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State of Minnesota
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

EIGHTY-SIXTH
SESSION

HOUSE FILE No. **1522**

March 9, 2009

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The bill was read for the first time and referred to the Committee on Health Care and Human Services Policy and Oversight

1.1 A bill for an act
1.2 relating to human services; modifying provisions relating to treatment of income
1.3 for determining county reimbursement for foster care, examination, or treatment;
1.4 amending Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 260C.331, subdivision 1.

1.5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

1.6 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2008, section 260C.331, subdivision 1, is amended to
1.7 read:

1.8 Subdivision 1. **Care, examination, or treatment.** (a) Except where parental rights
1.9 are terminated,

1.10 (1) whenever legal custody of a child is transferred by the court to a responsible
1.11 social services agency,

1.12 (2) whenever legal custody is transferred to a person other than the responsible social
1.13 services agency, but under the supervision of the responsible social services agency, or

1.14 (3) whenever a child is given physical or mental examinations or treatment under
1.15 order of the court, and no provision is otherwise made by law for payment for the care,
1.16 examination, or treatment of the child, these costs are a charge upon the welfare funds of
1.17 the county in which proceedings are held upon certification of the judge of juvenile court.

1.18 (b) The court shall order, and the responsible social services agency shall require,
1.19 the parents or custodian of a child, while the child is under the age of 18, to use the
1.20 total income and resources attributable to the child for the period of care, examination,
1.21 or treatment, except for clothing and personal needs allowance as provided in section
1.22 256B.35, to reimburse the county for the cost of care, examination, or treatment. Income
1.23 and resources attributable to the child include, but are not limited to, Social Security
1.24 benefits, supplemental security income (SSI), veterans benefits, railroad retirement

benefits and child support. When the child is over the age of 18, and continues to receive care, examination, or treatment, the court shall order, and the responsible social services agency shall require, reimbursement from the child for the cost of care, examination, or treatment from the income and resources attributable to the child less the clothing and personal needs allowance. Income does not include earnings from a child over the age of 18 who is working as part of a plan under section 260C.212, subdivision 1, paragraph (c), clause (8), to transition from foster care or income and resources from sources other than Supplemental Security Income (SSI) and child support necessary to complete the requirements in section 260C.212, subdivision 7, paragraph (d), clause (2), as determined by the court.

(c) If the income and resources attributable to the child are not enough to reimburse the county for the full cost of the care, examination, or treatment, the court shall inquire into the ability of the parents to support the child and, after giving the parents a reasonable opportunity to be heard, the court shall order, and the responsible social services agency shall require, the parents to contribute to the cost of care, examination, or treatment of the child. When determining the amount to be contributed by the parents, the court shall use a fee schedule based upon ability to pay that is established by the responsible social services agency and approved by the commissioner of human services. The income of a stepparent who has not adopted a child shall be excluded in calculating the parental contribution under this section.

(d) The court shall order the amount of reimbursement attributable to the parents or custodian, or attributable to the child, or attributable to both sources, withheld under chapter 518A from the income of the parents or the custodian of the child. A parent or custodian who fails to pay without good reason may be proceeded against for contempt, or the court may inform the county attorney, who shall proceed to collect the unpaid sums, or both procedures may be used.

(e) If the court orders a physical or mental examination for a child, the examination is a medically necessary service for purposes of determining whether the service is covered by a health insurance policy, health maintenance contract, or other health coverage plan. Court-ordered treatment shall be subject to policy, contract, or plan requirements for medical necessity. Nothing in this paragraph changes or eliminates benefit limits, conditions of coverage, co-payments or deductibles, provider restrictions, or other requirements in the policy, contract, or plan that relate to coverage of other medically necessary services.