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State of Minnesota
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

**EIGHTY-FIFTH
SESSION**

HOUSE FILE NO. 829

February 12, 2007

Authored by Paymar; Smith; Murphy, M.; Olin; Eastlund and others
The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Finance

April 11, 2007

Committee Recommendation and Adoption of Report:
To Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Taxes

April 12, 2007

Committee Recommendation and Adoption of Report:
To Pass as Amended and re-referred to the Committee on Ways and Means

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to state government; appropriating money for public safety and
1.3 corrections initiatives, courts, public defenders, tax court, Uniform Laws
1.4 Commission and Board on Judicial Standards; providing certain general criminal
1.5 and sentencing provisions; regulating DWI and driving provisions; modifying or
1.6 establishing various provisions relating to public safety; regulating corrections,
1.7 the courts, and emergency communications; regulating scrap metal dealers;
1.8 modifying certain law enforcement, insurance, and public defense provisions;
1.9 establishing reduced ignition propensity standards for cigarettes; providing
1.10 conditional repeals of certain laws; providing penalties; amending Minnesota
1.11 Statutes 2006, sections 2.722, subdivision 1; 3.732, subdivision 1; 3.736,
1.12 subdivision 1; 13.87, subdivision 1; 15A.083, subdivision 4; 16A.72; 16B.181,
1.13 subdivision 2; 16C.23, subdivision 2; 169A.275, by adding a subdivision;
1.14 169A.51, subdivision 7; 171.12, by adding a subdivision; 171.55; 241.016,
1.15 subdivision 1; 241.018; 241.27, subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4; 241.278; 241.69,
1.16 subdivisions 3, 4; 243.167, subdivision 1; 244.05, by adding a subdivision;
1.17 260C.193, subdivision 6; 270A.03, subdivision 5; 299A.641, subdivision 2;
1.18 299C.65, subdivisions 2, 5; 302A.781, by adding a subdivision; 325E.21;
1.19 352D.02, subdivision 1; 363A.06, subdivision 1; 383A.08, subdivisions 6, 7;
1.20 401.15, subdivision 1; 403.07, subdivision 4; 403.11, subdivision 1, by adding
1.21 subdivisions; 403.31, subdivision 1; 484.54, subdivision 2; 484.83; 504B.361,
1.22 subdivision 1; 518.165, subdivisions 1, 2; 518A.35, subdivision 3; 518B.01,
1.23 subdivisions 6a, 22; 549.09, subdivision 1; 563.01, by adding a subdivision;
1.24 590.05; 595.02, subdivision 1; 609.02, subdivision 16; 609.135, subdivision 8,
1.25 by adding a subdivision; 609.21, subdivisions 1, 4a, 5, by adding subdivisions;
1.26 609.341, subdivision 11; 609.344, subdivision 1; 609.345, subdivision 1;
1.27 609.3451, subdivision 3; 609.3455, subdivision 4, by adding a subdivision;
1.28 609.352; 609.505, subdivision 2; 609.535, subdivision 2a; 609.581, by adding
1.29 subdivisions; 609.582, subdivision 2; 609.595, subdivisions 1, 2; 609.748,
1.30 subdivisions 1, 5; 611.14; 611.20, subdivision 6; 611.215, subdivisions 1,
1.31 1a; 611.23; 611.24; 611.25, subdivision 1; 611.26, subdivisions 2, 7; 611.27,
1.32 subdivisions 3, 13, 15; 611.35; 611A.036, subdivisions 2, 7; 611A.675,
1.33 subdivisions 1, 2, 3, 4, by adding a subdivision; 634.15, subdivisions 1, 2;
1.34 641.05; 641.15, by adding a subdivision; 641.265, subdivision 2; Laws 2001,
1.35 First Special Session chapter 8, article 4, section 4; Laws 2003, First Special
1.36 Session chapter 2, article 1, section 2; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota
1.37 Statutes, chapters 72A; 171; 241; 299A; 299F; 357; 484; 504B; 540; 604; 609;
1.38 611A; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 169.796, subdivision 3;
1.39 241.021, subdivision 5; 241.85, subdivision 2; 260B.173; 403.31, subdivision 6;

2.1 480.175, subdivision 3; 609.21, subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b, 3, 4; 609.805; 611.20,
 2.2 subdivision 5; Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter 6, article 3, section 91.

2.3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

2.4 **ARTICLE 1**
 2.5 **APPROPRIATIONS**

2.6 Section 1. **SUMMARY OF APPROPRIATIONS.**

2.7 The amounts shown in this section summarize direct appropriations, by fund, made
 2.8 in this act.

	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>Total</u>
2.10 <u>General</u>	\$ <u>926,123,000</u>	\$ <u>963,963,000</u>	\$ <u>1,890,086,000</u>
2.11 <u>State Government Special</u>			
2.12 <u>Revenue</u>	<u>55,688,000</u>	<u>50,392,000</u>	<u>106,080,000</u>
2.13 <u>Environmental Fund</u>	<u>69,000</u>	<u>71,000</u>	<u>140,000</u>
2.14 <u>Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>11,968,000</u>	<u>15,007,000</u>	<u>26,975,000</u>
2.15 <u>Trunk Highway</u>	<u>367,000</u>	<u>374,000</u>	<u>741,000</u>
2.16 <u>Total</u>	\$ <u>994,215,000</u>	\$ <u>1,029,807,000</u>	\$ <u>2,024,022,000</u>

2.17 Sec. 2. **PUBLIC SAFETY APPROPRIATIONS.**

2.18 **(a) General**

2.19 The sums shown in the columns marked "Appropriations" are appropriated to the
 2.20 agencies and for the purposes specified in this act. The appropriations are from the general
 2.21 fund, or another named fund, and are available for the fiscal years indicated for each
 2.22 purpose. The figures "2008" and "2009" used in this act mean that the appropriations
 2.23 listed under them are available for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008, or June 30, 2009,
 2.24 respectively. "The first year" is fiscal year 2008. "The second year" is fiscal year 2009.
 2.25 "The biennium" is fiscal years 2008 and 2009. Appropriations for the fiscal year ending
 2.26 June 30, 2007, are effective the day following final enactment.

	<u>APPROPRIATIONS</u>	
	<u>Available for the Year</u>	
	<u>Ending June 30</u>	
	<u>2008</u>	<u>2009</u>

2.31 Sec. 3. **SUPREME COURT**

2.32 <u>Subdivision 1. Total Appropriation</u>	\$ <u>44,112,000</u>	\$ <u>45,443,000</u>
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2.33 The amounts that may be spent for each
 2.34 purpose are specified in the following
 2.35 subdivisions.

3.1 **Subd. 2. Judicial Salaries**

3.2 Effective July 1, 2007, and July 1, 2008,
3.3 the salaries of judges of the Supreme Court,
3.4 Court of Appeals, and district court are
3.5 increased by two percent.

3.6 **Subd. 3. Supreme Court Operations** 31,292,000 32,623,000

3.7 **Contingent account.** \$5,000 each year is for
3.8 a contingent account for expenses necessary
3.9 for the normal operation of the court for
3.10 which no other reimbursement is provided.

3.11 **Subd. 4. Civil Legal Services** 12,820,000 12,820,000

3.12 **Legal services to low-income clients in**
3.13 **family law matters.** Of this appropriation,
3.14 \$877,000 each year is to improve the
3.15 access of low-income clients to legal
3.16 representation in family law matters. This
3.17 appropriation must be distributed under
3.18 Minnesota Statutes, section 480.242, to
3.19 the qualified legal services programs
3.20 described in Minnesota Statutes, section
3.21 480.242, subdivision 2, paragraph (a). Any
3.22 unencumbered balance remaining in the first
3.23 year does not cancel and is available in the
3.24 second year.

3.25 **Sec. 4. COURT OF APPEALS** \$ 9,766,000 \$ 10,620,000

3.26 **Caseload increase.** \$1,285,000 the first
3.27 year and \$1,876,000 the second year are
3.28 for caseload increases. This money must
3.29 be used for three additional judge units, an
3.30 additional staff attorney, 2.67 additional
3.31 full-time equivalent law clerk positions, and
3.32 for retired judges.

4.1 Sec. 5. **TRIAL COURTS** \$ **247,167,000** \$ **257,290,000**

4.2 **New judge units.** \$1,536,000 the first year
 4.3 **and \$2,778,000 the second year are for an**
 4.4 **increase in judge units, including three trial**
 4.5 **court judge units in the First Judicial District,**
 4.6 **one trial court judge unit in the Third Judicial**
 4.7 **District, one trial court judge unit in the**
 4.8 **Ninth Judicial District and one trial court**
 4.9 **judge unit in the Tenth Judicial District.**
 4.10 **These new judge units begin on January 1,**
 4.11 **2008. Each judge unit consists of a judge,**
 4.12 **law clerk, and court reporter.**

4.13 **Maintain and expand drug courts.**
 4.14 **\$2,242,000 the first year and \$3,759,000 the**
 4.15 **second year are to maintain and to establish**
 4.16 **new drug courts.**

4.17 **Guardian ad litem services.** \$1,260,000 the
 4.18 **first year and \$1,629,000 the second year are**
 4.19 **for guardian ad litem services.**

4.20 **Interpreter services.** \$606,000 the first
 4.21 **year and \$777,000 the second year are for**
 4.22 **interpreter services.**

4.23 **Psychological services.** \$1,531,000 the first
 4.24 **year and \$2,151,000 the second year are for**
 4.25 **psychological services.**

4.26 **In forma pauperis services.** \$178,000 each
 4.27 **year is for in forma pauperis services.**

4.28 Sec. 6. **TAX COURT** \$ **788,000** \$ **812,000**

4.29 Sec. 7. **UNIFORM LAWS COMMISSION** \$ **58,000** \$ **52,000**

4.30 Sec. 8. **BOARD ON JUDICIAL STANDARDS** \$ **448,000** \$ **455,000**

6.1 the appropriateness of additional regional
 6.2 forensic crime laboratories and regional
 6.3 crime strike task forces. The legislature may
 6.4 not authorize or fund new regional forensic
 6.5 crime laboratories or regional crime strike
 6.6 task forces until the working group convened
 6.7 by the commissioner of public safety has
 6.8 studied and made recommendations to the
 6.9 legislative committees with jurisdiction over
 6.10 public safety finance and capital investment.
 6.11 The commissioner must consult with the
 6.12 chairs of the legislative committees with
 6.13 responsibility for public safety finance on
 6.14 the membership of the working group.
 6.15 The Forensic Laboratory Advisory Board,
 6.16 established under Minnesota Statutes, section
 6.17 299C.156, and the Gang and Drug Oversight
 6.18 Council, established under section 299A.641,
 6.19 must provide advice and assistance to
 6.20 the commissioner and the working group
 6.21 as requested by the commissioner. The
 6.22 working group must submit its report and
 6.23 recommendations to the house and senate
 6.24 committees with responsibility for public
 6.25 safety finance by February 1, 2008.

6.26 **Subd. 3. Criminal Apprehension** 45,374,000 47,021,000

	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>	
6.27 <u>General</u>	<u>44,555,000</u>	<u>46,179,000</u>
6.28 <u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>445,000</u>	<u>461,000</u>
6.29 <u>State Government</u>		
6.30 <u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>7,000</u>	<u>7,000</u>
6.31 <u>Trunk Highway</u>	<u>367,000</u>	<u>374,000</u>

6.32 **Cooperative investigation of**
 6.33 **cross-jurisdictional criminal activity.**
 6.34 \$93,000 each year is appropriated from the
 6.35 Bureau of Criminal Apprehension account in
 6.36

7.1 the special revenue fund for grants to local
7.2 officials for the cooperative investigation of
7.3 cross-jurisdictional criminal activity. Any
7.4 unencumbered balance remaining in the first
7.5 year does not cancel but is available for the
7.6 second year.

7.7 **Laboratory activities.** \$352,000 the first
7.8 year and \$368,000 the second year are
7.9 appropriated from the Bureau of Criminal
7.10 Apprehension account in the special revenue
7.11 fund for laboratory activities.

7.12 **DWI lab analysis.** Notwithstanding
7.13 Minnesota Statutes, section 161.20,
7.14 subdivision 3, \$367,000 the first year and
7.15 \$374,000 the second year are appropriated
7.16 from the trunk highway fund for laboratory
7.17 analysis related to driving-while-impaired
7.18 cases.

7.19 **CriMNet justice information integration.**
7.20 \$3,135,000 the first year and \$3,460,000 the
7.21 second year are for statewide information
7.22 integration priorities. The base for this
7.23 appropriation in fiscal year 2010 shall be
7.24 \$2,032,000.

7.25 **Policy group; report.** The criminal and
7.26 juvenile justice information policy group
7.27 must study funding sources other than the
7.28 general fund for new CriMNet costs and
7.29 should present its ideas to the house and
7.30 senate committees having jurisdiction over
7.31 criminal justice issues by January 15, 2008.

7.32 **Forensic scientists.** \$1,018,000 the first
7.33 year and \$1,769,000 the second year are for
7.34 19 new forensic scientists in the Bureau of

8.1 Criminal Apprehension Forensic Science
8.2 Laboratory.

8.3 **Background checks.** \$50,000 the first
8.4 year is for the Bureau of Criminal
8.5 Apprehension to conduct state background
8.6 checks by charitable, nonprofit mentoring
8.7 organizations. Of this amount, \$10,000 is to
8.8 be distributed to Mentoring Partnership of
8.9 Minnesota for background check training.
8.10 Only organizations that have completed
8.11 training with Mentoring Partnership of
8.12 Minnesota are eligible to receive background
8.13 checks under this provision. This is a
8.14 onetime appropriation.

8.15 **Subd. 4. Fire Marshal** 6,196,000 9,243,000

8.16 This appropriation is from the fire safety
8.17 account in the special revenue fund.
8.18 Of this amount, \$3,330,000 the first year and
8.19 \$6,300,000 the second year are for activities
8.20 under Minnesota Statutes, section 299F.012.

8.21 **Subd. 5. Alcohol and Gambling Enforcement** 1,785,000 1,817,000

8.22	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
8.23	<u>General</u>	<u>1,635,000</u>	<u>1,664,000</u>
8.24	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>150,000</u>	<u>153,000</u>

8.25 **Subd. 6. Office of Justice Programs** 42,066,000 43,388,000

8.26 **Crime victim reparations.** \$250,000 each
8.27 year is to increase the amount of funding for
8.28 crime victim reparations.

8.29 **Emergency assistance grant.** \$100,000
8.30 each year is for grants under Minnesota
8.31 Statutes, section 611A.675. This is a onetime
8.32 appropriation.

9.1 **Gang and Drug Task Force.** \$600,000 the
9.2 first year and \$1,900,000 the second year are
9.3 for grants to the Gang and Drug Task Force.

9.4 **Victim notification system.** \$455,000
9.5 each year is for the continuation of the
9.6 victim information and notification everyday
9.7 (VINE) service.

9.8 **Crime prevention and law enforcement**
9.9 **grants.** (a) \$ 1,900,000 each year is for crime
9.10 prevention and law enforcement grants.

9.11 The office of justice programs shall conduct
9.12 a competitive award process that ensures
9.13 that grants are awarded to the most qualified
9.14 organizations based on the office's established
9.15 policies and procedures. The office shall
9.16 determine the amount of each grant award
9.17 based on need and funds available. The office
9.18 shall require a grant recipient to report back
9.19 to the office quarterly during the duration
9.20 of the grant, and the office has the authority
9.21 to withhold or suspend any additional grant
9.22 payments if the grant recipient fails to meet
9.23 the office's performance standards.

9.24 The following organizations are eligible to
9.25 apply for grants: (1) the city of St. Paul
9.26 Police Department's Special Investigation
9.27 Unit's Asian Gang Task Force; (2) the
9.28 Victim Intervention Program, Inc.; (3) the
9.29 Mosaic Youth Center; (4) Ramsey County's
9.30 Juvenile Detention Alternatives Initiative;
9.31 (5) Restorative Justice Community Action,
9.32 Inc.; (6) existing supervised parenting time
9.33 centers; (7) existing child advocacy centers;
9.34 (8) law enforcement agencies to make squad
9.35 car camera updates; (9) the St. Paul police

10.1 and fire departments to hire an emergency
10.2 coordinator; and (10) political subdivisions
10.3 to administer safe cab programs. Any grant
10.4 awarded to an organization in clause (5)
10.5 may not be used for restorative justice in
10.6 domestic violence cases. Any grant awarded
10.7 to a political subdivision in clause (10) may
10.8 comprise no more than one-third of the full
10.9 operating cost of the program. This is a
10.10 onetime appropriation.

10.11 (b) The executive director of the office
10.12 of justice programs shall prepare a report
10.13 containing the following information: a
10.14 list of grant recipients, the amount of each
10.15 award, the performance and eligibility
10.16 standards used to determine the amount
10.17 and recipient of each award, the office's
10.18 reporting requirements, the grant recipient's
10.19 use of the award, and any other information
10.20 the director deems relevant. By January 1,
10.21 2010, the office of justice programs shall
10.22 submit the report to the chairs and ranking
10.23 minority members of the senate and house
10.24 committees and divisions having jurisdiction
10.25 over criminal justice funding and policy.

10.26 **Crime victims.** \$2,271,000 each year is to
10.27 increase funding for victim services. Of this
10.28 amount, 59 percent is for battered women
10.29 shelters, 17 percent is for domestic violence
10.30 programs, eight percent is for general crime
10.31 victims, 11 percent is for sexual assault
10.32 programs, and five percent is for abused
10.33 children programs.

10.34 **COPS grants.** \$1,000,000 each year is
10.35 to hire new peace officers and for peace

11.1 officer overtime pay under Minnesota
11.2 Statutes, section 299A.62, subdivision 1,
11.3 paragraph (b), clauses (1) and (2). The
11.4 commissioner shall award the grants based
11.5 on the procedures set forth under section
11.6 299A.62. Of this amount, at least \$250,000
11.7 each year must be awarded to two cities in
11.8 Hennepin County that are not cities of the
11.9 first class and have the highest part 1 and
11.10 part 2 crime rates per 100,000 inhabitants in
11.11 the county as calculated by the latest Bureau
11.12 of Criminal Apprehension report. This is a
11.13 onetime appropriation.

11.14 **Auto theft emergency grant. \$75,000**
11.15 each year is appropriated from the general
11.16 fund to the commissioner of public safety
11.17 to fund grants awarded under Minnesota
11.18 Statutes, section 611A.675, subdivision 1,
11.19 clause (6). This amount shall be added to the
11.20 department's base budget.

11.21 **Youth intervention programs. \$1,000,000**
11.22 each year is for youth intervention programs
11.23 under Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.73.
11.24 The commissioner shall use this money to
11.25 make grants to help existing programs serve
11.26 unmet needs in their communities and to
11.27 fund new programs in underserved areas of
11.28 the state. This appropriation is added to the
11.29 base budget and is available until expended.

11.30 **Trafficking legal clinics. \$150,000 each**
11.31 year is appropriated from the general fund
11.32 to the commissioner of public safety to
11.33 distribute to the grantees described in
11.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.786. This
11.35 is a onetime appropriation.

12.1 Administration costs. Up to 2.5 percent
 12.2 of the grant funds appropriated in this
 12.3 subdivision may be used to administer the
 12.4 grant program.

12.5 Subd. 7. 911 Emergency Services/ARMER 55,681,000 50,385,000

12.6 This appropriation is from the state
 12.7 government special revenue fund for 911
 12.8 emergency telecommunications services.

12.9 Public safety answering points.
 12.10 \$13,664,000 each year is to be distributed
 12.11 as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section
 12.12 403.113, subdivision 2.

12.13 Medical Resource Communication
 12.14 Centers. \$683,000 each year is for grants
 12.15 to the Minnesota Emergency Medical
 12.16 Services Regulatory Board for the Metro
 12.17 East and Metro West Medical Resource
 12.18 Communication Centers that were in
 12.19 operation before January 1, 2000.

12.20 ARMER debt service. \$6,149,000 the
 12.21 first year and \$11,853,000 the second year
 12.22 are to the commissioner of finance to pay
 12.23 debt service on revenue bonds issued under
 12.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 403.275.

12.25 Any portion of this appropriation not needed
 12.26 to pay debt service in a fiscal year may be
 12.27 used by the commissioner of public safety to
 12.28 pay cash for any of the capital improvements
 12.29 for which bond proceeds were appropriated
 12.30 by Laws 2005, chapter 136, article 1, section
 12.31 9, subdivision 8; or in subdivision 8.

12.32 The base for this appropriation is \$18,002,000
 12.33 in fiscal year 2010 and \$23,261,000 in fiscal
 12.34 year 2011.

- 13.1 **Metropolitan Council debt service.**
- 13.2 \$1,410,000 each year is to the commissioner
- 13.3 of finance for payment to the Metropolitan
- 13.4 Council for debt service on bonds issued
- 13.5 under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.27.
- 13.6 **ARMER improvements. \$1,000,000 each**
- 13.7 year is for the Statewide Radio Board to
- 13.8 design, construct, maintain, and improve
- 13.9 those elements of the statewide public
- 13.10 safety radio and communication system
- 13.11 that support mutual aid communications
- 13.12 and emergency medical services or provide
- 13.13 interim enhancement of public safety
- 13.14 communication interoperability in those
- 13.15 areas of the state where the statewide public
- 13.16 safety radio and communication system is
- 13.17 not yet implemented.
- 13.18 **ARMER interoperability planning.**
- 13.19 \$323,000 each year is to provide funding
- 13.20 to coordinate and plan for communication
- 13.21 interoperability between public safety
- 13.22 entities.
- 13.23 **ARMER state backbone operating costs.**
- 13.24 \$3,110,000 each year is to the commissioner
- 13.25 of transportation for costs of maintaining and
- 13.26 operating the first and third phases of the
- 13.27 statewide radio system backbone. The base
- 13.28 for this appropriation is \$5,060,000 in fiscal
- 13.29 year 2010 and \$5,060,000 in fiscal year 2011
- 13.30 to provide funding to operate one additional
- 13.31 phase of the system.
- 13.32 **Zone controller. \$5,400,000 the first year**
- 13.33 is a onetime appropriation to upgrade zone
- 13.34 controllers and network elements in phases
- 13.35 one and two of the statewide radio system.

- 14.1 **Advance project development. \$3,750,000**
- 14.2 the first year is a onetime appropriation for
- 14.3 site acquisition and site development work
- 14.4 for the remaining phases of the statewide
- 14.5 radio system. This appropriation is available
- 14.6 until June 30, 2010. This appropriation is to
- 14.7 the commissioner of public safety for transfer
- 14.8 to the commissioner of transportation.
- 14.9 **System design. \$1,850,000 the first year is a**
- 14.10 onetime appropriation to complete detailed
- 14.11 design and planning of the remaining
- 14.12 phases of the statewide radio system.
- 14.13 The commissioner of public safety and
- 14.14 the commissioner of transportation shall
- 14.15 determine the scope of the study, after
- 14.16 consulting with the Statewide Radio Board,
- 14.17 the commissioner of administration, and the
- 14.18 state chief information officer. The study
- 14.19 must address the system design for the
- 14.20 state backbone and implications for local
- 14.21 coverage, how data can be integrated, and
- 14.22 whether other public safety communication
- 14.23 networks can be integrated with the state
- 14.24 backbone. The study must estimate the
- 14.25 full cost of completing the state backbone
- 14.26 to specified standards, the cost of local
- 14.27 subsystems, and the potential advantages
- 14.28 of using a request for proposal approach
- 14.29 to solicit private sector participation in the
- 14.30 project. The study must include a financial
- 14.31 analysis of whether the estimated revenue
- 14.32 from increasing the 911 fee by up to 30
- 14.33 cents will cover the estimated debt service
- 14.34 of revenue bonds issued to finance the cost
- 14.35 of completing the statewide radio system
- 14.36 and a portion of the cost up to 50 percent

15.1 for local subsystems. The study must also
 15.2 review the project organizational structure
 15.3 and governance.

15.4 **Subd. 8. ARMER Public Safety** 186,000,000

15.5 **Radio and communication system.** The
 15.6 appropriations in this subdivision are from
 15.7 the 911 revenue bond proceeds account
 15.8 for the purposes indicated, to be available
 15.9 until the project is completed or abandoned,
 15.10 subject to Minnesota Statutes, section
 15.11 16A.642.

15.12 The appropriations are to the commissioner
 15.13 of public safety for transfer to the
 15.14 commissioner of transportation to construct
 15.15 the system backbone of the public safety
 15.16 radio and communication system plan under
 15.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 403.36.

15.18 \$62,000,000 of this appropriation is for
 15.19 the second year. \$62,000,000 of this
 15.20 appropriation is available on or after July 1,
 15.21 2009. \$62,000,000 of this appropriation is
 15.22 available on or after July 1, 2010.

15.23 The commissioner of public safety and the
 15.24 commissioner of transportation shall certify
 15.25 to the chairs of the house Public Safety
 15.26 Finance Division of the Finance Committee
 15.27 and the senate Public Safety Budget Division
 15.28 of the Finance Committee that the detailed
 15.29 design has been completed and that the
 15.30 financial analysis finds that sufficient revenue
 15.31 will be generated by proposed changes in the
 15.32 911 fee to cover all estimated debt service
 15.33 on revenue bonds proposed to be issued to
 15.34 complete the system before the appropriation
 15.35 is made available. The commissioner of

16.1 finance shall not approve any fee increase
 16.2 under Minnesota Statutes, section 403.11,
 16.3 subdivision 1, paragraph (c), until this
 16.4 certification is made.

16.5 **Bond sale authorization.** To provide the
 16.6 money appropriated in this subdivision,
 16.7 the commissioner of finance shall sell and
 16.8 issue bonds of the state in an amount up to
 16.9 \$186,000,000 in the manner, upon the terms,
 16.10 and with the effect prescribed by Minnesota
 16.11 Statutes, section 403.275.

16.12	<u>Sec. 11. PEACE OFFICER STANDARDS</u>			
16.13	<u>AND TRAINING (POST) BOARD</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>4,287,000</u>	<u>\$</u>
				<u>4,260,000</u>

16.14 **Excess amounts transferred.** This
 16.15 appropriation is from the peace officer
 16.16 training account in the special revenue fund.
 16.17 Any new receipts credited to that account in
 16.18 the first year in excess of \$4,287,000 must be
 16.19 transferred and credited to the general fund.
 16.20 Any new receipts credited to that account in
 16.21 the second year in excess of \$4,260,000 must
 16.22 be transferred and credited to the general
 16.23 fund.

16.24 **Peace officer training reimbursements.**
 16.25 \$3,109,000 the first year and \$ 3,109,000 the
 16.26 second year are for reimbursements to local
 16.27 governments for peace officer training costs.

16.28 **No contact orders; learning objectives.**
 16.29 \$50,000 the first year is for: (1) revising and
 16.30 updating preservice courses and developing
 16.31 in-service training courses related to no
 16.32 contact orders in domestic violence cases
 16.33 and domestic violence dynamics; and (2)
 16.34 reimbursing peace officers who have taken
 16.35 training courses described in clause (1).

17.1 At a minimum, the training must include
 17.2 instruction in the laws relating to no contact
 17.3 orders and address how to best coordinate
 17.4 law enforcement resources relating to no
 17.5 contact orders. In addition, the training
 17.6 must include a component to instruct peace
 17.7 officers on doing risk assessments of the
 17.8 escalating factors of lethality in domestic
 17.9 violence cases. The board must consult with
 17.10 a statewide domestic violence organization
 17.11 in developing training courses. The board
 17.12 shall utilize a request for proposal process in
 17.13 awarding training contracts. The recipient
 17.14 of the training contract must conduct these
 17.15 trainings with advocates or instructors from
 17.16 a statewide domestic violence organization.

17.17 **Sec. 12. BOARD OF PRIVATE DETECTIVES**
 17.18 **AND PROTECTIVE AGENT SERVICES** \$ 128,000 \$ 130,000

17.19 **Sec. 13. HUMAN RIGHTS** \$ 4,955,000 \$ 3,670,000

17.20 **Management information system.**
 17.21 \$1,403,000 the first year and \$55,000 the
 17.22 second year are for the replacement of
 17.23 the department's tracking and compliance
 17.24 databases with a management information
 17.25 system.

17.26 **Evaluation.** The Human Rights Department
 17.27 shall conduct a survey that evaluates the
 17.28 outcome of complaints filed with the
 17.29 department and whether or not a charging
 17.30 party is satisfied with the outcome of a
 17.31 complaint and the process by which the
 17.32 complaint is reviewed and handled by the
 17.33 department. The department shall evaluate
 17.34 complaints for which a probable cause or

18.1 no probable cause determination is made.

18.2 The survey must seek to determine the

18.3 reasons for any dissatisfaction and whether

18.4 a party sought an appeal or reconsideration

18.5 of a determination or decision. The survey

18.6 shall evaluate complaints filed or resolved

18.7 in the past two years. By January 15, 2008,

18.8 the department shall summarize the survey

18.9 findings and file a report with the chairs

18.10 and ranking minority members of the house

18.11 and senate committees having jurisdiction

18.12 over criminal justice policy and funding

18.13 that discusses the findings and any actions

18.14 the department proposes to undertake in

18.15 response to the findings.

18.16 **Inmate complaints, assaults, and fatalities;**

18.17 **corrections ombudsman; working group;**

18.18 **report.** By August 1, 2007, the commissioner

18.19 of human rights shall convene a working

18.20 group to study how the state addresses

18.21 inmate complaints, assaults, and deaths in

18.22 county jails, workhouses, and prisons. The

18.23 commissioner shall serve as chair of the

18.24 working group and invite representatives

18.25 from the Department of Corrections,

18.26 legislature, the Minnesota Sheriffs'

18.27 Association, the Minnesota Association of

18.28 Community Corrections Act counties, state

18.29 bar association, criminal victims justice unit,

18.30 state Council on Black Minnesotans, state

18.31 Chicano/Latino Affairs Council, University

18.32 of Minnesota Law School, Immigrant Law

18.33 Center of Minnesota, and other interested

18.34 parties to participate in the working group.

18.35 The group must: (1) assess how state and

18.36 local units of government currently process

20.1 Correctional Facility, the commissioner shall
 20.2 charge a per diem under the contract, to the
 20.3 extent possible, that is equal to or greater
 20.4 than the per diem cost of housing Minnesota
 20.5 inmates in the facility.

20.6 Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, the
 20.7 commissioner may use per diems collected
 20.8 under contracts for beds at MCF-Rush City
 20.9 to operate the state correctional system.

20.10 **Offender re-entry services.** \$400,000
 20.11 each year is for increased funding for
 20.12 expansion of offender re-entry services in the
 20.13 institutions and staffing for the Department
 20.14 of Corrections MCORP program.

20.15 **Health services.** \$900,000 the first year and
 20.16 \$1,300,000 the second year are for increases
 20.17 in health services.

20.18 **Subd. 3. Community Services** 121,482,000 126,899,000

	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>	
20.19		
20.20	<u>General</u>	<u>121,382,000</u> <u>126,799,000</u>
20.21	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>100,000</u> <u>100,000</u>

20.22 **ISR agents, challenge incarceration**
 20.23 **program.** \$600,000 the first year and
 20.24 \$1,000,000 the second year are for intensive
 20.25 supervised release agents for the challenge
 20.26 incarceration program.

20.27 **ISR agents, conditional release program.**
 20.28 \$600,000 each year is for intensive supervised
 20.29 release agents for the conditional release
 20.30 program. This is a onetime appropriation.

20.31 **Interstate compact.** \$225,000 each year is
 20.32 for increased costs based on changes made to
 20.33 the Interstate Compact for Adult Offender

- 21.1 Supervision, Minnesota Statutes, section
21.2 243.1605.
- 21.3 **Sex offenders, civil commitment and**
21.4 **tracking.** \$350,000 each year is to fund a
21.5 legal representative for civil commitments
21.6 and to manage and track sex offenders.
- 21.7 **Probation supervision, CCA system.**
21.8 \$2,800,000 each year is added to the
21.9 Community Corrections Act subsidy,
21.10 Minnesota Statutes, section 401.14.
- 21.11 **Probation supervision, CPO system.**
21.12 \$600,000 each year is added to the county
21.13 probation officers reimbursement base.
- 21.14 **Probation supervision, DOC system.**
21.15 \$600,000 each year is for the Department of
21.16 Corrections probation and supervised release
21.17 unit.
- 21.18 **Probation, caseload reduction. \$1,964,000**
21.19 the first year and \$3,664,000 the second year
21.20 are for adult felon offender management to
21.21 be distributed statewide by the Community
21.22 Corrections Act formula. \$200,000 the
21.23 first year and \$400,000 the second year
21.24 are for juvenile offender management
21.25 to be distributed statewide by the
21.26 Community Corrections Act formula. These
21.27 appropriations may be used for sex offender
21.28 management.
- 21.29 **Sex offender treatment.** \$500,000 the first
21.30 year and \$1,000,000 the second year are to
21.31 increase funding for providing treatment for
21.32 sex offenders on community supervision.
- 21.33 **Sex offender management/standards.**
21.34 \$500,000 the first year and \$1,000,000

22.1 the second year are for research and
22.2 evaluation of sex offender management
22.3 (supervision, treatment, and polygraphs) and
22.4 for developing and monitoring standards of
22.5 supervision and treatment.

22.6 **Sex offender assessments.** \$75,000 each
22.7 year is to increase funding to reimburse
22.8 counties or their designees, or courts, for
22.9 sex offender assessments under Minnesota
22.10 Statutes, section 609.3457.

22.11 **Sentencing to service.** \$600,000 each year is
22.12 to increase funding for sentencing to service
22.13 activities such as highway litter cleanup.

22.14 **Short-term offenders.** \$2,500,000 each year
22.15 is to increase funding for the costs associated
22.16 with the housing and care of short-term
22.17 offenders. The commissioner may use up
22.18 to 20 percent of the total amount of the
22.19 appropriation for inpatient medical care for
22.20 short-term offenders. All funds remaining at
22.21 the end of the fiscal year not expended for
22.22 inpatient medical care must be added to and
22.23 distributed with the housing funds. These
22.24 funds must be distributed proportionately
22.25 based on the total number of days short-term
22.26 offenders are placed locally, not to exceed
22.27 \$70 per day.

22.28 The department is exempt from the state
22.29 contracting process for the purposes of
22.30 paying short-term offender costs relating to
22.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.105.

22.32 **Offender re-entry service.** \$550,000 each
22.33 year is for offender job-seeking services,
22.34 evidence-based research, expansion of
22.35 re-entry services specific to juveniles,

23.1 and funding to local units of government
23.2 participating in MCORP to provide re-entry
23.3 programming to offenders.

23.4 **Offender re-entry grant.** \$800,000 the first
23.5 year and \$1,700,000 the second year are for
23.6 grants to the nonprofit organization selected
23.7 to administer the five-year demonstration
23.8 project for high-risk adults under Minnesota
23.9 Statutes, section 241.86. This is a onetime
23.10 appropriation.

23.11 **Employment services for ex-offenders.**
23.12 \$200,000 each year is for grants to a nonprofit
23.13 organization to establish a pilot project to
23.14 provide employment services to ex-criminal
23.15 offenders living in the North Minneapolis
23.16 community as provided for in article 7,
23.17 section 6. This is a onetime appropriation.

23.18 **Domestic abuse re-entry grants.** \$250,000
23.19 each year is appropriated from the general
23.20 fund to the commissioner of corrections for
23.21 the grant authorized in article 7, section 5.
23.22 This is a onetime appropriation.

23.23 **Re-entry; productive day.** \$150,000 each
23.24 year is appropriated from the general fund
23.25 to the commissioner of corrections for the
23.26 fiscal biennium ending June 30, 2009. The
23.27 commissioner shall distribute the money
23.28 as a grant to the Arrowhead Regional
23.29 Corrections Agency to expand the agency's
23.30 productive day initiative program, as defined
23.31 in Minnesota Statutes, section 241.275,
23.32 to include juvenile offenders who are 16
23.33 years of age and older. This is a onetime
23.34 appropriation.

24.1 **Mentoring grants; incarcerated parents.**
 24.2 \$200,000 each year is appropriated from
 24.3 the general fund to the commissioner of
 24.4 corrections for the grant authorized in
 24.5 Minnesota Statutes, section 299A.82. This is
 24.6 a onetime appropriation.

24.7 **Short-term offender study; report.** The
 24.8 commissioner of corrections shall study
 24.9 the use and effectiveness of the short-term
 24.10 offender program and identify gaps in the
 24.11 current system relating to programming
 24.12 and re-entry services for short-term
 24.13 offenders. On or before January 15, 2008,
 24.14 the commissioner shall submit a report
 24.15 detailing the commissioner's findings and
 24.16 recommendations to the house and senate
 24.17 committees with jurisdiction over public
 24.18 safety policy and funding.

24.19 **Subd. 4. Operations Support** 17,524,000 17,754,000

24.20	<u>Appropriations by Fund</u>		
24.21	<u>General</u>	<u>17,314,000</u>	<u>17,544,000</u>
24.22	<u>Special Revenue</u>	<u>210,000</u>	<u>210,000</u>

24.23 **Sec. 15. SENTENCING GUIDELINES** \$ 600,000 \$ 600,000

24.24 **Effectiveness of re-entry programs and**
 24.25 **drug courts; study.** The Sentencing
 24.26 Guidelines Commission, in consultation
 24.27 with the commissioner of corrections and
 24.28 the state court administrator, shall study: (1)
 24.29 the effectiveness of the offender re-entry
 24.30 funding and programs authorized in this act;
 24.31 and (2) the effectiveness of the additional
 24.32 drug courts funded in this act. The executive
 24.33 director of the commission shall file a report
 24.34 with the ranking members of the house of
 24.35 representatives and senate committees with

25.1 jurisdiction over public safety policy and
 25.2 funding by February 15, 2009. The report
 25.3 must assess the impact this act's re-entry
 25.4 grants and programs and expanded drug
 25.5 court funding had on the recidivism rate of
 25.6 offenders who participated in: (1) programs
 25.7 that received re-entry grants; and/or (2) drug
 25.8 courts.

ARTICLE 2

GENERAL CRIME

25.11 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 518B.01, subdivision 22, is amended to
 25.12 read:

25.13 Subd. 22. **Domestic abuse no contact order.** (a) A domestic abuse no contact order
 25.14 is an order issued by a court against a defendant in a criminal proceeding for:

25.15 (1) domestic abuse;

25.16 (2) harassment or stalking charged under section 609.749 and committed against
 25.17 a family or household member;

25.18 (3) violation of an order for protection charged under subdivision 14; or

25.19 (4) violation of a prior domestic abuse no contact order charged under this
 25.20 subdivision.

25.21 It includes pretrial orders before final disposition of the case and probationary orders
 25.22 after sentencing.

25.23 (b) A person who knows of the existence of a domestic abuse no contact order issued
 25.24 against the person and violates the order is guilty of a misdemeanor.

25.25 (c) A person is guilty of a gross misdemeanor who knowingly violates this
 25.26 subdivision within ten years of a previous qualified domestic violence-related offense
 25.27 conviction or adjudication of delinquency. Upon a gross misdemeanor conviction under
 25.28 this paragraph, the defendant must be sentenced to a minimum of ten days' imprisonment
 25.29 and must be ordered to participate in counseling or other appropriate programs selected
 25.30 by the court as provided in section 518B.02. Notwithstanding section 609.135, the court
 25.31 must impose and execute the minimum sentence provided in this paragraph for gross
 25.32 misdemeanor convictions.

25.33 (d) A person is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more
 25.34 than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person
 25.35 knowingly violates this subdivision within ten years of the first of two or more previous

26.1 qualified domestic violence-related offense convictions or adjudications of delinquency.
26.2 Upon a felony conviction under this paragraph in which the court stays imposition or
26.3 execution of sentence, the court shall impose at least a 30-day period of incarceration
26.4 as a condition of probation. The court also shall order that the defendant participate in
26.5 counseling or other appropriate programs selected by the court. Notwithstanding section
26.6 609.135, the court must impose and execute the minimum sentence provided in this
26.7 paragraph for felony convictions.

26.8 ~~(d)~~ (e) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person
26.9 whom the peace officer has probable cause to believe has violated a domestic abuse no
26.10 contact order, even if the violation of the order did not take place in the presence of the
26.11 peace officer, if the existence of the order can be verified by the officer. The person shall
26.12 be held in custody for at least 36 hours, excluding the day of arrest, Sundays, and holidays,
26.13 unless the person is released earlier by a judge or judicial officer. A peace officer acting
26.14 in good faith and exercising due care in making an arrest pursuant to this paragraph is
26.15 immune from civil liability that might result from the officer's actions.

26.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
26.17 committed on or after that date.

26.18 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.02, subdivision 16, is amended to read:

26.19 Subd. 16. **Qualified domestic violence-related offense.** "Qualified domestic
26.20 violence-related offense" includes a violation of or an attempt to violate the following
26.21 offenses: sections 518B.01, subdivision 14 (violation of domestic abuse order for
26.22 protection); 518B.01, subdivision 22 (violation of domestic abuse no contact order);
26.23 609.185 (first-degree murder); 609.19 (second-degree murder); 609.221 (first-degree
26.24 assault); 609.222 (second-degree assault); 609.223 (third-degree assault); 609.2231
26.25 (fourth-degree assault); 609.224 (fifth-degree assault); 609.2242 (domestic assault);
26.26 609.2247 (domestic assault by strangulation); 609.342 (first-degree criminal sexual
26.27 conduct); 609.343 (second-degree criminal sexual conduct); 609.344 (third-degree
26.28 criminal sexual conduct); 609.345 (fourth-degree criminal sexual conduct); 609.377
26.29 (malicious punishment of a child); 609.713 (terroristic threats); 609.748, subdivision 6
26.30 (violation of harassment restraining order); 609.749 (harassment/stalking); and 609.78,
26.31 subdivision 2 (interference with an emergency call); and similar laws of other states, the
26.32 United States, the District of Columbia, tribal lands, and United States territories.

26.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
26.34 committed on or after that date.

27.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.341, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

27.2 Subd. 11. **Sexual contact.** (a) "Sexual contact," for the purposes of sections
27.3 609.343, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (f), and 609.345, subdivision 1, clauses (a) to (e),
27.4 and (h) to ~~(m)~~ (o), includes any of the following acts committed without the complainant's
27.5 consent, except in those cases where consent is not a defense, and committed with sexual
27.6 or aggressive intent:

27.7 (i) the intentional touching by the actor of the complainant's intimate parts, or

27.8 (ii) the touching by the complainant of the actor's, the complainant's, or another's
27.9 intimate parts effected by a person in a position of authority, or by coercion, or by
27.10 inducement if the complainant is under 13 years of age or mentally impaired, or

27.11 (iii) the touching by another of the complainant's intimate parts effected by coercion
27.12 or by a person in a position of authority, or

27.13 (iv) in any of the cases above, the touching of the clothing covering the immediate
27.14 area of the intimate parts.

27.15 (b) "Sexual contact," for the purposes of sections 609.343, subdivision 1, clauses (g)
27.16 and (h), and 609.345, subdivision 1, clauses (f) and (g), includes any of the following acts
27.17 committed with sexual or aggressive intent:

27.18 (i) the intentional touching by the actor of the complainant's intimate parts;

27.19 (ii) the touching by the complainant of the actor's, the complainant's, or another's
27.20 intimate parts;

27.21 (iii) the touching by another of the complainant's intimate parts; or

27.22 (iv) in any of the cases listed above, touching of the clothing covering the immediate
27.23 area of the intimate parts.

27.24 (c) "Sexual contact with a person under 13" means the intentional touching of the
27.25 complainant's bare genitals or anal opening by the actor's bare genitals or anal opening
27.26 with sexual or aggressive intent or the touching by the complainant's bare genitals or anal
27.27 opening of the actor's or another's bare genitals or anal opening with sexual or aggressive
27.28 intent.

27.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
27.30 committed on or after that date.

27.31 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.344, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

27.32 Subdivision 1. **Crime defined.** A person who engages in sexual penetration with
27.33 another person is guilty of criminal sexual conduct in the third degree if any of the
27.34 following circumstances exists:

28.1 (a) the complainant is under 13 years of age and the actor is no more than 36 months
28.2 older than the complainant. Neither mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the
28.3 act by the complainant shall be a defense;

28.4 (b) the complainant is at least 13 but less than 16 years of age and the actor is more
28.5 than 24 months older than the complainant. In any such case if the actor is no more
28.6 than 120 months older than the complainant, it shall be an affirmative defense, which
28.7 must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence, that the actor reasonably believes
28.8 the complainant to be 16 years of age or older. In all other cases, mistake as to the
28.9 complainant's age shall not be a defense. If the actor in such a case is no more than 48
28.10 months but more than 24 months older than the complainant, the actor may be sentenced
28.11 to imprisonment for not more than five years. Consent by the complainant is not a defense;

28.12 (c) the actor uses force or coercion to accomplish the penetration;

28.13 (d) the actor knows or has reason to know that the complainant is mentally impaired,
28.14 mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless;

28.15 (e) the complainant is at least 16 but less than 18 years of age and the actor is
28.16 more than 48 months older than the complainant and in a position of authority over the
28.17 complainant. Neither mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the
28.18 complainant is a defense;

28.19 (f) the actor has a significant relationship to the complainant and the complainant
28.20 was at least 16 but under 18 years of age at the time of the sexual penetration. Neither
28.21 mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the complainant is a defense;

28.22 (g) the actor has a significant relationship to the complainant, the complainant was at
28.23 least 16 but under 18 years of age at the time of the sexual penetration, and:

28.24 (i) the actor or an accomplice used force or coercion to accomplish the penetration;

28.25 (ii) the complainant suffered personal injury; or

28.26 (iii) the sexual abuse involved multiple acts committed over an extended period of
28.27 time.

28.28 Neither mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the complainant
28.29 is a defense;

28.30 (h) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a patient of the
28.31 psychotherapist and the sexual penetration occurred:

28.32 (i) during the psychotherapy session; or

28.33 (ii) outside the psychotherapy session if an ongoing psychotherapist-patient
28.34 relationship exists.

28.35 Consent by the complainant is not a defense;

29.1 (i) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a former patient of the
29.2 psychotherapist and the former patient is emotionally dependent upon the psychotherapist;

29.3 (j) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a patient or former patient
29.4 and the sexual penetration occurred by means of therapeutic deception. Consent by the
29.5 complainant is not a defense;

29.6 (k) the actor accomplishes the sexual penetration by means of deception or false
29.7 representation that the penetration is for a bona fide medical purpose. Consent by the
29.8 complainant is not a defense;

29.9 (1) the actor is or purports to be a member of the clergy, the complainant is not
29.10 married to the actor, and:

29.11 (i) the sexual penetration occurred during the course of a meeting in which the
29.12 complainant sought or received religious or spiritual advice, aid, or comfort from the
29.13 actor in private; or

29.14 (ii) the sexual penetration occurred during a period of time in which the complainant
29.15 was meeting on an ongoing basis with the actor to seek or receive religious or spiritual
29.16 advice, aid, or comfort in private. Consent by the complainant is not a defense;

29.17 (m) the actor is an employee, independent contractor, or volunteer of a state, county,
29.18 city, or privately operated adult or juvenile correctional system, including, but not limited
29.19 to, jails, prisons, detention centers, or work release facilities, and the complainant is
29.20 a resident of a facility or under supervision of the correctional system. Consent by the
29.21 complainant is not a defense; ~~or~~

29.22 (n) the actor provides or is an agent of an entity that provides special transportation
29.23 service, the complainant used the special transportation service, and the sexual penetration
29.24 occurred during or immediately before or after the actor transported the complainant.
29.25 Consent by the complainant is not a defense; or

29.26 (o) the actor performs massage or other bodywork for hire, the complainant was a
29.27 user of one of those services, and nonconsensual sexual penetration occurred during or
29.28 immediately before or after the actor performed or was hired to perform one of those
29.29 services for the complainant.

29.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
29.31 committed on or after that date.

29.32 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.345, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

29.33 Subdivision 1. **Crime defined.** A person who engages in sexual contact with
29.34 another person is guilty of criminal sexual conduct in the fourth degree if any of the
29.35 following circumstances exists:

30.1 (a) the complainant is under 13 years of age and the actor is no more than 36 months
30.2 older than the complainant. Neither mistake as to the complainant's age or consent to the
30.3 act by the complainant is a defense. In a prosecution under this clause, the state is not
30.4 required to prove that the sexual contact was coerced;

30.5 (b) the complainant is at least 13 but less than 16 years of age and the actor is
30.6 more than 48 months older than the complainant or in a position of authority over
30.7 the complainant. Consent by the complainant to the act is not a defense. In any such
30.8 case, if the actor is no more than 120 months older than the complainant, it shall be an
30.9 affirmative defense which must be proved by a preponderance of the evidence that the
30.10 actor reasonably believes the complainant to be 16 years of age or older. In all other cases,
30.11 mistake as to the complainant's age shall not be a defense;

30.12 (c) the actor uses force or coercion to accomplish the sexual contact;

30.13 (d) the actor knows or has reason to know that the complainant is mentally impaired,
30.14 mentally incapacitated, or physically helpless;

30.15 (e) the complainant is at least 16 but less than 18 years of age and the actor is
30.16 more than 48 months older than the complainant and in a position of authority over the
30.17 complainant. Neither mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the
30.18 complainant is a defense;

30.19 (f) the actor has a significant relationship to the complainant and the complainant
30.20 was at least 16 but under 18 years of age at the time of the sexual contact. Neither mistake
30.21 as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the complainant is a defense;

30.22 (g) the actor has a significant relationship to the complainant, the complainant was at
30.23 least 16 but under 18 years of age at the time of the sexual contact, and:

30.24 (i) the actor or an accomplice used force or coercion to accomplish the contact;

30.25 (ii) the complainant suffered personal injury; or

30.26 (iii) the sexual abuse involved multiple acts committed over an extended period of
30.27 time.

30.28 Neither mistake as to the complainant's age nor consent to the act by the complainant
30.29 is a defense;

30.30 (h) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a patient of the
30.31 psychotherapist and the sexual contact occurred:

30.32 (i) during the psychotherapy session; or

30.33 (ii) outside the psychotherapy session if an ongoing psychotherapist-patient
30.34 relationship exists. Consent by the complainant is not a defense;

30.35 (i) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a former patient of the
30.36 psychotherapist and the former patient is emotionally dependent upon the psychotherapist;

31.1 (j) the actor is a psychotherapist and the complainant is a patient or former patient
 31.2 and the sexual contact occurred by means of therapeutic deception. Consent by the
 31.3 complainant is not a defense;

31.4 (k) the actor accomplishes the sexual contact by means of deception or false
 31.5 representation that the contact is for a bona fide medical purpose. Consent by the
 31.6 complainant is not a defense;

31.7 (1) the actor is or purports to be a member of the clergy, the complainant is not
 31.8 married to the actor, and:

31.9 (i) the sexual contact occurred during the course of a meeting in which the
 31.10 complainant sought or received religious or spiritual advice, aid, or comfort from the
 31.11 actor in private; or

31.12 (ii) the sexual contact occurred during a period of time in which the complainant
 31.13 was meeting on an ongoing basis with the actor to seek or receive religious or spiritual
 31.14 advice, aid, or comfort in private. Consent by the complainant is not a defense;

31.15 (m) the actor is an employee, independent contractor, or volunteer of a state, county,
 31.16 city, or privately operated adult or juvenile correctional system, including, but not limited
 31.17 to, jails, prisons, detention centers, or work release facilities, and the complainant is
 31.18 a resident of a facility or under supervision of the correctional system. Consent by the
 31.19 complainant is not a defense; ~~or~~

31.20 (n) the actor provides or is an agent of an entity that provides special transportation
 31.21 service, the complainant used the special transportation service, the complainant is not
 31.22 married to the actor, and the sexual contact occurred during or immediately before or after
 31.23 the actor transported the complainant. Consent by the complainant is not a defense; or

31.24 (o) the actor performs massage or other bodywork for hire, the complainant was
 31.25 a user of one of those services, and nonconsensual sexual contact occurred during or
 31.26 immediately before or after the actor performed or was hired to perform one of those
 31.27 services for the complainant.

31.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
 31.29 committed on or after that date.

31.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.3451, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

31.31 Subd. 3. **Felony.** A person is guilty of a felony and may be sentenced to
 31.32 imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000,
 31.33 or both, if the person violates ~~subdivision 1, clause (2)~~ this section, after having been
 31.34 previously convicted of or adjudicated delinquent for violating ~~subdivision 1, clause (2)~~
 31.35 this section; sections 609.342 to 609.345; section 609.3453; section 617.23, subdivision 2,

32.1 clause (1); section 617.247; or a statute from another state in conformity ~~with subdivision~~
32.2 ~~1, clause (2), or section 617.23, subdivision 2, clause (1)~~ with one of these statutes.

32.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
32.4 committed on or after that date.

32.5 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.3455, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

32.6 Subd. 4. **Mandatory life sentence; repeat offenders.** (a) Notwithstanding the
32.7 statutory maximum penalty otherwise applicable to the offense, the court shall sentence a
32.8 person to imprisonment for life if the person is convicted of violating section 609.342,
32.9 609.343, 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3453 and:

32.10 (1) the person has two previous sex offense convictions;

32.11 (2) the person has a previous sex offense conviction and:

32.12 (i) the factfinder determines that the present offense involved an aggravating factor
32.13 that would provide grounds for an upward durational departure under the sentencing
32.14 guidelines other than the aggravating factor applicable to repeat criminal sexual conduct
32.15 convictions;

32.16 (ii) the person received an upward durational departure from the sentencing
32.17 guidelines for the previous sex offense conviction; or

32.18 (iii) the person was sentenced under this section or Minnesota Statutes 2004, section
32.19 609.108, for the previous sex offense conviction; or

32.20 (3) the person has two prior sex offense convictions, and the factfinder determines
32.21 that the prior convictions and present offense involved at least three separate victims, and:

32.22 (i) the factfinder determines that the present offense involved an aggravating factor
32.23 that would provide grounds for an upward durational departure under the sentencing
32.24 guidelines other than the aggravating factor applicable to repeat criminal sexual conduct
32.25 convictions;

32.26 (ii) the person received an upward durational departure from the sentencing
32.27 guidelines for one of the prior sex offense convictions; or

32.28 (iii) the person was sentenced under this section or Minnesota Statutes 2004, section
32.29 609.108, for one of the prior sex offense convictions.

32.30 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a court may not sentence a person to
32.31 imprisonment for life for a violation of section 609.345, unless at least one of the person's
32.32 previous or prior sex offense convictions that are being used as the basis for the sentence
32.33 are for violations of section 609.342, 609.343, 609.344, or 609.3453, or any similar statute
32.34 of the United States, this state, or any other state.

33.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
33.2 committed on or after that date.

33.3 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.3455, is amended by adding a subdivision
33.4 to read:

33.5 Subd. 9. **Applicability.** The provisions of this section do not affect the applicability
33.6 of Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108, to crimes committed before August 1, 2005,
33.7 or the validity of sentences imposed under Minnesota Statutes 2004, section 609.108.

33.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

33.9 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.352, is amended to read:

33.10 **609.352 SOLICITATION OF CHILDREN TO ENGAGE IN SEXUAL**
33.11 **CONDUCT.**

33.12 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section:

33.13 (a) "child" means a person 15 years of age or younger;

33.14 (b) "sexual conduct" means sexual contact of the individual's primary genital area,
33.15 sexual penetration as defined in section 609.341, or sexual performance as defined in
33.16 section 617.246; ~~and~~

33.17 (c) "solicit" means commanding, entreating, or attempting to persuade a specific
33.18 person in person, by telephone, by letter, or by computerized or other electronic means;
33.19 and

33.20 (d) "sexually explicit" means any communication, language, or material, including a
33.21 photographic or video image, that relates to or describes sexual conduct.

33.22 Subd. 2. **Prohibited act.** A person 18 years of age or older who solicits a child or
33.23 someone the person reasonably believes is a child to engage in sexual conduct with intent
33.24 to engage in sexual conduct is guilty of a felony ~~and may be sentenced to imprisonment~~
33.25 ~~for not more than three years, or to payment of a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.~~

33.26 Subd. 2a. **Internet or computer solicitation of children.** A person 18 years of age
33.27 or older who uses the Internet or a computer, computer program, computer network, or
33.28 computer system to communicate with a child or someone the person reasonably believes
33.29 is a child, with the intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, is guilty of a
33.30 felony if any of the following circumstances exist:

33.31 (a) the actor solicits a child or someone the actor reasonably believes is a child to
33.32 engage in sexual conduct;

34.1 (b) the actor communicates in a sexually explicit manner with a child or someone
34.2 the actor reasonably believes is a child; or

34.3 (c) the actor distributes sexually explicit material to a child or someone the actor
34.4 reasonably believes is a child.

34.5 Subd. 2b. **Jurisdiction.** A person may be convicted of an offense under subdivision
34.6 2a if the transmission that constitutes the offense either originates within this state or is
34.7 received within this state.

34.8 Subd. 3. **Defenses.** (a) Mistake as to age is not a defense to a prosecution under
34.9 this section subdivision 2. Mistake as to age is an affirmative defense to a prosecution
34.10 under subdivision 2a.

34.11 (b) The fact that an undercover operative or law enforcement officer was involved
34.12 in the detection or investigation of an offense under this section does not constitute a
34.13 defense to a prosecution under this section.

34.14 Subd. 4. **Penalty.** A person convicted under subdivision 2 or 2a is guilty of a felony
34.15 and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years, or to payment of
34.16 a fine of not more than \$5,000, or both.

34.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
34.18 committed on or after that date.

34.19 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.505, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

34.20 Subd. 2. **Reporting police misconduct.** (a) Whoever informs, or causes information
34.21 to be communicated to, a peace officer, whose responsibilities include investigating or
34.22 reporting police misconduct, or other person working under the authority of a chief law
34.23 enforcement officer, whose responsibilities include investigating or reporting police
34.24 misconduct, that a peace officer, as defined in section 626.84, subdivision 1, paragraph (c),
34.25 has committed an act of police misconduct, knowing that the information is false, is guilty
34.26 of a crime and may be sentenced as follows:

34.27 (1) up to the maximum provided for a misdemeanor if the false information does not
34.28 allege a criminal act; or

34.29 (2) up to the maximum provided for a gross misdemeanor if the false information
34.30 alleges a criminal act.

34.31 (b) The court shall order any person convicted of a violation of this subdivision
34.32 to make full restitution of all reasonable expenses incurred in the investigation of the
34.33 false allegation unless the court makes a specific written finding that restitution would be
34.34 inappropriate under the circumstances. A restitution award may not exceed \$3,000.

35.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
35.2 committed on or after that date.

35.3 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.535, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

35.4 Subd. 2a. **Penalties.** (a) A person who is convicted of issuing a dishonored check
35.5 under subdivision 2 may be sentenced as follows:

35.6 (1) to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more
35.7 than \$10,000, or both, if the value of the dishonored check, or checks aggregated under
35.8 paragraph (b), is more than ~~\$500~~ \$1,000;

35.9 (2) to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more
35.10 than \$3,000, or both, if the value of the dishonored check, or checks aggregated under
35.11 paragraph (b), is more than ~~\$250~~ \$500 but not more than ~~\$500~~ \$1,000; or

35.12 (3) to imprisonment for not more than 90 days or to payment of a fine of not more
35.13 than \$1,000, or both, if the value of the dishonored check, or checks aggregated under
35.14 paragraph (b), is not more than ~~\$250~~ \$500.

35.15 (b) In a prosecution under this subdivision, the value of dishonored checks issued
35.16 by the defendant in violation of this subdivision within any six-month period may be
35.17 aggregated and the defendant charged accordingly in applying this section. When two or
35.18 more offenses are committed by the same person in two or more counties, the accused
35.19 may be prosecuted in any county in which one of the dishonored checks was issued for all
35.20 of the offenses aggregated under this paragraph.

35.21 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.581, is amended by adding a subdivision
35.22 to read:

35.23 Subd. 5. **Government building.** "Government building" means a building that
35.24 is owned, leased, controlled, or operated by a governmental entity for a governmental
35.25 purpose.

35.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
35.27 committed on or after that date.

35.28 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.581, is amended by adding a subdivision
35.29 to read:

35.30 Subd. 6. **Religious establishment.** "Religious establishment" means a building
35.31 used for worship services by a religious organization and clearly identified as such by a
35.32 posted sign or other means.

36.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
36.2 committed on or after that date.

36.3 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.581, is amended by adding a subdivision
36.4 to read:

36.5 Subd. 7. **School building.** "School building" means a public or private preschool,
36.6 elementary school, middle school, secondary school, or postsecondary school building.

36.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
36.8 committed on or after that date.

36.9 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.581, is amended by adding a subdivision
36.10 to read:

36.11 Subd. 8. **Historic property.** "Historic property" means any property identified
36.12 as a historic site or historic place by sections 138.661 to 138.664 and clearly identified
36.13 as such by a posted sign or other means.

36.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
36.15 committed on or after that date.

36.16 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.582, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

36.17 Subd. 2. **Burglary in the second degree.** (a) Whoever enters a building without
36.18 consent and with intent to commit a crime, or enters a building without consent and
36.19 commits a crime while in the building, either directly or as an accomplice, commits
36.20 burglary in the second degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than
36.21 ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if:

36.22 ~~(a)~~ (1) the building is a dwelling;

36.23 ~~(b)~~ (2) the portion of the building entered contains a banking business or other
36.24 business of receiving securities or other valuable papers for deposit or safekeeping and
36.25 the entry is with force or threat of force;

36.26 ~~(c)~~ (3) the portion of the building entered contains a pharmacy or other lawful
36.27 business or practice in which controlled substances are routinely held or stored, and the
36.28 entry is forcible; or

36.29 ~~(d)~~ (4) when entering or while in the building, the burglar possesses a tool to gain
36.30 access to money or property.

36.31 (b) Whoever enters a government building, religious establishment, historic property,
36.32 or school building without consent and with intent to commit a crime under section 609.52

37.1 or 609.595, or enters a government building, religious establishment, historic property, or
 37.2 school building without consent and commits a crime under section 609.52 or 609.595
 37.3 while in the building, either directly or as an accomplice, commits burglary in the second
 37.4 degree and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment
 37.5 of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both.

37.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
 37.7 committed on or after that date.

37.8 Sec. 17. **[609.593] DAMAGE OR THEFT TO ENERGY TRANSMISSION OR**
 37.9 **TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT.**

37.10 Subdivision 1. **Crime.** Whoever intentionally and without consent from one
 37.11 authorized to give consent causes any damage or takes, removes, severs, or breaks:

37.12 (1) any line erected or maintained for the purpose of transmitting electricity for
 37.13 light, heat, or power, or any insulator or cross-arm, appurtenance or apparatus connected
 37.14 therewith, any wire, cable, or current thereof;

37.15 (2) any pipe or main or hazardous liquid pipeline erected, operated, or maintained
 37.16 for the purpose of transporting, conveying, or distributing gas or other hazardous liquids
 37.17 for light, heat, power, or any other purpose, or any part thereof, or any valve, meter,
 37.18 holder, compressor, machinery, appurtenance, equipment, or apparatus connected with any
 37.19 such main or pipeline; or

37.20 (3) any machinery, equipment, and fixtures used in receiving, initiating,
 37.21 amplifying, processing, transmitting, retransmitting, recording, switching, or monitoring
 37.22 telecommunications services, such as computers, transformers, amplifiers, routers,
 37.23 repeaters, multiplexers, and other items performing comparable functions; and machinery,
 37.24 equipment, and fixtures used in the transportation of telecommunications services,
 37.25 radio transmitters and receivers, satellite equipment, microwave equipment, and other
 37.26 transporting media including wire, cable, fiber, poles, and conduit;

37.27 is guilty of a crime and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 2.

37.28 Subd. 2. **Penalty.** Whoever violates subdivision 1 is guilty of a felony and may
 37.29 be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of
 37.30 not more than \$10,000, or both.

37.31 Sec. 18. **[609.5935] TAMPERING WITH GAS AND ELECTRICAL LINES.**

37.32 Whoever intentionally and without claim of right, takes, removes, breaks, or severs,
 37.33 a line or any part connected to a line that is used for supplying or transporting gas or

38.1 electricity without the consent of one authorized to give consent and in a manner that
 38.2 creates a substantial risk of death or bodily harm or serious property damage is guilty of a
 38.3 felony and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than 20 years or to payment of
 38.4 a fine of not more than \$100,000, or both.

38.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
 38.6 committed on or after that date.

38.7 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.595, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

38.8 Subdivision 1. **Criminal damage to property in the first degree.** Whoever
 38.9 intentionally causes damage to physical property of another without the latter's consent
 38.10 may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of
 38.11 not more than \$10,000, or both, if:

38.12 (1) the damage to the property caused a reasonably foreseeable risk of bodily
 38.13 harm; or

38.14 (2) the property damaged belongs to a common carrier and the damage impairs the
 38.15 service to the public rendered by the carrier; or

38.16 (3) the damage reduces the value of the property by more than ~~\$500~~ \$1,000 measured
 38.17 by the cost of repair and replacement; or

38.18 (4) the damage reduces the value of the property by more than ~~\$250~~ \$500 measured
 38.19 by the cost of repair and replacement and the defendant has been convicted within the
 38.20 preceding three years of an offense under this subdivision or subdivision 2.

38.21 In any prosecution under clause (3), the value of any property damaged by the
 38.22 defendant in violation of that clause within any six-month period may be aggregated and
 38.23 the defendant charged accordingly in applying the provisions of this section; provided that
 38.24 when two or more offenses are committed by the same person in two or more counties, the
 38.25 accused may be prosecuted in any county in which one of the offenses was committed for
 38.26 all of the offenses aggregated under this paragraph.

38.27 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.595, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

38.28 Subd. 2. **Criminal damage to property in the third degree.** (a) Except as
 38.29 otherwise provided in subdivision 1a, whoever intentionally causes damage to another
 38.30 person's physical property without the other person's consent may be sentenced to
 38.31 imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000,
 38.32 or both, if the damage reduces the value of the property by more than ~~\$250~~ \$500 but not
 38.33 more than ~~\$500~~ \$1,000 as measured by the cost of repair and replacement.

39.1 (b) Whoever intentionally causes damage to another person's physical property
39.2 without the other person's consent because of the property owner's or another's actual or
39.3 perceived race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, disability as defined in section
39.4 363A.03, age, or national origin may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one
39.5 year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the damage reduces the
39.6 value of the property by not more than ~~\$250~~ \$500.

39.7 (c) In any prosecution under paragraph (a), the value of property damaged by the
39.8 defendant in violation of that paragraph within any six-month period may be aggregated
39.9 and the defendant charged accordingly in applying this section. When two or more
39.10 offenses are committed by the same person in two or more counties, the accused may
39.11 be prosecuted in any county in which one of the offenses was committed for all of the
39.12 offenses aggregated under this paragraph.

39.13 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.748, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

39.14 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
39.15 the meanings given them in this subdivision.

39.16 (a) "Harassment" includes:

39.17 (1) a single incident of physical or sexual assault or repeated incidents of intrusive or
39.18 unwanted acts, words, or gestures that have a substantial adverse effect or are intended to
39.19 have a substantial adverse effect on the safety, security, or privacy of another, regardless
39.20 of the relationship between the actor and the intended target;

39.21 (2) targeted residential picketing; ~~and~~

39.22 (3) a pattern of attending public events after being notified that the actor's presence
39.23 at the event is harassing to another; and

39.24 (4) a single incident of posing as another person or persons through the use of the
39.25 Internet or a computer, computer program, computer network, or computer system,
39.26 without express authorization in order to harass or defame another person or persons.

39.27 (b) "Respondent" includes any adults or juveniles alleged to have engaged in
39.28 harassment or organizations alleged to have sponsored or promoted harassment.

39.29 (c) "Targeted residential picketing" includes the following acts when committed on
39.30 more than one occasion:

39.31 (1) marching, standing, or patrolling by one or more persons directed solely at a
39.32 particular residential building in a manner that adversely affects the safety, security, or
39.33 privacy of an occupant of the building; or

40.1 (2) marching, standing, or patrolling by one or more persons which prevents an
40.2 occupant of a residential building from gaining access to or exiting from the property on
40.3 which the residential building is located.

40.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
40.5 committed on or after that date.

40.6 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.748, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

40.7 Subd. 5. **Restraining order.** (a) The court may grant a restraining order ordering
40.8 the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another person or to have no contact
40.9 with that person if all of the following occur:

40.10 (1) the petitioner has filed a petition under subdivision 3;

40.11 (2) the sheriff has served respondent with a copy of the temporary restraining order
40.12 obtained under subdivision 4, and with notice of the right to request a hearing, or service
40.13 has been made by publication under subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

40.14 (3) the court finds at the hearing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that
40.15 the respondent has engaged in harassment.

40.16 Except as provided in paragraph (c), a restraining order may be issued only against the
40.17 respondent named in the petition; ~~except that~~ and if the respondent is an organization, the
40.18 order may be issued against and apply to all of the members of the organization. Relief
40.19 granted by the restraining order must be for a fixed period of not more than two years.
40.20 When a referee presides at the hearing on the petition, the restraining order becomes
40.21 effective upon the referee's signature.

40.22 (b) An order issued under this subdivision must be personally served upon the
40.23 respondent.

40.24 (c) If the harassment involves communication through the use of the Internet or
40.25 a computer, computer program, computer network, or computer system, a restraining
40.26 order may also be issued against private computer networks, including Internet service
40.27 providers or computer bulletin board systems, that are publishing harassing information.
40.28 A restraining order issued under this paragraph may direct the respondent or a private
40.29 computer network to remove or correct the harassing information. A restraining order
40.30 issued under this paragraph may be served by mail upon any private computer network
40.31 affected.

40.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
40.33 committed on or after that date.

41.1 Sec. 23. **REPEALER.**

41.2 Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.805, is repealed.

41.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

41.4 ARTICLE 3

41.5 DWI AND DRIVING RELATED PROVISIONS

41.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 169A.275, is amended by adding a
41.7 subdivision to read:

41.8 **Subd. 7. Exception.** (a) A judge is not required to sentence a person as provided
41.9 in this section if the judge requires the person as a condition of probation to drive only
41.10 motor vehicles equipped with an ignition interlock device meeting the standards described
41.11 in section 171.306.

41.12 (b) This subdivision expires July 1, 2009.

41.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
41.14 committed on or after that date.

41.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 169A.51, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

41.16 **Subd. 7. Requirements for conducting tests; liability.** (a) Only a physician,
41.17 medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic, registered nurse, medical
41.18 technologist, medical laboratory technician, phlebotomist, or laboratory assistant acting
41.19 at the request of a peace officer may withdraw blood for the purpose of determining the
41.20 presence of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a hazardous substance.
41.21 This limitation does not apply to the taking of a breath or urine sample.

41.22 (b) The person tested has the right to have someone of the person's own choosing
41.23 administer a chemical test or tests in addition to any administered at the direction of a
41.24 peace officer; provided, that the additional test sample on behalf of the person is obtained
41.25 at the place where the person is in custody, after the test administered at the direction of a
41.26 peace officer, and at no expense to the state. The failure or inability to obtain an additional
41.27 test or tests by a person does not preclude the admission in evidence of the test taken at
41.28 the direction of a peace officer unless the additional test was prevented or denied by the
41.29 peace officer.

41.30 (c) The physician, medical technician, emergency medical technician-paramedic,
41.31 medical technologist, medical laboratory technician, laboratory assistant, phlebotomist,
41.32 or registered nurse drawing blood at the request of a peace officer for the purpose of
41.33 determining the concentration of alcohol, a controlled substance or its metabolite, or a

42.1 hazardous substance is in no manner liable in any civil or criminal action except for
42.2 negligence in drawing the blood. The person administering a breath test must be fully
42.3 trained in the administration of breath tests pursuant to training given by the commissioner
42.4 of public safety.

42.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
42.6 and applies to crimes committed on or after that date.

42.7 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 171.12, is amended by adding a subdivision
42.8 to read:

42.9 Subd. 9. **Driving record disclosure to law enforcement.** The commissioner
42.10 shall also furnish driving records, without charge, to chiefs of police, county sheriffs,
42.11 prosecuting attorneys, and other law enforcement agencies with the power to arrest.

42.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

42.13 Sec. 4. **[171.306] IGNITION INTERLOCK DEVICE PILOT PROJECT.**

42.14 Subdivision 1. **Pilot project established; reports.** The commissioner shall
42.15 conduct a two-year ignition interlock device pilot project as provided in this section. The
42.16 commissioner shall select one metropolitan county and one rural county to participate
42.17 in the pilot project. The pilot project must begin on July 1, 2007, and continue until
42.18 June 30, 2009. The commissioner shall submit two preliminary reports by February 1,
42.19 2008, and by December 1, 2008, and a final report by September 1, 2009, to the chairs
42.20 and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees
42.21 having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding. The reports must evaluate the
42.22 successes and failures of the pilot project, provide information on participation rates, and
42.23 make recommendations on continuing the project.

42.24 Subd. 2. **Performance standards; certification.** The commissioner shall determine
42.25 appropriate performance standards and a certification process for ignition interlock
42.26 devices for the pilot project. Only devices certified by the commissioner as meeting the
42.27 performance standards may be used in the pilot project.

42.28 Subd. 3. **Pilot project components.** (a) Under the pilot project, the commissioner
42.29 shall issue a driver's license to an individual whose driver's license has been revoked
42.30 under chapter 169A for a repeat impaired driving incident if the person qualifies under this
42.31 section and agrees to all of the conditions of the project.

42.32 (b) The commissioner must flag the person's driver's license record to indicate the
42.33 person's participation in the program. The license must authorize the person to drive only

43.1 vehicles having functioning ignition interlock devices conforming with the requirements
43.2 of subdivision 2.

43.3 (c) Notwithstanding any statute or rule to the contrary, the commissioner has
43.4 authority to and shall determine the appropriate period for which a person participating in
43.5 the ignition interlock pilot program shall be subject to this program, and when the person
43.6 is eligible to be issued:

43.7 (1) a limited driver's license subject to the ignition interlock restriction;

43.8 (2) full driving privileges subject to the ignition interlock restriction; and

43.9 (3) a driver's license without an ignition interlock restriction.

43.10 (d) A person participating in this pilot project shall agree to participate in any
43.11 treatment recommended by a chemical use assessment.

43.12 (e) The commissioner shall determine guidelines for participation in the project.

43.13 A person participating in the project shall sign a written agreement accepting these
43.14 guidelines and agreeing to comply with them.

43.15 (f) It is a misdemeanor for a person who is licensed under this section for driving a
43.16 vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device:

43.17 (1) to start or attempt to start, or to operate or attempt to operate, the vehicle while
43.18 the person has any amount of alcohol in the person's body; or

43.19 (2) to drive, operate or be in physical control of a motor vehicle other than a vehicle
43.20 properly equipped with an ignition interlock device.

43.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

43.22 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 171.55, is amended to read:

43.23 **171.55 OUT-OF-STATE CONVICTIONS GIVEN EFFECT.**

43.24 The commissioner shall give the same effect for driver licensing purposes to conduct
43.25 reported from a licensing authority or court in another state or province or territory
43.26 of Canada that the commissioner would give to conduct reported from a court or other
43.27 agency of this state, whether or not the other state or province or territory of Canada is a
43.28 party to the Driver License Compact in section 171.50. The conduct to be given effect by
43.29 the commissioner includes a report of conviction for an offense enumerated in section
43.30 171.50, article IV, or an offense described in sections 171.17 and 171.18.

43.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
43.32 committed on or after that date.

43.33 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

44.1 Subdivision 1. **Criminal vehicular ~~homicide~~ operation; crime described.** A
44.2 person is guilty of criminal vehicular ~~homicide resulting in death and may be sentenced to~~
44.3 ~~imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000;~~
44.4 ~~or both~~ operation and may be sentenced as provided in subdivision 1a, if the person causes
44.5 injury to or the death of a human being not constituting murder or manslaughter another
44.6 as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

44.7 (1) in a grossly negligent manner;

44.8 (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:

44.9 (i) alcohol;

44.10 (ii) a controlled substance; or

44.11 (iii) any combination of those elements;

44.12 (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;

44.13 (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within
44.14 two hours of the time of driving;

44.15 (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous
44.16 substance;

44.17 (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in
44.18 schedule I or II, or its metabolite, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is
44.19 present in the person's body; or

44.20 (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in
44.21 violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

44.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
44.23 committed on or after that date.

44.24 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, is amended by adding a subdivision
44.25 to read:

44.26 Subd. 1a. **Criminal penalties.** (a) A person who violates subdivision 1 and causes
44.27 the death of a human being not constituting murder or manslaughter or the death of an
44.28 unborn child may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment
44.29 of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both.

44.30 (b) A person who violates subdivision 1 and causes great bodily harm to another not
44.31 constituting attempted murder or assault or great bodily harm to an unborn child who is
44.32 subsequently born alive may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or
44.33 to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

45.1 (c) A person who violates subdivision 1 and causes substantial bodily harm to
45.2 another may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than three years or to payment of
45.3 a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both.

45.4 (d) A person who violates subdivision 1 and causes bodily harm to another may be
45.5 sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not
45.6 more than \$3,000, or both.

45.7 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
45.8 committed on or after that date.

45.9 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, is amended by adding a subdivision
45.10 to read:

45.11 Subd. 1b. **Conviction not bar to punishment for other crimes.** A prosecution
45.12 for or a conviction of a crime under this section relating to causing death or injury to an
45.13 unborn child is not a bar to conviction of or punishment for any other crime committed by
45.14 the defendant as part of the same conduct.

45.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
45.16 committed on or after that date.

45.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, subdivision 4a, is amended to read:

45.18 Subd. 4a. **Affirmative defense.** It shall be an affirmative defense to a charge under
45.19 subdivision 1, ~~clause (6); 2, clause (6); 2a, clause (6); 2b, clause (6); 3, clause (6); or 4,~~
45.20 ~~clause (6),~~ that the defendant used the controlled substance according to the terms of a
45.21 prescription issued for the defendant in accordance with sections 152.11 and 152.12.

45.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
45.23 committed on or after that date.

45.24 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

45.25 Subd. 5. **Definitions.** For purposes of this section, the terms defined in this
45.26 subdivision have the meanings given them.

45.27 (a) "Motor vehicle" has the meaning given in section 609.52, subdivision 1, and
45.28 includes attached trailers.

45.29 (b) "Controlled substance" has the meaning given in section 152.01, subdivision 4.

45.30 (c) "Hazardous substance" means any chemical or chemical compound that is listed
45.31 as a hazardous substance in rules adopted under chapter 182.

46.1 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to crimes
46.2 committed on or after that date.

46.3 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 634.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

46.4 Subdivision 1. **Certificates of analysis; blood sample reports; chain of custody.**

46.5 (a) In any hearing or trial of a criminal offense or petty misdemeanor or proceeding
46.6 pursuant to section 169A.53, subdivision 3, the following documents shall be admissible
46.7 in evidence:

46.8 ~~(a)~~ (1) a report of the facts and results of any laboratory analysis or examination if it
46.9 is prepared and attested by the person performing the laboratory analysis or examination
46.10 in any laboratory operated by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension or authorized by the
46.11 bureau to conduct an analysis or examination, or in any laboratory of the Federal Bureau
46.12 of Investigation, the federal Postal Inspection Service, the federal Bureau of Alcohol,
46.13 Tobacco and Firearms, or the federal Drug Enforcement Administration;

46.14 ~~(b)~~ (2) a report of a blood sample withdrawn under the implied consent law if:

46.15 (i) The report was prepared by the person who administered the test;

46.16 (ii) The person who withdrew the blood sample was competent to administer the test
46.17 under section 169A.51, subdivision 7; and

46.18 (iii) The report was prepared consistent with any applicable rules promulgated
46.19 by the commissioner of public safety; and

46.20 ~~(c)~~ (3) a verified chain of custody of a specimen while under the control of a
46.21 laboratory described in clause ~~(a)~~ (1).

46.22 (b) A report described in paragraph (a), clause ~~(a)~~ (1), purported to be signed by the
46.23 person performing the analysis or examination in a laboratory named in that clause, or a
46.24 blood sample report described in paragraph (a), clause ~~(b)~~ (2), purported to be signed by
46.25 the person who withdrew the blood sample shall be admissible as evidence without proof
46.26 of the seal, signature or official character of the person whose name is signed to it. The
46.27 signature in paragraph (a), clause ~~(a)~~ (1) or ~~(b)~~ (2), can be written or in electronic format.

46.28 (c) At least 20 days before trial, the prosecutor shall submit to the accused person or
46.29 the accused person's attorney notice of the contents of a report described in paragraph (a)
46.30 and of the requirements of subdivision 2.

46.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

46.32 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 634.15, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

46.33 Subd. 2. **Testimony at trial.** (a) Except in civil proceedings, including proceedings
46.34 under section 169A.53, an accused person or the accused person's attorney may request,

47.1 by notifying the prosecuting attorney at least ten days before the trial, that the following
 47.2 persons testify in person at the trial on behalf of the state:

47.3 ~~(a)~~ (1) a person who performed the laboratory analysis or examination for the report
 47.4 described in subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1); or

47.5 ~~(b)~~ (2) a person who prepared the blood sample report described in subdivision
 47.6 1, paragraph (a), clause (2).

47.7 If a petitioner in a proceeding under section 169A.53 subpoenas a person described
 47.8 in ~~paragraph (a) clause (1) or (b) (2)~~, to testify at the proceeding, the petitioner is not
 47.9 required to pay the person witness fees under section 357.22 in excess of \$100.

47.10 (b) If the accused person or the accused person's attorney does not comply with
 47.11 the ten-day requirement described in paragraph (a), the prosecutor is not required to
 47.12 produce the person who performed the analysis or examination or prepared the report.
 47.13 In this case, the accused person's right to confront that witness is waived and the report
 47.14 shall be admitted into evidence.

47.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

47.16 Sec. 13. **REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.**

47.17 (a) In Minnesota Statutes, sections 171.3215, subdivision 2a; and 609.135,
 47.18 subdivision 2, the revisor of statutes shall change the references in column A to the
 47.19 references in column B.

<u>Column A</u>	<u>Column B</u>
47.21 <u>609.21, subdivision 1</u>	<u>609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph (a)</u>
47.22 <u>609.21, subdivision 2</u>	<u>609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b)</u>
47.23 <u>609.21, subdivision 2a</u>	<u>609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph (c)</u>
47.24 <u>609.21, subdivision 2b</u>	<u>609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph (d)</u>
47.25 <u>609.21, subdivision 4</u>	<u>609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraph (b)</u>

47.26 (b) In Minnesota Statutes, section 609.035, subdivision 1, the revisor of statutes shall
 47.27 replace the reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.21, subdivisions 3 and 4, with a
 47.28 reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.21, subdivision 1b.

47.29 (c) In Minnesota Statutes, section 609.266, the revisor of statutes shall replace the
 47.30 reference to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.21, subdivisions 3 and 4, with a reference to
 47.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 609.21, subdivision 1a, paragraphs (a) and (b).

47.32 (d) In Minnesota Statutes, section 169A.03, subdivisions 20 and 21, and Minnesota
 47.33 Statutes, section 169A.24, subdivision 1, the revisor of statutes shall strike the references
 47.34 to Minnesota Statutes, section 609.21, subdivision 2, clauses (2) to (6); subdivision 2a,

48.1 clauses (2) to (6); subdivision 2b, clauses (2) to (6); subdivision 3, clauses (2) to (6); and
48.2 subdivision 4, clauses (2) to (6).

48.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007.

48.4 Sec. 14. **REPEALER.**

48.5 Subdivision 1. **Verify auto insurance.** Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 169.796,
48.6 subdivision 3, is repealed.

48.7 Subd. 2. **Suspension of mailed demands.** Laws 2005, First Special Session chapter
48.8 6, article 3, section 91, is repealed.

48.9 Subd. 3. **Criminal vehicular operation.** Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.21,
48.10 subdivisions 2, 2a, 2b, 3, and 4, are repealed.

48.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 are effective the day following final
48.12 enactment. Subdivision 3 is effective August 1, 2007.

48.13 **ARTICLE 4**

48.14 **CRIME VICTIMS**

48.15 Section 1. **[299A.786] LEGAL ADVOCACY TRAFFICKING VICTIMS; GRANT.**

48.16 (a) The commissioner of public safety shall award a grant for ten weekly
48.17 international trafficking screening clinics that are staffed by attorneys from a nonprofit
48.18 organization that provides free legal, medical, dental, mental health, shelter, and vocational
48.19 counseling services and English language classes to trafficking victims in the state.

48.20 (b) The grant applicant shall prepare and submit to the commissioner of public
48.21 safety a written grant proposal detailing the screening clinic free services, including
48.22 components of the services offered.

48.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

48.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 363A.06, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

48.25 Subdivision 1. **Formulation of policies.** (a) The commissioner shall formulate
48.26 policies to effectuate the purposes of this chapter and shall:

48.27 (1) exercise leadership under the direction of the governor in the development of
48.28 human rights policies and programs, and make recommendations to the governor and the
48.29 legislature for their consideration and implementation;

48.30 (2) establish and maintain a principal office in St. Paul, and any other necessary
48.31 branch offices at any location within the state;

- 49.1 (3) meet and function at any place within the state;
- 49.2 (4) employ attorneys, clerks, and other employees and agents as the commissioner
49.3 may deem necessary and prescribe their duties;
- 49.4 (5) to the extent permitted by federal law and regulation, utilize the records of the
49.5 Department of Employment and Economic Development of the state when necessary
49.6 to effectuate the purposes of this chapter;
- 49.7 (6) obtain upon request and utilize the services of all state governmental departments
49.8 and agencies;
- 49.9 (7) adopt suitable rules for effectuating the purposes of this chapter;
- 49.10 (8) issue complaints, receive and investigate charges alleging unfair discriminatory
49.11 practices, and determine whether or not probable cause exists for hearing;
- 49.12 (9) subpoena witnesses, administer oaths, take testimony, and require the production
49.13 for examination of any books or papers relative to any matter under investigation or in
49.14 question as the commissioner deems appropriate to carry out the purposes of this chapter;
- 49.15 (10) attempt, by means of education, conference, conciliation, and persuasion to
49.16 eliminate unfair discriminatory practices as being contrary to the public policy of the state;
- 49.17 (11) develop and conduct programs of formal and informal education designed to
49.18 eliminate discrimination and intergroup conflict by use of educational techniques and
49.19 programs the commissioner deems necessary;
- 49.20 (12) make a written report of the activities of the commissioner to the governor
49.21 each year;
- 49.22 (13) accept gifts, bequests, grants, or other payments public and private to help
49.23 finance the activities of the department;
- 49.24 (14) create such local and statewide advisory committees as will in the
49.25 commissioner's judgment aid in effectuating the purposes of the Department of Human
49.26 Rights;
- 49.27 (15) develop such programs as will aid in determining the compliance throughout
49.28 the state with the provisions of this chapter, and in the furtherance of such duties, conduct
49.29 research and study discriminatory practices based upon race, color, creed, religion,
49.30 national origin, sex, age, disability, marital status, status with regard to public assistance,
49.31 familial status, sexual orientation, or other factors and develop accurate data on the nature
49.32 and extent of discrimination and other matters as they may affect housing, employment,
49.33 public accommodations, schools, and other areas of public life;
- 49.34 (16) develop and disseminate technical assistance to persons subject to the provisions
49.35 of this chapter, and to agencies and officers of governmental and private agencies;

50.1 (17) provide staff services to such advisory committees as may be created in aid of
50.2 the functions of the Department of Human Rights;

50.3 (18) make grants in aid to the extent that appropriations are made available for that
50.4 purpose in aid of carrying out duties and responsibilities; and

50.5 (19) cooperate and consult with the commissioner of labor and industry regarding
50.6 the investigation of violations of, and resolution of complaints regarding section 363A.08,
50.7 subdivision 7.

50.8 In performing these duties, the commissioner shall give priority to those duties in
50.9 clauses (8), (9), and (10) and to the duties in section 363A.36.

50.10 (b) All gifts, bequests, grants, or other payments, public and private, accepted under
50.11 paragraph (a), clause (13), must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to a special
50.12 account. Money in the account is appropriated to the commissioner of human rights to
50.13 help finance activities of the department.

50.14 **Sec. 3. [504B.206] RIGHT OF VICTIMS OF DOMESTIC ABUSE TO**
50.15 **TERMINATE LEASE.**

50.16 Subdivision 1. **Right to terminate; procedure.** A tenant to a residential lease who
50.17 is a victim of domestic abuse and fears imminent domestic abuse against the tenant or the
50.18 tenant's children by remaining in the leased premises may terminate a lease agreement
50.19 without penalty or liability, except as provided by this section, by providing written notice
50.20 to the landlord stating that the tenant fears imminent domestic abuse and indicating
50.21 the specific date the tenant intends to vacate the premises. The written notice must be
50.22 delivered by mail, fax, or in person, and be accompanied by one of the following:

50.23 (1) an order for protection under chapter 518B; or

50.24 (2) a no contact order, currently in effect, issued under section 518B.01, subdivision
50.25 22, or chapter 609.

50.26 Subd. 2. **Confidentiality of information.** Information provided to the landlord by
50.27 the victim documenting domestic abuse pursuant to subdivision 1 shall be treated by the
50.28 landlord as confidential. The information may not be entered into any shared database
50.29 or provided to any entity except when required for use in an eviction proceeding, upon
50.30 the consent of the victim, or as otherwise required by law.

50.31 Subd. 3. **Liability for rent; termination of tenancy.** (a) A tenant terminating a
50.32 lease pursuant to subdivision 1 is responsible for one month's rent following the vacation
50.33 of the premises and is relieved of any contractual obligation for payment of rent or any
50.34 other charges for the remaining term of the lease.

51.1 (b) This section does not affect a tenant's liability for delinquent, unpaid rent or
51.2 other sums owed to the landlord before the lease was terminated by the tenant under this
51.3 section. The return or retention of the security deposit is subject to the provisions of
51.4 section 504B.178.

51.5 (c) The tenancy terminates, including the right of possession of the premises, when
51.6 the tenant surrenders the keys to the premises to the landlord. The one month's rent is due
51.7 and payable on or before the date the tenant vacates the premises, as indicated in their
51.8 written notice pursuant to subdivision 1. For purposes of this section, the provisions of
51.9 section 504B.178 commence upon the first day of the month following either:

51.10 (1) the date the tenant vacates the premises; or

51.11 (2) the date the tenant pays the one month's rent, whichever occurs first.

51.12 (d) The provisions of this subdivision do not apply until written notice meeting the
51.13 requirements of subdivision 1 is delivered to the landlord.

51.14 Subd. 4. **Multiple tenants.** Notwithstanding the release of a tenant from a lease
51.15 agreement under this section, if there are any remaining tenants residing in the premises
51.16 the tenancy shall continue for those remaining tenants. A perpetrator who has been
51.17 excluded from the premises under court order remains liable under the lease with any
51.18 other tenant of the premises for rent or damage to the premises.

51.19 Subd. 5. **Waiver prohibited.** A residential tenant may not waive, and a landlord
51.20 may not require the residential tenant to waive, the resident tenant's rights under this
51.21 section.

51.22 Subd. 6. **Definition.** For purposes of this section, "domestic abuse" has the meaning
51.23 given in section 518B.01, subdivision 2.

51.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

51.25 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 518B.01, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

51.26 Subd. 6a. **Subsequent orders and extensions.** (a) Upon application, notice to
51.27 all parties, and hearing, the court may extend the relief granted in an existing order for
51.28 protection or, if a petitioner's order for protection is no longer in effect when an application
51.29 for subsequent relief is made, grant a new order. The court may extend the terms of an
51.30 existing order or, if an order is no longer in effect, grant a new order upon a showing that:

51.31 (1) the respondent has violated a prior or existing order for protection;

51.32 (2) the petitioner is reasonably in fear of physical harm from the respondent;

51.33 (3) the respondent has engaged in acts of harassment or stalking within the meaning
51.34 of section 609.749, subdivision 2; or

52.1 (4) the respondent is incarcerated and about to be released, or has recently been
52.2 released from incarceration.

52.3 A petitioner does not need to show that physical harm is imminent to obtain an
52.4 extension or a subsequent order under this subdivision.

52.5 (b) If the court extends relief in an existing order for protection or grants a new
52.6 order, the court may order the respondent to provide the following information to the
52.7 court for purposes of service of process: the respondent's home address, the respondent's
52.8 employment address, and the names and locations of the respondent's parents, siblings,
52.9 children, or other close relatives.

52.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

52.11 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 595.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

52.12 Subdivision 1. **Competency of witnesses.** Every person of sufficient understanding,
52.13 including a party, may testify in any action or proceeding, civil or criminal, in court or
52.14 before any person who has authority to receive evidence, except as provided in this
52.15 subdivision:

52.16 (a) A husband cannot be examined for or against his wife without her consent, nor a
52.17 wife for or against her husband without his consent, nor can either, during the marriage or
52.18 afterwards, without the consent of the other, be examined as to any communication made
52.19 by one to the other during the marriage. This exception does not apply to a civil action or
52.20 proceeding by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime
52.21 committed by one against the other or against a child of either or against a child under the
52.22 care of either spouse, nor to a criminal action or proceeding in which one is charged with
52.23 homicide or an attempt to commit homicide and the date of the marriage of the defendant
52.24 is subsequent to the date of the offense, nor to an action or proceeding for nonsupport,
52.25 neglect, dependency, or termination of parental rights.

52.26 (b) An attorney cannot, without the consent of the attorney's client, be examined as
52.27 to any communication made by the client to the attorney or the attorney's advice given
52.28 thereon in the course of professional duty; nor can any employee of the attorney be
52.29 examined as to the communication or advice, without the client's consent.

52.30 (c) A member of the clergy or other minister of any religion shall not, without the
52.31 consent of the party making the confession, be allowed to disclose a confession made to
52.32 the member of the clergy or other minister in a professional character, in the course of
52.33 discipline enjoined by the rules or practice of the religious body to which the member of
52.34 the clergy or other minister belongs; nor shall a member of the clergy or other minister of
52.35 any religion be examined as to any communication made to the member of the clergy or

53.1 other minister by any person seeking religious or spiritual advice, aid, or comfort or advice
53.2 given thereon in the course of the member of the clergy's or other minister's professional
53.3 character, without the consent of the person.

53.4 (d) A licensed physician or surgeon, dentist, or chiropractor shall not, without the
53.5 consent of the patient, be allowed to disclose any information or any opinion based thereon
53.6 which the professional acquired in attending the patient in a professional capacity, and
53.7 which was necessary to enable the professional to act in that capacity; after the decease
53.8 of the patient, in an action to recover insurance benefits, where the insurance has been
53.9 in existence two years or more, the beneficiaries shall be deemed to be the personal
53.10 representatives of the deceased person for the purpose of waiving this privilege, and no
53.11 oral or written waiver of the privilege shall have any binding force or effect except when
53.12 made upon the trial or examination where the evidence is offered or received.

53.13 (e) A public officer shall not be allowed to disclose communications made to the
53.14 officer in official confidence when the public interest would suffer by the disclosure.

53.15 (f) Persons of unsound mind and persons intoxicated at the time of their production
53.16 for examination are not competent witnesses if they lack capacity to remember or to relate
53.17 truthfully facts respecting which they are examined.

53.18 (g) A registered nurse, psychologist, consulting psychologist, or licensed social
53.19 worker engaged in a psychological or social assessment or treatment of an individual
53.20 at the individual's request shall not, without the consent of the professional's client, be
53.21 allowed to disclose any information or opinion based thereon which the professional has
53.22 acquired in attending the client in a professional capacity, and which was necessary to
53.23 enable the professional to act in that capacity. Nothing in this clause exempts licensed
53.24 social workers from compliance with the provisions of sections 626.556 and 626.557.

53.25 (h) An interpreter for a person disabled in communication shall not, without the
53.26 consent of the person, be allowed to disclose any communication if the communication
53.27 would, if the interpreter were not present, be privileged. For purposes of this section, a
53.28 "person disabled in communication" means a person who, because of a hearing, speech
53.29 or other communication disorder, or because of the inability to speak or comprehend the
53.30 English language, is unable to understand the proceedings in which the person is required
53.31 to participate. The presence of an interpreter as an aid to communication does not destroy
53.32 an otherwise existing privilege.

53.33 (i) Licensed chemical dependency counselors shall not disclose information or
53.34 an opinion based on the information which they acquire from persons consulting them
53.35 in their professional capacities, and which was necessary to enable them to act in that
53.36 capacity, except that they may do so:

54.1 (1) when informed consent has been obtained in writing, except in those
54.2 circumstances in which not to do so would violate the law or would result in clear and
54.3 imminent danger to the client or others;

54.4 (2) when the communications reveal the contemplation or ongoing commission
54.5 of a crime; or

54.6 (3) when the consulting person waives the privilege by bringing suit or filing charges
54.7 against the licensed professional whom that person consulted.

54.8 (j) A parent or the parent's minor child may not be examined as to any communication
54.9 made in confidence by the minor to the minor's parent. A communication is confidential if
54.10 made out of the presence of persons not members of the child's immediate family living
54.11 in the same household. This exception may be waived by express consent to disclosure
54.12 by a parent entitled to claim the privilege or by the child who made the communication
54.13 or by failure of the child or parent to object when the contents of a communication are
54.14 demanded. This exception does not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one spouse
54.15 against the other or by a parent or child against the other, nor to a proceeding to commit
54.16 either the child or parent to whom the communication was made or to place the person or
54.17 property or either under the control of another because of an alleged mental or physical
54.18 condition, nor to a criminal action or proceeding in which the parent is charged with a
54.19 crime committed against the person or property of the communicating child, the parent's
54.20 spouse, or a child of either the parent or the parent's spouse, or in which a child is charged
54.21 with a crime or act of delinquency committed against the person or property of a parent
54.22 or a child of a parent, nor to an action or proceeding for termination of parental rights,
54.23 nor any other action or proceeding on a petition alleging child abuse, child neglect,
54.24 abandonment or nonsupport by a parent.

54.25 (k) Sexual assault counselors may not be ~~compelled to testify about~~ allowed to
54.26 disclose any opinion or information received from or about the victim without the consent
54.27 of the victim. However, a counselor may be compelled to identify or disclose information
54.28 in investigations or proceedings related to neglect or termination of parental rights if the
54.29 court determines good cause exists. In determining whether to compel disclosure, the
54.30 court shall weigh the public interest and need for disclosure against the effect on the
54.31 victim, the treatment relationship, and the treatment services if disclosure occurs. Nothing
54.32 in this clause exempts sexual assault counselors from compliance with the provisions
54.33 of sections 626.556 and 626.557.

54.34 "Sexual assault counselor" for the purpose of this section means a person who has
54.35 undergone at least 40 hours of crisis counseling training and works under the direction

55.1 of a supervisor in a crisis center, whose primary purpose is to render advice, counseling,
55.2 or assistance to victims of sexual assault.

55.3 (l) A person cannot be examined as to any communication or document, including
55.4 worknotes, made or used in the course of or because of mediation pursuant to an
55.5 agreement to mediate. This does not apply to the parties in the dispute in an application
55.6 to a court by a party to have a mediated settlement agreement set aside or reformed.
55.7 A communication or document otherwise not privileged does not become privileged
55.8 because of this paragraph. This paragraph is not intended to limit the privilege accorded
55.9 to communication during mediation by the common law.

55.10 (m) A child under ten years of age is a competent witness unless the court finds that
55.11 the child lacks the capacity to remember or to relate truthfully facts respecting which the
55.12 child is examined. A child describing any act or event may use language appropriate for
55.13 a child of that age.

55.14 (n) A communication assistant for a telecommunications relay system for
55.15 communication-impaired persons shall not, without the consent of the person making the
55.16 communication, be allowed to disclose communications made to the communication
55.17 assistant for the purpose of relaying.

55.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

55.19 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.748, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

55.20 Subd. 5. **Restraining order.** (a) The court may grant a restraining order ordering
55.21 the respondent to cease or avoid the harassment of another person or to have no contact
55.22 with that person if all of the following occur:

55.23 (1) the petitioner has filed a petition under subdivision 3;

55.24 (2) the sheriff has served respondent with a copy of the temporary restraining order
55.25 obtained under subdivision 4, and with notice of the right to request a hearing, or service
55.26 has been made by publication under subdivision 3, paragraph (b); and

55.27 (3) the court finds at the hearing that there are reasonable grounds to believe that
55.28 the respondent has engaged in harassment.

55.29 A restraining order may be issued only against the respondent named in the petition;
55.30 except that if the respondent is an organization, the order may be issued against and apply
55.31 to all of the members of the organization. Relief granted by the restraining order must be
55.32 for a fixed period of not more than two years. When a referee presides at the hearing on
55.33 the petition, the restraining order becomes effective upon the referee's signature.

56.1 If the petitioner has had one or more restraining orders in effect against the
 56.2 respondent, the court may order the respondent to provide the following information to the
 56.3 court for purposes of service of process: the respondent's home address, the respondent's
 56.4 employment address, and the names and locations of the respondent's parents, siblings,
 56.5 children, or other close relatives.

56.6 (b) An order issued under this subdivision must be personally served upon the
 56.7 respondent. If personal service cannot be made, the court may order service by alternate
 56.8 means, or by publication, which publication must be made as in other actions. The
 56.9 application for alternate service must include the last known location of the respondent;
 56.10 the petitioner's most recent contacts with the respondent; the last known location of the
 56.11 respondent's employment; the names and locations of the respondent's parents, siblings,
 56.12 children, and other close relatives; the names and locations of other persons who are likely
 56.13 to know the respondent's whereabouts; and a description of efforts to locate those persons.
 56.14 The court shall consider the length of time the respondent's location has been unknown,
 56.15 the likelihood that the respondent's location will become known, the nature of the relief
 56.16 sought, and the nature of efforts made to locate the respondent. The court shall order
 56.17 service by first class mail, forwarding address requested, to any addresses where there is a
 56.18 reasonable possibility that mail or information will be forwarded or communicated to the
 56.19 respondent. The court may also order publication, within or without the state, but only if it
 56.20 might reasonably succeed in notifying the respondent of the proceeding. Service shall be
 56.21 deemed complete 14 days after mailing or 14 days after court-ordered publication.

56.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

56.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.036, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

56.24 Subd. 2. **Victim's spouse or next of kin.** An employer must allow a victim of a
 56.25 ~~heinous~~ violent crime, as well as the victim's spouse or next of kin, reasonable time off
 56.26 from work to attend criminal proceedings related to the victim's case.

56.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

56.28 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.036, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

56.29 Subd. 7. **Definition.** As used in this section, ~~"heinous crime"~~ "violent crime" means
 56.30 a violation or attempt to violate any of the following: section 609.185; 609.19; 609.195;
 56.31 609.20; 609.205; 609.21; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223; 609.2231; 609.2241; 609.2242;
 56.32 609.2245; 609.2247; 609.228; 609.23; 609.231; 609.2325; 609.233; 609.235; 609.24;
 56.33 609.245; 609.25; 609.255; 609.265; 609.2661; 609.2662; 609.2663; 609.2664; 609.2665;

57.1 609.267; 609.2671; 609.2672; 609.268; 609.282; 609.342; 609.343; 609.344; 609.345;
 57.2 609.3451; 609.3453; 609.352; 609.377; 609.378; 609.561, subdivision 1; 609.582,
 57.3 subdivision 1, paragraph (a) or (c); or 609.66, subdivision 1e, paragraph (b).

57.4 ~~(1) a violation or attempted violation of section 609.185 or 609.19;~~

57.5 ~~(2) a violation of section 609.195 or 609.221; or~~

57.6 ~~(3) a violation of section 609.342, 609.343, or 609.344, if the offense was committed~~
 57.7 ~~with force or violence or if the complainant was a minor at the time of the offense.~~

57.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

57.9 Sec. 9. **[611A.26] POLYGRAPH EXAMINATIONS; CRIMINAL SEXUAL**
 57.10 **CONDUCT COMPLAINTS; LIMITATIONS.**

57.11 **Subdivision 1. Polygraph prohibition.** No law enforcement agency or prosecutor
 57.12 shall require that a complainant of a criminal sexual conduct offense submit to a polygraph
 57.13 examination as part of or a condition to proceeding with the investigation, charging,
 57.14 or prosecution of such offense.

57.15 **Subd. 2. Law enforcement inquiry.** A law enforcement agency or prosecutor may
 57.16 not ask that a complainant of a criminal sexual conduct offense submit to a polygraph
 57.17 examination as part of the investigation, charging, or prosecution of such offense unless
 57.18 the complainant has been referred to, and had the opportunity to exercise the option of
 57.19 consulting with a sexual assault counselor as defined in section 595.02, subdivision 1,
 57.20 paragraph (k).

57.21 **Subd. 3. Informed consent requirement.** At the request of the complainant, a law
 57.22 enforcement agency may conduct a polygraph examination of the complainant only with
 57.23 the complainant's written, informed consent as provided in this subdivision.

57.24 **Subd. 4. Informed consent.** To consent to a polygraph, a complainant must be
 57.25 informed in writing that:

57.26 (1) the taking of the polygraph examination is voluntary and solely at the victim's
 57.27 request;

57.28 (2) a law enforcement agency or prosecutor may not ask or require that the
 57.29 complainant submit to a polygraph examination;

57.30 (3) the results of the examination are not admissible in court; and

57.31 (4) the complainant's refusal to take a polygraph examination may not be used
 57.32 as a basis by the law enforcement agency or prosecutor not to investigate, charge, or
 57.33 prosecute the offender.

57.34 **Subd. 5. Polygraph refusal.** A complainant's refusal to submit to a polygraph
 57.35 examination shall not prevent the investigation, charging, or prosecution of the offense.

58.1 Subd. 6. Definitions. For the purposes of this section, the following terms have
58.2 the meanings given.

58.3 (a) "Criminal sexual conduct" means a violation of section 609.342, 609.343,
58.4 609.344, 609.345, or 609.3451.

58.5 (b) "Complainant" means a person reporting to have been subjected to criminal
58.6 sexual conduct.

58.7 (c) "Polygraph examination" means any mechanical or electrical instrument or
58.8 device of any type used or allegedly used to examine, test, or question individuals for
58.9 the purpose of determining truthfulness.

58.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2008.

58.11 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.675, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

58.12 Subdivision 1. **Grants authorized.** ~~The Crime Victim and Witness Advisory~~
58.13 ~~Council~~ commissioner of public safety shall make grants to prosecutors and victim
58.14 assistance programs for the purpose of providing emergency assistance to victims. As
58.15 used in this section, "emergency assistance" includes but is not limited to:

58.16 (1) replacement of necessary property that was lost, damaged, or stolen as a result
58.17 of the crime;

58.18 (2) purchase and installation of necessary home security devices;

58.19 (3) transportation to locations related to the victim's needs as a victim, such as
58.20 medical facilities and facilities of the criminal justice system;

58.21 (4) cleanup of the crime scene; ~~and~~

58.22 (5) reimbursement for reasonable travel and living expenses the victim incurred to
58.23 attend court proceedings that were held at a location other than the place where the crime
58.24 occurred due to a change of venue; and

58.25 (6) reimbursement of towing and storage fees incurred due to impoundment of a
58.26 recovered stolen vehicle.

58.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

58.28 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.675, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

58.29 Subd. 2. **Application for grants.** (a) A city or county attorney's office or victim
58.30 assistance program may apply to the ~~council~~ commissioner of public safety for a grant
58.31 for any of the purposes described in subdivision 1 or for any other emergency assistance
58.32 purpose approved by the ~~council~~ commissioner. The application must be on forms and
58.33 pursuant to procedures developed by the ~~council~~ commissioner. The application must

59.1 describe the type or types of intended emergency assistance, estimate the amount of
59.2 money required, and include any other information deemed necessary by the ~~council~~
59.3 commissioner.

59.4 (b) A city or county attorney's office or victim assistance program that applies for a
59.5 grant for the purpose described in subdivision 1, clause (6), must make the application
59.6 on a separate form and pursuant to procedures developed by the commissioner. The
59.7 application must estimate the amount of money required for reimbursement costs, estimate
59.8 the amount of money required for administrative costs, and include any other information
59.9 deemed necessary by the commissioner. An applicant may not spend in any fiscal year
59.10 more than five percent of the grant awarded for administrative costs.

59.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

59.12 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.675, is amended by adding a
59.13 subdivision to read:

59.14 Subd. 2a. **Awards; limitations.** (a) No award may be granted under subdivision
59.15 1, clause (6), to a victim that fails to provide proof of insurance stating that security
59.16 had been provided for the vehicle at the time the vehicle was stolen. As used in this
59.17 paragraph, "proof of insurance" has the meaning given it in section 169.791, subdivision
59.18 1, paragraph (g).

59.19 (b) An award paid to a victim under subdivision 1, clause (6), shall compensate the
59.20 victim for actual costs incurred but shall not exceed \$300.

59.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

59.22 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.675, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

59.23 Subd. 3. **Reporting by local agencies required.** A city or county attorney's office
59.24 or victim assistance program that receives a grant under this section shall file an annual
59.25 report with the ~~council~~ commissioner of public safety itemizing the expenditures made
59.26 during the preceding year, the purpose of those expenditures, and the ultimate disposition,
59.27 if any, of each assisted victim's criminal case.

59.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

59.29 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611A.675, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

59.30 Subd. 4. **Report to legislature.** ~~On or before February 1, 1999, the council shall~~
59.31 ~~report to the chairs of the senate Crime Prevention and house of representatives Judiciary~~
59.32 ~~Committees on the implementation, use, and administration of the grant program created~~

60.1 ~~under this section.~~ By February 1, 2008, the commissioner of public safety shall report to
 60.2 the chairs and ranking members of the senate and house committees and divisions having
 60.3 jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding on the implementation, use, and
 60.4 administration of the grant programs created under this section.

60.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

60.6 Sec. 15. **PHOTOGRAPH AND NO CONTACT ORDERS.**

60.7 The state court administrator shall convene a multidisciplinary implementation work
 60.8 group to study the attachment of photographs to criminal no contact orders and report their
 60.9 recommendations to the appropriate committees of the house of representatives and senate
 60.10 in charge of criminal justice policy by June 30, 2008.

60.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

60.12 **ARTICLE 5**
 60.13 **COURTS AND PUBLIC DEFENDERS**

60.14 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 2.722, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

60.15 Subdivision 1. **Description.** Effective July 1, 1959, the state is divided into ten
 60.16 judicial districts composed of the following named counties, respectively, in each of which
 60.17 districts judges shall be chosen as hereinafter specified:

60.18 1. Goodhue, Dakota, Carver, Le Sueur, McLeod, Scott, and Sibley; ~~33~~ 36 judges;
 60.19 and four permanent chambers shall be maintained in Red Wing, Hastings, Shakopee, and
 60.20 Glencoe and one other shall be maintained at the place designated by the chief judge
 60.21 of the district;

60.22 2. Ramsey; 26 judges;

60.23 3. Wabasha, Winona, Houston, Rice, Olmsted, Dodge, Steele, Waseca, Freeborn,
 60.24 Mower, and Fillmore; ~~23~~ 24 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in
 60.25 Faribault, Albert Lea, Austin, Rochester, and Winona;

60.26 4. Hennepin; 60 judges;

60.27 5. Blue Earth, Watonwan, Lyon, Redwood, Brown, Nicollet, Lincoln, Cottonwood,
 60.28 Murray, Nobles, Pipestone, Rock, Faribault, Martin, and Jackson; 16 judges; and
 60.29 permanent chambers shall be maintained in Marshall, Windom, Fairmont, New Ulm,
 60.30 and Mankato;

60.31 6. Carlton, St. Louis, Lake, and Cook; 15 judges;

61.1 7. Benton, Douglas, Mille Lacs, Morrison, Otter Tail, Stearns, Todd, Clay, Becker,
61.2 and Wadena; 27 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Moorhead,
61.3 Fergus Falls, Little Falls, and St. Cloud;

61.4 8. Chippewa, Kandiyohi, Lac qui Parle, Meeker, Renville, Swift, Yellow Medicine,
61.5 Big Stone, Grant, Pope, Stevens, Traverse, and Wilkin; 11 judges; and permanent
61.6 chambers shall be maintained in Morris, Montevideo, and Willmar;

61.7 9. Norman, Polk, Marshall, Kittson, Red Lake, Roseau, Mahnomen, Pennington,
61.8 Aitkin, Itasca, Crow Wing, Hubbard, Beltrami, Lake of the Woods, Clearwater, Cass and
61.9 Koochiching; ~~22~~ 23 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Crookston,
61.10 Thief River Falls, Bemidji, Brainerd, Grand Rapids, and International Falls; and

61.11 10. Anoka, Isanti, Wright, Sherburne, Kanabec, Pine, Chisago, and Washington; ~~43~~
61.12 44 judges; and permanent chambers shall be maintained in Anoka, Stillwater, and other
61.13 places designated by the chief judge of the district.

61.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2008.

61.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 3.732, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

61.16 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** As used in this section and section 3.736 the terms
61.17 defined in this section have the meanings given them.

61.18 (1) "State" includes each of the departments, boards, agencies, commissions, courts,
61.19 and officers in the executive, legislative, and judicial branches of the state of Minnesota
61.20 and includes but is not limited to the Housing Finance Agency, the Minnesota Office of
61.21 Higher Education, the Higher Education Facilities Authority, the Health Technology
61.22 Advisory Committee, the Armory Building Commission, the Zoological Board, the Iron
61.23 Range Resources and Rehabilitation Board, the State Agricultural Society, the University
61.24 of Minnesota, the Minnesota State Colleges and Universities, state hospitals, and state
61.25 penal institutions. It does not include a city, town, county, school district, or other local
61.26 governmental body corporate and politic.

61.27 (2) "Employee of the state" means all present or former officers, members, directors,
61.28 or employees of the state, members of the Minnesota National Guard, members of a
61.29 bomb disposal unit approved by the commissioner of public safety and employed by a
61.30 municipality defined in section 466.01 when engaged in the disposal or neutralization of
61.31 bombs or other similar hazardous explosives, as defined in section 299C.063, outside the
61.32 jurisdiction of the municipality but within the state, or persons acting on behalf of the state
61.33 in an official capacity, temporarily or permanently, with or without compensation. It does
61.34 not include either an independent contractor except, for purposes of this section and
61.35 section 3.736 only, a guardian ad litem acting under court appointment, or members of the

62.1 Minnesota National Guard while engaged in training or duty under United States Code,
 62.2 title 10, or title 32, section 316, 502, 503, 504, or 505, as amended through December
 62.3 31, 1983. Notwithstanding sections 43A.02 and 611.263, for purposes of this section and
 62.4 section 3.736 only, "employee of the state" includes a district public defender or assistant
 62.5 district public defender in the Second or Fourth Judicial District and a member of the
 62.6 Health Technology Advisory Committee.

62.7 (3) "Scope of office or employment" means that the employee was acting on behalf
 62.8 of the state in the performance of duties or tasks lawfully assigned by competent authority.

62.9 (4) "Judicial branch" has the meaning given in section 43A.02, subdivision 25.

62.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

62.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 3.736, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

62.12 Subdivision 1. **General rule.** The state will pay compensation for injury to or loss
 62.13 of property or personal injury or death caused by an act or omission of an employee of
 62.14 the state while acting within the scope of office or employment or a peace officer who is
 62.15 not acting on behalf of a private employer and who is acting in good faith under section
 62.16 629.40, subdivision 4, under circumstances where the state, if a private person, would be
 62.17 liable to the claimant, whether arising out of a governmental or proprietary function.
 62.18 Nothing in this section waives the defense of judicial, quasi-judicial, or legislative
 62.19 immunity except to the extent provided in subdivision 8.

62.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

62.21 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 15A.083, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

62.22 Subd. 4. **Ranges for other judicial positions.** Salaries or salary ranges are provided
 62.23 for the following positions in the judicial branch of government. The appointing authority
 62.24 of any position for which a salary range has been provided shall fix the individual salary
 62.25 within the prescribed range, considering the qualifications and overall performance of the
 62.26 employee. ~~The Supreme Court shall set the salary of the state court administrator and the~~
 62.27 ~~salaries of district court administrators. The salary of the state court administrator or a~~
 62.28 ~~district court administrator may not exceed the salary of a district court judge.~~ If district
 62.29 court administrators die, the amounts of their unpaid salaries for the months in which
 62.30 their deaths occur must be paid to their estates. The salary of the state public defender
 62.31 shall be fixed by the State Board of Public Defense but must not exceed the salary of a
 62.32 district court judge.

62.33 Salary or Range
 62.34 Effective

63.1 July 1, 1994
 63.2 Board on Judicial
 63.3 Standards executive
 63.4 director \$44,000-60,000

63.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

63.6 Sec. 5. **[72A.329] DIRECT LIABILITY OF INSURER.**

63.7 Any bond or policy of insurance covering liability to others for negligence makes
 63.8 the insurer liable, up to the amounts stated in the bond or policy, to the persons entitled to
 63.9 recover against the insured for the death of any person or for injury to persons or property,
 63.10 irrespective of whether the liability is presently established or is contingent and to become
 63.11 fixed or certain by final judgment against the insured.

63.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to bonds
 63.13 or policies of insurance issued, renewed, or in place on or after that date.

63.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 260C.193, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

63.15 Subd. 6. **Termination of jurisdiction.** The court may dismiss the petition or
 63.16 otherwise terminate its jurisdiction on its own motion or on the motion or petition of any
 63.17 interested party at any time. Unless terminated by the court, and except as otherwise
 63.18 provided in this subdivision, the jurisdiction of the court shall continue until the individual
 63.19 becomes 19 years of age if the court determines it is in the best interest of the individual
 63.20 to do so. ~~Court jurisdiction under section 260C.007, subdivision 6, clause (14), may~~
 63.21 ~~not continue past the child's 18th birthday.~~

63.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

63.23 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 270A.03, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

63.24 Subd. 5. **Debt.** "Debt" means a legal obligation of a natural person to pay a fixed
 63.25 and certain amount of money, which equals or exceeds \$25 and which is due and payable
 63.26 to a claimant agency. The term includes criminal fines imposed under section 609.10 or
 63.27 609.125, fines imposed for petty misdemeanors as defined in section 609.02, subdivision
 63.28 4a, and restitution. ~~The term also includes the co-payment for the appointment of a district~~
 63.29 ~~public defender imposed under section 611.17, paragraph (c).~~ A debt may arise under a
 63.30 contractual or statutory obligation, a court order, or other legal obligation, but need not
 63.31 have been reduced to judgment.

64.1 A debt includes any legal obligation of a current recipient of assistance which is
64.2 based on overpayment of an assistance grant where that payment is based on a client
64.3 waiver or an administrative or judicial finding of an intentional program violation;
64.4 or where the debt is owed to a program wherein the debtor is not a client at the time
64.5 notification is provided to initiate recovery under this chapter and the debtor is not a
64.6 current recipient of food support, transitional child care, or transitional medical assistance.

64.7 A debt does not include any legal obligation to pay a claimant agency for medical
64.8 care, including hospitalization if the income of the debtor at the time when the medical
64.9 care was rendered does not exceed the following amount:

- 64.10 (1) for an unmarried debtor, an income of \$8,800 or less;
64.11 (2) for a debtor with one dependent, an income of \$11,270 or less;
64.12 (3) for a debtor with two dependents, an income of \$13,330 or less;
64.13 (4) for a debtor with three dependents, an income of \$15,120 or less;
64.14 (5) for a debtor with four dependents, an income of \$15,950 or less; and
64.15 (6) for a debtor with five or more dependents, an income of \$16,630 or less.

64.16 The income amounts in this subdivision shall be adjusted for inflation for debts
64.17 incurred in calendar years 2001 and thereafter. The dollar amount of each income level
64.18 that applied to debts incurred in the prior year shall be increased in the same manner
64.19 as provided in section 1(f) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended through
64.20 December 31, 2000, except that for the purposes of this subdivision the percentage increase
64.21 shall be determined from the year starting September 1, 1999, and ending August 31, 2000,
64.22 as the base year for adjusting for inflation for debts incurred after December 31, 2000.

64.23 Debt also includes an agreement to pay a MinnesotaCare premium, regardless of the
64.24 dollar amount of the premium authorized under section 256L.15, subdivision 1a.

64.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

64.26 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 302A.781, is amended by adding a
64.27 subdivision to read:

64.28 **Subd. 5. Other claims preserved.** In addition to the claims in subdivision 4, all
64.29 other statutory and common law rights of persons who may bring claims of injury to a
64.30 person, including death, are not affected by dissolution under this chapter.

64.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

64.32 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 352D.02, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

65.1 Subdivision 1. **Coverage.** (a) Employees enumerated in paragraph (c), clauses (2),
65.2 (3), (4), and (6) to (14), if they are in the unclassified service of the state or Metropolitan
65.3 Council and are eligible for coverage under the general state employees retirement plan
65.4 under chapter 352, are participants in the unclassified plan under this chapter unless the
65.5 employee gives notice to the executive director of the Minnesota State Retirement System
65.6 within one year following the commencement of employment in the unclassified service
65.7 that the employee desires coverage under the general state employees retirement plan.
65.8 For the purposes of this chapter, an employee who does not file notice with the executive
65.9 director is deemed to have exercised the option to participate in the unclassified plan.

65.10 (b) Persons referenced in paragraph (c), clause (5), are participants in the unclassified
65.11 program under this chapter unless the person was eligible to elect different coverage under
65.12 section 3A.07 and elected retirement coverage by the applicable alternative retirement
65.13 plan. Persons referenced in paragraph (c), clause (15), are participants in the unclassified
65.14 program under this chapter for judicial employment in excess of the service credit limit in
65.15 section 490.121, subdivision 22.

65.16 (c) Enumerated employees and referenced persons are:

65.17 (1) the governor, the lieutenant governor, the secretary of state, the state auditor,
65.18 and the attorney general;

65.19 (2) an employee in the Office of the Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary
65.20 of State, State Auditor, Attorney General;

65.21 (3) an employee of the State Board of Investment;

65.22 (4) the head of a department, division, or agency created by statute in the unclassified
65.23 service, an acting department head subsequently appointed to the position, or an employee
65.24 enumerated in section 15A.0815 or 15A.083, subdivision 4;

65.25 (5) a member of the legislature;

65.26 (6) a full-time unclassified employee of the legislature or a commission or agency of
65.27 the legislature who is appointed without a limit on the duration of the employment or a
65.28 temporary legislative employee having shares in the supplemental retirement fund as a
65.29 result of former employment covered by this chapter, whether or not eligible for coverage
65.30 under the Minnesota State Retirement System;

65.31 (7) a person who is employed in a position established under section 43A.08,
65.32 subdivision 1, clause (3), or in a position authorized under a statute creating or establishing
65.33 a department or agency of the state, which is at the deputy or assistant head of department
65.34 or agency or director level;

66.1 (8) the regional administrator, or executive director of the Metropolitan Council,
66.2 general counsel, division directors, operations managers, and other positions as designated
66.3 by the council, all of which may not exceed 27 positions at the council and the chair;

66.4 (9) the executive director, associate executive director, and not to exceed nine
66.5 positions of the Minnesota Office of Higher Education in the unclassified service, as
66.6 designated by the Minnesota Office of Higher Education before January 1, 1992, or
66.7 subsequently redesignated with the approval of the board of directors of the Minnesota
66.8 State Retirement System, unless the person has elected coverage by the individual
66.9 retirement account plan under chapter 354B;

66.10 (10) the clerk of the appellate courts appointed under article VI, section 2, of the
66.11 Constitution of the state of Minnesota, the state court administrator and judicial district
66.12 administrators;

66.13 (11) the chief executive officers of correctional facilities operated by the Department
66.14 of Corrections and of hospitals and nursing homes operated by the Department of Human
66.15 Services;

66.16 (12) an employee whose principal employment is at the state ceremonial house;

66.17 (13) an employee of the Minnesota Educational Computing Corporation;

66.18 (14) an employee of the State Lottery who is covered by the managerial plan
66.19 established under section 43A.18, subdivision 3; and

66.20 (15) a judge who has exceeded the service credit limit in section 490.121,
66.21 subdivision 22.

66.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

66.23 Sec. 10. **[357.42] DRUG COURT FEES.**

66.24 (a) When a court establishes a drug court process, the court may establish one or
66.25 more fees for services provided to defendants participating in the process.

66.26 (b) In each fiscal year, the court shall deposit the drug court participation fees in
66.27 the special revenue fund and credit the fees to a separate account for the trial courts.
66.28 The balance in this account is appropriated to the trial courts and does not cancel but is
66.29 available until expended. Expenditures from this account must be made for drug court
66.30 purposes.

66.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

66.32 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 484.54, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

67.1 Subd. 2. **Expense payments.** A judge shall be paid travel and subsistence expenses
67.2 for travel from the judge's place of residence to and from the judge's permanent chambers
67.3 only for a period of two years ~~after July 1, 1977, or the date the judge initially assumes~~
67.4 ~~office, whichever is later~~ as provided by Judicial Council policy.

67.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

67.6 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 484.83, is amended to read:

67.7 **484.83 REINSTATEMENT OF FORFEITED SUMS.**

67.8 Subdivision 1. **Abandonment of fees.** All sums deposited with the court
67.9 administrator to cover fees shall be deemed abandoned if the fees are not disbursed or
67.10 the services covered by the fees are not performed and the person entitled to refund of
67.11 the fees does not file a written demand for refund with the court administrator within
67.12 six months from the date of trial, dismissal, or striking of the cause as to jury fees and
67.13 from the date of deposit as to other fees.

67.14 Subd. 2. **Bail forfeitures.** Any bail not forfeited by court order shall be deemed
67.15 abandoned and forfeited if the person entitled to refund does not file a written demand
67.16 for refund with the court administrator within six months from the date when the person
67.17 became entitled to the refund.

67.18 Subd. 3. **Reinstated forfeited sums.** A district court judge may order any sums
67.19 forfeited to be reinstated and the commissioner of finance shall then refund accordingly.
67.20 The commissioner of finance shall reimburse the court administrator if the court
67.21 administrator refunds the deposit upon a judge's order and obtains a receipt to be used
67.22 as a voucher.

67.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

67.24 Sec. 13. **[484.843] ABANDONMENT OF NONFELONY BAIL; DISPOSITION**
67.25 **OF FORFEITED SUMS; FOURTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT.**

67.26 Subdivision 1. **Abandonment of deposits and bail.** (a) Any bail deposited with the
67.27 court administrator of the Fourth Judicial District on a nonfelony case and not forfeited by
67.28 court order shall be deemed abandoned and forfeited if the person entitled to refund does
67.29 not file a written demand for refund with the court administrator within six months from
67.30 the date when the person became entitled to the refund.

67.31 (b) Any judge may order any sums so forfeited under paragraph (a) to be reinstated
67.32 for cause and the court administrator shall then refund accordingly. The receipting
67.33 municipality or subdivision of government shall reimburse the court administrator if the

68.1 court administrator refunds the deposit upon such an order and obtains a receipt to be
68.2 used as a voucher.

68.3 Subd. 2. **Disposition of forfeited sums.** All sums collected on any bail, bond, or
68.4 recognizance forfeited by court order or under subdivision 1, paragraph (a), for the Fourth
68.5 Judicial District on a nonfelony case shall be paid to Hennepin County to be applied to the
68.6 support of the law library of the county. The receipt of the county treasurer to the court
68.7 administrator shall be a sufficient voucher. When the sums so forfeited, minus refunds,
68.8 during any calendar year equal \$2,500, all sums in excess of that amount shall be paid
68.9 to the municipality or subdivision of government in which the violation occurred. The
68.10 payments shall be made periodically but not before six months from the date of the order
68.11 for forfeiture. During that six-month period, but not thereafter, any judge may set aside
68.12 the forfeiture order upon proper showing of cause. No obligation to pay sums so ordered
68.13 forfeited exists unless the forfeiture is not set aside within the six-month period. For the
68.14 purpose of determining when the \$2,500 shall have accrued to the county law library, the
68.15 final forfeiture shall be deemed to occur at the end of the six-month period.

68.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

68.17 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 504B.361, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

68.18 Subdivision 1. **Summons and writ.** (a) The state court administrator shall develop a
68.19 uniform form for the summons and writ of recovery of premises and order to vacate
68.20 may be substantially in the forms in paragraphs (b) and (c).

68.21 (b)

68.22 ~~FORM OF SUMMONS~~

68.23 ~~State of Minnesota)~~

68.24) ~~ss:~~

68.25 ~~County of)~~

68.26 ~~Whereas,, of, has filed with the undersigned, a judge of county~~
68.27 ~~stated, a complaint against, of, a copy of which is attached: You~~
68.28 ~~are hereby summoned to appear before the undersigned on the day of,~~
68.29 ~~year....., at o'clock ...m., at, to answer and defend against the complaint~~
68.30 ~~and to further be dealt with according to law:~~

68.31 ~~Dated at, this day of, year~~

68.32 ~~.....;~~

68.33 ~~Judge of court.~~

68.34 (c)

68.35 ~~FORM OF WRIT OF RECOVERY OF PREMISES AND ORDER TO VACATE~~

69.1 ~~State of Minnesota~~)
 69.2) ss:
 69.3 ~~County of~~)

69.4 ~~The State of Minnesota, to the Sheriff of the County:~~

69.5 ~~Whereas,, the plaintiff, of, in an eviction action, at a court held~~
 69.6 ~~at, in the county of, on the day of, year~~
 69.7 ~~....., before, a judge of the county, recovered a judgment against,~~
 69.8 ~~the, to have recovery of the following premises (describe here the property~~
 69.9 ~~as in the complaint):~~

69.10 ~~Therefore, you are commanded that, taking with you the force of the county, if~~
 69.11 ~~necessary, you cause to be immediately removed from the premises, and the~~
 69.12 ~~plaintiff to recover the premises. You are also commanded that from the personal property~~
 69.13 ~~of within the county that you seize and sell, the plaintiff be paid~~
 69.14 ~~dollars, as the costs assessed against the defendant, together with 25 cents for this writ.~~
 69.15 ~~You are ordered to return this writ within 30 days.~~

69.16 ~~Dated at, this day of, year~~
 69.17 ~~.....;~~
 69.18 ~~Judge of court.~~

69.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

69.20 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 518.165, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

69.21 Subdivision 1. **Permissive appointment of guardian ad litem.** In all proceedings
 69.22 for child custody or for dissolution or legal separation where custody or parenting time
 69.23 with a minor child is in issue, the court may appoint a guardian ad litem from a panel
 69.24 established by the court to represent the interests of the child. The guardian ad litem shall
 69.25 advise the court with respect to custody, ~~support,~~ and parenting time.

69.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

69.27 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 518.165, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

69.28 Subd. 2. **Required appointment of guardian ad litem.** In all proceedings for child
 69.29 custody or for marriage dissolution or legal separation in which custody or parenting time
 69.30 with a minor child is an issue, if the court has reason to believe that the minor child is a
 69.31 victim of domestic child abuse or neglect, as those terms are defined in sections 260C.007
 69.32 and 626.556, respectively, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem. The guardian
 69.33 ad litem shall represent the interests of the child and advise the court with respect to

70.1 custody, ~~support~~, and parenting time. If the child is represented by a guardian ad litem in
 70.2 any other pending proceeding, the court may appoint that guardian to represent the child
 70.3 in the custody or parenting time proceeding. No guardian ad litem need be appointed if
 70.4 the alleged domestic child abuse or neglect is before the court on a juvenile dependency
 70.5 and neglect petition. Nothing in this subdivision requires the court to appoint a guardian
 70.6 ad litem in any proceeding for child custody, marriage dissolution, or legal separation in
 70.7 which an allegation of domestic child abuse or neglect has not been made.

70.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

70.9 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 518A.35, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

70.10 Subd. 3. **Income cap on determining basic support.** (a) The basic support
 70.11 obligation for parents with a combined parental income for determining child support in
 70.12 excess of the income limit ~~currently in effect~~ under subdivision 2 must be the same dollar
 70.13 amount as provided for the parties with a combined parental income for determining child
 70.14 support equal to the income ~~in effect~~ limit under subdivision 2.

70.15 (b) A court may order a basic support obligation in a child support order in an
 70.16 amount that exceeds the income limit in subdivision 2 if it finds that a child has a disability
 70.17 or other substantial, demonstrated need for the additional support for those reasons set
 70.18 forth in section 518A.43 and that the additional support will directly benefit the child.

70.19 ~~(c) The dollar amount for the cap in subdivision 2 must be adjusted on July 1 of~~
 70.20 ~~every even-numbered year to reflect cost-of-living changes. The Supreme Court must~~
 70.21 ~~select the index for the adjustment from the indices listed in section 518A.75, subdivision~~
 70.22 ~~1. The state court administrator must make the changes in the dollar amounts required~~
 70.23 ~~by this paragraph available to courts and the public on or before April 30 of the year in~~
 70.24 ~~which the amount is to change.~~

70.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

70.26 Sec. 18. **[540.19] NEGLIGENCE ACTIONS; INSURERS.**

70.27 Subdivision 1. Direct action. In any action for damages caused by negligence,
 70.28 any insurer which:

70.29 (1) has an interest in the outcome of the controversy adverse to the plaintiff or any
 70.30 of the parties to the controversy;

70.31 (2) by its policy of insurance assumes or reserves the right to control the prosecution,
 70.32 defense, or settlement of the claim or action; or

71.1 (3) by its policy agrees to prosecute or defend the action brought by plaintiff or any
71.2 of the parties to the action, or agrees to engage counsel to prosecute or defend the action
71.3 or agrees to pay the costs of the litigation,
71.4 is by this section made a proper party defendant in any action brought by plaintiff in this
71.5 state on account of any claim against the insured. If the policy of insurance was issued
71.6 or delivered outside this state, the insurer is by this subdivision made a proper party
71.7 defendant only if the accident, injury, or negligence occurred in this state.

71.8 Subd. 2. **Other parties; impleading.** If an insurer is made a party defendant
71.9 pursuant to this section and it appears at any time before or during the trial that there is or
71.10 may be a cross issue between the insurer and the insured or any issue between any other
71.11 person and the insurer involving the question of the insurer's liability if judgment should
71.12 be rendered against the insured, the court may, upon motion of any defendant in the action,
71.13 cause the person who may be liable upon such cross issue to be made a party defendant
71.14 to the action and all the issues involved in the controversy determined in the trial of the
71.15 action or any third party may be impleaded. Nothing in this subdivision prohibits the trial
71.16 court from directing and conducting separate trials on the issue of liability to the plaintiff
71.17 or other party seeking affirmative relief and on the issue of whether the insurance policy in
71.18 question affords coverage. Any party may move for separate trials. If the court orders
71.19 separate trials, the court shall specify in its order the sequence in which the trials are to
71.20 be conducted.

71.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to
71.22 actions commenced on or after that date.

71.23 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 549.09, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

71.24 Subdivision 1. **When owed; rate.** (a) When a judgment or award is for the recovery
71.25 of money, including a judgment for the recovery of taxes, interest from the time of
71.26 the verdict, award, or report until judgment is finally entered shall be computed by the
71.27 court administrator or arbitrator as provided in paragraph (c) and added to the judgment
71.28 or award.

71.29 (b) Except as otherwise provided by contract or allowed by law, preverdict,
71.30 preaward, or prereport interest on pecuniary damages shall be computed as provided
71.31 in paragraph (c) from the time of the commencement of the action or a demand for
71.32 arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, whichever occurs first, except as
71.33 provided herein. The action must be commenced within two years of a written notice of
71.34 claim for interest to begin to accrue from the time of the notice of claim. If either party

72.1 serves a written offer of settlement, the other party may serve a written acceptance or a
72.2 written counteroffer within 30 days. After that time, interest on the judgment or award
72.3 shall be calculated by the judge or arbitrator in the following manner. The prevailing
72.4 party shall receive interest on any judgment or award from the time of commencement
72.5 of the action or a demand for arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, or as
72.6 to special damages from the time when special damages were incurred, if later, until the
72.7 time of verdict, award, or report only if the amount of its offer is closer to the judgment or
72.8 award than the amount of the opposing party's offer. If the amount of the losing party's
72.9 offer was closer to the judgment or award than the prevailing party's offer, the prevailing
72.10 party shall receive interest only on the amount of the settlement offer or the judgment or
72.11 award, whichever is less, and only from the time of commencement of the action or a
72.12 demand for arbitration, or the time of a written notice of claim, or as to special damages
72.13 from when the special damages were incurred, if later, until the time the settlement offer
72.14 was made. Subsequent offers and counteroffers supersede the legal effect of earlier offers
72.15 and counteroffers. For the purposes of clause (2), the amount of settlement offer must
72.16 be allocated between past and future damages in the same proportion as determined by
72.17 the trier of fact. Except as otherwise provided by contract or allowed by law, preverdict,
72.18 preaward, or prereport interest shall not be awarded on the following:

72.19 (1) judgments, awards, or benefits in workers' compensation cases, but not including
72.20 third-party actions;

72.21 (2) judgments or awards for future damages;

72.22 (3) punitive damages, fines, or other damages that are noncompensatory in nature;

72.23 (4) judgments or awards not in excess of the amount specified in section 491A.01;

72.24 and

72.25 (5) that portion of any verdict, award, or report which is founded upon interest, or
72.26 costs, disbursements, attorney fees, or other similar items added by the court or arbitrator.

72.27 (c) The interest shall be computed as simple interest per annum. The rate of interest
72.28 shall be based on the secondary market yield of one year United States Treasury bills,
72.29 calculated on a bank discount basis as provided in this section.

72.30 On or before the 20th day of December of each year the state court administrator
72.31 shall determine the rate from the one-year constant maturity treasury yield for the most
72.32 recent calendar month, reported on a monthly basis in the latest statistical release of the
72.33 board of governors of the Federal Reserve System. This yield, rounded to the nearest one
72.34 percent, or ~~four~~ ten percent, whichever is greater, shall be the annual interest rate during
72.35 the succeeding calendar year. The state court administrator shall communicate the interest

73.1 rates to the court administrators and sheriffs for use in computing the interest on verdicts
73.2 and shall make the interest rates available to arbitrators.

73.3 When a judgment creditor, or the judgment creditor's attorney or agent, has received
73.4 a payment after entry of judgment, whether the payment is made voluntarily by or on
73.5 behalf of the judgment debtor, or is collected by legal process other than execution levy
73.6 where a proper return has been filed with the court administrator, the judgment creditor,
73.7 or the judgment creditor's attorney, before applying to the court administrator for an
73.8 execution shall file with the court administrator an affidavit of partial satisfaction. The
73.9 affidavit must state the dates and amounts of payments made upon the judgment after the
73.10 most recent affidavit of partial satisfaction filed, if any; the part of each payment that
73.11 is applied to taxable disbursements and to accrued interest and to the unpaid principal
73.12 balance of the judgment; and the accrued, but the unpaid interest owing, if any, after
73.13 application of each payment.

73.14 (d) This section does not apply to arbitrations between employers and employees
73.15 under chapter 179 or 179A. An arbitrator is neither required to nor prohibited from
73.16 awarding interest under chapter 179 or under section 179A.16 for essential employees.

73.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

73.18 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 563.01, is amended by adding a subdivision
73.19 to read:

73.20 Subd. 7a. **Copy costs.** The court administrator shall provide a person who is
73.21 proceeding in forma pauperis with copies of the person's court file without charge.

73.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

73.23 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 590.05, is amended to read:

73.24 **590.05 INDIGENT PETITIONERS.**

73.25 A person financially unable to obtain counsel who desires to pursue the remedy
73.26 provided in section 590.01 may apply for representation by the state public defender.
73.27 The state public defender shall represent such person under the applicable provisions
73.28 of sections 611.14 to 611.27, if the person has not already had a direct appeal of the
73.29 conviction. ~~If, however, the person pled guilty and received a presumptive sentence or a~~
73.30 ~~downward departure in sentence, and the state public defender reviewed the person's case~~
73.31 ~~and determined that there was no basis for an appeal of the conviction or of the sentence,~~
73.32 ~~then the state public defender may decline to represent the person in a postconviction~~
73.33 ~~remedy case.~~ The state public defender may represent, without charge, all other persons

74.1 pursuing a postconviction remedy under section 590.01, who are financially unable
74.2 to obtain counsel.

74.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

74.4 Sec. 22. **[604.18] GOOD FAITH INSURANCE PRACTICES.**

74.5 **Subdivision 1. Required conduct.** (a) An insurer shall act in good faith in
74.6 connection with any matter involving a claim under an insurance policy.

74.7 (b) An insurer does not act in good faith if the insurer delays or denies benefits
74.8 offered or paid without an objectively reasonable basis for its offer, delay, or denial. An
74.9 insurer also does not act in good faith if the insurer engages in any fraud, false pretense,
74.10 false promise, misrepresentation, misleading statement, or deceptive practice that others
74.11 rely on in connection with any matter involving a claim under an insurance policy.

74.12 (c) For purposes of this section:

74.13 (1) "insurance policy" means an insurance policy or contract issued, executed,
74.14 renewed, maintained, or delivered in this state, other than a workers' compensation
74.15 insurance policy or contract or other policy or contract of a health carrier as defined in
74.16 section 62A.011; and

74.17 (2) "insurer" means an insurance company: (i) incorporated or organized in this
74.18 state; or (ii) admitted to do business in this state but not incorporated or organized in
74.19 this state. The term does not include a political subdivision providing self-insurance or
74.20 establishing a pool under section 471.981, subdivision 3.

74.21 **Subd. 2. Penalties and remedies.** A person violating subdivision 1 is acting against
74.22 the public interest and is liable to the injured party for costs, damages, and reasonable
74.23 attorney fees.

74.24 **Subd. 3. Insurance producers; liability limited.** A licensed insurance producer
74.25 is not liable under this section for errors, acts, or omissions attributed to the insurer that
74.26 appointed the producer to transact business on its behalf, except to the extent the producer
74.27 has caused or contributed to the error, act, or omission.

74.28 **Subd. 4. Report to commissioner.** An insurer shall promptly report to the
74.29 commissioner of commerce the date and disposition of every settlement and award against
74.30 the insurer for a violation of subdivision 1.

74.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007, and applies to causes
74.32 of action commenced or pending on or after that date.

74.33 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.135, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

75.1 Subd. 8. **Fine and surcharge collection.** (a) A defendant's obligation to pay
75.2 court-ordered fines, surcharges, court costs, restitution, and fees shall survive for a period
75.3 of six years from the date of the expiration of the defendant's stayed sentence for the
75.4 offense for which the fines, surcharges, court costs, restitution, and fees were imposed, or
75.5 six years from the imposition or due date of the fines, surcharges, court costs, restitution,
75.6 and fees, whichever is later. Nothing in this subdivision extends the period of a defendant's
75.7 stay of sentence imposition or execution.

75.8 (b) The six-year period relating to a defendant's obligation to pay restitution under
75.9 paragraph (a) does not limit the victim's right to collect restitution through other means
75.10 such as a civil judgment.

75.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

75.12 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.14, is amended to read:

75.13 **611.14 RIGHT TO REPRESENTATION BY PUBLIC DEFENDER.**

75.14 The following persons who are financially unable to obtain counsel are entitled to be
75.15 represented by a public defender:

75.16 (1) a person charged with a felony, gross misdemeanor, or misdemeanor including a
75.17 person charged under sections 629.01 to 629.29;

75.18 (2) a person appealing from a conviction of a felony or gross misdemeanor, or
75.19 a person convicted of a felony or gross misdemeanor, who is pursuing a postconviction
75.20 proceeding and who has not already had a direct appeal of the conviction, ~~but if the person~~
75.21 ~~pled guilty and received a presumptive sentence or a downward departure in sentence,~~
75.22 ~~and the state public defender reviewed the person's case and determined that there was no~~
75.23 ~~basis for an appeal of the conviction or of the sentence, then the state public defender may~~
75.24 ~~decline to represent the person in a postconviction remedy case;~~

75.25 (3) a person who is entitled to be represented by counsel under section 609.14,
75.26 subdivision 2; or

75.27 (4) a minor ten years of age or older who is entitled to be represented by counsel
75.28 under section 260B.163, subdivision 4, or 260C.163, subdivision 3.

75.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

75.30 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.20, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

75.31 Subd. 6. **Reimbursement schedule guidelines.** In determining a defendant's
75.32 reimbursement schedule, the court may derive a specific dollar amount per month

76.1 by multiplying the defendant's net income by the percent indicated by the following
76.2 guidelines:

76.3	Net Income Per Month	Number of Dependents Not				
76.4	of Defendant	Including Defendant				
76.5		4 or	3	2	1	0
76.6		more				
76.7	\$200 and Below	Percentage based on the ability of the defendant to				
76.8		pay as determined by the court.				
76.9	\$200 - 350	8%	9.5%	11%	12.5%	14%
76.10	\$351 - 500	9%	11%	12.5%	14%	15%
76.11	\$501 - 650	10%	12%	14%	15%	17%
76.12	\$651 - 800	11%	13.5%	15.5%	17%	19%
76.13	\$801 and above	12%	14.5%	17%	19%	20%

76.14 ~~"Net income" shall have the meaning given it in section 518.551, subdivision 5.~~

76.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

76.16 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.215, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

76.17 Subdivision 1. **Structure; membership.** (a) The State Board of Public Defense
76.18 is a part of, but is not subject to the administrative control of, the judicial branch of
76.19 government. The State Board of Public Defense shall consist of seven members including:

76.20 (1) four attorneys admitted to the practice of law, well acquainted with the defense
76.21 of persons accused of crime, but not employed as prosecutors, appointed by the Supreme
76.22 Court; and

76.23 (2) three public members appointed by the governor.

76.24 ~~After the expiration of the terms of persons appointed to the board before March~~
76.25 ~~1, 1991,~~ The appointing authorities may not appoint a person who is a judge to be a
76.26 member of the State Board of Public Defense, other than as a member of the ad hoc
76.27 Board of Public Defense.

76.28 (b) All members shall demonstrate an interest in maintaining a high quality,
76.29 independent defense system for those who are unable to obtain adequate representation.
76.30 Appointments to the board shall include qualified women and members of minority
76.31 groups. At least three members of the board shall be from judicial districts other than the
76.32 First, Second, Fourth, and Tenth Judicial Districts. The terms, compensation, and removal
76.33 of members shall be as provided in section 15.0575. The chair shall be elected by the
76.34 members from among the membership for a term of two years.

76.35 (c) In addition, the State Board of Public Defense shall consist of a nine-member ad
76.36 hoc board when considering the appointment of district public defenders under section
76.37 611.26, subdivision 2. The terms of chief district public defenders currently serving shall

77.1 terminate in accordance with the staggered term schedule set forth in section 611.26,
77.2 subdivision 2.

77.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

77.4 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.215, subdivision 1a, is amended to read:

77.5 Subd. 1a. **Chief administrator.** The State Board of Public Defense, with the advice
77.6 of the state public defender, shall appoint a chief administrator who must be chosen
77.7 solely on the basis of training, experience, and other qualifications, and who will serve
77.8 at the pleasure of the ~~state public defender~~ State Board of Public Defense. The chief
77.9 administrator need not be licensed to practice law. The chief administrator shall attend all
77.10 meetings of the board, but may not vote, and shall:

77.11 (1) enforce all resolutions, rules, regulations, or orders of the board;

77.12 (2) present to the board and the state public defender plans, studies, and reports
77.13 prepared for the board's and the state public defender's purposes and recommend to the
77.14 board and the state public defender for adoption measures necessary to enforce or carry
77.15 out the powers and duties of the board and the state public defender, or to efficiently
77.16 administer the affairs of the board and the state public defender;

77.17 (3) keep the board fully advised as to its financial condition, and prepare and submit
77.18 to the board its annual budget and other financial information as it may request;

77.19 (4) recommend to the board the adoption of rules and regulations necessary for the
77.20 efficient operation of the board and its functions; and

77.21 (5) perform other duties prescribed by the board and the state public defender.

77.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

77.23 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.23, is amended to read:

77.24 **611.23 OFFICE OF STATE PUBLIC DEFENDER; APPOINTMENT;**
77.25 **SALARY.**

77.26 The state public defender is responsible to the State Board of Public Defense. The
77.27 state public defender shall supervise the operation, activities, policies, and procedures
77.28 of the statewide public defender system. When requested by a district public defender
77.29 or appointed counsel, the state public defender may assist the district public defender,
77.30 appointed counsel, or an organization designated in section 611.216 in the performance
77.31 of duties, including trial representation in matters involving legal conflicts of interest or
77.32 other special circumstances, and assistance with legal research and brief preparation.

77.33 The state public defender shall be appointed by the State Board of Public Defense for a

78.1 term of four years, except as otherwise provided in this section, and until a successor is
78.2 appointed and qualified. The state public defender shall be a full-time qualified attorney,
78.3 licensed to practice law in this state, serve in the unclassified service of the state, and
78.4 be removed only for cause by the appointing authority. Vacancies in the office shall be
78.5 filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term. The salary of the state public
78.6 defender shall be fixed by the State Board of Public Defense but must not exceed the
78.7 salary of a district court judge. Terms of the state public defender shall commence on July
78.8 1. The state public defender shall devote full time to the performance of duties and shall
78.9 not engage in the general practice of law.

78.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

78.11 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.24, is amended to read:

78.12 **611.24 CHIEF APPELLATE PUBLIC DEFENDER; ORGANIZATION OF**
78.13 **OFFICE; ASSISTANTS.**

78.14 ~~The state public defender shall supervise the operation, activities, policies and~~
78.15 ~~procedures of the state public defender system. The state public defender shall employ or~~
78.16 ~~retain assistant state public defenders, a chief administrator, a deputy state~~ (a) Beginning
78.17 January 1, 2007, and for every four years after that date, the State Board of Public Defense
78.18 shall appoint a chief appellate public defender in charge of appellate services, who shall
78.19 employ or retain assistant state public defenders and other personnel as may be necessary
78.20 to discharge the functions of the office. The chief appellate public defender shall serve a
78.21 four-year term and may be removed only for cause upon the order of the State Board of
78.22 Public Defense. The chief appellate public defender shall be a full-time qualified attorney,
78.23 licensed to practice law in this state, and serve in the unclassified service of the state.
78.24 Vacancies in the office shall be filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term.

78.25 (b) An assistant state public defender shall be a qualified attorney, licensed to
78.26 practice law in this state, serve in the unclassified service of the state if employed, and
78.27 serve at the pleasure of the appointing authority at a salary or retainer fee not to exceed
78.28 reasonable compensation for comparable services performed for other governmental
78.29 agencies or departments. Retained or part-time employed assistant state public defenders
78.30 may engage in the general practice of law. The compensation of the chief appellate public
78.31 defender and the compensation of each assistant state public defender shall be set by the
78.32 State Board of Public Defense. The chief appellate public defender shall devote full time
78.33 to the performance of duties and shall not engage in the general practice of law.

79.1 (c) The incumbent deputy state public defender as of December 31, 2006, shall be
79.2 appointed as the chief appellate public defender for the four-year term beginning on
79.3 January 1, 2007.

79.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

79.5 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.25, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

79.6 Subdivision 1. **Representation.** (a) The ~~state~~ chief appellate public defender shall
79.7 represent, without charge:

79.8 (1) a defendant or other person appealing from a conviction of a felony or gross
79.9 misdemeanor;

79.10 (2) a person convicted of a felony or gross misdemeanor who is pursuing a
79.11 postconviction proceeding and who has not already had a direct appeal of the conviction;
79.12 ~~but if the person pled guilty and received a presumptive sentence or a downward departure~~
79.13 ~~in sentence, and the state public defender reviewed the person's case and determined that~~
79.14 ~~there was no basis for an appeal of the conviction or of the sentence, then the state public~~
79.15 ~~defender may decline to represent the person in a postconviction remedy case; and~~

79.16 (3) a child who is appealing from a delinquency adjudication or from an extended
79.17 jurisdiction juvenile conviction.

79.18 (b) The ~~state~~ chief appellate public defender may represent, without charge, all other
79.19 persons pursuing a postconviction remedy under section 590.01, who are financially
79.20 unable to obtain counsel.

79.21 ~~(c) The state public defender shall represent any other person, who is financially~~
79.22 ~~unable to obtain counsel, when directed to do so by the Supreme Court or the Court of~~
79.23 ~~Appeals, except that~~ The state chief appellate public defender shall not represent a person
79.24 in any action or proceeding in which a party is seeking a monetary judgment, recovery or
79.25 award. ~~When requested by a district public defender or appointed counsel, the state public~~
79.26 ~~defender may assist the district public defender, appointed counsel, or an organization~~
79.27 ~~designated in section 611.216 in the performance of duties, including trial representation in~~
79.28 ~~matters involving legal conflicts of interest or other special circumstances, and assistance~~
79.29 ~~with legal research and brief preparation. When the state public defender is directed by a~~
79.30 ~~court to represent a defendant or other person, the state public defender may assign the~~
79.31 ~~representation to any district public defender.~~

79.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

79.33 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.26, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

80.1 Subd. 2. **Appointment; terms.** The state Board of Public Defense shall appoint a
80.2 chief district public defender for each judicial district. When appointing a chief district
80.3 public defender, the state Board of Public Defense membership shall be increased to
80.4 include two residents of the district appointed by the chief judge of the district to reflect
80.5 the characteristics of the population served by the public defender in that district. The
80.6 additional members shall serve only in the capacity of selecting the district public
80.7 defender. The ad hoc state Board of Public Defense shall appoint a chief district public
80.8 defender only after requesting and giving reasonable time to receive any recommendations
80.9 from the public, the local bar association, and the judges of the district. Each chief district
80.10 public defender shall be a qualified attorney licensed to practice law in this state. The chief
80.11 district public defender shall be appointed for a term of four years, beginning January 1,
80.12 pursuant to the following staggered term schedule: (1) in ~~2000~~ 2008, the second and
80.13 eighth districts; (2) in ~~2001~~ 2009, the first, third, fourth, and tenth districts; (3) in ~~2002~~
80.14 2010, the fifth and ninth districts; and (4) in ~~1999~~ 2011, the sixth and seventh districts.
80.15 The chief district public defenders shall serve for four-year terms and may be removed for
80.16 cause upon the order of the state Board of Public Defense. Vacancies in the office shall
80.17 be filled by the appointing authority for the unexpired term. The chief district public
80.18 defenders shall devote full time to the performance of duties and shall not engage in the
80.19 general practice of law.

80.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

80.21 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.26, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

80.22 Subd. 7. **Other employment.** ~~Chief district public defenders and~~ Assistant district
80.23 public defenders may engage in the general practice of law where not employed on a
80.24 full-time basis.

80.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

80.26 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

80.27 Subd. 3. **Transcript use.** If the ~~state~~ chief appellate public defender or a district
80.28 public defender deems it necessary to make a motion for a new trial, to take an appeal,
80.29 or other postconviction proceedings in order to properly represent a defendant or other
80.30 person whom that public defender had been directed to represent, that public defender
80.31 may use the transcripts of the testimony and other proceedings filed with the court
80.32 administrator of the district court as provided by section 243.49.

80.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

81.1 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.27, subdivision 13, is amended to read:

81.2 Subd. 13. **Public defense services; correctional facility inmates.** All billings for
81.3 services rendered and ordered under subdivision 7 shall require the approval of the chief
81.4 district public defender before being forwarded on a monthly basis to the state public
81.5 defender. In cases where adequate representation cannot be provided by the district public
81.6 defender and where counsel has been appointed under a court order, the state public
81.7 defender shall forward to the commissioner of finance all billings for services rendered
81.8 under the court order. The commissioner shall pay for services from ~~county criminal~~
81.9 ~~justice aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under section~~
81.10 ~~477A.0121, subdivision 4, or from~~ county program aid retained by the commissioner of
81.11 revenue for that purpose under section 477A.0124, subdivision 1, clause (4), or 477A.03,
81.12 subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).

81.13 The costs of appointed counsel and associated services in cases arising from new
81.14 criminal charges brought against indigent inmates who are incarcerated in a Minnesota
81.15 state correctional facility are the responsibility of the state Board of Public Defense. In
81.16 such cases the state public defender may follow the procedures outlined in this section for
81.17 obtaining court-ordered counsel.

81.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

81.19 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.27, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

81.20 Subd. 15. **Costs of transcripts.** In appeal cases and postconviction cases where the
81.21 ~~state appellate~~ public defender's office does not have sufficient funds to pay for transcripts
81.22 and other necessary expenses because it has spent or committed all of the transcript funds
81.23 in its annual budget, the state public defender may forward to the commissioner of finance
81.24 all billings for transcripts and other necessary expenses. The commissioner shall pay for
81.25 these transcripts and other necessary expenses from ~~county criminal justice aid retained~~
81.26 ~~by the commissioner of revenue under section 477A.0121, subdivision 4, or from~~ county
81.27 program aid retained by the commissioner of revenue for that purpose under section
81.28 477A.0124, subdivision 1, clause (4), or 477A.03, subdivision 2b, paragraph (a).

81.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

81.30 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 611.35, is amended to read:

81.31 **611.35 REIMBURSEMENT OF PUBLIC DEFENDER AND APPOINTIVE**
81.32 **APPOINTED COUNSEL.**

82.1 Subdivision 1. **Reimbursement; civil obligation.** Any person who is represented
 82.2 by ~~a public defender or appointive~~ appointed counsel shall, if financially able to pay,
 82.3 reimburse the governmental unit chargeable with the compensation of ~~such public~~
 82.4 ~~defender or appointive~~ appointed counsel for the actual costs to the governmental unit in
 82.5 providing the services of the ~~public defender or appointive~~ appointed counsel. The court in
 82.6 hearing such matter shall ascertain the amount of such costs to be charged to the defendant
 82.7 and shall direct reimbursement over a period of not to exceed six months, unless the court
 82.8 for good cause shown shall extend the period of reimbursement. If a term of probation is
 82.9 imposed as a part of a sentence, reimbursement of costs as required by this chapter must
 82.10 not be made a condition of probation. Reimbursement of costs as required by this chapter
 82.11 is a civil obligation and must not be made a condition of a criminal sentence.

82.12 Subd. 2. **Civil action.** The county attorney may commence a civil action to recover
 82.13 such cost remaining unpaid at the expiration of six months unless the court has extended
 82.14 the reimbursement period and shall, if it appears that such recipient of ~~public defender or~~
 82.15 ~~appointive~~ appointed counsel services is about to leave the jurisdiction of the court or sell
 82.16 or otherwise dispose of assets out of which reimbursement may be obtained, commence
 82.17 such action forthwith. The county attorney may compromise and settle any claim for
 82.18 reimbursement with the approval of the court which heard the matter. No determination or
 82.19 action shall be taken later than two years after the termination of the duties of the ~~public~~
 82.20 ~~defender or appointive~~ appointed counsel.

82.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

82.22 Sec. 37. Laws 2001, First Special Session chapter 8, article 4, section 4, is amended to
 82.23 read:

82.24 Sec. 4. **DISTRICT COURTS** \$ 118,470,000 \$ 128,842,000

82.25 **Carlton County Extraordinary Expenses.**

82.26 \$300,000 the first year is to reimburse
 82.27 Carlton county for extraordinary expenses
 82.28 related to homicide trials. This is a onetime
 82.29 appropriation.

82.30 **New Judge Units.** \$774,000 the first year
 82.31 and \$1,504,000 the second year are for an
 82.32 increase in judgeship units, including one
 82.33 trial court judge unit beginning October 1,
 82.34 2001, in the tenth judicial district, one trial

83.1 court judge unit beginning April 1, 2002, in
83.2 the third judicial district, one trial court judge
83.3 unit beginning July 1, 2002, in the tenth
83.4 judicial district, one trial court judge unit
83.5 beginning January 1, 2003, in the seventh
83.6 judicial district, and one trial court judge
83.7 unit beginning January 1, 2003, in the first
83.8 judicial district. Each judge unit consists of a
83.9 judge, law clerk, and court reporter.

83.10 **Alternative Dispute Resolution Programs.**

83.11 A portion of this appropriation may be
83.12 used for the alternative dispute resolution
83.13 programs authorized by article 5, section 18.

83.14 **Supplemental Funding for Certain**

83.15 **Mandated Costs.** \$4,533,000 the first
83.16 year and \$6,032,000 the second year are to
83.17 supplement funding for guardians ad litem,
83.18 interpreters, rule 20 and civil commitment
83.19 examinations, and in forma pauperis costs in
83.20 the fifth, seventh, eighth, and ninth judicial
83.21 districts.

83.22 **Trial Court Infrastructure Staff.** \$684,000

83.23 the first year and \$925,000 the second year
83.24 are for infrastructure staff.

83.25 **Court Effectiveness Initiatives;**

83.26 **Community Courts and Screener**

83.27 **Collectors.** \$835,000 the first year and
83.28 \$765,000 the second year are for court
83.29 effectiveness initiatives. Of this amount,
83.30 \$125,000 each year is for continued funding
83.31 of the community court in the fourth judicial
83.32 district and \$125,000 each year is for
83.33 continued funding of the community court
83.34 in the second judicial district. These are
83.35 onetime appropriations.

84.1 The second judicial district and fourth
84.2 judicial district shall each report quarterly to
84.3 the chairs and ranking minority members of
84.4 the legislative committees and divisions with
84.5 jurisdiction over criminal justice funding on:
84.6 (1) how money appropriated for this initiative
84.7 was spent; and
84.8 (2) the cooperation of other criminal justice
84.9 agencies and county units of government in
84.10 the community courts' efforts.

84.11 The first report is due on October 1, 2001.
84.12 None of this appropriation may be used
84.13 for the purpose of complying with these
84.14 reporting requirements.

84.15 Of this amount, \$585,000 the first year and
84.16 \$515,000 the second year are for screener
84.17 collector programs.

~~84.18 The fifth, seventh, and ninth judicial district
84.19 courts shall implement screener collector
84.20 programs to enhance the collection of
84.21 overdue fine revenue by at least ten percent in
84.22 each location serviced by a screener collector.
84.23 By August 15, 2002, and annually thereafter,
84.24 the state court administrator shall report to
84.25 the chairs and ranking minority members
84.26 of the house of representatives and senate
84.27 committees with jurisdiction over criminal
84.28 justice policy and funding issues on the total
84.29 amount of fines collected, the amount of
84.30 overdue fines collected for the two preceding
84.31 fiscal years, and the expenditures associated
84.32 with the screener collector program.~~

84.33 **Ninth District County and Support Pilot**
84.34 **Projects.** Up to \$99,000 each year may
84.35 be used for the ninth judicial district to

85.1 implement the pilot projects on the six-month
 85.2 review of child custody, parenting time, and
 85.3 support orders, and on the accounting for
 85.4 child support by obligees.

85.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

85.6 Sec. 38. Laws 2003, First Special Session chapter 2, article 1, section 2, is amended to
 85.7 read:

85.8 **Sec. 2. SUPREME COURT** \$ 38,806,000 \$ 36,439,000

85.9 ~~**Report on Court Fees.** The state court~~
 85.10 ~~administrator shall review and report back~~
 85.11 ~~on the financial consequences of policy~~
 85.12 ~~changes made in the following areas: (1)~~
 85.13 ~~criminal and traffic offender surcharges; (2)~~
 85.14 ~~public defender co-pays; and (3) the use~~
 85.15 ~~of revenue recapture to collect the public~~
 85.16 ~~defender co-pay. The report shall also list~~
 85.17 ~~the local governmental units that employ~~
 85.18 ~~administrative procedures to collect fines~~
 85.19 ~~for ordinance violations. The state court~~
 85.20 ~~administrator must submit the report to the~~
 85.21 ~~chairs and ranking minority members on the~~
 85.22 ~~committees that have jurisdiction over court~~
 85.23 ~~funding by January 15 of each year.~~

85.24 \$5,000 each year is for a contingent account
 85.25 for expenses necessary for the normal
 85.26 operation of the court for which no other
 85.27 reimbursement is provided.

85.28 **Legal Services to Low-Income Clients in**
 85.29 **Family Law Matters.** Of this appropriation,
 85.30 \$877,000 each year is to improve the
 85.31 access of low-income clients to legal
 85.32 representation in family law matters. This
 85.33 appropriation must be distributed under
 85.34 Minnesota Statutes, section 480.242, to

86.1 the qualified legal services programs
86.2 described in Minnesota Statutes, section
86.3 480.242, subdivision 2, paragraph (a). Any
86.4 unencumbered balance remaining in the first
86.5 year does not cancel and is available in the
86.6 second year.

86.7 Of this appropriation, \$355,000 in fiscal
86.8 year 2005 is for the implementation of
86.9 the Minnesota Child Support Act and is
86.10 contingent upon its enactment. This is a
86.11 onetime appropriation.

86.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

86.13 **Sec. 39. PUBLIC DEFENDER STUDY AND REPORT REQUIRED.**

86.14 The State Board of Public Defense and the Hennepin County Board of
86.15 Commissioners shall jointly prepare a report to the legislature on the history of the
86.16 funding of the public defender's office in the Fourth Judicial District provided by the state
86.17 and Hennepin County. The report must compare the costs and services provided by the
86.18 Fourth Judicial District Public Defender's Office to the costs and services provided by the
86.19 state Board of Public Defense in all other public defender district offices. The report must
86.20 detail the amount of funding provided by Hennepin County to the Fourth Judicial District
86.21 Public Defender's Office and the amount necessary for the state to assume the full costs of
86.22 the public defender duties in the Fourth Judicial District as in the other judicial districts
86.23 throughout the state. The report must also recommend specific legislation that would
86.24 provide for an appropriate resolution of the state and local funding of the Fourth Judicial
86.25 District Public Defender's Office. The report must be completed by October 1, 2007, and
86.26 be submitted to the commissioner of finance, the chairs and ranking minority members of
86.27 the senate and house committees and divisions with jurisdiction over finance, judiciary,
86.28 judiciary finance, and public safety finance, and the house Ways and Means Committee.

86.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

86.30 **Sec. 40. REPORT.**

86.31 The commissioner of commerce shall monitor compliance with the good faith
86.32 obligations of insurers imposed by Minnesota Statutes, section 604.18 and prepare a
86.33 compliance report and submit it to the house and senate standing committees with

87.1 jurisdiction over insurance matters on January 1 of each year. The commissioner shall
87.2 also submit a copy of the report to the state court administrator to assist the administrator
87.3 in monitoring the impact on the state court system of the enactment of Minnesota
87.4 Statutes, section 604.18. The report must also include the information received by the
87.5 commissioner under Minnesota Statutes, section 604.18, subdivision 3.

87.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

87.7 Sec. 41. **REPEALER.**

87.8 Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 260B.173; 480.175, subdivision 3; and 611.20,
87.9 subdivision 5, are repealed.

87.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

87.11 **ARTICLE 6**
87.12 **CORRECTIONS**

87.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 16A.72, is amended to read:

87.14 **16A.72 INCOME CREDITED TO GENERAL FUND; EXCEPTIONS.**

87.15 All income, including fees or receipts of any nature, shall be credited to the general
87.16 fund, except:

87.17 (1) federal aid;

87.18 (2) contributions, or reimbursements received for any account of any division or
87.19 department for which an appropriation is made by law;

87.20 (3) income to the University of Minnesota;

87.21 (4) income to revolving funds now established in institutions under the control of the
87.22 commissioners of corrections or human services;

87.23 (5) investment earnings resulting from the master lease program, except that the
87.24 amount credited to another fund or account may not exceed the amount of the additional
87.25 expense incurred by that fund or account through participation in the master lease program;

87.26 (6) investment earnings resulting from any gift, donation, devise, endowment, trust,
87.27 or court ordered or approved escrow account or trust fund, which should be credited to the
87.28 fund or account and appropriated for the purpose for which it was received;

87.29 (7) receipts from the operation of patients' and inmates' stores and patients' vending
87.30 machines, which shall be deposited in the social welfare fund, or in the case of prison
87.31 industries in the correctional revolving fund, in each institution for the benefit of the
87.32 patients and inmates;

88.1 (8) ~~money received in payment for services of inmate labor employed in the~~
88.2 ~~industries carried on in the state correctional facilities which receipts shall be credited to~~
88.3 ~~the current expense fund of those facilities~~ income to prison industries which shall be
88.4 credited to the correctional industries revolving fund;

88.5 (9) as provided in sections 16B.57 and 85.22;

88.6 (10) income to the Minnesota Historical Society;

88.7 (11) the percent of income collected by a private collection agency and retained by
88.8 the collection agency as its collection fee; or

88.9 (12) as otherwise provided by law.

88.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

88.11 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 16B.181, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

88.12 Subd. 2. **Public entities; purchases from corrections industries.** (a) The
88.13 commissioner of corrections, in consultation with the commissioner of administration,
88.14 shall prepare updated lists of the items available for purchase from Department of
88.15 Corrections industries and annually forward a copy of the most recent list to all public
88.16 entities within the state. A public entity that is supported in whole or in part with funds
88.17 from the state treasury may purchase items directly from corrections industries. The bid
88.18 solicitation process is not required for these purchases.

88.19 (b) The commissioner of administration shall develop a contract or contracts
88.20 to enable public entities to purchase items directly from corrections industries. ~~The~~
88.21 ~~commissioner of administration, in consultation with the commissioner of corrections,~~
88.22 ~~shall determine the fair market price for listed items.~~ The commissioner of administration
88.23 shall require that all requests for bids or proposals, for items provided by corrections
88.24 industries, be forwarded to the commissioner of corrections to enable corrections industries
88.25 to submit bids. The commissioner of corrections shall consult with the commissioner of
88.26 administration prior to introducing new products to the state agency market.

88.27 (c) No public entity may evade the intent of this section by adopting slight variations
88.28 in specifications, when Minnesota corrections industry items meet the reasonable needs
88.29 and specifications of the public entity.

88.30 ~~(d) The commissioners of administration and corrections shall develop annual~~
88.31 ~~performance measures outlining goals to maximize inmate work program participation.~~
88.32 ~~The commissioners of administration and corrections shall appoint cochairs for a task~~
88.33 ~~force whose purpose is to determine additional methods to achieve the performance~~
88.34 ~~goals for public entity purchasing. The task force shall include representatives from the~~
88.35 ~~Minnesota House of Representatives, Minnesota Senate, the Minnesota State Colleges and~~

89.1 ~~Universities, University of Minnesota, Minnesota League of Cities, Minnesota Association~~
89.2 ~~of Counties, and administrators with purchasing responsibilities from the Minnesota state~~
89.3 ~~Departments of Corrections, Public Safety, Finance, Transportation, Natural Resources,~~
89.4 ~~Human Services, Health, and Employment and Economic Development. Notwithstanding~~
89.5 ~~section 15.059, the task force created in this paragraph expires on June 30, 2003.~~

89.6 ~~(e) If performance goals for public entity purchasing are not achieved in two~~
89.7 ~~consecutive fiscal years, public entities shall purchase items available from corrections~~
89.8 ~~industries. The commissioner of administration shall be responsible for notifying public~~
89.9 ~~entities of this requirement.~~

89.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

89.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 16C.23, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

89.12 Subd. 2. **Surplus property.** "Surplus property" means state or federal commodities,
89.13 equipment, materials, supplies, books, printed matter, buildings, and other personal or real
89.14 property that is obsolete, unused, not needed for a public purpose, or ineffective for current
89.15 use. Surplus property does not include products manufactured by or held in inventory by
89.16 prison industries for sale to the general public in the normal course of its business.

89.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

89.18 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.018, is amended to read:

89.19 **241.018 PER DIEM CALCULATION.**

89.20 **Subdivision 1. State correctional facilities.** (a) The commissioner of corrections
89.21 shall develop a uniform method to calculate the average department-wide per diem cost
89.22 of incarcerating offenders at state adult correctional facilities. In addition to other costs
89.23 currently factored into the per diem, it must include an appropriate percentage of capitol
89.24 costs for all adult correctional facilities and 65 percent of the department's management
89.25 services budget.

89.26 (b) The commissioner also shall use this method of calculating per diem costs
89.27 for offenders in each state adult correctional facility. When calculating the per diem
89.28 cost of incarcerating offenders at a particular facility, the commissioner shall include
89.29 an appropriate percentage of capital costs for the facility and an appropriate prorated
89.30 amount, given the facility's population, of 65 percent of the department's management
89.31 services budget.

90.1 (c) The commissioner shall ensure that these new per diem methods are used in
 90.2 all future annual performance reports to the legislature and are also reflected in the
 90.3 department's biennial budget document.

90.4 Subd. 2. Local correctional facilities. (a) The commissioner of corrections shall
 90.5 develop a uniform method to calculate the average per diem cost of incarcerating offenders
 90.6 in county and regional jail facilities licensed by the commissioner under section 241.021,
 90.7 subdivision 1, paragraph (a).

90.8 (b) Each county and regional jail in the state must annually provide the commissioner
 90.9 with a per diem calculation based on the formula the commissioner promulgates pursuant
 90.10 to paragraph (a).

90.11 (c) The commissioner shall include the county and regional jail per diem data
 90.12 collected under paragraph (b) in the Department of Correction's annual performance report
 90.13 to the legislature mandated by section 241.016.

90.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

90.15 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.27, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

90.16 Subdivision 1. **Establishment of Minnesota correctional industries; MINNCOR**
 90.17 **industries.** For the purpose of providing adequate, regular and suitable employment,
 90.18 ~~vocational~~ educational training, and to aid the inmates of state correctional facilities,
 90.19 the commissioner of corrections may establish, equip, maintain and operate at any
 90.20 correctional facility under the commissioner's control such industrial and commercial
 90.21 activities as may be deemed necessary and suitable to the profitable employment,
 90.22 ~~vocational~~ educational training and development of proper work habits of the inmates of
 90.23 state correctional facilities. The industrial and commercial activities authorized by this
 90.24 section are designated MINNCOR industries and shall be for the primary purpose of
 90.25 sustaining and ensuring MINNCOR industries' self-sufficiency, providing ~~vocational~~
 90.26 educational training, meaningful employment and the teaching of proper work habits to
 90.27 the inmates of correctional facilities under the control of the commissioner of corrections,
 90.28 and not solely as competitive business ventures. The net profits from these activities shall
 90.29 be used for the benefit of the inmates as it relates to education, self-sufficiency skills, and
 90.30 transition services and not to fund non-inmate-related activities or mandates. Prior to the
 90.31 establishment of any industrial and commercial activity, the commissioner of corrections
 90.32 may consult with representatives of business, industry, organized labor, the state
 90.33 Department of Education, the state Apprenticeship Council, the state Department of Labor
 90.34 and Industry, the Department of Employment Security, the Department of Administration,
 90.35 and such other persons and bodies as the commissioner may feel are qualified to determine

91.1 the quantity and nature of the goods, wares, merchandise and services to be made or
91.2 provided, and the types of processes to be used in their manufacture, processing, repair,
91.3 and production consistent with the greatest opportunity for the reform and ~~vocational~~
91.4 educational training of the inmates, and with the best interests of the state, business,
91.5 industry and labor.

91.6 The commissioner of corrections shall, at all times in the conduct of any industrial
91.7 or commercial activity authorized by this section, utilize inmate labor to the greatest
91.8 extent feasible, provided, however, that the commissioner may employ all administrative,
91.9 supervisory and other skilled workers necessary to the proper instruction of the inmates
91.10 and the profitable and efficient operation of the industrial and commercial activities
91.11 authorized by this section.

91.12 Additionally, the commissioner of corrections may authorize the director of any
91.13 correctional facility under the commissioner's control to accept work projects from outside
91.14 sources for processing, fabrication or repair, provided that preference shall be given to the
91.15 performance of such work projects for state departments and agencies.

91.16 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

91.17 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.27, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

91.18 Subd. 2. **Revolving fund; use of fund.** There is established in the Department
91.19 of Corrections under the control of the commissioner of corrections the Minnesota
91.20 correctional industries revolving fund to which shall be transferred the revolving funds
91.21 authorized in Minnesota Statutes 1978, sections 243.41 and 243.85, clause (f), and any
91.22 other industrial revolving funds heretofore established at any state correctional facility
91.23 under the control of the commissioner of corrections. The revolving fund established
91.24 shall be used for the conduct of the industrial and commercial activities now or hereafter
91.25 established at any state correctional facility, including but not limited to the purchase of
91.26 equipment, raw materials, the payment of salaries, wages and other expenses necessary
91.27 and incident thereto. The purchase of services, materials, and commodities used in and
91.28 held for resale are not subject to the competitive bidding procedures of section 16C.06, but
91.29 are subject to all other provisions of chapters 16B and 16C, unless otherwise identified.
91.30 When practical, purchases must be made from small targeted group businesses designated
91.31 under section 16C.16. Additionally, the expenses of inmate ~~vocational~~ educational
91.32 training, self-sufficiency skills, transition services, and the inmate release fund may be
91.33 financed from the correctional industries revolving fund in an amount to be determined
91.34 by the commissioner or the MINNCOR chief executive officer as duly appointed by the
91.35 commissioner. The proceeds and income from all industrial and commercial activities

92.1 conducted at state correctional facilities shall be deposited in the correctional industries
92.2 revolving fund subject to disbursement as hereinabove provided. The commissioner of
92.3 corrections may request that money in the fund be invested pursuant to section 11A.25;
92.4 the proceeds from the investment not currently needed shall be accounted for separately
92.5 and credited to the fund.

92.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

92.7 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.27, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

92.8 Subd. 3. **Disbursement from fund.** The correctional industries revolving fund
92.9 shall be deposited in the state treasury and paid out only on proper vouchers as may be
92.10 authorized and approved by the commissioner of corrections, and in the same manner and
92.11 under the same restrictions as are now provided by law for the disbursement of funds by
92.12 the commissioner. An amount deposited in the state treasury equal to six months of net
92.13 operating cash as determined by the prior 12 months of revenue and cash flow statements,
92.14 shall be restricted for use only by correctional industries as described under subdivision
92.15 2. For purposes of this subdivision, "net operating cash" means net income minus sales
92.16 plus cost of goods sold. Cost of goods sold include all direct costs of correctional industry
92.17 products attributable to their production. The commissioner of corrections is authorized
92.18 to keep and maintain at any correctional facility under the commissioner's control a
92.19 contingent fund, as provided in section 241.13; but the contingent fund shall at all times
92.20 be covered and protected by a proper and sufficient bond to be duly approved as by law
92.21 now provided.

92.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

92.23 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.27, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

92.24 Subd. 4. **Revolving fund; borrowing.** The commissioner of corrections is
92.25 authorized, when in the commissioner's judgment it becomes necessary in order to meet
92.26 current demands on the correctional industries revolving fund, to borrow sums of money
92.27 as may be necessary. The sums so borrowed shall not exceed, in any one year, ~~50 percent~~
92.28 ~~of the total of the net worth of correctional industries~~ six months of net operating cash as
92.29 determined by the previous 12 months of the correctional industries' revenue and cash
92.30 flow statements.

92.31 When the commissioner of corrections shall certify to the commissioner of finance
92.32 that, in the commissioner's judgment, it is necessary to borrow a specified sum of money
92.33 in order to meet the current demands on the correctional industries revolving fund, and the

93.1 commissioner of finance may, in the commissioner's discretion, transfer and credit to the
93.2 correctional industries revolving fund, from any moneys in the state treasury not required
93.3 for immediate disbursement, the whole or such part of the amount so certified as they
93.4 deem advisable, which sum so transferred shall be repaid by the commissioner from the
93.5 revolving fund to the fund from which transferred, at such time as shall be specified by the
93.6 commissioner of finance, together with interest thereon at such rate as shall be specified
93.7 by the commissioner of finance, not exceeding four percent per annum. When any transfer
93.8 shall so have been made to the correctional industries revolving fund, the commissioner
93.9 of finance shall notify the commissioner of corrections of the amount so transferred to
93.10 the credit of the correctional industries revolving fund, the date when the same is to be
93.11 repaid, and the rate of interest so to be paid.

93.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

93.13 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.278, is amended to read:

93.14 **241.278 AGREEMENTS FOR WORK FORCE OF STATE OR COUNTY**
93.15 **JAIL INMATES.**

93.16 The commissioner of corrections, in the interest of inmate rehabilitation or to
93.17 promote programs under section 241.275, subdivision 2, may enter into interagency
93.18 agreements with state, county, or municipal agencies, or contract with nonprofit agencies
93.19 to manage, fund, or partially fund the cost of programs that use state or county jail
93.20 inmates as a work force. The commissioner is authorized to receive funds via these
93.21 agreements and these funds are appropriated to the commissioner for community service
93.22 programming or when prison industries are party to the agreement, shall be deposited in
93.23 the Minnesota correctional industries revolving fund for use as described under section
93.24 241.27, subdivision 2.

93.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

93.26 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.69, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

93.27 Subd. 3. **Transfer.** If the licensed mental health professional finds the person to be a
93.28 person who is mentally ill and in need of short-term care, ~~the examining licensed mental~~
93.29 health care professional may recommend transfer by the commissioner of corrections to
93.30 the mental health unit established pursuant to subdivision 1.

93.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

94.1 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.69, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

94.2 Subd. 4. **Commitment.** If the ~~examining~~ licensed mental health care professional or
94.3 licensed mental health professional finds the person to be a person who is mentally ill and
94.4 in need of long-term care in a hospital, or if an inmate transferred pursuant to subdivision
94.5 3 refuses to voluntarily participate in the treatment program at the mental health unit, the
94.6 director of psychological services of the institution or the mental health professional shall
94.7 initiate proceedings for judicial commitment as provided in section 253B.07. Upon the
94.8 recommendation of the licensed mental health professional and upon completion of the
94.9 hearing and consideration of the record, the court may commit the person to the mental
94.10 health unit established in subdivision 1 or to another hospital. A person confined in a state
94.11 correctional institution for adults who has been adjudicated to be a person who is mentally
94.12 ill and in need of treatment may be committed to the commissioner of corrections and
94.13 placed in the mental health unit established in subdivision 1.

94.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

94.15 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 383A.08, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

94.16 Subd. 6. **Rules and regulations.** The county may promulgate rules and regulations
94.17 for the proper operation and maintenance of each facility and the proper care and discipline
94.18 of inmates detained in the facility. These rules and regulations may, among other things,
94.19 provide for the diminution of sentences of inmates for good behavior, ~~but in no event to~~
94.20 ~~exceed a total of five days for each 30-day sentence~~ in accordance with section 643.29.

94.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

94.22 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 383A.08, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

94.23 Subd. 7. **Confinement of inmates from other counties.** The county may accept
94.24 an inmate for confinement at a county correction facility when the inmate is committed
94.25 to the facility by order of a judge of a municipality or county outside Ramsey County if
94.26 the county is paid the amount of compensation for board, confinement, and maintenance
94.27 of the inmate that it determines. ~~No compensation of this kind may be in an amount less~~
94.28 ~~than the actual per diem cost per person confined.~~ A county outside Ramsey County or
94.29 a municipality outside Ramsey County may enter into and agree with Ramsey County
94.30 for the incarceration of prisoners.

94.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

94.32 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 401.15, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

95.1 Subdivision 1. **Certified statements; determinations; adjustments.** ~~On or before~~
95.2 Within 60 days of the end of each calendar quarter, participating counties which have
95.3 received the payments authorized by section 401.14 shall submit to the commissioner
95.4 certified statements detailing the amounts expended and costs incurred in furnishing the
95.5 correctional services provided in sections 401.01 to 401.16. Upon receipt of certified
95.6 statements, the commissioner shall, in the manner provided in sections 401.10 and
95.7 401.12, determine the amount each participating county is entitled to receive, making any
95.8 adjustments necessary to rectify any disparity between the amounts received pursuant to
95.9 the estimate provided in section 401.14 and the amounts actually expended. If the amount
95.10 received pursuant to the estimate is greater than the amount actually expended during the
95.11 quarter, the commissioner may withhold the difference from any subsequent monthly
95.12 payments made pursuant to section 401.14. Upon certification by the commissioner of
95.13 the amount a participating county is entitled to receive under the provisions of section
95.14 401.14 or of this subdivision the commissioner of finance shall thereupon issue a state
95.15 warrant to the chief fiscal officer of each participating county for the amount due together
95.16 with a copy of the certificate prepared by the commissioner.

95.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

95.18 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 641.15, is amended by adding a subdivision
95.19 to read:

95.20 **Subd. 3a. Intake procedure; approved mental health screening.** As part of its
95.21 intake procedure for new prisoners, the sheriff or local corrections shall use a mental
95.22 health screening tool approved by the commissioner of corrections in consultation with
95.23 the commissioner of human services to identify persons who may have mental illness.

95.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007.

95.25 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 641.265, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

95.26 **Subd. 2. Withdrawal.** A county board may withdraw from cooperation in a regional
95.27 jail system ~~if the county boards of all of the other cooperating counties decide, by majority~~
95.28 ~~vote, to allow the withdrawal~~ in accordance with the terms of a joint powers agreement.
95.29 With the approval of the county board of each cooperating county, the regional jail board
95.30 shall fix the sum, if any, to be paid to the county withdrawing, to reimburse it for capital
95.31 cost, debt service, or lease rental payments made by the county prior to withdrawal, in
95.32 excess of its proportionate share of benefits from the regional jail prior to withdrawal, and
95.33 the time and manner of making the payments. The payments shall be deemed additional

96.1 payments of capital cost, debt service, or lease rentals to be made proportionately by the
96.2 remaining counties and, when received, shall be deposited in and paid from the regional
96.3 jail fund; provided that:

96.4 ~~(a)~~ (1) payments shall not be made from any amounts in the regional jail fund
96.5 which are needed for maintenance and operation expenses or lease rentals currently due
96.6 and payable; and

96.7 ~~(b)~~ (2) the withdrawing county shall remain obligated for the payment of its
96.8 proportionate share of any lease rentals due and payable after its withdrawal, in the
96.9 event and up to the amount of any lease payment not made when due by one or more of
96.10 the other cooperating counties.

96.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

96.12 Sec. 17. **DISCIPLINARY CONFINEMENT; PROTOCOL.**

96.13 The commissioner of corrections shall develop a protocol that is fair, firm, and
96.14 consistent so that inmates have an opportunity to be released from disciplinary confinement
96.15 in a timely manner. For those inmates in disciplinary confinement who are nearing their
96.16 release date, the commissioner of corrections shall, when possible, develop a reentry plan.

96.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

96.18 Sec. 18. **REPEALER.**

96.19 Minnesota Statutes 2006, sections 241.021, subdivision 5; and 241.85, subdivision
96.20 2, are repealed.

96.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

96.22 **ARTICLE 7**

96.23 **OFFENDER RE-ENTRY POLICY**

96.24 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 241.016, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

96.25 Subdivision 1. **Biennial report.** (a) The Department of Corrections shall submit a
96.26 performance report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house
96.27 committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice funding by January
96.28 15, 2005, and every other year thereafter. The issuance and content of the report must
96.29 include the following:

96.30 (1) department strategic mission, goals, and objectives;

97.1 (2) the department-wide per diem, adult facility-specific per diems, and an average
 97.2 per diem, reported in a standard calculated method as outlined in the departmental policies
 97.3 and procedures;

97.4 (3) department annual statistics as outlined in the departmental policies and
 97.5 procedures; and

97.6 (4) information about prison-based mental health programs, including, but not
 97.7 limited to, the availability of these programs, participation rates, and completion rates.

97.8 (b) The department shall maintain recidivism rates for adult facilities on an annual
 97.9 basis. In addition, each year the department shall, on an alternating basis, complete a
 97.10 recidivism analysis of adult facilities, juvenile services, and the community services
 97.11 divisions and include a three-year recidivism analysis in the report described in paragraph

97.12 (a). ~~When appropriate,~~ The recidivism analysis must ~~include:~~ (1) assess education
 97.13 programs, vocational programs, treatment programs, including mental health programs,
 97.14 industry, and employment; and (2) assess statewide re-entry policies and funding,
 97.15 including postrelease treatment, education, training, and supervision. In addition, when
 97.16 reporting recidivism for the department's adult and juvenile facilities, the department shall
 97.17 report on the extent to which offenders it has assessed as chemically dependent commit
 97.18 new offenses, with separate recidivism rates reported for persons completing and not
 97.19 completing the department's treatment programs.

97.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

97.21 Sec. 2. **[241.86] FIVE-YEAR DEMONSTRATION PROJECT FOR HIGH-RISK**
 97.22 **ADULTS.**

97.23 **Subdivision 1. Definition.** For purposes of this section, "high-risk adult" means an
 97.24 adult with a history of some combination of substance abuse, mental illness, chronic
 97.25 unemployment, incarceration, or homelessness. High-risk adults are considered to be very
 97.26 likely to enter or reenter state or county correctional programs or chemical or mental
 97.27 health programs.

97.28 **Subd. 2. Establishment.** (a) The Department of Corrections shall contract with
 97.29 one nonprofit entity to conduct this five-year demonstration project and document the
 97.30 effectiveness of this model. Initially, the demonstration will operate in the Twin Cities
 97.31 metropolitan area.

97.32 (b) The contractor must, at a minimum, meet the following criteria:

97.33 (1) be an incorporated, nonprofit organization that is capable of managing and
 97.34 operating a multidisciplinary model for providing high-risk adults with housing, short-term
 97.35 work, health care, behavioral health care, and community reengagement;

98.1 (2) demonstrate an ability to organize and manage an alliance of nonprofit
98.2 organizations providing services to high-risk adults;

98.3 (3) have organizational leaders with a demonstrated ability to organize, manage,
98.4 and lead service teams consisting of workers from multiple service providers that deliver
98.5 direct support to high-risk adults;

98.6 (4) have experience with providing a comprehensive set of housing, work, health
98.7 care, behavioral health care, and community reengagement services to high-risk adults; and

98.8 (5) be a recipient of foundation and other private funds for the refinement and testing
98.9 of a demonstration of this type.

98.10 Subd. 3. **Scope of the five-year demonstration project.** The contractor undertaking
98.11 this five-year demonstration project shall, as part of this project:

98.12 (1) enroll up to 500 eligible high-risk adults over the five-year demonstration project
98.13 period, starting December 1, 2007, and ending December 31, 2012;

98.14 (2) using best practices derived from research and testing, provide or assist in
98.15 arranging access to services for high-risk adults enrolled in the demonstration project,
98.16 including, at a minimum, housing, behavioral health services, health care, employment,
98.17 and community and family reengagement;

98.18 (3) maximize the performance of existing services and programs by coordinating
98.19 access to and the delivery of these services; and

98.20 (4) define conditions under which enrollees are considered to be in good standing
98.21 and allowed to remain in the demonstration project. These conditions may include, but
98.22 are not limited to:

98.23 (i) living in stable and safe housing;

98.24 (ii) working and earning an income;

98.25 (iii) paying child support, if appropriate;

98.26 (iv) participating in treatment programs, if appropriate; and

98.27 (v) no arrests.

98.28 Subd. 4. **Payment.** The commissioner shall pay from grant funds for this
98.29 demonstration project, to the entity under contract, a monthly flat fee of \$1,600 for every
98.30 enrollee who is in good standing in the demonstration project.

98.31 Subd. 5. **Report.** (a) The entity shall submit annually a report to the commissioners
98.32 of corrections, human services, employment and economic development, and housing
98.33 finance and the legislature on or before January 15 of each year, beginning January 15,
98.34 2008. The report must include:

98.35 (1) the number of participants who have been enrolled and the number currently
98.36 participating in the demonstration project;

99.1 (2) a description of the services provided to enrollees over the past year and over the
99.2 duration of the demonstration project to date;

99.3 (3) an accounting of the costs associated with the enrollees over the past year and
99.4 over the duration of the demonstration project to date; and

99.5 (4) any other information requested by the commissioners of corrections, housing,
99.6 employment and economic development, and human services and the legislature.

99.7 (b) The report shall include recommendations on improving and expanding the
99.8 project to other geographical areas of the state.

99.9 (c) The report shall include an update on the status of the independent evaluation
99.10 required in subdivision 7.

99.11 Subd. 6. **Independent evaluation.** An independent evaluator selected by the
99.12 commissioner of corrections, in consultation with the contractor conducting the project,
99.13 must conduct an evaluation of the project. The independent evaluator must complete and
99.14 submit a report of findings and recommendations to the commissioners of corrections,
99.15 housing finance, human services, education, and employment and economic development
99.16 and the legislature. This independent evaluation must be developed and implemented
99.17 concurrently with the five-year demonstration project, beginning on December 1, 2007.
99.18 The final report to the legislature is due on or before January 15, 2013.

99.19 Subd. 7. **Sunset.** This section expires December 31, 2013.

99.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

99.21 Sec. 3. **[299A.82] MENTORING GRANT FOR CHILDREN OF**
99.22 **INCARCERATED PARENTS.**

99.23 Subdivision 1. **Mentoring grant.** The commissioner of corrections shall award
99.24 grants to nonprofit organizations that provide one-to-one mentoring relationships to
99.25 youth enrolled between the ages of seven to 13 whose parent or other significant family
99.26 member is incarcerated in a county workhouse, county jail, state prison, or other type of
99.27 correctional facility or is subject to correctional supervision. The intent of the grant is
99.28 to provide children with adult mentors to strengthen developmental outcomes, including
99.29 enhanced self-confidence and esteem; improved academic performance; and improved
99.30 relationships with peers, family, and other adults that may prevent them from entering the
99.31 juvenile justice system.

99.32 Subd. 2. **Grant criteria.** As a condition of receiving the grant, the grant recipient
99.33 must:

99.34 (1) collaborate with other organizations that have a demonstrated history of
99.35 providing services to youth and families in disadvantaged situations;

100.1 (2) implement procedures to ensure that 100 percent of the mentors pose no safety
100.2 risk to the child and have the skills to participate in a mentoring relationship;

100.3 (3) provide enhanced training to mentors focusing on asset building and family
100.4 dynamics when a parent is incarcerated; and

100.5 (4) provide an individual family plan and aftercare.

100.6 Subd. 3. **Program evaluation.** The grant recipient must submit an evaluation plan
100.7 to the commissioner delineating the program and student outcome goals and activities
100.8 implemented to achieve the stated outcomes. The goals must be clearly stated and
100.9 measurable. The grant recipient must collect, analyze, and report on participation and
100.10 outcome data that enable the department to verify that the program goals were met.

100.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

100.12 Sec. 4. **LEGISLATIVE WORKING GROUP ON OFFENDER RE-ENTRY.**

100.13 (a) The chairs of the house of representatives Public Safety Finance Committee and
100.14 the senate Public Safety Budget Division, or their designees, shall co-chair an offender
100.15 re-entry working group. The working group shall review, examine, and, where the group
100.16 deems necessary, formulate legislative proposals addressing the following issues:

100.17 (1) the Department of Corrections' role in offender re-entry, including prerelease and
100.18 postrelease planning, education, treatment, housing, and employment;

100.19 (2) housing for offenders upon release from prison, including offender housing plans
100.20 and the need for and placement of halfway houses;

100.21 (3) the Department of Human Services and the Department of Housing Finance
100.22 Administration's role in assisting recently released offenders with housing and mental
100.23 health services;

100.24 (4) prerelease and postrelease offender drug treatment policies, programs, and
100.25 funding;

100.26 (5) drug sentencing, including an assessment of the costs and benefits of adjusting
100.27 drug weight thresholds in controlled substance offenses in Minnesota Statutes, chapter
100.28 152, and the proportionality of Minnesota's drug sentences as compared to sentences for
100.29 other Minnesota offenses and drug sentences in other states in the upper midwest;

100.30 (6) creation of an early discharge committee to recommend the release of offenders
100.31 who make significant and measurable progress in treatment, education, job skill training,
100.32 and overall behavior before their term of imprisonment expires;

100.33 (7) defining the class of offenders who are eligible for early release, if an early
100.34 discharge committee is recommended;

100.35 (8) establishing re-entry courts to oversee postprison supervision of offenders;

101.1 (9) how the current system of probation supervision affects recidivism and if the
101.2 system needs to be reformed;

101.3 (10) the need for and value of collateral employment sanctions associated with
101.4 certain offenses;

101.5 (11) juvenile offender re-entry;

101.6 (12) extending tax credits to businesses that employ offenders recently released
101.7 from prison; and

101.8 (13) any other matter relevant to promoting successful offender re-entry.

101.9 (b) At the invitation of the co-chairs, the group shall include members of the house
101.10 of representatives and senate and representatives from the Department of Corrections,
101.11 the Sentencing Guidelines Commission, the courts, law enforcement, probation, county
101.12 attorneys, the Board of Public Defense, Private Criminal Defense Bar, and the Minnesota
101.13 Comprehensive Offender Re-entry Plan Steering Committee.

101.14 (c) The house of representatives co-chair shall convene and lead the first session of
101.15 the working group on or before August 1, 2007. The co-chairs or their designees shall
101.16 alternate leading working group sessions. The group shall meet at least twice a month.

101.17 (d) The working group shall develop policy recommendations by November 1, 2007,
101.18 and prepare draft legislation on or before December 15, 2007.

101.19 (e) Legislative staff is authorized to assist the working group, as the co-chairs deem
101.20 necessary.

101.21 (f) The working group expires on December 15, 2007.

101.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

101.23 **Sec. 5. RE-ENTRY GRANT ADDRESSING DOMESTIC VIOLENCE AND**
101.24 **INTIMATE PARTNER VIOLENCE.**

101.25 Subdivision 1. **Re-entry grant.** The commissioner of corrections shall award a
101.26 grant to a nonprofit having a section 501(c)(3) status with the Internal Revenue Service
101.27 or a public or private institution of higher education that has expertise in addressing the
101.28 intersection between offender re-entry and domestic violence. The intent of the grant is
101.29 to provide services to re-entering offenders and their intimate partners to: (1) reduce the
101.30 incidence of domestic violence among offenders re-entering the community; (2) reduce
101.31 occurrences of domestic violence, serious injury, and death experienced by intimate
101.32 partners who are in relationships with offenders recently released from jail or prison; and
101.33 (3) reduce criminal recidivism due to domestic violence.

101.34 Subd. 2. **Grant criteria.** As a condition of receiving the grant, the grant recipient
101.35 must:

102.1 (1) subcontract with at least one community-based domestic abuse counseling
102.2 or educational program and at least one crime victim service provider to provide
102.3 comprehensive services to recently released offenders and their intimate partners;

102.4 (2) train the organizations selected pursuant to clause (1) on research-based practices
102.5 and best practices in addressing the intersection of offender re-entry and domestic
102.6 violence; and

102.7 (3) serve as liaison to the department of corrections and provide technical assistance,
102.8 training, and coordination to the organizations selected pursuant to clause (1) in
102.9 implementing policies that address the intersection of offender re-entry and domestic
102.10 violence.

102.11 Subd. 3. **Program evaluation.** The grant recipient must rigorously evaluate the
102.12 effectiveness of its intervention and work with subcontracted organizations to collect data.
102.13 The grant recipient must submit an evaluation plan to the commissioner of corrections
102.14 delineating project goals and specific activities performed to achieve those goals.

102.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

102.16 **Sec. 6. PILOT PROJECT.**

102.17 (a) The commissioner of corrections shall issue a grant to a nonprofit organization to
102.18 establish a pilot project to provide employment services to ex-criminal offenders living
102.19 in the North Minneapolis community. The pilot project must provide the ex-offender
102.20 participants with a continuum of employment services that identifies their needs;
102.21 intervenes with them through case management if they are struggling; and provides them
102.22 with work readiness, skill training, chemical and mental health referrals, housing support,
102.23 job placement, work experience, and job retention support. The pilot project shall work
102.24 with community corrections officials, faith-based organizations, and businesses to create
102.25 an array of support opportunities for the participants.

102.26 (b) By January 15, 2010, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs
102.27 and ranking minority members of the senate and house of representatives committees and
102.28 divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding on the activities
102.29 conducted by the grant recipient and the effectiveness of the pilot project.

102.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

102.31 **ARTICLE 8**

102.32 **PUBLIC SAFETY AND LAW ENFORCEMENT**

102.33 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 13.87, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

103.1 Subdivision 1. **Criminal history data.** (a) **Definition.** For purposes of this
103.2 subdivision, "criminal history data" means all data maintained in criminal history
103.3 records compiled by the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension and disseminated through
103.4 the criminal justice information system, including, but not limited to fingerprints,
103.5 photographs, identification data, arrest data, prosecution data, criminal court data, custody
103.6 and supervision data.

103.7 (b) **Classification.** Criminal history data maintained by agencies, political
103.8 subdivisions and statewide systems are classified as private, pursuant to section 13.02,
103.9 subdivision 12, except that data created, collected, or maintained by the Bureau of
103.10 Criminal Apprehension that identify an individual who was convicted of a crime, the
103.11 offense of which the individual was convicted, associated court disposition and sentence
103.12 information, controlling agency, and confinement information are public data for 15 years
103.13 following the discharge of the sentence imposed for the offense. When an innocent party's
103.14 name is associated with a criminal history, and a determination has been made through a
103.15 fingerprint verification that the innocent party is not the subject of the criminal history, the
103.16 name may be redacted from the public criminal history data. The name shall be retained in
103.17 the criminal history and classified as private data.

103.18 The Bureau of Criminal Apprehension shall provide to the public at the central office
103.19 of the bureau the ability to inspect in person, at no charge, through a computer monitor the
103.20 criminal conviction data classified as public under this subdivision.

103.21 (c) **Limitation.** Nothing in paragraph (a) or (b) shall limit public access to data
103.22 made public by section 13.82.

103.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

103.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 243.167, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

103.25 Subdivision 1. **Definition.** As used in this section, "crime against the person" means
103.26 a violation of any of the following or a similar law of another state or of the United States:
103.27 section 609.165; 609.185; 609.19; 609.195; 609.20; 609.205; 609.221; 609.222; 609.223;
103.28 609.2231; 609.224, subdivision 2 or 4; 609.2242, subdivision 2 or 4; 609.2247; 609.235;
103.29 609.245, subdivision 1; 609.25; 609.255; 609.3451, subdivision 2; 609.498, subdivision 1;
103.30 609.582, subdivision 1; or 617.23, subdivision 2; or any felony-level violation of section
103.31 609.229; 609.377; 609.749; or 624.713.

103.32 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment,
103.33 and applies retroactively to crimes committed on or after August 1, 2005.

104.1 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 244.05, is amended by adding a subdivision
104.2 to read:

104.3 Subd. 2a. **Random searches.** (a) This subdivision applies to inmates who were
104.4 convicted of and imprisoned for a violent crime, as defined in section 609.1095, involving
104.5 the sale, use, or possession of a controlled substance or a dangerous weapon.

104.6 (b) When an inmate is released on supervised release or parole, the inmate, as a
104.7 condition of release, consents to a search of the inmate's person and any motor vehicle
104.8 driven by the inmate. The search may be conducted on demand by any parole or
104.9 supervised release agent or peace officer.

104.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

104.11 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 299A.641, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

104.12 Subd. 2. **Membership.** The oversight council shall consist of the following
104.13 individuals or their designees:

104.14 (1) the director of the office of special investigations as the representative of the
104.15 commissioner of corrections;

104.16 (2) the superintendent of the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension as the representative
104.17 of the commissioner of public safety;

104.18 (3) the attorney general;

104.19 (4) eight chiefs of police, selected by the Minnesota Chiefs of Police Association,
104.20 two of which must be selected from cities with populations greater than 200,000;

104.21 (5) eight sheriffs, selected by the Minnesota Sheriffs Association to represent each
104.22 district, two of which must be selected from counties with populations greater than
104.23 500,000;

104.24 (6) the United States attorney for the district of Minnesota;

104.25 (7) two county attorneys, selected by the Minnesota County Attorneys Association;

104.26 (8) a command-level representative of a gang strike force;

104.27 (9) a representative from a drug task force, selected by the Minnesota State
104.28 Association of Narcotics Investigators;

104.29 (10) a representative from the United States Drug Enforcement Administration;

104.30 (11) a representative from the United States Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, and
104.31 Firearms;

104.32 (12) a representative from the Federal Bureau of Investigation;

104.33 (13) a tribal peace officer, selected by the Minnesota Tribal Law Enforcement
104.34 Association; ~~and~~

104.35 (14) two additional members who may be selected by the oversight council;

105.1 (15) a senator who serves on the committee having jurisdiction over criminal justice
105.2 policy, chosen by the Subcommittee on Committees of the senate Committee on Rules
105.3 and Administration; and

105.4 (16) a representative who serves on the committee having jurisdiction over criminal
105.5 justice policy, chosen by the speaker of the house of representatives.

105.6 The oversight council may adopt procedures to govern its conduct as necessary and may
105.7 select a chair from among its members. The legislative members of the council may not
105.8 vote on matters before the council.

105.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

105.10 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 299C.65, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

105.11 Subd. 2. **Task force.** ~~(a) The policy group shall appoint~~ A task force ~~to shall~~ assist
105.12 ~~them~~ the policy group in their its duties. The task force shall monitor, review, and report to
105.13 the policy group on CrimNet-related projects and provide oversight to ongoing operations
105.14 as directed by the policy group. The task force shall consist of the following members:

105.15 (1) ~~two sheriffs recommended~~ members appointed by the Minnesota Sheriffs
105.16 Association, at least one of whom must be a sheriff;

105.17 (2) ~~two police chiefs recommended~~ members appointed by the Minnesota Chiefs of
105.18 Police Association, at least one of whom must be a chief of police;

105.19 (3) ~~two county attorneys recommended~~ members appointed by the Minnesota
105.20 County Attorneys Association, at least one of whom must be a county attorney;

105.21 (4) ~~two city attorneys recommended~~ members appointed by the Minnesota League
105.22 of Cities representing the interests of city attorneys, at least one of whom must be a city
105.23 attorney;

105.24 (5) ~~two public defenders~~ members appointed by the Board of Public Defense, at least
105.25 one of whom must be a public defender;

105.26 (6) two district judges appointed by the Judicial Council, ~~one of whom is currently~~
105.27 ~~assigned to the juvenile court~~ at least one of whom has experience dealing with juvenile
105.28 court matters;

105.29 (7) two ~~community~~ corrections administrators ~~recommended~~ appointed by the
105.30 Minnesota Association of Counties; representing the interests of local corrections, at least
105.31 one of whom represents a community corrections act county;

105.32 (8) two probation officers appointed by the commissioner of corrections in
105.33 consultation with the president of the Minnesota Association of Community Corrections
105.34 Act Counties and the president of the Minnesota Association of County Probation Officers;

106.1 (9) four public members appointed by the governor for a term of six years, one of
 106.2 whom ~~has been a victim of crime~~ represents the interests of victims, and two ~~who~~ of whom
 106.3 are representatives of the private business community who have expertise in integrated
 106.4 information systems and who for the purpose of meetings of the full task force may be
 106.5 compensated pursuant to section 15.059;

106.6 (10) two ~~court administrators~~ members appointed by the Minnesota Association for
 106.7 Court Management, at least one of whom must be a court administrator;

106.8 (11) one member of the house of representatives appointed by the speaker of the
 106.9 house;

106.10 (12) one member of the senate appointed by the majority leader;

106.11 (13) one member appointed by the attorney general ~~or a designee~~;

106.12 (14) two ~~individuals recommended~~ elected officials appointed by the Minnesota
 106.13 League of Cities, one of whom works or resides in greater Minnesota and one of whom
 106.14 works or resides in the seven-county metropolitan area;

106.15 (15) two ~~individuals recommended~~ elected officials appointed by the Minnesota
 106.16 Association of Counties, one of whom works or resides in greater Minnesota and one of
 106.17 whom works or resides in the seven-county metropolitan area;

106.18 (16) the director of the Sentencing Guidelines Commission or a designee;

106.19 (17) one member appointed by the state chief information officer;

106.20 (18) one member appointed by the commissioner of public safety;

106.21 (19) one member appointed by the commissioner of corrections;

106.22 (20) one member appointed by the commissioner of administration; and

106.23 (21) one member appointed by the chief justice of the Supreme Court.

106.24 ~~(b) In making these appointments, the appointing authority shall select members~~
 106.25 ~~with expertise in integrated data systems or best practices.~~

106.26 ~~(c) The commissioner of public safety may appoint additional, nonvoting members~~
 106.27 ~~to the task force as necessary from time to time.~~

106.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

106.29 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 299C.65, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

106.30 Subd. 5. **Review of funding and grant requests.** (a) The Criminal and Juvenile
 106.31 Justice Information Policy Group shall review the funding requests for criminal justice
 106.32 information systems from state, county, and municipal government agencies. The policy
 106.33 group shall review the requests for compatibility to statewide criminal justice information
 106.34 system standards. The review shall be forwarded to the chairs and ranking minority

107.1 members of the house and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal
107.2 justice funding and policy.

107.3 (b) The CriMNet program office, in consultation with the Criminal and Juvenile
107.4 Justice Information Task Force and with the approval of the policy group, shall create
107.5 the requirements for any grant request and determine the integration priorities for the
107.6 grant period. The CriMNet program office shall also review the requests submitted for
107.7 compatibility to statewide criminal justice information systems standards.

107.8 (c) The task force shall review funding requests for criminal justice information
107.9 systems grants and make recommendations to the policy group. The policy group shall
107.10 review the recommendations of the task force and shall make a final recommendation
107.11 for criminal justice information systems grants to be made by the commissioner of
107.12 public safety. Within the limits of available state appropriations and federal grants, the
107.13 commissioner of public safety shall make grants for projects that have been recommended
107.14 by the policy group.

107.15 (d) The policy group may approve grants only if the applicant provides an
107.16 appropriate share of matching funds as determined by the policy group to help pay up to
107.17 one-half of the costs of the grant request. The matching requirement must be constant for
107.18 ~~all counties~~ applicants within each grant offering. The policy group shall adopt policies
107.19 concerning the use of in-kind resources to satisfy the match requirement and the sources
107.20 from which matching funds may be obtained. Local operational or technology staffing
107.21 costs may be considered as meeting this match requirement. Each grant recipient shall
107.22 certify to the policy group that it has not reduced funds from local, county, federal, or
107.23 other sources which, in the absence of the grant, would have been made available to the
107.24 grant recipient to improve or integrate criminal justice technology.

107.25 (e) All grant recipients shall submit to the CriMNet program office all requested
107.26 documentation including grant status, financial reports, and a final report evaluating how
107.27 the grant funds improved the agency's criminal justice integration priorities. The CriMNet
107.28 program office shall establish the recipient's reporting dates at the time funds are awarded.

107.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

107.30 **Sec. 7. [299F.850] CIGARETTE FIRE SAFETY DEFINITIONS.**

107.31 **Subdivision 1. Scope.** The terms used in sections 299F.850 to 299F.858 have the
107.32 meanings given them in this section.

107.33 **Subd. 2. Agent.** "Agent" means any person licensed by the commissioner of
107.34 revenue to purchase and affix adhesive or meter stamps on packages of cigarettes.

108.1 Subd. 3. **Cigarette.** "Cigarette" means any roll for smoking made wholly or in part
108.2 of tobacco, the wrapper or cover of which is made of paper or any other substance or
108.3 material except tobacco.

108.4 Subd. 4. **Manufacturer.** "Manufacturer" means:

108.5 (1) any entity that manufactures or otherwise produces cigarettes or causes cigarettes
108.6 to be manufactured or produced anywhere that the manufacturer intends to be sold in the
108.7 state, including cigarettes intended to be sold in the United States through an importer;

108.8 (2) the first purchaser anywhere that intends to resell in the United States cigarettes
108.9 manufactured anywhere that the original manufacturer or maker does not intend to be sold
108.10 in the United States; or

108.11 (3) any entity that becomes a successor of an entity described in clause (1) or (2).

108.12 Subd. 5. **Quality control and quality assurance program.** "Quality control and
108.13 quality assurance program" means the laboratory procedures implemented to ensure that
108.14 operator bias, systematic and nonsystematic methodological errors, and equipment-related
108.15 problems do not affect the results of the testing. This program ensures that the testing
108.16 repeatability remains within the required repeatability values stated in section 299F.851,
108.17 subdivision 1, paragraph (g), for all test trials used to certify cigarettes in accordance with
108.18 sections 299F.850 to 299F.858.

108.19 Subd. 6. **Repeatability.** "Repeatability" means the range of values within which the
108.20 repeat results of cigarette test trials from a single laboratory will fall 95 percent of the time.

108.21 Subd. 7. **Retail dealer.** "Retail dealer" means any person, other than a wholesale
108.22 dealer, engaged in selling cigarettes or tobacco products.

108.23 Subd. 8. **Sale.** "Sale" means any transfer of title or possession or both, exchange
108.24 or barter, conditional or otherwise, in any manner or by any means whatever or any
108.25 agreement therefore. In addition to cash and credit sales, the giving of cigarettes as
108.26 samples, prizes, or gifts and the exchanging of cigarettes for any consideration other
108.27 than money, are considered sales.

108.28 Subd. 9. **Sell.** "Sell" means to make a sale or to offer or agree to make a sale.

108.29 Subd. 10. **Wholesale dealer.** "Wholesale dealer" means any person (1) who sells
108.30 cigarettes or tobacco products to retail dealers or other persons for purposes of resale or
108.31 (2) who owns, operates, or maintains one or more cigarette or tobacco product vending
108.32 machines in, at, or upon premises owned or occupied by any other person.

108.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
108.34 following the date of its final enactment.

108.35 Sec. 8. **[299F.851] TEST METHOD AND PERFORMANCE STANDARD.**

109.1 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) Except as provided in this subdivision, no
109.2 cigarettes may be sold or offered for sale in this state or offered for sale or sold to persons
109.3 located in this state unless (1) the cigarettes have been tested in accordance with the test
109.4 method and have met the performance standard specified in this section, (2) a written
109.5 certification has been filed by the manufacturer with the state fire marshal in accordance
109.6 with section 299F.852, and (3) the cigarettes have been marked in accordance with section
109.7 299F.853.

109.8 (b) Testing of cigarettes must be conducted in accordance with the American
109.9 Society of Testing and Materials (ASTM) standard E2187-04, "Standard Test Method for
109.10 Measuring the Ignition Strength of Cigarettes."

109.11 (c) Testing must be conducted on ten layers of filter paper.

109.12 (d) No more than 25 percent of the cigarettes tested in a test trial in accordance
109.13 with this section may exhibit full-length burns. Forty replicate tests comprise a complete
109.14 test trial for each cigarette tested.

109.15 (e) The performance standard required by this subdivision must only be applied to a
109.16 complete test trial.

109.17 (f) Written certifications must be based upon testing conducted by a laboratory that
109.18 has been accredited pursuant to standard ISO/IEC 17025 of the International Organization
109.19 for Standardization (ISO), or other comparable accreditation standard required by the
109.20 state fire marshal.

109.21 (g) Laboratories conducting testing in accordance with this section shall implement a
109.22 quality control and quality assurance program that includes a procedure that will determine
109.23 the repeatability of the testing results. The repeatability value must be no greater than 0.19.

109.24 (h) This subdivision does not require additional testing if cigarettes are tested
109.25 consistent with sections 299F.850 to 299F.858 for any other purpose.

109.26 (i) Testing performed or sponsored by the state fire marshal to determine a cigarette's
109.27 compliance with the performance standard required must be conducted in accordance
109.28 with this section.

109.29 Subd. 2. **Permeability bands.** Each cigarette listed in a certification submitted
109.30 pursuant to section 299F.852 that uses lowered permeability bands in the cigarette paper
109.31 to achieve compliance with the performance standard set forth in this section must have
109.32 at least two nominally identical bands on the paper surrounding the tobacco column. At
109.33 least one complete band must be located at least 15 millimeters from the lighting end of
109.34 the cigarette. For cigarettes on which the bands are positioned by design, there must
109.35 be at least two bands fully located at least 15 millimeters from the lighting end and ten

110.1 millimeters from the filter end of the tobacco column, or ten millimeters from the labeled
110.2 end of the tobacco column for nonfiltered cigarettes.

110.3 Subd. 3. **Equivalent test methods.** A manufacturer of a cigarette that the state
110.4 fire marshal determines cannot be tested in accordance with the test method prescribed
110.5 in subdivision 1, paragraph (b), shall propose a test method and performance standard
110.6 for the cigarette to the state fire marshal. Upon approval of the proposed test method
110.7 and a determination by the state fire marshal that the performance standard proposed by
110.8 the manufacturer is equivalent to the performance standard prescribed in subdivision 1,
110.9 paragraph (d), the manufacturer may employ such test method and performance standard
110.10 to certify the cigarette pursuant to section 299F.852. If the state fire marshal determines
110.11 that another state has enacted reduced cigarette ignition propensity standards that include
110.12 a test method and performance standard that are the same as those contained in this
110.13 subdivision, and the state fire marshal finds that the officials responsible for implementing
110.14 those requirements have approved the proposed alternative test method and performance
110.15 standard for a particular cigarette proposed by a manufacturer as meeting the fire safety
110.16 standards of that state's law or regulation under a legal provision comparable to this
110.17 subdivision, then the state fire marshal shall authorize that manufacturer to employ the
110.18 alternative test method and performance standard to certify that cigarette for sale in this
110.19 state, unless the state fire marshal demonstrates a reasonable basis why the alternative
110.20 test should not be accepted under sections 299F.850 to 299F.858. All other applicable
110.21 requirements of this section apply to the manufacturer.

110.22 Subd. 4. **Civil penalty.** Each manufacturer shall maintain copies of the reports of all
110.23 tests conducted on all cigarettes offered for sale for a period of three years, and shall make
110.24 copies of these reports available to the state fire marshal and the attorney general upon
110.25 written request. Any manufacturer who fails to make copies of these reports available
110.26 within 60 days of receiving a written request is subject to a civil penalty not to exceed
110.27 \$10,000 for each day after the 60th day that the manufacturer does not make such copies
110.28 available.

110.29 Subd. 5. **Future ASTM Standards.** The state fire marshal may adopt a subsequent
110.30 ASTM Standard Test Method for Measuring the Ignition Strength of Cigarettes upon
110.31 a finding that the subsequent method does not result in a change in the percentage of
110.32 full-length burns exhibited by any tested cigarette when compared to the percentage of
110.33 full-length burns the same cigarette would exhibit when tested in accordance with ASTM
110.34 Standard E2187-04 and the performance standard in subdivision 1, paragraph (d).

110.35 Subd. 6. **Report to legislature.** The state fire marshal shall review the effectiveness
110.36 of this section and report findings every three years to the legislature and, if appropriate,

111.1 make recommendations for legislation to improve the effectiveness of this section. The
111.2 report and legislative recommendations must be submitted no later than January 2 of each
111.3 three-year period.

111.4 Subd. 7. **Inventory before state standards.** The requirements of subdivision 1 do
111.5 not prohibit wholesale or retail dealers from selling their existing inventory of cigarettes
111.6 on or after the effective date of this section if the wholesale or retail dealer can establish
111.7 that state tax stamps were affixed to the cigarettes before the effective date of this section,
111.8 and if the wholesale or retail dealer can establish that the inventory was purchased before
111.9 the effective date of this section in comparable quantity to the inventory purchased during
111.10 the same period of the previous year.

111.11 Subd. 8. **Implementation.** This section must be implemented in accordance with
111.12 the implementation and substance of the New York "Fire Safety Standards for Cigarettes."

111.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
111.14 following the date of its final enactment.

111.15 **Sec. 9. [299F.852] CERTIFICATION AND PRODUCT CHANGE.**

111.16 Subdivision 1. **Attestation.** Each manufacturer shall submit to the state fire marshal
111.17 a written certification attesting that:

111.18 (1) each cigarette listed in the certification has been tested in accordance with
111.19 section 299F.851; and

111.20 (2) each cigarette listed in the certification meets the performance standard set forth
111.21 in section 299F.851, subdivision 1, paragraph (d).

111.22 Subd. 2. **Description.** Each cigarette listed in the certification must be described
111.23 with the following information:

111.24 (1) brand, or trade name on the package;

111.25 (2) style, such as light or ultra light;

111.26 (3) length in millimeters;

111.27 (4) circumference in millimeters;

111.28 (5) flavor, such as menthol or chocolate, if applicable;

111.29 (6) filter or nonfilter;

111.30 (7) package description, such as soft pack or box;

111.31 (8) marking approved in accordance with section 299F.853;

111.32 (9) the name, address, and telephone number of the laboratory, if different than the
111.33 manufacturer that conducted the test; and

111.34 (10) the date that the testing occurred.

112.1 Subd. 3. **Information availability.** The certifications must be made available to the
112.2 attorney general for purposes consistent with this section and the commissioner of revenue
112.3 for the purposes of ensuring compliance with this subdivision.

112.4 Subd. 4. **Recertification.** Each cigarette certified under this subdivision must be
112.5 recertified every three years.

112.6 Subd. 5. **Fee.** For each cigarette listed in a certification, a manufacturer shall pay
112.7 to the state fire marshal a \$250 fee, to be deposited into a dedicated account in the fire
112.8 marshal's budget.

112.9 Subd. 6. **Retesting.** If a manufacturer has certified a cigarette pursuant to this
112.10 section, and thereafter makes any change to the cigarette that is likely to alter its
112.11 compliance with the reduced cigarette ignition propensity standards required by sections
112.12 299F.850 to 299F.858, that cigarette must not be sold or offered for sale in this state
112.13 until the manufacturer retests the cigarette in accordance with the testing standards set
112.14 forth in section 299F.851 and maintains records of that retesting as required by section
112.15 299F.851. Any altered cigarette that does not meet the performance standard set forth in
112.16 section 299F.851 may not be sold in this state.

112.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
112.18 following the date of its final enactment.

112.19 **Sec. 10. [299F.853] MARKING AND CIGARETTE PACKAGING.**

112.20 (a) Cigarettes that are certified by a manufacturer in accordance with section
112.21 299F.852 must be marked to indicate compliance with the requirements of section
112.22 299F.851. The marking must be in eight-point type or larger and consist of:

112.23 (1) modification of the product UPC code to include a visible mark printed at
112.24 or around the area of the UPC code, which may consist of alphanumeric or symbolic
112.25 characters permanently stamped, engraved, embossed, or printed in conjunction with
112.26 the UPC;

112.27 (2) any visible combination of alphanumeric or symbolic characters permanently
112.28 stamped, engraved, or embossed upon the cigarette package or cellophane wrap; or

112.29 (3) printed, stamped, engraved, or embossed text that indicates that the cigarettes
112.30 meet the standards of sections 299F.850 to 299F.858.

112.31 (b) A manufacturer shall use only one marking and shall apply this marking
112.32 uniformly for all brands marketed by that manufacturer and all packages, including but
112.33 not limited to packs, cartons, and cases.

112.34 (c) The state fire marshal must be notified as to the marking that is selected.

113.1 (d) Prior to the certification of any cigarette, a manufacturer shall present its
113.2 proposed marking to the state fire marshal for approval. Upon receipt of the request,
113.3 the state fire marshal shall approve or disapprove the marking offered, except that the
113.4 state fire marshal shall approve any marking in use and approved for sale in New York
113.5 pursuant to the New York "Fire Safety Standards for Cigarettes." Proposed markings
113.6 are deemed approved if the state fire marshal fails to act within ten business days of
113.7 receiving a request for approval.

113.8 (e) No manufacturer shall modify its approved marking unless the modification has
113.9 been approved by the state fire marshal in accordance with this section.

113.10 (f) Manufacturers certifying cigarettes in accordance with section 299F.852 shall
113.11 provide a copy of the certifications to all wholesale dealers and agents to which they sell
113.12 cigarettes, and shall also provide sufficient copies of an illustration of the package marking
113.13 utilized by the manufacturer pursuant to this section for each retail dealer to which the
113.14 wholesale dealers or agents sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers and agents shall provide a
113.15 copy of these package markings received from manufacturers to all retail dealers to whom
113.16 they sell cigarettes. Wholesale dealers, agents, and retail dealers shall permit the state fire
113.17 marshal, the commissioner of revenue, the attorney general, and their employees to inspect
113.18 markings of cigarette packaging marked in accordance with this section.

113.19 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
113.20 following the date of its final enactment.

113.21 **Sec. 11. [299F.854] PENALTIES AND REMEDIES.**

113.22 Subdivision 1. **Wholesale.** (a) A manufacturer, wholesale dealer, agent, or any other
113.23 person or entity who knowingly sells or offers to sell cigarettes, other than through retail
113.24 sale, in violation of section 299F.851 is liable to a civil penalty:

113.25 (1) for a first offense, not to exceed \$10,000 per each sale of such cigarettes; and

113.26 (2) for a subsequent offense, not to exceed \$25,000 per each sale of such cigarettes.

113.27 (b) However, the penalty against any such person or entity for a violation under
113.28 paragraph (a) must not exceed \$100,000 during any 30-day period.

113.29 Subd. 2. **Retail.** (a) A retail dealer who knowingly sells cigarettes in violation of
113.30 section 299F.851 is liable to a civil penalty:

113.31 (1) for a first offense, not to exceed \$500, and for a subsequent offense, not to exceed
113.32 \$2,000, per each sale or offer for sale of such cigarettes, if the total number sold or offered
113.33 for sale does not exceed 1,000 cigarettes; or

114.1 (2) for a first offense, not to exceed \$1,000, and for a subsequent offense, not to
114.2 exceed \$5,000, per each sale or offer for sale of such cigarettes, if the total number sold or
114.3 offered for sale exceeds 1,000 cigarettes.

114.4 (b) However, the penalty against any retail dealer must not exceed \$25,000 during
114.5 any 30-day period.

114.6 Subd. 3. **False certification.** In addition to any penalty prescribed by law, any
114.7 corporation, partnership, sole proprietor, limited partnership, or association engaged in
114.8 the manufacture of cigarettes that knowingly makes a false certification pursuant to
114.9 subdivision 3 is, for a first offense, liable to a civil penalty of at least \$75,000, and for a
114.10 subsequent offense a civil penalty not to exceed \$250,000 for each false certification.

114.11 Subd. 4. **Violation of other provision.** Any person violating any other provision
114.12 in sections 299F.850 to 299F.858 is liable to a civil penalty for a first offense not to
114.13 exceed \$1,000, and for a subsequent offense a civil penalty not to exceed \$5,000, for
114.14 each violation.

114.15 Subd. 5. **Forfeiture.** Cigarettes that have been sold or offered for sale that do
114.16 not comply with the performance standard required by section 299F.851 are subject to
114.17 forfeiture under section 297F.21 and, upon judgment of forfeiture, must be destroyed;
114.18 provided, however, that before destroying any cigarettes seized in accordance with section
114.19 297F.21, which seizure is hereby authorized, the true holder of the trademark rights in the
114.20 cigarette brand must be permitted to inspect the cigarette.

114.21 Subd. 6. **Remedies.** In addition to any other remedy provided by law, the state fire
114.22 marshal or attorney general may institute a civil action in district court for a violation of
114.23 this section, including petitioning for injunctive relief or to recover any costs or damages
114.24 suffered by the state because of a violation under this section, including enforcement costs
114.25 relating to the specific violation and attorney fees. Each violation of sections 299F.850 to
114.26 299F.858 or of rules adopted under sections 299F.850 to 299F.858 constitutes a separate
114.27 civil violation for which the state fire marshal or attorney general may obtain relief.

114.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
114.29 following the date of its final enactment.

114.30 **Sec. 12. [299F.855] IMPLEMENTATION.**

114.31 Subdivision 1. **Rules.** The commissioner of public safety, in consultation with the
114.32 state fire marshal, may adopt rules, pursuant to chapter 14, necessary to effectuate the
114.33 purposes of sections 299F.850 to 299F.858.

114.34 Subd. 2. **Commissioner of revenue.** The commissioner of revenue in the regular
114.35 course of conducting inspections of wholesale dealers, agents, and retail dealers, as

115.1 authorized under chapter 297F, may inspect cigarettes to determine if the cigarettes are
115.2 marked as required by section 299F.853. If the cigarettes are not marked as required, the
115.3 commissioner of revenue shall notify the state fire marshal.

115.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
115.5 following the date of its final enactment.

115.6 Sec. 13. **[299F.856] INSPECTION.**

115.7 To enforce sections 299F.850 to 299F.858, the attorney general and the state fire
115.8 marshal may examine the books, papers, invoices, and other records of any person in
115.9 possession, control, or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, stored,
115.10 sold, or offered for sale, as well as the stock of cigarettes on the premises. Every person in
115.11 the possession, control, or occupancy of any premises where cigarettes are placed, sold,
115.12 or offered for sale is hereby directed and required to give the attorney general and the
115.13 state fire marshal the means, facilities, and opportunity for the examinations authorized
115.14 by this section.

115.15 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
115.16 following the date of its final enactment.

115.17 Sec. 14. **[299F.858] SALE OUTSIDE OF MINNESOTA.**

115.18 Sections 299F.850 to 299F.858 do not prohibit any person or entity from
115.19 manufacturing or selling cigarettes that do not meet the requirements of section 299F.851
115.20 if the cigarettes are or will be stamped for sale in another state or are packaged for sale
115.21 outside the United States and that person or entity has taken reasonable steps to ensure
115.22 that such cigarettes will not be sold or offered for sale to persons located in Minnesota.

115.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the first day of the 19th month
115.24 following the date of its final enactment.

115.25 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 325E.21, is amended to read:

115.26 **325E.21 DEALERS IN ~~WIRE AND CABLE~~ SCRAP METAL; RECORDS**
115.27 **~~AND~~, REPORTS, AND REGISTRATION.**

115.28 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the terms defined in
115.29 this subdivision have the meanings given.

115.30 (b) "Person" means an individual, partnership, limited partnership, limited liability
115.31 company, corporation, or other entity.

116.1 (c) "Scrap metal" means:

116.2 (1) wire and cable commonly and customarily used by communication and electric
 116.3 utilities; and

116.4 (2) copper, aluminum, or any other metal purchased primarily for its reuse or
 116.5 recycling value as raw metal, including metal that is combined with other materials
 116.6 at the time of purchase.

116.7 (d) "Scrap metal dealer" or "dealer" means a person engaged in the business of
 116.8 buying and selling scrap metal, but does not include a person engaged exclusively in the
 116.9 business of buying or selling new or used motor vehicles or motor vehicle parts, paper or
 116.10 wood products, rags or furniture, or secondhand machinery.

116.11 (e) "Municipality" means any town, home rule charter or statutory city, or county
 116.12 that has one or more scrap metal dealers within its jurisdiction.

116.13 (f) "Law enforcement agency" means a duly authorized municipal, county, state, or
 116.14 federal law enforcement agency.

116.15 ~~Subdivision 1. Subd. 1a. **Purchase or acquisition record required.** (a) Every~~
 116.16 ~~person, firm or corporation scrap metal dealer, including an agent, employee, or~~
 116.17 ~~representative thereof of the dealer, engaging in the business of buying and selling wire~~
 116.18 ~~and cable commonly and customarily used by communication and electric utilities shall~~
 116.19 ~~keep a written record, in the English language, legibly written in ink or typewriting, at the~~
 116.20 ~~time of each purchase or acquisition; of scrap metal. The record must include:~~

116.21 (1) an accurate account or description, including the weight if customarily purchased
 116.22 by weight, of such wire and cable commonly and customarily used by communication and
 116.23 electric utilities the scrap metal purchased or acquired;

116.24 (2) the date, time, and place of the receipt of the same;

116.25 (3) the name and address of the person selling or delivering the same and;

116.26 (4) the number of the check used to purchase the scrap metal;

116.27 (5) the number of the person's driver's license of such person, Minnesota
 116.28 identification card number, or other identification document number of an identification
 116.29 document issued for identification purposes by any state, federal, or foreign government if
 116.30 the document includes the applicant's photograph, full name, birth date, and signature; and

116.31 (6) the license plate number and description of the vehicle used by the person when
 116.32 delivering the scrap metal, and any identifying marks on the vehicle, such as a business
 116.33 name, decals, or markings, if applicable.

116.34 ~~Such (b) The record, as well as such wire and cable commonly and customarily used~~
 116.35 ~~by communication and electric utilities the scrap metal purchased or received, shall at all~~
 116.36 ~~reasonable times be open to the inspection of any sheriff or deputy sheriff of the county,~~

117.1 ~~or of any police officer in any incorporated city or statutory city, in which such business~~
 117.2 ~~may be carried on~~ law enforcement agency.

117.3 ~~Such~~ (c) The person shall not be required to furnish or keep such record of any
 117.4 property purchased from merchants, manufacturers or wholesale dealers, having an
 117.5 established place of business, or of any goods purchased at open sale from any bankrupt
 117.6 stock, but a bill of sale or other evidence of open or legitimate purchase of ~~such the~~
 117.7 property shall be obtained and kept by ~~such the~~ person which must be shown upon demand
 117.8 ~~to the sheriff or deputy sheriff of the county, or to any police officer in any incorporated~~
 117.9 ~~city or statutory city, in which such business may be carried on. The provisions of~~
 117.10 ~~this subdivision and of subdivision 2 shall not apply to or include any person, firm or~~
 117.11 ~~corporation engaged exclusively in the business of buying or selling motor vehicles,~~
 117.12 ~~new or used, paper or wood products, rags or furniture, secondhand machinery~~ any law
 117.13 enforcement agency.

117.14 (d) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a scrap metal dealer may not
 117.15 disclose personal information concerning a customer without the customer's consent
 117.16 unless the disclosure is made in response to a request from a law enforcement agency.
 117.17 For purposes of this paragraph, "personal information" is any individually identifiable
 117.18 information gathered in connection with a record under paragraph (a). Data collected by
 117.19 a law enforcement agency under this paragraph are private data on individuals to the
 117.20 extent that it would reveal the identity of persons who are customers of a scrap metal
 117.21 dealer, and public data to the extent that it describes property in a regulated transaction
 117.22 with a scrap metal dealer.

117.23 ~~Subd. 2. **Sheriff's copy of record required.** It shall be the duty of every such~~
 117.24 ~~person, firm or corporation defined in subdivision 1 hereof, to make out and to deliver or~~
 117.25 ~~mail to the office of the sheriff of the county in which business is conducted, not later than~~
 117.26 ~~the second business day of each week, a legible and correct copy of the record required~~
 117.27 ~~in subdivision 1 of the entries during the preceding week. In the event such person, firm~~
 117.28 ~~or corporation has not made any purchases or acquisitions required to be recorded under~~
 117.29 ~~subdivision 1 hereof during the preceding week no report need be submitted to the sheriff~~
 117.30 ~~under this subdivision.~~

117.31 ~~Subd. 3. **Retention required.** Records required to be maintained by subdivision~~
 117.32 ~~1 hereof~~ 1a shall be retained by the person making them for a period of three years.

117.33 Subd. 3. **Payment by check required.** A scrap metal dealer shall pay for all
 117.34 scrap metal purchases only by check for purchases greater than \$100. For purposes of
 117.35 this section, "check" means a check, draft, or other negotiable or nonnegotiable order of
 117.36 withdrawal which is drawn against funds held by a financial institution.

118.1 Subd. 4. **Video security cameras required.** (a) The scrap metal dealer shall install
118.2 and maintain at each licensed location video surveillance cameras, still digital cameras,
118.3 or similar devices positioned to record or photograph a frontal view showing the face of
118.4 each seller or prospective seller of scrap metal who enters the licensed location. The scrap
118.5 metal dealer shall also photograph the seller's or prospective seller's vehicle, including
118.6 license plate, either by video camera or still digital camera, so that an accurate and
118.7 complete description of it may be obtained from the recordings made by the cameras. The
118.8 video camera or still digital camera must be kept in operating condition. The camera must
118.9 record and display the accurate date and time. The video camera must be turned on at
118.10 all times when the licensed location is open for business and at any other time when
118.11 scrap metal is purchased.

118.12 (b) If the scrap metal dealer does not purchase some or any scrap metal at a specific
118.13 business location, the dealer need not comply with this subdivision with respect to those
118.14 purchases.

118.15 Subd. 5. **Registration required.** Every scrap metal dealer must register with, pay
118.16 an annual fee of \$50 to, and actively participate in, the Minnesota Crime Alert Network
118.17 under the Minnesota Bureau of Criminal Apprehension. The scrap metal dealer also must
118.18 implement aggressive management practices to minimize the purchase of stolen materials.
118.19 Scrap processors should develop a training program for scale operators and receiving
118.20 personnel on how to identify suspicious materials.

118.21 Subd. 6. **Criminal penalty.** A scrap metal dealer, or the agent, employee, or
118.22 representative of the dealer, who intentionally violates a provision of this section is guilty
118.23 of a misdemeanor.

118.24 Subd. 7. **Exemption.** A scrap metal dealer may purchase aluminum cans without
118.25 complying with subdivisions 1a to 5.

118.26 Subd. 8. **Property held by law enforcement.** (a) Whenever a law enforcement
118.27 official from any agency has reason to believe that property in the possession of a dealer
118.28 is stolen or is evidence of a crime and notifies a dealer not to sell an item, the item
118.29 must not be sold or removed from the premises. The investigative hold must be made
118.30 within 72 hours and remains in effect for not more than 90 days from the date of initial
118.31 notification, or until the investigative order is canceled, or until an order to confiscate
118.32 is issued, whichever comes first.

118.33 (b) If an item is identified as stolen or evidence in a criminal case, the law
118.34 enforcement official may:

118.35 (1) physically confiscate and remove it from the dealer, pursuant to a written order
118.36 from the law enforcement official; or

119.1 (2) place the item on hold or extend the hold as provided in this section and leave
119.2 it in the shop.

119.3 (c) When an item is confiscated, the person doing so shall provide identification
119.4 upon request of the dealer, and shall provide the dealer the name and telephone number of
119.5 the confiscating agency and investigator, and the case number related to the confiscation.

119.6 (d) A dealer may request confiscated property be returned in accordance with
119.7 section 626.04.

119.8 (e) When an order to hold or confiscate is no longer necessary, the law enforcement
119.9 official shall so notify the dealer.

119.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective August 1, 2007.

119.11 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 609.135, is amended by adding a subdivision
119.12 to read:

119.13 Subd. 9. **Random searches.** (a) This subdivision applies to offenders who are
119.14 convicted of a violent crime, as defined in section 609.1095, involving the sale, use, or
119.15 possession of a controlled substance or a dangerous weapon.

119.16 (b) When an offender is placed on probation, the offender, as a condition of being
119.17 released on probation, consents to a search of the offender's person and any motor vehicle
119.18 driven by the offender. The search may be conducted on demand by any probation
119.19 officer or peace officer.

119.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

119.21 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 641.05, is amended to read:

119.22 **641.05 RECORD OF INMATES; RETURN TO COURT.**

119.23 (a) Every sheriff shall, at the expense of the county, maintain a permanent record of
119.24 all persons committed to any jail under the sheriff's charge. It shall contain the name of
119.25 every person committed, by what authority, residence, date of commitment, and, if for a
119.26 criminal offense, a description of the person, when and by what authority liberated, and,
119.27 in case of escape, the time and manner thereof. At the opening of each term of district
119.28 court the sheriff shall make a certified transcript therefrom to such court, showing all
119.29 cases therein not previously disposed of.

119.30 (b) Upon intake into the jail facility, the name of the committed person shall be
119.31 checked against the Bureau of Criminal Apprehension predatory offender registration
119.32 database to determine whether the person is a registered offender. In the event that the
119.33 person is registered, the sheriff or designee shall notify the bureau of the person's admission

120.1 into the jail facility. At the time of discharge from the facility, the sheriff or designee will
120.2 provide the person with a change of information form for the purposes of reporting the
120.3 address where the person will be living upon release from the facility. Every sheriff who
120.4 intentionally neglects or refuses to so report shall be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

120.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

120.6 Sec. 18. **REPEAL BY PREEMPTION.**

120.7 Minnesota Statutes, sections 299F.850 to 299F.858, are repealed if a federal reduced
120.8 cigarette ignition propensity standard that preempts this act is adopted and becomes
120.9 effective.

120.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

120.11 ARTICLE 9

120.12 EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS

120.13 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.07, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

120.14 Subd. 4. **Use of furnished information.** (a) Names, addresses, and telephone
120.15 numbers provided to a 911 system under subdivision 3 are private data and may be used
120.16 only for identifying: (1) to identify the location or identity, or both, of a person calling
120.17 a 911 public safety answering point; or (2) by a public safety answering point to notify
120.18 the public of an emergency. The information furnished under subdivision 3 may not be
120.19 used or disclosed by 911 system agencies, their agents, or their employees for any other
120.20 purpose except under a court order.

120.21 (b) For purposes of paragraph (a), the term "emergency" means a situation in which
120.22 property or human life is in jeopardy and the prompt notification of the public by the
120.23 public safety answering point is essential.

120.24 (c) A telecommunications service provider that participates or cooperates with the
120.25 public safety answering point in the notification of the public is exempt from liability
120.26 pursuant to section 403.07, subdivision 5.

120.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

120.28 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

120.29 Subdivision 1. **Emergency telecommunications service fee; account.** (a) Each
120.30 customer of a wireless or wire-line switched or packet-based telecommunications service
120.31 provider connected to the public switched telephone network that furnishes service capable

121.1 of originating a 911 emergency telephone call is assessed a fee based upon the number
121.2 of wired or wireless telephone lines, or their equivalent, to cover the costs of ongoing
121.3 maintenance and related improvements for trunking and central office switching equipment
121.4 for 911 emergency telecommunications service, to offset administrative and staffing costs
121.5 of the commissioner related to managing the 911 emergency telecommunications service
121.6 program, to make distributions provided for in section 403.113, and to offset the costs,
121.7 including administrative and staffing costs, incurred by the State Patrol Division of the
121.8 Department of Public Safety in handling 911 emergency calls made from wireless phones.

121.9 (b) Money remaining in the 911 emergency telecommunications service account
121.10 after all other obligations are paid must not cancel and is carried forward to subsequent
121.11 years and may be appropriated from time to time to the commissioner to provide financial
121.12 assistance to counties for the improvement of local emergency telecommunications
121.13 services. The improvements may include providing access to 911 service for
121.14 telecommunications service subscribers currently without access and upgrading existing
121.15 911 service to include automatic number identification, local location identification,
121.16 automatic location identification, and other improvements specified in revised county
121.17 911 plans approved by the commissioner.

121.18 (c) The fee may not be less than eight cents nor more than 65 cents a month until
121.19 June 30, 2008, not less than eight cents nor more than 75 cents a month until June 30,
121.20 2009, not less than eight cents nor more than 85 cents a month until June 30, 2010, and
121.21 not less than eight cents nor more than 95 cents a month on or after July 1, 2010, for
121.22 each customer access line or other basic access service, including trunk equivalents as
121.23 designated by the Public Utilities Commission for access charge purposes and including
121.24 wireless telecommunications services. With the approval of the commissioner of finance,
121.25 the commissioner of public safety shall establish the amount of the fee within the limits
121.26 specified and inform the companies and carriers of the amount to be collected. When the
121.27 revenue bonds authorized under section 403.27, subdivision 1, have been fully paid or
121.28 defeased, the commissioner shall reduce the fee to reflect that debt service on the bonds is
121.29 no longer needed. The commissioner shall provide companies and carriers a minimum of
121.30 45 days' notice of each fee change. The fee must be the same for all customers.

121.31 (d) The fee must be collected by each wireless or wire-line telecommunications
121.32 service provider subject to the fee. Fees are payable to and must be submitted to the
121.33 commissioner monthly before the 25th of each month following the month of collection,
121.34 except that fees may be submitted quarterly if less than \$250 a month is due, or annually if
121.35 less than \$25 a month is due. Receipts must be deposited in the state treasury and credited

122.1 to a 911 emergency telecommunications service account in the special revenue fund. The
122.2 money in the account may only be used for 911 telecommunications services.

122.3 (e) This subdivision does not apply to customers of interexchange carriers.

122.4 (f) The installation and recurring charges for integrating wireless 911 calls into
122.5 enhanced 911 systems are eligible for payment by the commissioner if the 911 service
122.6 provider is included in the statewide design plan and the charges are made pursuant to
122.7 contract.

122.8 (g) Competitive local exchanges carriers holding certificates of authority from the
122.9 Public Utilities Commission are eligible to receive payment for recurring 911 services.

122.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

122.11 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to
122.12 read:

122.13 **Subd. 1a. Fee collection declaration.** If the commissioner disputes the
122.14 accuracy of a fee submission or if no fees are submitted by a wireless, wire-line, or
122.15 packet-based telecommunications service provider, the wireless, wire-line, or packet-based
122.16 telecommunications service provider shall submit a sworn declaration signed by an officer
122.17 of the company certifying, under penalty of perjury, that the information provided with
122.18 the fee submission is true and correct. The sworn declaration must specifically describe
122.19 and affirm that the 911 fee computation is complete and accurate. When a wireless,
122.20 wire-line, or packet-based telecommunications service provider fails to provide a sworn
122.21 declaration within 90 days of notice by the commissioner that the fee submission is
122.22 disputed, the commissioner may estimate the amount due from the wireless, wire-line, or
122.23 packet-based telecommunications service provider and refer that amount for collection
122.24 under section 16D.04.

122.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

122.26 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.11, is amended by adding a subdivision to
122.27 read:

122.28 **Subd. 1b. Fee audit.** If the commissioner determines that an audit is necessary
122.29 to document the fee submission and sworn declaration in subdivision 1a, the wireless,
122.30 wire-line, or packet-based telecommunications service provider must contract with an
122.31 independent certified public accountant to conduct an audit. The audit must be conducted
122.32 in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards.

122.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

123.1 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.31, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

123.2 Subdivision 1. **Allocation of operating costs.** ~~The current costs of the board~~
123.3 ~~in implementing the statewide public safety radio communication plan system and~~
123.4 ~~the first and second phase systems shall be allocated among and paid by the following~~
123.5 ~~users, all in accordance with the statewide public safety radio system communication~~
123.6 ~~plan adopted by the board:~~

123.7 ~~(1) the state of Minnesota for its operations using the system in the metropolitan~~
123.8 ~~counties;~~

123.9 ~~(2) all local government units using the system; and~~

123.10 ~~(3) other eligible users of the system.~~ (a) The ongoing costs of the commissioner
123.11 not otherwise appropriated in operating the statewide public safety radio communication
123.12 system shall be allocated among and paid by the following users, all in accordance with
123.13 the statewide public safety radio communication system plan under section 403.36:

123.14 (1) the state of Minnesota for its operations using the system;

123.15 (2) all local government units using the system; and

123.16 (3) other eligible users of the system.

123.17 (b) Each local government and other eligible users of the system shall pay to
123.18 the commissioner all sums charged under this section, at the times and in the manner
123.19 determined by the commissioner. The governing body of each local government shall
123.20 take all action necessary to provide the money required for these payments and to make
123.21 the payments when due.

123.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

123.23 Sec. 6. **REPEALER.**

123.24 Minnesota Statutes 2006, section 403.31, subdivision 6, is repealed.

123.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2007.

169.796 VERIFICATION OF INSURANCE COVERAGE.

Subd. 3. **Sampling to verify insurance coverage.** (a) The commissioner of public safety shall implement a monthly sampling program to verify insurance coverage. The sample must annually include at least two percent of all drivers who own motor vehicles, as defined in section 168.011, licensed in the state, one-half of whom during the previous year have been convicted of at least one vehicle insurance law violation, have had a driver's license revoked or suspended due to habitual violation of traffic laws, have had no insurance in effect at the time of a reportable crash, or have been convicted of an alcohol-related motor vehicle offense. No sample may be selected based on race, religion, physical or mental disability, economic status, or geographic location.

(b) The commissioner shall request each vehicle owner included in the sample to furnish insurance coverage information to the commissioner within 30 days. The request must require the owner to state whether or not all motor vehicles owned by that person were insured on the verification date stated in the commissioner's request. The request may require, but is not limited to, a signed statement by the owner that the information is true and correct, the names and addresses of insurers, policy numbers, and expiration or renewal dates of insurance coverage.

(c) The commissioner shall conduct a verification of the response by transmitting necessary information to the insurance companies named in the owner's response.

(d) The insurance companies shall electronically notify the commissioner, within 30 days of the commissioner's request, of any false statements regarding coverage.

(e) The commissioner shall suspend, without preliminary hearing, the driver's license, if any, of a vehicle owner who falsely claims coverage, who indicates that coverage was not in effect at the time specified in the request, or who fails to respond to the commissioner's request to furnish proof of insurance. The commissioner shall comply with the notice requirement of section 171.18, subdivision 2.

(f) Before reinstatement of the driver's license, there must be filed with the commissioner of public safety the written certificate of an insurance carrier authorized to do business in the state stating that security has been provided as required by section 65B.48. The commissioner of public safety may require the certificate of insurance provided to satisfy this subdivision to be certified by the insurance carrier for a period not to exceed one year. The commissioner of public safety may also require a certificate of insurance to be filed with respect to all vehicles required to be insured under section 65B.48 and owned by any person whose driving privileges have been suspended as provided in this section before reinstating the person's driver's license.

241.021 LICENSING AND SUPERVISION OF INSTITUTIONS AND FACILITIES.

Subd. 5. **Sales to Department of Administration.** July 1 of each year and quarterly thereafter, the commissioner of corrections shall notify the commissioner of administration of the articles, supplies, and services available from industrial activities conducted at state correctional institutions, and the commissioner of administration shall purchase from the state correctional institutions those articles, supplies, and services needed by state departments and agencies, unless the commissioner of corrections certifies that the correctional institutions cannot provide them at a price within five percent of the fair market price for comparable level of quality and within a reasonable delivery time. In determining the fair market price the commissioner of administration shall use competitive bidding or consider open market bid prices in previous years for similar products and services, plus inflationary increases.

241.85 EDUCATIONAL ASSESSMENTS.

Subd. 2. **Report required.** By December 15, 1999, the commissioner of corrections shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees and divisions having jurisdiction over criminal justice policy and funding on the educational assessments and programming plans described in subdivision 1.

260B.173 REPORT ON JUVENILE DELINQUENCY PETITIONS.

The state court administrator shall annually prepare and present to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house judiciary committee and the senate crime prevention committee aggregate data by judicial district on juvenile delinquency petitions. The report must include, but need not be limited to, information on the act for which a delinquency petition is filed, the age of the juvenile, the county where the petition was filed, the outcome of the petition, such as dismissal, continuance for dismissal, continuance without adjudication, and the disposition of the

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petition such as diversion, detention, probation, restitution, or fine. The report must be prepared on a calendar year basis and be submitted annually beginning July 1, 1999.

403.31 OPERATING COSTS.

Subd. 6. **Operating costs of phases three to six.** (a) The ongoing costs of the commissioner in operating phases three to six of the statewide public safety radio communication system shall be allocated among and paid by the following users, all in accordance with the statewide public safety radio communication system plan developed by the planning committee under section 403.36:

- (1) the state of Minnesota for its operations using the system;
- (2) all local government units using the system; and
- (3) other eligible users of the system.

(b) Each local government and other eligible users of phases three to six of the system shall pay to the commissioner all sums charged under this section, at the times and in the manner determined by the commissioner. The governing body of each local government shall take all action that may be necessary to provide the funds required for these payments and to make the payments when due.

480.175 QUALIFIED COURT INTERPRETERS.

Subd. 3. **Report.** By January 15 of each year, the Supreme Court shall report to the chairs and ranking minority members of the senate and house committees and divisions with jurisdiction over criminal justice funding on the amount of fees imposed, collected, and appropriated under this section. The report must include information on how the money is being used.

609.21 CRIMINAL VEHICULAR HOMICIDE AND INJURY.

Subd. 2. **Resulting in great bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in great bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes great bodily harm to another, not constituting attempted murder or assault, as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
 - (i) alcohol;
 - (ii) a controlled substance; or
 - (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

Subd. 2a. **Resulting in substantial bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in substantial bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment of not more than three years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes substantial bodily harm to another, as a result of operating a motor vehicle;

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
 - (i) alcohol;
 - (ii) a controlled substance; or
 - (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

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Subd. 2b. **Resulting in bodily harm.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in bodily harm and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than one year or to payment of a fine of not more than \$3,000, or both, if the person causes bodily harm to another, as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
 - (i) alcohol;
 - (ii) a controlled substance; or
 - (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

Subd. 3. **Resulting in death to an unborn child.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in death to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than ten years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$20,000, or both, if the person causes the death of an unborn child as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
 - (i) alcohol;
 - (ii) a controlled substance; or
 - (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

A prosecution for or conviction of a crime under this subdivision is not a bar to conviction of or punishment for any other crime committed by the defendant as part of the same conduct.

Subd. 4. **Resulting in injury to unborn child.** A person is guilty of criminal vehicular operation resulting in injury to an unborn child and may be sentenced to imprisonment for not more than five years or to payment of a fine of not more than \$10,000, or both, if the person causes great bodily harm to an unborn child who is subsequently born alive, as a result of operating a motor vehicle:

- (1) in a grossly negligent manner;
- (2) in a negligent manner while under the influence of:
 - (i) alcohol;
 - (ii) a controlled substance; or
 - (iii) any combination of those elements;
- (3) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more;
- (4) while having an alcohol concentration of 0.08 or more, as measured within two hours of the time of driving;
- (5) in a negligent manner while knowingly under the influence of a hazardous substance;
- (6) in a negligent manner while any amount of a controlled substance listed in schedule I or II, other than marijuana or tetrahydrocannabinols, is present in the person's body; or
- (7) where the driver who causes the accident leaves the scene of the accident in violation of section 169.09, subdivision 1 or 6.

A prosecution for or conviction of a crime under this subdivision is not a bar to conviction of or punishment for any other crime committed by the defendant as part of the same conduct.

609.805 TICKET SCALPING.

Subdivision 1. **Definition.** "Event" means a theater performance or show, circus, athletic contest or other entertainment or amusement to which the general public is admitted.

APPENDIX

Repealed Minnesota Statutes: H0829-2

Subd. 2. **Acts constituting.** Whoever intentionally does any of the following is guilty of a misdemeanor:

(1) issues or sells tickets to an event without printing thereon in a conspicuous place the price of the ticket and the seat number, if any; or

(2) charges for admission to an event a price greater than that advertised or stated on tickets issued for the event; or

(3) sells or offers to sell a ticket to an event at a price greater than that charged at the place of admission or printed on the ticket; or

(4) having received a ticket to an event under conditions restricting its transfer, sells it in violation of such conditions; or

(5) being in control of premises on or in which an event is conducted, permits the sale or exhibition for sale on or in such premises of a ticket to the event at a price greater than printed thereon.

Subd. 3. **Exception.** The provisions of subdivisions 1 and 2 shall not prohibit charging a fee for services rendered in connection with the sale of a ticket to an event if the fee is permitted pursuant to a contract between the ticket seller and the promoter of an event.

611.20 SUBSEQUENT ABILITY TO PAY COUNSEL.

Subd. 5. **Reimbursement rate.** Legal fees required to be reimbursed under subdivision 4, shall be determined by multiplying the total number of hours worked on the case by a public defender by \$40 per hour. The public defender assigned to the defendant's case shall provide to the court, upon the court's request, a written statement containing the total number of hours worked on the defendant's case up to the time of the request.