in the taxing authority. The
 94.22 newspaper selected must be one of general interest and readership in the community, and
 94.23 not one of limited subject matter. The advertisement must appear in a newspaper that is
 94.24 published at least once per week.

94.25 For purposes of this section, the metropolitan special taxing district's advertisement
 94.26 must only be published in the Minneapolis Star and Tribune and the Saint Paul Pioneer
 94.27 Press.

94.28 In addition to other requirements, a county and a city having a population of
 94.29 more than 2,500 must show in the public advertisement required under this subdivision
 94.30 the current local tax rate, the proposed local tax rate if no property tax levy increase
 94.31 is adopted, and the proposed rate if the proposed levy is adopted. For purposes of this
 94.32 subdivision, "local tax rate" means the city's or county's net tax capacity levy divided by
 94.33 the city's or county's taxable net tax capacity.

94.34 (b) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (g), the advertisement for school districts,
 94.35 metropolitan special taxing districts, and regional library districts must be in the following

95.1 form, except that the notice for a school district may include references to the current
95.2 budget in regard to proposed property taxes.

95.3 "NOTICE OF
95.4 PROPOSED PROPERTY TAXES

95.5 (School District/Metropolitan
95.6 Special Taxing District/Regional
95.7 Library District) of

95.8 The governing body of will soon hold budget hearings and vote on the property
95.9 taxes for (metropolitan special taxing district/regional library district services that will be
95.10 provided in (year)/school district services that will be provided in (year) and (year)).

95.11 NOTICE OF PUBLIC HEARING:

95.12 All concerned citizens are invited to attend a public hearing and express their opinions
95.13 on the proposed (school district/metropolitan special taxing district/regional library
95.14 district) budget and property taxes, or in the case of a school district, its current budget
95.15 and proposed property taxes, payable in the following year. The hearing will be held on
95.16 (Month/Day/Year) at (Time) at (Location, Address)."

95.17 (c) Subject to the provisions of paragraph (g), the advertisement for cities and
95.18 counties must be in the following form.

95.19 "NOTICE OF PROPOSED
95.20 TOTAL BUDGET AND PROPERTY TAXES

95.21 The (city/county) governing body or board of commissioners will hold a public hearing to
95.22 discuss the budget and to vote on the amount of property taxes to collect for services the
95.23 (city/county) will provide in (year).

95.24 SPENDING: The total budget amounts below compare (city's/county's) (year) total actual
95.25 budget with the amount the (city/county) proposes to spend in (year).

95.26	(Year) Total Actual	Proposed (Year)	Change from
95.27	Budget	Budget	(Year)-(Year)
95.28	\$.....	\$.....%

95.29 TAXES: The property tax amounts below compare that portion of the current budget
95.30 levied in property taxes in (city/county) for (year) with the property taxes the (city/county)
95.31 proposes to collect in (year).

95.32	(Year) Property	Proposed (Year)	Change from
95.33	Taxes	Property Taxes	(Year)-(Year)
95.34	\$.....	\$.....%

96.1 LOCAL TAX RATE COMPARISON: The current local tax rate, the local tax rate if no tax
 96.2 levy increase is adopted, and the proposed local tax rate if the proposed levy is adopted.

96.3 (Year) Tax Rate	(Year) Tax Rate if NO	(Year) Proposed
96.4	Levy Increase	Tax Rate
96.5

96.6 ATTEND THE PUBLIC HEARING

96.7 All (city/county) residents are invited to attend the public hearing of the (city/county) to
 96.8 express your opinions on the budget and the proposed amount of (year) property taxes.

96.9 The hearing will be held on:

96.10 (Month/Day/Year/Time)
 96.11 (Location/Address)

96.12 If the discussion of the budget cannot be completed, a time and place for continuing the
 96.13 discussion will be announced at the hearing. You are also invited to send your written
 96.14 comments to:

96.15 (City/County)
 96.16 (Location/Address)"

96.17 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, the budget amounts listed on the advertisement
 96.18 mean:

96.19 (1) for cities, the total government fund expenditures, as defined by the state auditor
 96.20 under section 471.6965, less any expenditures for improvements or services that are
 96.21 specially assessed or charged under chapter 429, 430, 435, or the provisions of any other
 96.22 law or charter; and

96.23 (2) for counties, the total government fund expenditures, as defined by the state
 96.24 auditor under section 375.169, less any expenditures for direct payments to recipients or
 96.25 providers for the human service aids listed below:

- 96.26 (i) Minnesota family investment program under chapters 256J and 256K;
- 96.27 (ii) medical assistance under sections 256B.041, subdivision 5, and 256B.19,
 96.28 subdivision 1;
- 96.29 (iii) general assistance medical care under section 256D.03, subdivision 6;
- 96.30 (iv) general assistance under section 256D.03, subdivision 2;
- 96.31 (v) emergency assistance under section 256J.48;
- 96.32 (vi) Minnesota supplemental aid under section 256D.36, subdivision 1;
- 96.33 (vii) preadmission screening under section 256B.0911, and alternative care grants
 96.34 under section 256B.0913;

96.35 (viii) general assistance medical care claims processing, medical transportation and
 96.36 related costs under section 256D.03, subdivision 4;

97.1 (ix) medical transportation and related costs under section 256B.0625, subdivisions
97.2 17 to 18a;

97.3 (x) group residential housing under section 256L.05, subdivision 8, transferred from
97.4 programs in clauses (iv) and (vi); or

97.5 (xi) any successor programs to those listed in clauses (i) to (x).

97.6 (e) A city with a population of over 500 but not more than 2,500 that is required to
97.7 hold a public hearing under subdivision 6 must advertise by posted notice as defined in
97.8 section 645.12, subdivision 1. The advertisement must be posted at the time provided in
97.9 paragraph (a). It must be in the form required in paragraph (b).

97.10 (f) For purposes of this subdivision, the population of a city is the most recent
97.11 population as determined by the state demographer under section 4A.02.

97.12 (g) The commissioner of revenue, ~~subject to the approval of the chairs of the house~~
97.13 ~~and senate tax committees~~, shall annually prescribe the specific form and format of the
97.14 advertisements required under this subdivision, including such details as font size and
97.15 style, and spacing for the required items. The commissioner may prescribe alternate and
97.16 additional language for the advertisement for a taxing authority or for groups of taxing
97.17 authorities. At least two weeks before November 29 each year, the commissioner shall
97.18 provide a copy of the prescribed advertisements to the chairs of the committees of the
97.19 house of representatives and the senate with jurisdiction over taxes.

97.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for advertisements in 2007 and
97.21 thereafter, for proposed taxes payable in 2008 and thereafter.

97.22 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 275.067, is amended to read:

97.23 **275.067 SPECIAL TAXING DISTRICTS; ORGANIZATION DATE;**
97.24 **CERTIFICATION OF LEVY OR SPECIAL ASSESSMENTS.**

97.25 Special taxing districts as defined in section 275.066 organized on or before July 1 in
97.26 a the current calendar year may, and special taxing districts organized in a prior year that
97.27 have not previously certified a levy to the county auditor, are allowed to certify a levy to
97.28 the county auditor in that same the current year for property taxes or special assessments
97.29 to be payable in the following calendar year to the extent that the special taxing district is
97.30 authorized by statute or special act to levy taxes or special assessments, but only if the
97.31 county auditor receives written notice from the district on or before July 1 of the current
97.32 year that the district may be certifying a levy in the current year, and the notice includes a
97.33 complete list or other description of the tax parcels in the district and a map showing the
97.34 boundaries of the district. Special taxing districts organized after July 1 in a calendar year

98.1 may not certify a levy of property taxes or special assessments to the county auditor under
 98.2 the powers granted to them by statute or special act and subject to the requirements of
 98.3 this section until the following calendar year. All special taxing districts must notify the
 98.4 county auditor by July 1 in order for its boundaries for the levy to be certified that year
 98.5 to be different than its boundaries for levies certified in prior years, and the notice must
 98.6 include a complete list or other description of the tax parcels within the new boundaries
 98.7 and a map showing the new boundaries of the district.

98.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for taxes payable in 2008 and
 98.9 thereafter.

98.10 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 276.04, is amended by adding a subdivision
 98.11 to read:

98.12 **Subd. 5. Electronic tax statements.** Upon written request by the owner of real
 98.13 property located in the county, or by the owner's agent, a county may send tax statements
 98.14 by electronic means instead of by mailing. For the purposes of the payment deadlines
 98.15 specified in section 279.01, the postmark date on the envelope containing these property
 98.16 tax statements is the date the statements were sent by electronic means.

98.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for tax statements for taxes payable
 98.18 in 2008 and thereafter.

98.19 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 277.01, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

98.20 **Subd. 2. Partial payments.** The county treasurer may accept payments of more or
 98.21 less than the exact amount of a tax installment due. Payments must be applied first to the
 98.22 oldest installment that is due but which has not been fully paid. If the accepted payment is
 98.23 less than the amount due, ~~payments must be~~ the payment is applied first to the penalty
 98.24 accrued for the year ~~the payment is made~~ or the installment being paid. Acceptance of
 98.25 partial payment of tax does not constitute a waiver of the minimum payment required as a
 98.26 condition for filing an appeal under section 278.03 or any other law, nor does it affect the
 98.27 order of payment of delinquent taxes under section 280.39.

98.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for payments made on or after the
 98.29 day following final enactment.

98.30 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 279.01, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

98.31 **Subdivision 1. Due dates; penalties.** Except as provided in subdivision 3 or 4, on
 98.32 May 16 or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax

99.1 statement, whichever is later, a penalty ~~shall accrue~~ accrues and thereafter ~~be is~~ is charged
99.2 upon all unpaid taxes on real estate on the current lists in the hands of the county treasurer.
99.3 The penalty ~~shall be is~~ is at a rate of two percent on homestead property until May 31 and
99.4 four percent on June 1. The penalty on nonhomestead property ~~shall be is~~ is at a rate of four
99.5 percent until May 31 and eight percent on June 1. This penalty ~~shall~~ does not accrue until
99.6 June 1 of each year, or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the
99.7 property tax statements, whichever is later, on commercial use real property used for
99.8 seasonal residential recreational purposes and classified as class 1c or 4c, and on other
99.9 commercial use real property classified as class 3a, provided that over 60 percent of the
99.10 gross income earned by the enterprise on the class 3a property is earned during the months
99.11 of May, June, July, and August. ~~Any property owner of such class 3a property who pays~~
99.12 In order for the first half of the tax due on the class 3a property to be paid after May 15
99.13 and before June 1, or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the
99.14 property tax statement, whichever is later, ~~shall~~ without penalty, the owner of the property
99.15 must attach an affidavit to the payment attesting to compliance with the income provision
99.16 of this subdivision. Thereafter, for both homestead and nonhomestead property, on the
99.17 first day of each month beginning July 1, up to and including October 1 following, an
99.18 additional penalty of one percent for each month ~~shall accrue~~ accrues and ~~be is~~ is charged on
99.19 all such unpaid taxes provided that if the due date was extended beyond May 15 as the
99.20 result of any delay in mailing property tax statements no additional penalty shall accrue
99.21 if the tax is paid by the extended due date. If the tax is not paid by the extended due
99.22 date, then all penalties that would have accrued if the due date had been May 15 shall be
99.23 charged. When the taxes against any tract or lot exceed \$50, one-half thereof may be paid
99.24 prior to May 16 or 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property
99.25 tax statement, whichever is later; and, if so paid, no penalty ~~shall attach~~ attaches; the
99.26 remaining one-half ~~shall~~ may be paid at any time prior to October 16 following, without
99.27 penalty; but, if not so paid, then a penalty of two percent ~~shall accrue~~ accrues thereon for
99.28 homestead property and a penalty of four percent on nonhomestead property. Thereafter,
99.29 for homestead property, on the first day of November an additional penalty of four percent
99.30 ~~shall accrue~~ accrues and on the first day of December following, an additional penalty of
99.31 two percent ~~shall accrue~~ accrues and ~~be is~~ is charged on all such unpaid taxes. Thereafter,
99.32 for nonhomestead property, on the first day of November and December following, an
99.33 additional penalty of four percent for each month ~~shall accrue~~ accrues and ~~be is~~ is charged
99.34 on all such unpaid taxes. If one-half of such taxes ~~shall~~ are not be paid prior to May 16 or
99.35 21 days after the postmark date on the envelope containing the property tax statement,
99.36 whichever is later, the same may be paid at any time prior to October 16, with accrued

100.1 penalties to the date of payment added, and thereupon no penalty ~~shall attach~~ attaches to
 100.2 the remaining one-half until October 16 following.

100.3 This section applies to payment of personal property taxes assessed against
 100.4 improvements to leased property, except as provided by section 277.01, subdivision 3.

100.5 A county may provide by resolution that in the case of a property owner that has
 100.6 multiple tracts or parcels with aggregate taxes exceeding \$50, payments may be made in
 100.7 installments as provided in this subdivision.

100.8 The county treasurer may accept payments of more or less than the exact amount of
 100.9 a tax installment due. Payments must be applied first to the oldest installment that is due
 100.10 but which has not been fully paid. If the accepted payment is less than the amount due,
 100.11 payments must be applied first to the penalty accrued for the year ~~the payment is made~~
 100.12 or the installment being paid. Acceptance of partial payment of tax does not constitute
 100.13 a waiver of the minimum payment required as a condition for filing an appeal under
 100.14 section 278.03 or any other law, nor does it affect the order of payment of delinquent
 100.15 taxes under section 280.39.

100.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for payments made on or after the
 100.17 day following final enactment.

100.18 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 282.01, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

100.19 Subd. 1a. **Conveyance; generally.** (a) Tax-forfeited lands may be sold by the
 100.20 county board to an organized or incorporated governmental subdivision of the state for
 100.21 any public purpose for which the subdivision is authorized to acquire property or may be
 100.22 released from the trust in favor of the taxing districts on application of a state agency for
 100.23 an authorized use at not less than their value as determined by the county board.

100.24 (b) The commissioner of revenue may convey by deed in the name of the state a
 100.25 tract of tax-forfeited land held in trust in favor of the taxing districts to a governmental
 100.26 subdivision for an authorized public use, if an application is submitted to the commissioner
 100.27 which includes a statement of facts as to the use to be made of the tract and the need
 100.28 therefor and the recommendation of the county board.

100.29 (c) For deeds issued under paragraph (b), the phrase "authorized public use" means a
 100.30 use that is intended to result in a direct utilization of the property by the general public,
 100.31 or some indefinite portion of the general public. Examples of uses that are authorized
 100.32 public uses include, but are not limited to, public parks, public beaches, public trails,
 100.33 and recreation facilities or community centers open to use by the general public. An
 100.34 authorized public use does not mean a use that is intended to result in only an indirect
 100.35 benefit for the public or an indirect or incidental utilization of the property by the

101.1 general public. Examples of uses that are not authorized public uses include open space,
 101.2 ponding, wetland, bluff or other natural preservation, economic development, and civic
 101.3 administration or service facilities.

101.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for deed applications received by the
 101.5 commissioner of revenue on or after July 1, 2007.

101.6 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 282.01, subdivision 1d, is amended to read:

101.7 Subd. 1d. **Reverter for failure to use; conveyance to state.** (a) If after three
 101.8 years from the date of the conveyance a governmental subdivision to which tax-forfeited
 101.9 land has been conveyed for a specified public use as provided in this section fails to put
 101.10 the land to that use, or abandons that use, the governing body of the subdivision may,
 101.11 with the approval of the county board, purchase the property for an authorized public
 101.12 purpose at the present appraised value as determined by the county board. In that case, the
 101.13 commissioner of revenue shall, upon proper written application approved by the county
 101.14 board, issue an appropriate deed to the subdivisions free of a use restriction and reverter.
 101.15 If the subdivision does not purchase the property, or if its application to purchase is denied
 101.16 by the county board, the governing body ~~may also~~ must immediately authorize the proper
 101.17 officers to convey the land, or the part of the land not required for an authorized public use,
 101.18 to the state of Minnesota. The officers shall execute a deed of conveyance immediately.
 101.19 The conveyance is subject to the approval of the commissioner and its form must be
 101.20 approved by the attorney general. If approved, the commissioner must return the deed
 101.21 of conveyance to the governmental subdivision and the governmental subdivision must
 101.22 record the conveyance document, along with the commissioner's certificate of approval, at
 101.23 the governmental subdivision's expense.

101.24 (b) A sale, lease, transfer, or other conveyance of tax-forfeited lands by a housing
 101.25 and redevelopment authority, a port authority, an economic development authority, or a
 101.26 city as authorized by chapter 469 is not an abandonment of use and the lands shall not be
 101.27 reconveyed to the state nor shall they revert to the state. A certificate made by a housing
 101.28 and redevelopment authority, a port authority, an economic development authority, or a
 101.29 city referring to a conveyance by it and stating that the conveyance has been made as
 101.30 authorized by chapter 469 may be filed with the county recorder or registrar of titles, and
 101.31 the rights of reverter in favor of the state provided by subdivision 1e will then terminate.
 101.32 No vote of the people is required for the conveyance.

102.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007, except that the
102.2 requirement for governmental subdivisions to pay recording fees is effective for deeds of
102.3 conveyance executed by governmental subdivisions on or after July 1, 2008.

102.4 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 282.01, subdivision 1e, is amended to read:

102.5 Subd. 1e. **Notice and declaration of reversion.** If the tax-forfeited land is not either
102.6 purchased or conveyed to the state in accordance with subdivision 1d, the commissioner
102.7 of revenue shall by written instrument, in form approved by the attorney general, declare
102.8 the land to have reverted to the state, and shall serve a notice of reversion, with a copy
102.9 of the declaration, by certified mail upon the clerk or recorder of the governmental
102.10 subdivision concerned. No declaration of reversion under this subdivision shall be made
102.11 earlier than 60 days after the expiration of the three-year period described in subdivision
102.12 1d. The commissioner shall file the original declaration in the commissioner's office,
102.13 with verified proof of service. The governmental subdivision may appeal to the district
102.14 court of the county in which the land lies by filing with the court administrator a notice
102.15 of appeal, specifying the grounds of appeal and the description of the land involved,
102.16 mailing a copy of the notice of appeal by certified mail to the commissioner of revenue,
102.17 and filing a copy for record with the county recorder or registrar of titles, all within 30
102.18 days after the mailing of the notice of reversion. The appeal shall be tried by the court
102.19 in like manner as a civil action. If no appeal is taken as provided in this subdivision, the
102.20 declaration of reversion is final. The commissioner of revenue shall file for record with the
102.21 county recorder or registrar of titles, of the county within which the land lies, a certified
102.22 copy of the declaration of reversion and proof of service. Governmental subdivisions must
102.23 pay the recording fees incurred by the commissioner for each declaration served upon it
102.24 pursuant to this subdivision.

102.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for declarations of reversion for
102.26 which the notice of reversion is mailed by the commissioner on or after July 1, 2007.

102.27 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 282.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
102.28 to read:

102.29 Subd. 1g. **Conveyance; previously un conveyed tax-forfeited lands.** (a) The
102.30 commissioner of revenue must convey tax-forfeited lands to a governmental subdivision
102.31 by quit claim deed if:

102.32 (1) the land was offered for sale to the public;

102.33 (2) the land was neither sold nor conveyed within 24 months following the initial
102.34 offering; and

103.1 (3) an application is submitted to the commissioner by the governmental subdivision.
 103.2 (b) Tax-forfeited lands offered for sale to the public, and neither sold nor conveyed
 103.3 within six months following the initial offering are included as lands described in
 103.4 paragraph (a) if the county board of that county so recommends by resolution. A certified
 103.5 copy of the resolution must be included along with the application that is submitted to the
 103.6 commissioner under paragraph (a).

103.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications received by the
 103.8 commissioner on or after July 1, 2007.

103.9 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290B.03, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

103.10 Subd. 2. **Qualifying homestead; defined.** Qualifying homestead property is defined
 103.11 as the dwelling occupied as the homeowner's principal residence and so much of the land
 103.12 surrounding it as is reasonably necessary for use of the dwelling as a home and any other
 103.13 property used for purposes of a homestead as defined in section 273.13, subdivisions
 103.14 22 and 23, but not to exceed one acre. The homestead may be part of a multidwelling
 103.15 building and the land on which it is built. Property is not qualifying homestead property if
 103.16 a person or entity other than the applicant or the applicant's spouse holds an interest in the
 103.17 property as the vendor under a contract for deed or as a remainderperson.

103.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for applications submitted on or
 103.19 after January 1, 2007.

103.20 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290C.02, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

103.21 Subd. 3. **Claimant.** (a) "Claimant" means:

103.22 (1) a person, as that term is defined in section 290.01, subdivision 2, who owns
 103.23 forest land in Minnesota and files an application authorized by the Sustainable Forest
 103.24 Incentive Act. ~~Claimant includes;~~

103.25 (2) a purchaser or grantee if property enrolled in the program was sold or transferred
 103.26 after the original application was filed and prior to the annual incentive payment being
 103.27 made; or

103.28 (3) an owner of land previously covered by an auxiliary forest contract that
 103.29 automatically qualifies for inclusion in the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act program
 103.30 pursuant to section 88.49, subdivision 9a, or 88.491, subdivision 2.

103.31 The purchaser or grantee must notify the commissioner in writing of the sale or
 103.32 transfer of the property. Owners of land that qualifies for inclusion pursuant to section
 103.33 88.49, subdivision 9a, or 88.491, subdivision 2, must notify the commissioner in writing

104.1 of the expiration of the auxiliary forest contract or land trade with a governmental unit and
 104.2 submit an application to the commissioner by August 15 in order to be eligible to receive a
 104.3 payment by October 1 of that same year. For purposes of section 290C.11, claimant also
 104.4 includes any person bound by the covenant required in section 290C.04.

104.5 (b) No more than one claimant is entitled to a payment under this chapter with
 104.6 respect to any tract, parcel, or piece of land enrolled under this chapter that has been
 104.7 assigned the same parcel identification number. When enrolled forest land is owned by
 104.8 two or more persons, the owners must determine between them which person is eligible to
 104.9 claim the payments provided under sections 290C.01 to 290C.11. In the case of property
 104.10 sold or transferred, the former owner and the purchaser or grantee must determine between
 104.11 them which person is eligible to claim the payments provided under sections 290C.01 to
 104.12 290C.11. The owners, transferees, or grantees must notify the commissioner in writing
 104.13 which person is eligible to claim the payments.

104.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

104.15 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290C.04, is amended to read:

104.16 **290C.04 APPLICATIONS.**

104.17 (a) A landowner may apply to enroll forest land for the sustainable forest incentive
 104.18 program under this chapter. The claimant must complete, sign, and submit an application
 104.19 to the commissioner by September 30 in order for the land to become eligible beginning
 104.20 in the next year. The application shall be on a form prescribed by the commissioner and
 104.21 must include the information the commissioner deems necessary. At a minimum, the
 104.22 application must show the following information for the land and the claimant: (i) the
 104.23 claimant's Social Security number or state or federal business tax registration number and
 104.24 date of birth, (ii) the claimant's address, (iii) the claimant's signature, (iv) the county's
 104.25 parcel identification numbers for the tax parcels that completely contain the claimant's
 104.26 forest land that is sought to be enrolled, (v) the number of acres eligible for enrollment
 104.27 in the program, (vi) the approved plan writer's signature and identification number, and
 104.28 (vii) proof, in a form specified by the commissioner, that the claimant has executed and
 104.29 acknowledged in the manner required by law for a deed, and recorded, a covenant that the
 104.30 land is not and shall not be developed in a manner inconsistent with the requirements and
 104.31 conditions of this chapter. The covenant shall state in writing that the covenant is binding
 104.32 on the claimant and the claimant's successor or assignee, and that it runs with the land
 104.33 for a period of not less than eight years. The commissioner shall specify the form of the
 104.34 covenant and provide copies upon request. The covenant must include a legal description

105.1 that encompasses all the forest land that the claimant wishes to enroll under this section or
 105.2 the certificate of title number for that land if it is registered land.

105.3 (b) In all cases, the commissioner shall notify the claimant within 90 days after
 105.4 receipt of a completed application that either the land has or has not been approved for
 105.5 enrollment. A claimant whose application is denied may appeal the denial as provided in
 105.6 section ~~290C.11, paragraph (a)~~ 290C.13.

105.7 (c) Within 90 days after the denial of an application, or within 90 days after the
 105.8 final resolution of any appeal related to the denial, the commissioner shall execute and
 105.9 acknowledge a document releasing the land from the covenant required under this chapter.
 105.10 The document must be mailed to the claimant and is entitled to be recorded.

105.11 (d) The Social Security numbers collected from individuals under this section are
 105.12 private data as provided in section 13.355. The federal business tax registration number
 105.13 and date of birth data collected under this section are also private data on individuals or
 105.14 nonpublic data, as defined in section 13.02, subdivisions 9 and 12, but may be shared
 105.15 with county assessors for purposes of tax administration and with county treasurers for
 105.16 purposes of the revenue recapture under chapter 270A.

105.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

105.18 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290C.05, is amended to read:

105.19 **290C.05 ANNUAL CERTIFICATION.**

105.20 On or before July 1 of each year, beginning with the year after the original claimant
 105.21 has received an approved application, the commissioner shall send each claimant enrolled
 105.22 under the sustainable forest incentive program a certification form. For purposes of this
 105.23 section, the original claimant is the person that filed the first application under section
 105.24 290C.04 to enroll the land in the program. The claimant must sign the certification,
 105.25 attesting that the requirements and conditions for continued enrollment in the program are
 105.26 currently being met, and must return the signed certification form to the commissioner by
 105.27 August 15 of that same year. If the claimant does not return an annual certification form
 105.28 by the due date, the provisions in section 290C.11 apply.

105.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

105.30 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 290C.11, is amended to read:

105.31 **290C.11 PENALTIES FOR REMOVAL.**

105.32 (a) If the commissioner determines that land enrolled in the sustainable forest
 105.33 incentive program is in violation of the conditions for enrollment as specified in section

106.1 290C.03, the commissioner shall notify the claimant of the intent to remove all enrolled
 106.2 land from the sustainable forest incentive program. The claimant has 60 days to appeal
 106.3 this determination under the provisions of section 290C.13. ~~The appeal must be made~~
 106.4 ~~in writing to the commissioner, who shall, within 60 days, notify the claimant as to the~~
 106.5 ~~outcome of the appeal. Within 60 days after the commissioner denies an appeal, or within~~
 106.6 ~~120 days after the commissioner received a written appeal if the commissioner has not~~
 106.7 ~~made a determination in that time, the owner may appeal to Tax Court under chapter 271~~
 106.8 ~~as if the appeal is from an order of the commissioner.~~

106.9 (b) If the commissioner determines the land is to be removed from the sustainable
 106.10 forest incentive program, the claimant is liable for payment to the commissioner in the
 106.11 amount equal to the payments received under this chapter for the previous four-year
 106.12 period, plus interest. The claimant has 90 days to satisfy the payment for removal of land
 106.13 from the sustainable forest incentive program under this section. If the penalty is not paid
 106.14 within the 90-day period under this paragraph, the commissioner shall certify the amount
 106.15 to the county auditor for collection as a part of the general ad valorem real property taxes
 106.16 on the land in the following taxes payable year.

106.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

106.18 Sec. 61. **[290C.13] APPEALS.**

106.19 **Subdivision 1. Claimant right to reconsideration.** A claimant may obtain
 106.20 reconsideration by the commissioner of a determination removing enrolled land from the
 106.21 sustainable forest incentive program, a determination denying an application to enroll land
 106.22 in the program, or a denial of part or all of an incentive payment by filing an administrative
 106.23 appeal under subdivision 4. A claimant cannot obtain reconsideration under this section if
 106.24 the action taken by the commissioner is the outcome of an administrative appeal.

106.25 **Subd. 2. Appeal by claimant.** A claimant who wishes to seek administrative review
 106.26 must follow the procedures in subdivision 4.

106.27 **Subd. 3. Notice date.** For purposes of this section, the term "notice date" means
 106.28 the date of the determination removing enrolled land or the date of the notice denying an
 106.29 application to enroll land or denying part or all of an incentive payment.

106.30 **Subd. 4. Time and content for administrative appeal.** Within 60 days after the
 106.31 notice date, the claimant must file a written appeal with the commissioner. The appeal
 106.32 need not be in any particular form but must contain the following information:

106.33 (1) name and address of the claimant;

106.34 (2) if a corporation, the state of incorporation of the claimant, and the principal
 106.35 place of business of the corporation;

- 107.1 (3) the Minnesota or federal business identification number or Social Security
 107.2 number of the claimant;
 107.3 (4) the date;
 107.4 (5) the periods involved and the amount of payment involved for each year or period;
 107.5 (6) the findings in the notice that the claimant disputes;
 107.6 (7) a summary statement that the claimant relies on for each exception; and
 107.7 (8) the claimant's signature or signature of the claimant's duly authorized agent.

107.8 Subd. 5. **Extensions.** When requested in writing and within the time allowed for
 107.9 filing an administrative appeal, the commissioner may extend the time for filing an appeal
 107.10 for a period not more than 30 days from the expiration of the 60 days from the notice date.

107.11 Subd. 6. **Determination of appeal.** On the basis of applicable law and available
 107.12 information, the commissioner shall determine the validity, if any, in whole or in part,
 107.13 of the appeal and notify the claimant of the decision. This notice must be in writing
 107.14 and contain the basis for the determination.

107.15 Subd. 7. **Agreement determining issues under appeal.** When it appears to be in
 107.16 the best interests of the state, the commissioner may settle the amount of any incentive
 107.17 payments, payments owed by the claimant under section 290C.11, paragraph (b), penalties,
 107.18 or interest that the commissioner has under consideration by virtue of an appeal filed
 107.19 under this section. An agreement must be in writing and signed by the commissioner and
 107.20 the claimant, or the claimant's representative authorized by the claimant to enter into an
 107.21 agreement. The agreement is final and conclusive and, except upon a showing of fraud or
 107.22 malfeasance, or misrepresentation of a material fact, the case must not be reopened as to
 107.23 the matters agreed upon.

107.24 Subd. 8. **Appeal to Tax Court.** Within 60 days after the commissioner denies
 107.25 an appeal, or within 120 days after the commissioner received a written appeal if the
 107.26 commissioner has not made a determination in that time, the claimant may appeal to Tax
 107.27 Court under chapter 271 as if the appeal is from an order of the commissioner.

107.28 Subd. 9. **Exemption from Administrative Procedure Act.** This section is not
 107.29 subject to chapter 14.

107.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

107.31 **Sec. 62. REPEALER.**

107.32 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270.073, is repealed.

107.33 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 270.41, subdivision 4; 270.43; 270.51; 270.52;
 107.34 and 270.53, are repealed.

107.35 (c) Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 279.01, subdivision 2, is repealed.

108.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
 108.2 except that paragraph (a) is effective beginning January 2, 2007, for taxes payable in
 108.3 2008 and thereafter.

108.4 **ARTICLE 5**
 108.5 **MISCELLANEOUS**

108.6 Section 1. **[270C.435] REFUNDS NOT SUBJECT TO ATTACHMENT OR**
 108.7 **GARNISHMENT.**

108.8 No amount of a tax refund or other payment payable by the commissioner to
 108.9 a taxpayer is assignable or subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, lien
 108.10 foreclosure, or other legal process, except as specifically provided by law.

108.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

108.12 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270C.446, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

108.13 Subd. 2. **Required and excluded tax preparers.** (a) Subject to the limitations
 108.14 of paragraph (b), the commissioner must publish lists of tax preparers as defined in
 108.15 section 289A.60, subdivision 13, paragraph (f), who have been convicted under section
 108.16 289A.63 or assessed penalties in excess of \$1,000 under section 289A.60, subdivision
 108.17 13, paragraph (a).

108.18 (b) For the purposes of this section, tax preparers are not subject to publication if:

108.19 (1) an administrative or court action contesting the penalty has been filed or served
 108.20 and is unresolved at the time when notice would be given under subdivision 3;

108.21 (2) an appeal period to contest the penalty has not expired; or

108.22 (3) the commissioner has been notified that the tax preparer is deceased.

108.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective for penalties on returns filed after
 108.24 December 31, 2007.

108.25 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 424A.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

108.26 Subd. 3. **State reimbursement.** (a) ~~By February 15 of each year, the treasurer of~~
 108.27 ~~the relief association shall apply to the commissioner of revenue~~ Each year, to be eligible
 108.28 for state reimbursement of the amount of supplemental benefits paid under subdivision 2
 108.29 during the preceding calendar year, the relief association must apply to the commissioner
 108.30 of revenue by February 15. By March 15 the commissioner shall reimburse the relief
 108.31 association for the amount of the supplemental benefits paid to qualified recipients.

- 109.1 (b) The commissioner of revenue shall prescribe the form of and supporting
109.2 information that must be supplied as part of the application for state reimbursement.
109.3 The commissioner of revenue shall reimburse the relief association by paying the
109.4 reimbursement amount to the treasurer of the municipality where the association is located.
109.5 Within 30 days after receipt, the municipal treasurer shall transmit the state reimbursement
109.6 to the treasurer of the association if the association has filed a financial report with the
109.7 municipality. If the relief association has not filed a financial report with the municipality,
109.8 the municipal treasurer shall delay transmission of the reimbursement payment to the
109.9 association until the complete financial report is filed. If the association has dissolved or
109.10 has been removed as a trustee of state aid, the treasurer shall deposit the money in a
109.11 special account in the municipal treasury, and the money may be disbursed only for the
109.12 purposes and in the manner provided in section 424A.08. When paid to the association,
109.13 ~~(e)~~ the reimbursement payment must be deposited in the special fund of the relief
109.14 association.
- 109.15 ~~(d)~~ (c) A sum sufficient to make the payments is appropriated from the general fund
109.16 to the commissioner of revenue.
- 109.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2007, and thereafter.