A bill for an act

relating to natural resources; modifying game and fish laws; modifying use of
vehicles for hunting; modifying oversight committee provisions; modifying
provisions for wildlife management areas; modifying license provisions and
fees; modifying invasive species provisions; providing for certain grants;
requiring development of certain master plan; modifying provisions for taking
wild animals; authorizing nonlethal hazing of Canada geese; modifying
disability-related angling and hunting licenses and special permit provisions;
providing for designations on driver's license and Minnesota identification
card; updating and eliminating certain obsolete language; modifying prior
appropriations; requiring issuance of general permit; requiring rulemaking;
amending Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 84.154, subdivisions 1, 2, 3; 84.777,
subdivision 2; 84.87, by adding a subdivision; 84.944, subdivision 2; 84A.10;
84A.50; 84D.01, subdivision 8b; 97A.025; 97A.055, subdivision 4b; 97A.131;
97A.137, subdivision 3, by adding a subdivision; 97A.311, subdivision 5,
by adding a subdivision; 97A.434, subdivision 1; 97A.441, subdivisions 1, 5;
97A.473, subdivisions 2a, 2b, 5, 5a; 97A.502; 97B.031, subdivision 5; 97B.081,
subdivision 3; 97B.086; 97B.095; 97B.111, subdivision 1; 97B.516; 97B.605;
97B.655, subdivision 1; 97B.667, subdivisions 3, 4; 97B.731, subdivision 1;
97C.821; 171.07, subdivision 15, by adding a subdivision; Minnesota Statutes
2013 Supplement, sections 97A.441, subdivisions 6, 6a; 97A.475, subdivisions
2, 3; 97A.485, subdivision 6; Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 4,
subdivision 7, as amended; proposing coding for new law in Minnesota Statutes,
chapters 87A; 97A; 97B; 97C; repealing Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections
84.154, subdivision 5; 84A.04; 84A.08; 84A.11; 97A.081; 97A.083; 97A.445,
subdivision 3; 97A.4742, subdivision 3; 97B.061; 97B.611; 97B.615; 97B.621,
subdivisions 1, 4; 97B.625; 97B.631; 97B.635; 97B.711; 97B.715, subdivision 2;
97B.803; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925; 97C.011; 97C.827; Minnesota
Rules, part 6100.5100.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF MINNESOTA:

Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.154, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Conservation project. The commissioner is hereby authorized, with
the approval of the Executive Council, and on such terms as may be deemed advantageous
to the state, to sell and convey to the United States the fee title, free from any mineral
reservation, of lands acquired by the state for the Lac qui Parle River water control project
upon which dams and appurtenant structures have been or may be constructed and such
rights-of-way as may be required by the United States to provide access thereto for the
purposes of construction, maintenance and operation, and to grant, sell and convey either
such fee title to, or flowage rights over, all lands acquired for the project on and above Lac
qui Parle Lake which lie below the 935.7 foot elevation on project datum, and to grant,
sell and convey flowage rights only over all lands so acquired on or above Marsh Lake
which lie below the 939.5 foot elevation on project datum and over all of such lands
on and above either of these lakes which lie above such elevations, and to lease to any
appropriate agency of the United States for conservation purposes, subject to such flowage
rights, any of such lands the ownership of which is retained by the state, or to enter into a
cooperative agreement with any such agency for the development and management of
any wild life or other conservation activity thereon; provided, that no such conveyance or
agreement shall waive any claim of the state for reimbursement from the United States
under the Flood Control Act of June 28, 1938, and any amendments thereof. Each such
lease for conservation purposes and each such cooperative agreement for the development
and management of wild life or other conservation activity on such lands shall contain
specific conditions reserving to the public during all open seasons for hunting wild
waterfowl at least 40 percent of the area of these lands suitable for hunting waterfowl as
public shooting grounds.

Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.154, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Commissioner may complete Lac qui Parle and Big Stone Lake
projects. Inasmuch as the cessation of the work relief program of the federal government
and the entry of the United States into the present war prevented completion of certain
contemplated features of the Lac qui Parle and Big Stone Lake water control projects
herebefore undertaken by the Executive Council, in cooperation with federal agencies;
and it is desirable that such projects be completed in order to secure effective control and
utilization of the waters affected for the purposes of prevention and control of floods;
water conservation, improvement of conditions for game and fish, and other authorized
public uses. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized to construct all works
and improvements pertaining or incidental to said projects which the commissioner deems
necessary for such purposes, and to maintain and operate the same so far as not transferred
to the United States pursuant to law.

Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.154, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
Subd. 3. Powers of commissioner. The commissioner of natural resources may use for any project herein authorized any land of the state under the commissioner's jurisdiction or control so far as is not inconsistent with the laws governing the same, may acquire by purchase, gift, or condemnation any additional lands or interests in lands required for such projects, including lands or interests in adjacent states if authorized by the laws thereof, may accept gifts or grants of money or property from the United States or any other source for such projects, may use and apply any money or property so received in accordance with the terms of the gift or grant so far as is not inconsistent with the provisions of this section or other laws, may act in behalf of the state as sponsor for any such project undertaken or authorized by the United States, may make any sponsor's contributions required for any such project out of money appropriated by Laws 1943, chapter 476, or otherwise made available therefor, and may cooperate with the United States or any adjacent state or any authorized agency of either in constructing, maintaining and operating any such project upon such terms and conditions as the commissioner may deem proper not inconsistent with the laws of this state.

Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.777, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. Off-highway vehicle and snowmobile seasonal restrictions. (a) Except for designated forest roads, a person must not operate an off-highway vehicle or snowmobile on state forest lands during the firearms deer hunting season in areas of the state where deer may be taken by rifle. This paragraph does not apply to a person in possession of a valid deer hunting license operating an off-highway vehicle or snowmobile before or after legal shooting hours or from 11:00 a.m. to 2:00 p.m.

(b) The commissioner may designate and post winter trails on state forest lands for use by off-highway vehicles.

(c) For the purposes of this subdivision, "state forest lands" means forest lands under the authority of the commissioner as defined in section 89.001, subdivision 13, and lands managed by the commissioner under section 282.011.

Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.87, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 5. Snowmobile operation during the firearms deer season. Snowmobile operation during the firearms deer hunting season is restricted as provided in section 84.777, subdivision 2, and rules adopted by the commissioner.

Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84.944, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
Subd. 2. Designation of acquired sites. The critical natural habitat acquired in fee title by the commissioner under this section shall be designated by the commissioner as:

(1) an outdoor recreation unit pursuant to section 86A.07, subdivision 3, or (2) as provided in sections 89.018, subdivision 2, paragraph (a), 97A.101, 97A.125, and 97C.001, and 97C.014. The commissioner may so designate any critical natural habitat acquired in less than fee title.

Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84A.10, is amended to read:

84A.10 EMINENT DOMAIN.

The department has the power of eminent domain in chapter 117. The department may acquire, by eminent domain or by purchase, lands or interests in lands in the preserve that the department considers necessary for state ownership, use, or development for the purposes of sections 84A.01 to 84A.14, inclusive. No money shall be used to acquire the lands or interests until the department determines that the money will not be required to meet the requisitions of the counties authorized under section 84A.04, or for payment of certificates of indebtedness and their interest.

Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84A.50, is amended to read:

84A.50 CERTAIN CERTIFICATES ACCEPTED AND VALIDATED.

Certificates relating to bonds issued to finance or refinance public drainage ditches, the principal and interest of the bonds, the amount of money collected from drainage assessments and credited to ditches, and the amount of the deficit in the ditch fund made by a county auditor under section 84A.04, 84A.23; or 84A.33 to the commissioner of management and budget on which payment has been made by the state are accepted as correct and are validated.

Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 84D.01, subdivision 8b, is amended to read:

Subd. 8b. Inspect. "Inspect" means to examine water-related equipment to determine whether aquatic invasive species, aquatic macrophytes, or water is present and includes removal, drainage, decontamination, collection and sampling, or treatment to prevent the transportation and spread of aquatic invasive species, aquatic macrophytes, and water.

Sec. 10. [87A.10] TRAP SHOOTING SPORTS FACILITY GRANTS.

The commissioner of natural resources shall administer a program to provide cost-share grants to local recreational trap shooting clubs for up to 50 percent of the costs of developing or rehabilitating trap shooting sports facilities for public use. A facility
rehabilitated or developed with a grant under this section must be open to the general 
public at reasonable times and for a reasonable fee on a walk-in basis. The commissioner 
shall give preference to projects that will provide the most opportunities for youth.

Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.025, is amended to read:

**97A.025 OWNERSHIP OF WILD ANIMALS.**

The ownership of wild animals of the state is in the state, in its sovereign capacity 
for the benefit of all the people of the state. A person may not acquire a property right in 
wild animals, or destroy them, unless authorized under the game and fish laws, sections 
84.091 to 84.15, or sections 17.47 to 17.498.

Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:

Subd. 4b. **Citizen oversight committees.** (a) The commissioner shall appoint 
committees of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review 
the proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies, 
activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information; 
and make recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in 
the management and use of money in the game and fish fund.

(b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprised 
of at least ten affected persons:

(1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures, 
including activities related to trout and salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and 
(2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures, 
including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management 
and deer and big game management.

(c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight 
Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary 
Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight 
committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad 
level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum 
to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.

(d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a 
biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15 
of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations 
to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with 
jurisdiction over natural resources finance.
(e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of either of the other oversight committees.

(f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction over natural resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures.

(g) Notwithstanding section 15.059, subdivision 5, or other law to the contrary, the committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily compensation for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife Oversight Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee do not expire until June 30, 2015.

Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.131, is amended to read:

97A.131 GAME FARMS AND HATCHERIES.

The commissioner may acquire property by gift, lease, purchase, or condemnation and may construct, maintain, operate, and alter facilities for game farms and hatcheries.

Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.137, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Use of motorized vehicles by disabled hunters. The commissioner may issue a special permit, without a fee, authorizing a hunter with a permanent physical disability to use a snowmobile or highway-licensed vehicle, all-terrain vehicle, or motor boat in wildlife management areas. To qualify for a permit under this subdivision, the disabled person must possess:

(1) the required hunting licenses; and

(2) a permit to shoot from a stationary vehicle under section 97B.055, subdivision 3.

Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.137, is amended by adding a subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. Crossing state lands. (a) The commissioner may grant a permit to cross state lands within wildlife management areas for temporary right-of-way access to federal, county–managed, or privately owned lands for resource management purposes. A permit
for crossing state lands within wildlife management areas is revocable at any time subject
to conditions identified in the permit.

(b) The commissioner may grant a permit to a private landowner or leaseholder to
cross state lands within wildlife management areas by motorized vehicle for temporary
right-of-way access to a permit applicant's land, when it is the only reasonable access and
is consistent with the maintenance and management of wildlife lands.

Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.311, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. Refunds. (a) The commissioner may issue a refund on a license, not
including any issuing fees paid under section 97A.485, subdivision 6, if the request is
received within 90 days of the original license purchase and:

(1) the licensee dies before the opening of the licensed season. The original license
and a copy of the death certificate must be provided to the commissioner;

(2) the licensee is unable to participate in the licensed activity because the licensee is
called to active military duty or military leave is canceled during the entire open season of
the licensed activity. The original license and a copy of the military orders or notice of
cancellation of leave must be provided to the commissioner;

(3) the licensee purchased two licenses for the same license season in error; or

(4) the licensee was not legally required to purchase the license to participate in
the activity; or

(5) evidence is provided to the commissioner that demonstrates the license was
issued incorrectly by the department or license agent.

(b) This subdivision does not apply to lifetime licenses.

Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.311, is amended by adding a
subdivision to read:

Subd. 6. License corrections. The commissioner may correct a license or license
type and refund the difference or charge the difference of the corrected license fee if:

(1) the licensee provides evidence that the license was issued incorrectly by the
department or license agent;

(2) the request is made within 30 days of the original license purchase;

(3) the season or license activities for the original license have not yet started at the
time of the request; and

(4) the licensee is entitled to the corrected license.
Sec. 18. [97A.346] PROHIBITION ON LURING OR FEEDING OWLS:

**PENALTY.**

(a) A person may not intentionally lure or feed an owl in the wild with any animate or inanimate object, food, or animal. A person in violation of this section is guilty of a petty misdemeanor.

(b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), a person may use lures, bait, or traps to lure or feed an owl:

(1) while conducting scientific research under a federal or state permit authorizing the collection of data, samples, or bird banding; or

(2) while rescuing an ill or injured owl.

(c) For the purposes of this section, "lure" means to purposefully attract a wild owl in an attempt to cause it to move from one location to another and "feed" means to put in place, in the presence of a wild owl, any living or frozen animal or facsimile.

Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.434, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Number of licenses to be issued.** If the commissioner establishes an open season for prairie chickens under section 97B.711, the commissioner shall also determine, by rule, the number of licenses to be issued.

Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.441, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. **Angling and spearing; disabled residents.** (a) A person authorized to issue licenses must issue, without a fee, licenses to take fish by angling or spearing shall be issued without a fee to a resident who is:

(1) blind;

(2) a recipient of supplemental security income for the aged, blind, and disabled;

(3) a recipient of Social Security aid to the disabled under United States Code, title 42, section 416, paragraph (i)(l), or section 423(d);

(4) a recipient of workers' compensation based on a finding of total and permanent disability; or

(5) 65 years of age or older and was qualified under clause (2) or (3) at the age of 64; or

(6) permanently disabled and meets the disability requirements for supplemental security income or Social Security aid to the disabled under United States Code, title 42, section 416, paragraph (i)(l), or section 423(d).

(b) A driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the applicable designation under section 171.07, subdivision 17, serves as satisfactory evidence to obtain a license under this subdivision at all agent locations.
Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.441, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Angling; disabled veterans.** (a) A person authorized to issue licenses must issue, without a fee, a permanent license to take fish by angling to a resident who is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447, and that has a 100 percent service connected disability as defined by the United States Veterans Administration upon being furnished satisfactory evidence.

(b) A driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the designation under section 171.07, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (2), serves as satisfactory evidence to obtain a license under this subdivision at all agent locations.

Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 97A.441, subdivision 6, is amended to read:

Subd. 6. **Taking deer; disabled veterans.** (a) A person authorized to issue licenses must issue, without a fee, a license to take deer with firearms or by archery to a resident that is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447, and that has a 100 percent service connected disability as defined by the United States Veterans Administration upon being furnished satisfactory evidence.

(b) The commissioner, upon request, must issue a permanent card documenting satisfactory evidence of 100 percent permanently disabled status.

(c) The card serves following serve as satisfactory evidence to obtain a license under this subdivision at all agent locations:

(1) a card issued under paragraph (b); or

(2) a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the designation under section 171.07, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (2).

Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 97A.441, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:

Subd. 6a. **Taking small game; disabled veterans.** (a) A person authorized to issue licenses must issue, without a fee, a license to take small game to a resident who is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447, and who has a 100 percent service connected disability as defined by the United States Veterans Administration upon being furnished satisfactory evidence.

(b) The commissioner, upon request, must issue a permanent card documenting satisfactory evidence of 100 percent permanently disabled status.

(c) The card serves following serve as satisfactory evidence to obtain a license under this subdivision at all agent locations:
(1) a card issued under paragraph (b); or
(2) a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the designation under section 171.07, subdivision 15, paragraph (a), clause (2).

Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.473, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

Subd. 2a. **Lifetime spearing license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime spearing license authorizes a person to take fish by spearing in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual resident spearing license.

(b) The fees for a resident lifetime spearing license are:

(1) age 3 and under, $258 $77;
(2) age 4 to age 15, $320 $106;
(3) age 16 to age 50, $372 $100; and
(4) age 51 and over, $173 $52.

Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.473, subdivision 2b, is amended to read:

Subd. 2b. **Lifetime angling and spearing license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime angling and spearing license authorizes a person to take fish by angling or spearing in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual resident angling and spearing licenses.

(b) The fees for a resident lifetime angling and spearing license are:

(1) age 3 and under, $380;
(2) age 4 to age 15, $509;
(3) age 16 to age 50, $617 $596; and
(4) age 51 and over, $386.

Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.473, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Lifetime sporting license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime sporting license authorizes a person to take fish by angling and hunt and trap small game, other than wolves, in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual resident angling and resident small game hunting licenses and the resident trapping license for fur-bearing animals other than wolves. The license does not include a trout and salmon stamp validation, a turkey stamp validation, a walleye stamp validation, or any other hunting stamps required by law.

(b) The fees for a resident lifetime sporting license are:

(1) age 3 and under, $528 $485;
(2) age 4 to age 15, $728 $659;
(3) age 16 to age 50, $861; and
(4) age 51 and over, $602

Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.473, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:

Subd. 5a. **Lifetime sporting with spearing option license; fee.** (a) A resident lifetime sporting with spearing option license authorizes a person to take fish by angling or spearing and hunt and trap small game, other than wolves, in the state. The license authorizes those activities authorized by the annual resident angling, spearing, and resident small game hunting licenses and the resident trapping license for fur-bearing animals other than wolves. The license does not include a trout and salmon stamp validation, a turkey stamp validation, a walleye stamp validation, or any other hunting stamps required by law.

(b) The fees for a resident lifetime sporting with spearing option license are:

(1) age 3 and under, $615
(2) age 4 to age 15, $612
(3) age 16 to age 50, $615
(4) age 51 and over, $602

Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 97A.475, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

Subd. 2. **Resident hunting.** Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to residents only, are:

(1) for persons age 18 or over and under age 65 to take small game, $15.50;
(2) for persons age 65 or over, $7 to take small game;
(3) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, $26;
(4) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, $5;
(5) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms season, $30;
(6) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, $30;
(7) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, $30;
(8) to take moose, for a party of not more than six persons, $356;
(9) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, $44;
(10) to take elk, for a party of not more than two persons, $287;
(11) to take Canada geese during a special season, $4;
(12) to take prairie chickens, $23;
(13) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms season, $5;

(14) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, $5;

(15) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, $5;

(16) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee;

(17) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take bear, $5;

(18) for persons age 13 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period selected by the licensee, $19, of which an amount equal to: one-half of the fee for the migratory waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half of the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in the pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and one-half of the small game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited in the wildlife acquisition account;

(19) for persons age 16 or over and under age 18 to take small game, $5;

(20) to take wolf, $30;

(21) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;

(22) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearms, no fee;

(23) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee; and

(24) for persons age 10, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, no fee.

Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 97A.475, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Nonresident hunting. (a) Fees for the following licenses, to be issued to nonresidents, are:

(1) for persons age 18 or over to take small game, $90.50;

(2) for persons age 18 or over to take deer with firearms during the regular firearms season, $160;

(3) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by archery, $160;

(4) for persons age 18 or over to take deer by muzzleloader during the muzzleloader season, $160;

(5) for persons age 18 or over to take bear, $225;

(6) for persons age 18 or over to take turkey, $91;

(7) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take turkey, $5;
13.1 (8) to take raccoon or bobcat, $178;
13.2 (9) to take Canada geese during a special season, $4;
13.3 (10) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer with firearms during
the regular firearms season in any open season option or time period, $5;
13.4 (11) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer by archery, $5;
13.5 (12) for persons age 13 or over and under age 18 to take deer during the muzzleloader
season, $5;
13.6 (13) for persons age 13 or over and under 18 to take bear, $5;
13.7 (14) for persons age 18 or over to take small game for a consecutive 72-hour period
selected by the licensee, $75, of which an amount equal to: one-half of the fee for the
migratory waterfowl stamp under subdivision 5, clause (1), shall be deposited in the
waterfowl habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 2; one-half
of the fee for the pheasant stamp under subdivision 5, clause (2), shall be deposited in
the pheasant habitat improvement account under section 97A.075, subdivision 4; and
one-half of the small game surcharge under subdivision 4, shall be deposited into the
wildlife acquisition account;

13.17 (15) for persons age 16 or 17 to take small game, $5;
13.18 (16) to take wolf, $250;
13.19 (17) for persons age 12 and under to take turkey, no fee;
13.20 (18) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by firearm, no fee;
13.21 (19) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by archery, no fee; and
13.22 (20) for persons age ten, 11, or 12 to take deer by muzzleloader during the
muzzleloader season, no fee; and

13.23 (21) for person age 10, 11, or 12 to take bear, no fee.

13.24 (b) A $5 surcharge shall be added to nonresident hunting licenses issued under
paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (6) and (8). An additional commission may not be assessed
on this surcharge.

Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2013 Supplement, section 97A.485, subdivision 6, is
amended to read:

Subd. 6. Licenses to be sold and issuing fees. (a) Persons authorized to sell
licenses under this section must issue the following licenses for the license fee and the
following issuing fees:

13.33 (1) to take deer or bear with firearms and by archery, the issuing fee is $1;
13.34 (2) Minnesota sporting, the issuing fee is $1;
(3) to take small game, to take fish by angling or by spearing, and to trap fur-bearing animals, the issuing fee is $1;

(4) to apply for a limited hunt drawing, the issuing fee is $1 unless the application requires a license purchase at the time of application and the license purchase requires an application fee;

(5) for a prairie chicken license, the issuing fee is $1;

(6) for a turkey license, the issuing fee is $1;

(7) for an elk license, the issuing fee is $1;

(8) for a moose license, the issuing fee is $1;

(9) for a wolf license, the issuing fee is $1;

(10) for a stamp validation that is not issued simultaneously with a license, an issuing fee of 50 cents may be charged at the discretion of the authorized seller;

(11) for stamp validations issued simultaneously with a license, there is no fee;

(12) for licenses, seals, tags, or coupons issued without a fee under section 97A.441, subdivisions 1 to 6a, or 97A.465, the issuing there is no fee is $1;

(13) for lifetime licenses, there is no fee; and

(14) for all other licenses, permits, renewals, or applications or any other transaction through the electronic licensing system under this chapter or any other chapter when an issuing fee is not specified, an issuing fee of $1 may be charged at the discretion of the authorized seller.

(b) Only one issuing fee may be collected when selling more than one stamp in the same transaction after the end of the season for which the stamp was issued.

(c) The agent shall keep the issuing fee as a commission for selling the licenses.

(d) The commissioner shall collect the issuing fee on licenses sold by the commissioner.

(e) A license, except stamps, must state the amount of the issuing fee and that the issuing fee is kept by the seller as a commission for selling the licenses.

(f) For duplicate licenses, including licenses issued without a fee, the issuing fees are:

(1) for licenses to take big game, 75 cents; and

(2) for other licenses, 50 cents.

(g) The commissioner may issue one-day angling licenses in books of ten licenses each to fishing guides operating charter boats upon receipt of payment of all license fees, excluding the issuing fee required under this section. Copies of sold and unsold licenses shall be returned to the commissioner. The commissioner shall refund the charter boat captain for the license fees of all unsold licenses. Copies of sold licenses shall be maintained by the commissioner for one year.
Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97A.502, is amended to read:

**97A.502 DEER KILLED BY MOTOR VEHICLES.**

(a) Deer killed by a motor vehicle on a public road must be removed by the road authority, as defined by section 160.02, subdivision 25, unless the driver of the motor vehicle is allowed to possess the deer under paragraph (b). The commissioner of natural resources must provide to all road authorities standard forms for statistical purposes and the tracking of wild animals.

(b) The driver of a motor vehicle that has collided with and killed a deer on a public road has priority for a possession permit for the entire deer if the facts indicate that the deer was not taken illegally.

Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.031, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

Subd. 5. **Scopes; visually impaired hunters.** (a) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, the commissioner may issue a special permit, without a fee, to use a muzzleloader with a scope to take deer during the muzzleloader season to a person who obtains the required licenses and who has a visual impairment. The scope may not have magnification capabilities.

(b) The visual impairment must be to the extent that the applicant is unable to identify targets and the rifle sights at the same time without a scope. The visual impairment and specific conditions must be established by medical evidence verified in writing by (1) a licensed physician or a certified nurse practitioner or certified physician assistant acting under the direction of a licensed physician; (2) a licensed ophthalmologist; or (3) a licensed optometrist. The commissioner may request additional information from the physician if needed to verify the applicant's eligibility for the permit.

(c) A permit issued under this subdivision may be valid for up to five years, based on the permanence of the visual impairment as determined by the licensed physician, ophthalmologist, or optometrist.

(d) The permit must be in the immediate possession of the permittee when hunting under the special permit.

(e) The commissioner may deny, modify, suspend, or revoke a permit issued under this subdivision for cause, including a violation of the game and fish laws or rules.

(f) A person who knowingly makes a false application or assists another in making a false application for a permit under this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor. A physician, certified nurse practitioner, certified physician assistant, ophthalmologist, or optometrist who fraudulently certifies to the commissioner that a person is visually impaired as described in this subdivision is guilty of a misdemeanor.
16.1 (g) A permit is not required under this subdivision to use an electronic range finder according to section 97B.081, subdivision 3, paragraph (c).

16.3 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.081, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

16.4 Subd. 3. Exceptions. (a) It is not a violation of this section for a person to:

16.5 (1) cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight, or other artificial light to take raccoons according to section 97B.621, subdivision 3, or tend traps according to section 97B.931;

16.6 (2) hunt fox or coyote from January 1 to March 15 while using a handheld artificial light, provided that the person is:

16.7 (i) on foot;

16.8 (ii) using a shotgun;

16.9 (iii) not within a public road right-of-way;

16.10 (iv) using a handheld or electronic calling device; and

16.11 (v) not within 200 feet of a motor vehicle; or

16.12 (3) cast the rays of a handheld artificial light to retrieve wounded or dead big game animals, provided that the person is:

16.13 (i) on foot; and

16.14 (ii) not in possession of a firearm or bow.

16.15 (b) It is not a violation of subdivision 2 for a person to cast the rays of a spotlight, headlight, or other artificial light to:

16.16 (1) carry out any agricultural, safety, emergency response, normal vehicle operation, or occupation-related activities that do not involve taking wild animals; or

16.17 (2) carry out outdoor recreation as defined in section 97B.001 that is not related to spotting, locating, or taking a wild animal.

16.18 (c) Except as otherwise provided by the game and fish laws, it is not a violation of this section for a person to use an electronic range finder device from one-half hour before sunrise until one-half hour after sunset while lawfully hunting wild animals.

Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.086, is amended to read:

16.28 97B.086 POSSESSION OF NIGHT VISION OR THERMAL IMAGING EQUIPMENT.

16.29 (a) A person may not possess night vision or thermal imaging equipment while taking wild animals or while having in possession, either individually or as one of a group of persons, a firearm, bow, or other implement that could be used to take wild animals.

16.30 (b) This section does not apply to a firearm that is:

16.31 (1) unloaded;
(2) in a gun case expressly made to contain a firearm that fully encloses the firearm by being zipped, snapped, buckled, tied, or otherwise fastened without any portion of the firearm exposed; and

(3) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.

c) This section does not apply to a bow that is:

(1) completely encased or unstrung; and

(2) in the closed trunk of a motor vehicle.

(d) If the motor vehicle under paragraph (b) or (c) does not have a trunk, the firearm or bow must be placed in the rearmost location of the vehicle.

e) This section does not apply to night vision or thermal imaging equipment possessed by peace officers or military personnel while exercising their duties.

Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.095, is amended to read:

**97B.095 DISTURBING AND TAKING FROM BURROWS AND DENS.**

Subdivision 1. Disturbing burrows or dens. A person may not disturb the burrow or den of a wild animal between November 1 and April 1 without a permit.

Subd. 2. Fox dens. A person may not remove a fox from a den or trap fox within 300 feet of a fox den from April 1 to August 31.

Subd. 3. Raccoon dens. A person may not take a raccoon in a den or hollow tree.

Sec. 36. **[97B.099] PROHIBITED HUNTING METHODS.**

Subdivision 1. Open fire or smoke. A person may not take a protected wild animal with the aid of an open fire or smoke.

Subd. 2. Cutting trees. A person may not take a protected wild animal by cutting down a tree occupied by a protected wild animal.

Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.111, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Establishment; requirements. (a) The commissioner may establish criteria, special seasons, and limits for persons who have a physical disability to take big game and small game with firearms and by archery in designated areas. A person hunting under this section who has a physical disability must:

1) have:

(i) a verified statement of the disability by a licensed physician; or

(ii) a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the applicable designation under section 171.07, subdivision 17; and must
(2) be participating in a program for physically disabled hunters sponsored by a nonprofit organization that is permitted under subdivision 2.

(b) Notwithstanding section 97B.055, subdivision 3, the commissioner may authorize hunt participants to shoot from a stationary motor vehicle. A license is not required for a person to assist a physically disabled person hunting during a special season under this section.

Sec. 38. [97B.329] DEER CONTEST IN CONJUNCTION WITH RAFFLE.

An organization that is licensed by the Gambling Control Board to conduct raffles may conduct a raffle in conjunction with a contest for deer that are legally taken and tagged under the game and fish laws and rules adopted thereunder. The organization may sell a combined ticket for a single price for the deer contest and raffle, provided that the combined ticket states in at least eight-point type the amount of the price that applies to the deer contest and the amount that applies to the raffle. All other provisions of sections 349.11 to 349.23 apply to the raffle.

Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.516, is amended to read:

97B.516 ELK MANAGEMENT PLAN.

The commissioner of natural resources must adopt an elk management plan that:

(1) recognizes the value and uniqueness of elk; and

(2) provides for integrated management of an elk population in harmony with the environment; and

(3) affords optimum recreational opportunities; and

(4) restricts elk to nonagricultural land in the state.

Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.605, is amended to read:

97B.605 COMMISSIONER MAY RESTRICT TAKING OF CERTAIN SMALL GAME ANIMALS.

The commissioner may by rule set open seasons for, prescribe limits and restrictions on, and designate areas where gray and fox squirrels, cottontail and jack rabbits, snowshoe hare, raccoon, bobcat, red fox and gray fox, fisher, pine marten, opossum, wolves, and badger small game as defined in section 97A.015 may be taken and possessed.

Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.655, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

Subdivision 1. Owners and occupants may take certain animals. A person may take mink, squirrel, rabbit, hare, raccoon, bobcat, fox, opossum, muskrat, or beaver on
land owned or occupied by the person where the animal is causing damage. The person
may take the animal without a license and in any manner except by poison, or artificial
lights in the closed season. Raccoons may be taken under this subdivision with artificial
lights during open season. A person that kills mink, raccoon, bobcat, fox, opossum,
muskrat, or beaver under this subdivision must notify a conservation officer or employee
of the Fish and Wildlife Division within 24 hours after the animal is killed.

Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.667, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

Subd. 3. Permits and notice; requirements. (a) Before killing or arranging to kill
a beaver under this section, the road authority or local government unit must contact a
conservation officer for a special beaver permit. The conservation officer must issue the
permit for any beaver subject to this section.

(b) A road authority or local government unit that kills or arranges to have killed a
beaver under this section must notify a conservation officer or employee of the Fish and
Wildlife Division within ten days after the animal is killed.

Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.667, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

Subd. 4. Local beaver control programs. A road authority or local government
unit may, after consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Division, implement a local beaver
control program designed to reduce the number of incidents of beaver:

(1) interfering with or damaging a public road; or

(2) causing damage, including damage to silvicultural projects and drainage ditches,
on property owned or managed by the local government unit.

The local control program may include the offering of a bounty for the lawful taking
of beaver.

Sec. 44. [97B.668] CANADA GEESE CAUSING DAMAGE.

Notwithstanding sections 97B.091 and 97B.805, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person or
agent of that person on lands and nonpublic waters owned or operated by the person may
nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass Canada geese that are causing property damage
from March 11 to August 31. This section does not apply to public waters as defined
under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or geese on nests unless a permit is obtained
under section 97A.401.

Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97B.731, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
Subdivision 1. **Migratory game birds.** (a) Migratory game birds may be taken and possessed. A person may not take, buy, sell, possess, transport, or ship migratory game birds in violation of federal law.

(b) The commissioner shall prescribe seasons and limits, and areas for migratory birds in accordance with federal law.

Sec. 46. [97C.502] **MINNOWS AND LEECHES; INVASIVE SPECIES TRAINING REQUIRED.**

Subdivision 1. **Minnows; invasive species training required.** A minnow dealer, and each person working under the minnow dealer's license, must annually satisfactorily complete aquatic invasive species-related training provided by the commissioner before taking, selling, or transporting minnows within the state.

**Subd. 2. Training certification required.** Minnow dealers, and each person working under the minnow dealer's license, must have a valid invasive species training certification in possession while taking, selling, or transporting minnows within the state. A person who only sells minnows for the licensed minnow dealer at a retail location is not required to have a training certification.

**Subd. 3. Leeches; invasive species training required.** A resident under age 18 must annually satisfactorily complete aquatic invasive species-related training provided by the commissioner before taking, selling, or transporting leeches within the state. A resident under age 18 must have a valid invasive species training certification in possession while taking, selling, or transporting leeches within the state.

**EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2015.

Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 97C.821, is amended to read:

**97C.821 POSSESSION, SALE, AND TRANSPORTATION OF COMMERCIAL FISH.**

Subdivision 1. **Transporting and holding commercial fish.** Subject to the applicable provisions of the game and fish laws, fish taken under commercial fishing licenses may be possessed in any quantity, bought, sold, and transported at any time. Commercial fishing licensees may transport their catch live to holding facilities, if the licensee has exclusive control of the facilities. Licensees must annually provide the legal description and verification of exclusive control on forms provided by the commissioner with the license application. Commercial fishing licensees may harvest fish from their holding facilities at any time with their licensed gear. The commissioner may prohibit the
transport of live fish taken under a commercial fishing license from waters that contain
nonnative species, are designated as infested waters, or are infected with any certifiable
disease.

Subd. 2. Invasive species permit certification. (a) A commercial fishing licensee,
and each apprentice working under the licensee's commercial fishing license, must
annually complete invasive species training provided by the commissioner and pass an
examination to qualify to take, sell, or transport commercial fish within the state.
(b) A commercial fishing licensee, and each apprentice working under the licensee's
commercial fishing license, must have a valid invasive species training certification in
possession while taking, selling, or transporting commercial fish within the state.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective March 1, 2015.

Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 171.07, subdivision 15, is amended to read:

Subd. 15. Veteran designation. (a) At the request of the an eligible applicant
and on payment of the required fee, the department shall issue, renew, or reissue to the
applicant a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing the a designation of:
(1) "Veteran," to an applicant who is a veteran, as defined in section 197.447; or
(2) "Veteran 100% T&P."
(b) At the time of the initial application for the designation provided under this
subdivision, the applicant must:
(1) be a veteran, as defined in section 197.447;
(2) have a certified copy of the veteran's discharge papers; and
(3) if the applicant is seeking the disability designation under paragraph (a), clause
(2), provide satisfactory evidence of a 100 percent total and permanent service-connected
disability as determined by the United States Department of Veterans Affairs.
(c) The commissioner of public safety is required to issue drivers' licenses and
Minnesota identification cards with the veteran designation only after entering a new
contract or in coordination with producing a new card design with modifications made
as required by law.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and
applies to applications submitted on or after January 1, 2016, or the date the new driver and
vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever comes later.

Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2012, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision
to read:
Subd. 17. Disability designation. At the request of an applicant with permanent eligibility for a disability designation and on payment of the required fee, the department shall issue, renew, or reissue to the applicant a driver's license or Minnesota identification card bearing a physical disability designation based on the following medical conditions:

(1) type 1, to an applicant who is permanently blind or disabled and meets the requirements for a free license to take fish under section 97A.441, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), (4), (5), or (6); or

(2) type 2, to an applicant who permanently meets the requirements for disability under section 97B.111, subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (1), item (i).

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment and applies to applications submitted on or after January 1, 2016, or the date the new driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever comes later.

Sec. 50. Laws 2008, chapter 363, article 5, section 4, subdivision 7, as amended by Laws 2009, chapter 37, article 1, section 61, is amended to read:

Subd. 7. Fish and Wildlife Management

Appropriations by Fund

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>2008</th>
<th>2009</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>General</td>
<td>-0-</td>
<td>(427,000)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Game and Fish</td>
<td>123,000</td>
<td>546,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

$329,000 in 2009 is a reduction for fish and wildlife management.

$46,000 in 2009 is a reduction in the appropriation for the Minnesota Shooting Sports Education Center.

$52,000 in 2009 is a reduction for licensing.

$123,000 in 2008 and $246,000 in 2009 are from the game and fish fund to implement fish virus surveillance, prepare infrastructure to handle possible outbreaks, and implement control procedures for highest risk waters and fish production operations. This is a onetime appropriation.

Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 297A.94, paragraph (e), $300,000 in 2009
is from the second year appropriation in
Laws 2007, chapter 57, article 1, section 4,
subdivision 7, from the heritage enhancement
account in the game and fish fund to study,
predesign, and design a shooting sports
facility in the seven-county metropolitan
area for shooting sports facilities. Of this
amount, $100,000 is for a grant to the Itasca
County Gun Club for shooting sports facility
improvements; and the remaining balance
is for trap shooting facility grants under
Minnesota Statutes, section 87A.10. This is
available onetime only and is available until
expended.
$300,000 in 2009 is appropriated from the
game and fish fund for only activities that
improve, enhance, or protect fish and wildlife
resources. This is a onetime appropriation.

Sec. 51. HYBRID AND NARROW-LEAVED CATTAIL CONTROL; LORING
PARK LAKE.
The commissioner of natural resources shall issue a general aquatic plant
management permit to the Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board for Loring Park
Lake in Hennepin County for mechanical removal or chemical control of all hybrid and
narrow-leaved cattails. The Minneapolis Park and Recreation Board shall properly remove
all cattail debris and restore the shoreline with native vegetation in a timely fashion.
The commissioner shall issue the permit authorized under this section within 30 days of
the effective date of this section.

EFFECTIVE DATE. This section is effective the day following final enactment.

Sec. 52. REFUNDS; LIFETIME LICENSES.
On or after the effective date of sections 24 to 27, the commissioner of natural
resources may issue refunds for the difference of the price of lifetime licenses purchased
between March 1, 2013, and the effective date of sections 24 to 27.
Sec. 53. **GRAY PARTRIDGE BAG LIMIT; RULEMAKING.**

(a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 623.4050, by adding a new subpart to read: "A person may not take more than five gray partridge per day or possess more than ten gray partridge at a time."

(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.

Sec. 54. **RULEMAKING; SNOWMOBILE OPERATION DURING FIREARMS DEER SEASON.**

(a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6232.0300, subpart 7, item C, by:

(1) adding a new subitem (3) to read: "(3) a licensed deer hunter may operate a snowmobile on state and grant-in-aid trails during the deer season"; and

(2) deleting "Legal use of snowmobiles during the open deer season is governed by part 6100.5100."

(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.

Sec. 55. **RULEMAKING; USE OF RABBITS AND HARES TO TRAIN DOGS.**

(a) The commissioner of natural resources shall amend Minnesota Rules, part 6234.0600, to add the following language: "A person may use dogs to pursue rabbits and hares without killing or capturing the rabbits and hares at any time during the year except from April 16 to July 14 or under permit."

(b) The commissioner may use the good cause exemption under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388, subdivision 1, clause (3), to adopt rules under this section, and Minnesota Statutes, section 14.386, does not apply except as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 14.388.

Sec. 56. **MINNESOTA RIVER VALLEY; MASTER PLAN.**

The commissioner of natural resources shall develop a master plan in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.09, to conserve the natural and cultural resources of the Minnesota River Valley area in Redwood and Renville Counties and to provide for the...
shared use, enjoyment, and understanding of these resources through a broad selection
of outdoor recreational opportunities and recreational travel routes that connect units of
the outdoor recreation system in the river valley, including a connection to the Minnesota
River State Trail authorized in Minnesota Statutes, section 85.015, subdivision 22. The
plan shall address the impacts to the natural and cultural resources, interpretive services,
recreational opportunities, and administrative activities in the area and also provide
recommendations on the unit designation of the area under the Outdoor Recreation Act.

Sec. 57. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

The revisor of statutes shall delete the range reference "84A.01 to 84A.11" and insert
"84A.01 to 84A.101" wherever it appears in Minnesota Statutes.

Sec. 58. REPEALER.

Minnesota Statutes 2012, sections 84.154, subdivision 5; 84A.04; 84A.08; 84A.11; 97A.081; 97A.083; 97A.445, subdivision 3; 97A.4742, subdivision 3; 97B.061; 97B.611; 97B.615; 97B.621, subdivisions 1 and 4; 97B.625; 97B.631; 97B.635; 97B.711; 97B.715, subdivision 2; 97B.803; 97B.911; 97B.915; 97B.921; 97B.925; 97C.011; and 97C.827, and Minnesota Rules, part 6100.5100, are repealed.
84.154 LAC QUI PARLE WATER CONTROL PROJECT.
Subd. 5. Special funds created. (1) There is hereby created a special fund to be known as the Lac qui Parle and Big Stone Lake water control projects fund, in which shall be placed all moneys heretofore or hereafter received for any lands or other property acquired by the state for the Lac qui Parle water control project and heretofore or hereafter sold or leased to the United States pursuant to Laws 1941, chapter 518, or otherwise, also all money heretofore or hereafter received from any source for the sale or lease under any other law of any lands or other property acquired by the state for either the Lac qui Parle or Big Stone Lake water control project, except as otherwise provided in clause (2).

(2) All moneys in excess of $2,500 remaining June 30, 1943, and at the end of each fiscal year thereafter in the Lac qui Parle revolving fund designated by Laws 1941, chapter 142, shall be transferred to said projects fund. When all the property authorized to be sold under said chapter has been sold and the proceeds have been received the Executive Council shall notify the commissioner of management and budget thereof. Thereupon the balance remaining in said revolving fund shall be transferred to said projects fund and said revolving fund shall be abolished.

(3) All moneys in said projects fund are hereby appropriated to the commissioner of conservation for the purposes of Laws 1943, chapter 476, to remain available therefor until expended hereunder or otherwise expressly disposed of by law; provided, that all expenditures hereunder shall be subject to the approval of the governor; provided, that the governor shall not approve any such expenditure without first consulting the Legislative Advisory Commission and securing their recommendation, which shall be advisory only. Failure or refusal of the commission to make a recommendation promptly shall be deemed a negative recommendation.

84A.04 COUNTY AUDITOR TO MAKE LIST OF LANDS.
Subd. 1. 1929 report. The auditor of each county containing a portion of the preserve shall certify to the commissioner of natural resources a list of the lands within the boundaries of the preserve, except lands within the boundaries of an incorporated city, that have been bid in for the state at the delinquent tax sale held in 1928 for the nonpayment of taxes or special drainage assessments and not redeemed or assigned to an actual purchaser. The certificate must contain:

1. the legal description of each parcel of lands;
2. the amount of principal and interest of delinquent drainage assessments, if any, or assessment installments for all years before the date of the report, against each parcel of land; and
3. the amount of drainage assessments assessed against each parcel of land that have been or are to be extended on the county tax rolls for collection with the taxes for 1927 and later years.

Subd. 2. Annual reports. On or before June 15 of each year after the report, the county auditor shall certify to the commissioner of natural resources a supplemental report giving the information contained in the original report covering the lands within the preserve bid in for the state at the annual tax sale of that year and not included in the previous report.

Subd. 3. Reports of land redemptions. When redemption is made of any parcel of land within the preserve that has been bid in for the state at any tax sale for taxes levied before April 19, 1929, or when the tax liens on the land are assigned to an actual purchaser, the county auditor shall report the fact to the commissioner of natural resources, and the county treasurer shall send the proceeds of redemption to the commissioner of management and budget.

Subd. 4. Drainage ditch bonds; reports. (a) After each distribution of the tax collections on the June and November tax settlements, the county auditor shall certify to the commissioner of natural resources the following information relating to bonds issued to finance or refinance public drainage ditches wholly or partly within the preserve and the collection of assessments levied on account of the ditches:

1. the amount of principal and interest to become due on the bonds before the next tax settlement and distribution;
2. the amount of money collected from the drainage assessments and credited to the funds of these ditches; and
3. the amount of the deficit in the ditch fund of the county chargeable to the ditches.
(b) On approving this certificate, the commissioner of natural resources shall draw a warrant or warrants on the commissioner of management and budget, payable out of the Red Lake Game Preserve fund, for the amount of the deficit in favor of the county.
(c) As to public drainage ditches wholly within the preserve, the amount paid to or for the benefit of the county under paragraph (b) must never exceed the principal and interest of the bonds issued to finance and refinance the ditches outstanding after April 19, 1929, less money on
hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of the ditches. The liability shall be reduced, from time to time, by the amount of all payments of assessments extended after April 19, 1929, made by the owners of lands assessed before that date for benefits on account of the ditches.

(d) As to public drainage ditches partly within and partly outside the preserve, the amount paid to or for the benefit of the county must never exceed a certain percentage of bonds issued to finance and refinance the ditches so outstanding, less money on hand in the county ditch fund to the credit of the ditches after April 19, 1929. This percentage must bear the same proportion to the whole amount of the bonds as the original benefits assessed against lands within the preserve bear to the original total benefits assessed to the entire system of ditches. The liability shall be reduced, from time to time, by the payments of all assessments extended after April 19, 1929, made by the owners of lands in the preserve, of assessments for benefits assessed before April 19, 1929, on account of the ditch.

(e) The commissioner of natural resources may provide and prescribe the forms for reports required by sections 84A.01 to 84A.11 and require any additional information from county officials that the commissioner of management and budget finds necessary for the proper administration of sections 84A.01 to 84A.11.

84A.08 PRESERVE LANDS CLASSIFIED.

On receiving the reports of a county auditor specified in section 84A.04, the commissioner of natural resources shall certify a copy of the report to the department. The department shall classify the lands as to their suitability for agriculture, afforestation or reforestation, or ownership and use by the state for preserving, propagating, breeding, and hunting of wildlife of the kinds specified in section 84A.01. After the state acquires title to the lands they may be reclassified. Lands that become the absolute property of the state under sections 84A.01 to 84A.11 and have been classified as suitable for agriculture, and timber from any lands so acquired, may be sold by the state.

84A.11 WHEN BONDS PAID IN PART BY COUNTIES.

A county containing a portion of the preserve may voluntarily assume, in the manner specified in this section, the obligation to pay a portion of the principal and interest of the bonds issued before April 19, 1929, and remaining unpaid at maturity, of any school district or town in the county and wholly or partly within the preserve. The portion must bear the same proportion to the whole of the unpaid principal and interest as the 1928 assessed valuation of lands then acquired by the state under sections 84A.01 to 84A.11 in that school district or town bears to the total 1928 assessed valuation of the school district or town.

This assumption must be evidenced by a resolution of the county board. A copy of the resolution must be certified to the commissioner of management and budget within one year after the passage of sections 84A.01 to 84A.11.

After that time, if any bonds remain unpaid at maturity, the county board shall, upon demand of the governing body of the school district or town or of a bondholder, provide for the payment of the portion assumed. The county board shall levy general taxes on all the taxable property of the county for that purpose, or shall issue its bonds to raise the sum needed conforming to law respecting the issuance of county refunding bonds. The proceeds of these taxes or bonds must be paid by the county treasurer to the treasurers of the respective school districts or towns.

If a county fails to adopt and certify this resolution, the commissioner of management and budget shall withhold from the payments to be made to the county, under section 84A.04, a sum equal to that portion of the principal and interest of these outstanding bonds that bears the same proportion to the whole principal and interest as the 1928 assessed valuation of lands acquired by the state within the preserve bears to the total 1928 assessed valuation of the school district or town. The money withheld must be set aside in the state treasury and not paid to the county until the full principal and interest of these school district and town bonds is paid.

If any bonds remain unpaid at maturity, upon the demand of the governing body of the school district or town, or a bondholder, the commissioner of management and budget shall issue to the treasurer of the school district or town a warrant for that portion of the past due principal and interest computed as in the case of the county liability authorized to be voluntarily assumed. Money received by a school district or town under this section must be applied to the payment of these past due bonds and interest.

97A.081 POSTING LAND.
The commissioner may post land acquired for public hunting grounds, food and cover planting areas, game refuges, wildlife lands, and conservation area lands so as to identify and indicate the management purpose and whether hunting and trapping are allowed.

**97A.083 HUNTING AND FISHING ON STATE LAND.**
The commissioner shall allow or prohibit hunting and fishing on state land as provided under the game and fish laws. The commissioner shall publish information on hunting and fishing on state land, including areas where taking wild animals is allowed or prohibited.

**97A.445 EXEMPTIONS FROM LICENSE REQUIREMENT.**
Subd. 3. **Angling and spearing; disabled railroad and postal retirees.** A license is not required to take fish by angling or spearing for a resident that is:
- (1) receiving aid under the federal Railroad Retirement Act of 1974, United States Code, title 45, section 231(a)(1)(v); or
- (2) a former employee of the United States Postal Service receiving disability pay under United States Code, title 5, section 8337.

**97A.4742 LIFETIME FISH AND WILDLIFE TRUST FUND.**
Subd. 3. **Lifetime license fees.** By October 15 of each even-numbered year, the commissioner shall report on the adequacy of lifetime license fees and make specific requests for fee adjustments for the lifetime licenses to the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources finance and the commissioner of management and budget. The commissioner of management and budget shall review the fee report and make recommendations to the governor and legislature for each fee category under sections 97A.473 and 97A.474, as part of the biennial budget, under sections 16A.10 and 16A.11.

**97B.061 REPORTS AND RECORDS.**
The commissioner may request a person who has taken game to submit a report to the commissioner on a furnished form, stating the number and kind of each game animal taken during the preceding license year. There is no penalty for failure to comply with a request from the commissioner under this section, and information submitted to the commissioner under this section may not be used as evidence in a prosecution under this chapter, chapter 97A or 97C.

**97B.611 SQUIRRELS.**
Subdivision 1. **Seasons for gray and fox squirrels.** The statewide open season for gray and fox squirrels may be prescribed by the commissioner between October 15 and December 31. The commissioner may prescribe areas with additional open seasons.

Subd. 2. **Fire and smoke prohibited.** A person may not set fire to a tree or use smoke to take squirrels.

**97B.615 RABBIT AND HARE SEASON.**
The statewide open season for cottontail, jack rabbits, and snowshoe hare may be prescribed by the commissioner between September 16 and March 1.

**97B.621 RACCOONS.**
Subdivision 1. **Season.** The statewide open season for raccoon may be set by the commissioner.

Subd. 4. **Prohibited methods of taking.** A person may not take a raccoon:
- (1) in a den or hollow tree;
- (2) by cutting down a tree occupied by raccoon; or
- (3) by setting fire to a tree or using smoke.

**97B.625 BOBCAT.**
Subdivision 1. **Season.** Based upon population estimates, the commissioner may set the open season for bobcat.
Subd. 2. **Use of a snare.** A person may use a snare to take bobcat, as prescribed by the commissioner, without a permit.

**97B.631 FOX.**
Subdivision 1. **Restrictions on taking.** A person may not remove a fox from a den or trap fox within 300 feet of a fox den from April 1 to August 31.
Subd. 2. **Use of a snare.** A person may use a snare to take fox, as prescribed by the commissioner, without a permit.

**97B.635 FISHER; BADGER; OPOSSUM; AND PINE MARTEN.**
Based upon population estimates, the commissioner may set the open season for fisher, badger, opossum, and pine marten.

**97B.711 GAME BIRDS.**
Subdivision 1. **Seasons for certain upland game birds.** (a) The commissioner may, by rule, prescribe an open season in designated areas between September 16 and January 3 for:
(1) pheasant;
(2) ruffed grouse;
(3) sharp tailed grouse;
(4) Canada spruce grouse;
(5) prairie chicken;
(6) gray partridge;
(7) bobwhite quail; and
(8) turkey.
(b) The commissioner may by rule prescribe an open season for turkey in the spring.
Subd. 2. **Daily and possession limits for certain upland game birds.** (a) A person may not take more than five in one day or possess more than ten of each of the following:
(1) pheasant;
(2) ruffed grouse;
(3) sharp tailed grouse;
(4) Canada spruce grouse;
(5) prairie chicken; and
(6) gray partridge.
(b) A person may not take more than ten in one day or possess more than 15 bobwhite quail.
(c) The commissioner may, by rule, reduce the daily and possession limits established in this subdivision.
Subd. 3. **Restrictions.** The commissioner may by rule prescribe methods and other restrictions for the taking of game birds.

**97B.715 PHEASANTS.**
Subd. 2. **Daily and possession hen pheasant limits.** A person may not take more than one hen pheasant in one day or possess more than two hen pheasants.

**97B.803 MIGRATORY WATERFOWL SEASONS AND LIMITS.**
The commissioner shall prescribe seasons, limits, and areas for taking migratory waterfowl in accordance with federal law.

**97B.911 MUSKRAT SEASONS.**
The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking muskrat.

**97B.915 MINK SEASONS.**
The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking mink.

**97B.921 OTTER SEASONS.**
The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking otter.

**97B.925 BEAVER SEASONS.**
The commissioner may establish open seasons and restrictions for taking beaver.

**97C.011 MUSKELLUNGE LAKES.**
(a) The commissioner may, after preparing a statement of need and reasonableness and holding a public meeting, designate waters with muskellunge as muskellunge waters.
(b) The commissioner may prescribe rules for each designated muskellunge waters that:
   (1) restrict spearing from a dark house;
   (2) restrict angling from a dark house;
   (3) limit the open season to take fish;
   (4) limit the size of fish that may be kept; and
   (5) limit the number of each species of fish that may be kept.
(c) The commissioner must give notice and hold a hearing before adopting rules under this subdivision. The rules must have a termination date and may only be extended upon a showing by the commissioner, at a hearing, that the muskellunge population in the designated waters has been enhanced.
(d) The provisions of section 97C.385, subdivision 1, requiring the angling season on a lake to be closed in proportion to the spearing season do not apply to designated muskellunge lakes.
(e) The commissioner, in designating a muskellunge water on lakes wholly or partially within an Indian reservation, may not designate a whole lake larger than 29,775 acres in surface area, except that sensitive areas of lakes larger than 29,775 acres may be designated if clause (a) is complied with.

**97C.827 LAKE OF THE WOODS; COMMERCIAL FISHING OF ROUGH FISH.**
Subd. 1. Promotion. The commissioner shall promote and encourage taking rough fish from Lake of the Woods.
Subd. 2. Issuance of licenses. The commissioner shall issue commercial fishing licenses to take rough fish on Lake of the Woods. The issuance of the commercial fishing licenses may not be restricted because a person holds other licenses under the game and fish laws or operates particular kinds of businesses.
6100.5100 USE OF SNOWMOBILES DURING HUNTING SEASON.

No person shall operate a snowmobile between the hours of 7:00 a.m. and 3:00 p.m. in any area open for the taking of deer by firearms, except for law enforcement purposes or by commissioner's order; provided, however, that conservation officers may issue written permits authorizing operation of snowmobiles during such hours in case of emergency or other unusual conditions.

Deer being dragged by a snowmobile must have the prescribed deer tag properly placed and locked at the time the operator arrives at an improved roadway or designated trail. The tag must be properly placed and locked at the time the deer is brought into any hunting camp, dwelling, farmyard, or other place of abode of any kind occupied overnight, or before being placed wholly or partially on a snowmobile, or upon a conveyance towed by a snowmobile.