



2.1 Subd. 5. **Infant formula.** "Infant formula" has the meaning given in the Federal  
2.2 Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United States Code, title 21, section 321, paragraph (z).

2.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.4 Sec. 2. **[325F.173] BISPHENOL-A IN CHILDREN'S PRODUCTS.**

2.5 (a) By January 1, 2010, no manufacturer may sell or offer for sale in this state a  
2.6 children's product that contains bisphenol-A, except that a manufacturer of infant formula  
2.7 sold in a container is not required to comply with this section until January 1, 2013.

2.8 (b) This section does not apply to sale of a used children's product.

2.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.10 Sec. 3. **[325F.174] REPLACEMENT CHEMICALS.**

2.11 A manufacturer may not sell or offer for sale in Minnesota a children's product that,  
2.12 as a direct result of the prohibition in section 325F.173, contains a chemical that is:

2.13 (1) classified as "known to be a human carcinogen" or "reasonably anticipated to be  
2.14 a human carcinogen" in the most recent Report on Carcinogens published by the National  
2.15 Toxicology Program in the United States Department of Health and Human Services; or

2.16 (2) identified by the federal Environmental Protection Agency as causing birth  
2.17 defects, hormone disruption, or harm to reproduction or development.

2.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

2.19 Sec. 4. **[325F.175] PARTICIPATION IN INTERSTATE CLEARINGHOUSE.**

2.20 The Pollution Control Agency may participate in the establishment and  
2.21 implementation of a multistate clearinghouse to identify children's products containing  
2.22 bisphenol-A and to evaluate safer alternatives that may be substituted for that chemical.

2.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.